BANK OF GUYANA

THESE NOTES







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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

August 15, 2023.

Hon. Dr. Ashni K. Singh Senior Minister Office of the President with Responsibility for Finance Ministry of Finance Main Street Georgetown.

Dear Minister,

As required under Section 57 of the Bank of Guyana Act 1998, No.19 of 1998, I have the honour to submit to you the Bank's Half Year Report for 2023.

Yours sincerely,

Signed Dr. Gobind N. Ganga Governor



I THE GUYANA ECONOMY

1. SUMMARY

The global economy continues to gradually recover from the pandemic and the Russia-Ukraine conflict. The COVID-19 health crisis is officially over, and supply-chain efficiency have returned to pre-pandemic levels. Economic activity in the first half of the year proved resilient, despite the challenging environment where forces that hindered growth in 2022 remain persistent. Energy and food prices have come down sharply from their war-induced peaks, allowing global inflation pressures to ease faster than expected. Unemployment remained relatively stable at 4.8 percent in the advanced economies. According to the IMF's most recent estimate, global growth for 2023 is projected to be 3.0 percent. Advanced economies are expected to grow by 1.5 percent and emerging market and developing economies by 4.0 percent. Consequently, global inflation is projected to decline from 8.7 percent last year to 6.8 percent this year.

The Guyanese economy continued its growth momentum with a real oil GDP growth of 59.5 percent and non-oil GDP growth of 12.3 percent. Real oil growth benefited from crude oil production of 68.7 million barrels, while construction, agriculture, and the services sector activities were the major contributors to real non-oil growth. The Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) recorded a deflation of 0.3 percent, reflective of declines in the prices of food (mostly vegetables, prepared meals and refreshments) as well as transport & communication due to moderation in crude oil prices and ease in supply constraints.

The current account recorded a higher surplus from increased crude oil exports however, the overall balance of payments recorded a larger deficit of US\$196.4 million compared to US\$100.0 million for the same period last year. This outturn reflected a capital account deficit which was relatively higher than the current account surplus. The shortfall in the capital account was due to the outflow of oil revenues to the Natural Resource Fund (NRF) as well as cost recovery (withdrawal of equity) by the oil and gas sector despite higher inflows to the private sector in the form of foreign direct investments (FDIs) which expanded from US\$1,946.3 million to US\$4,045.3 million. The overall deficit was financed by a drawdown on the Bank of Guyana's foreign reserves which stood at US\$736.0 million or 1 month of import cover at the end of June 2023. Guyana's net international investment position (NIIP) was estimated at US\$13,160.2 million at the end of June 2023, a deterioration of US\$1,413.8 million or 12.0 percent from the end-March 2023 position. This was the result of an increase in liabilities which more than offset the increase in assets.

Trade activities have caused total foreign exchange turnover to grow by 20.1 percent to US\$7,116.3 million. Increases are reflected in transactions through bank and non-bank cambios, foreign currency accounts and hard & soft currencies. Transactions through foreign currency accounts and cambios which accounted for 81.0 percent of the total volume recorded a 15.2 percent increase due to higher demand for foreign exchange. The Guyana dollar mid-rate, which is used for official transactions, remained unchanged at G\$208.50 while the market rate was G\$210.34



Notwithstanding the increases in economic activities and collection of revenues, the overall financial operations of the public sector registered a deficit of G\$7,607 million due to the budgeted deficit of the Central Government. Central government operations recorded a deficit of G\$5,893 million from a surplus of G\$13,831 million on account of an increase in the deficit of the capital account. The current account recorded a higher surplus of G\$110,889 million due to a 44.9 percent increase in current revenues. The capital account deficit of G\$116,782 million was due to a 152.5 percent in spending for roads & bridges, health care facilities and the housing programme. NFPE's recorded a deficit of G\$1,713 million due to higher capital expenditure.

The total stock of government's public and publicly guaranteed debt increased by 7.2 percent to US\$3,917 million reflecting an expansion in both domestic debt and external debt to fund budgeted spending. The stock of domestic debt rose by 9.7 percent to G\$476,586 million, primarily due to the increased issuance of treasury bills, while the stock of external debt increased by 3.8 percent, owing to an expansion in the stock of bilateral and multilateral debt. Total debt service was higher by 64.9 percent and amounted to US\$92 million. Domestic debt service payments increased by G\$6,083 to G\$8,798 million, primarily as a result of higher debt service payments made on the BOG Debenture, as well as debt service payments made on the NICIL bond. External debt service payments rose by 16.6 percent on account of higher interest repayments to multilateral creditors. The debt sustainability indicators remained below the pre-defined threshold, with debt at a manageable and sustainable level which implies greater fiscal space to facilitate further development projects.

Monetary aggregates of reserve money and broad money grew by 6.5 percent and 10.0 percent, respectively. The former was attributed mainly to an expansion in the net domestic assets of the Bank of Guyana while the latter reflected increases in net domestic credit and other items (net) which offset the decline in net foreign assets. Credit to both the public and private sectors rose by 410.1 percent and 5.0 percent, respectively. Commercial banks' interest rates trended downwards while the interest rate spreads remained relatively high. The financial resources of the Non-Bank Financial Institutions (NBFIs), which include depository and non-depository licensed financial institutions, grew by 9.5 percent or G\$41,933 million to G\$485,391 million due to a large increase in other local securities and other reserves of finance companies. The sector's share of total assets in the financial sector increased marginally from 35.3 percent to 36.3 percent at end-June 2023.

The Licensed Depository Financial Institutions (LDFIs) Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) remained well above the prudential benchmark of 8.0 percent, at 20.6 percent which was below the end-June 2022 level but above the end-December 2022 levels. The stock of non-performing loans (NPLs) improved when compared to the end-June 2022 and end-December 2022 levels. The LDFIs' ratio of reserve against NPLs moved to 65.0 percent, 6 percentage points and 7 percentage points above the end-June 2022 and end-December 2022 levels.

The stress tests performed were aimed at determining the quantitative measures of vulnerability of LDFIs capital to hypothetical shocks under various scenarios in areas of investments, credit, foreign currency exposure, and liquidity. The results indicated that the industry's and individual institutions' shock absorptive capacities remained adequate under the various scenarios for foreign currency and liquidity. However, vulnerabilities were observed in the investment and credit portfolios.

Macroprudential analytic tools were used to identify and measure systemic risk where an event that will trigger a loss of economic value or confidence in a substantial portion of the financial system resulting in adverse nation-wide and



region-wide effects. At end-June 2023, there was no amplification in the level of systemic risk and no need for immediate policy actions.

The insurance sector, which comprises long-term insurance and general insurance, recorded assets of G\$195,996 million, an increase of 23.8 percent (G\$37,672 million) from the previous year. The sector accounted for 10.1 percent of total financial assets and 40.4 percent of non-bank assets as at end-June 2023. The sector was adequately capitalised as both the long term and general insurance sectors' assets exceeded their respective solvency requirements in keeping with the Insurance Act 2016. The long-term and general insurance sectors' assets exceeded liabilities by 293.8 percent (G\$98,738 million) and 364.4 percent (G\$47,188 million), respectively. The insurance sector's assets accounted for 5.8 percent of the country's GDP. The sector acts as a conduit for households and firms to transfer risks to entities that are better suited to handle them. In this way projects can be undertaken that might not be otherwise possible, and this contributes to the growth and financial stability of the economy.

The average per capita spending on insurance increased by 9.8 percent to G\$12.3 million, which indicated that there has been an increase in the density of the insurance products in the market. The sector's penetration into the domestic market fell marginally from the prior year (0.5 percent) as its total gross written premium represents 0.3 percent of the economy's GDP. Reinsurance for the long-term insurance sector increased by 14.4 percent (G\$36.9 million) to G\$292.6 million which indicated that more risks were being transferred to reinsurers in comparison to total gross premiums written. Reinsurance for the general insurance sector increased by 17.6 percent (G\$275.5 million) to G\$6,454 million. Potential risks the industry was exposed to, were prudently managed resulting in no adverse effect despite the volatility of the global financial conditions.

The assets of the private pension sector decreased by G\$9,143 million or 7.2 percent to G\$117,864 million from June 2022 due to a reduction in the market value of equity shares. This accounted for approximately 6.1 percent of the total financial sector's assets and 24.3 percent of NBFIs. The decline in assets may be attributed to a decrease in the fair value of equity investments.

The two major pension plans of Defined Benefit (DB) and Defined Contribution (DC) remained relatively stable. DB plans were sensitive to market risk, mainly because of the composition of their investment portfolios – large proportions were held in capital-uncertain assets: predominantly equities and real estate. Likewise, DC plans were vulnerable to the Deposit Administration Contracts (DACs) offered by the life insurance companies. Further, while investments in foreign assets were below the regulatory threshold, the unavailability of suitable diversifiable local investments also exposed pension funds to market risk. Regardless, the sector's exposure to credit risk remained insignificant.

The sector continued to have high liquidity levels that far surpassed the long-term nature of pension liabilities. Liquid assets (1 year and under maturity) totalled G\$16,365 million and accounted for 13.9 percent of total pension assets. Moreover, liquid assets were approximately 31 times greater than estimated pension payments for the coming quarter. Notwithstanding, the private pension sector maintained a more than sufficient funding level with an average of 304.5 percent.

Financial and monetary stability as well as financial system efficiency continued to be undertaken in a number of the Bank's operations. The Bank facilitated efficient intermediation through the issuance of notes and coins as well as



promotion of an enhanced payment system operation. During the first half of 2023, the Bank's role within Guyana's Payments System infrastructure has been on implementing the legal and regulatory framework, establishing and improving payment infrastructures, encouraging innovation and promoting awareness of digital payments. In addition the Bank continued to be the custodian of the nation's foreign reserves while also managing the Natural Resource Fund (NRF) as mandated in an operational agreement between the Bank and the Ministry of Finance. Additionally, Bank of Guyana continued to maintain the Depository Insurance Corporation (DIC) and Deposit Insurance Fund with the objective of fostering financial stability by protecting depositors and assisting in resolution financing. For the review period, the Bank achieved a net profit of G\$1,544 million against a budgeted profit of G\$660 million, resulting from the Bank's income being substantially higher than budgeted while containing expenses.

The conduct of monetary policy remained focused on price stability, ensuring an adequate level of liquidity in the banking system and creating an enabling environment for credit and economic growth. The Bank of Guyana utilised the issuance of treasury bills and foreign exchange intervention as the variable tools of monetary policy, while the discount rate was unchanged at 5.0 percent. At the end of June 2023, there was no redemption in government treasury bills issued for monetary purpose, while the Bank transacted net-purchases in foreign currencies of US\$4.0 million.

According to the IMF's World Economic Outlook, the global economy is estimated to grow by 3.0 percent in 2023, down from 3.5 percent recorded in 2022; remaining well below the historical (2000-19) annual average of 3.8 percent. Advanced economies continue to cause this decline in growth largely due to weaker manufacturing, and slower credit growth, offsetting stronger services activities. Moreover, global inflation is projected to decline from 8.7 percent last year to 6.8 percent this year.

The Guyanese economy is expected to benefit from the resilience of the world economy, despite challenges, to carry its strong growth momentum through to the end of 2023. Real GDP is projected to grow by 28.2 percent, placing Guyana amongst the top five fastest growing economies. This growth will be a direct result of higher oil production and the non-oil subsectors, fiscal infrastructure spending and accommodative monetary policies. The inflation rate at the end of the year is projected to be 3.8 percent, as prices of fuel and food continue to fall, both locally and abroad.

The overall balance of payments is expected to record a surplus, due to an enlarged current account surplus. The current account is expected to benefit from higher oil export earnings, additionally, non-oil export earnings is expected to increase. The capital account is projected to record a deficit, resulting from the outflow of oil revenue to the Natural Resource Fund and oil cost recovery (withdrawal of equity) by the oil and gas sector despite higher inflows of FDIs. Moreover, foreign exchange flows to the market are expected to adequately cover imports.

Consequently, the exchange rate of the Guyana dollar to the US dollar is expected to remain relatively stable due to a net supply of foreign exchange to the market.

Central government's overall balance is forecasted to record a wider deficit of G\$228,728 million mainly on account of the expansion of budgeted capital and current expenditures from G\$258,087 million to G\$469,159 million and G\$335,010 million to G\$378,416 million, respectively. The former is due to the acceleration of development projects while the latter is due to higher employment costs and payment of goods & services. The projected fiscal deficit is expected to be cushioned by the estimated drawdown of G\$208,944 million from the Natural Resource Fund as well as an estimated G\$34,275 million of inflows from the GRIF and Carbon Credit sales.



The NFPEs is projected to record an overall deficit at end 2023. This is primarily due to total expenditure outweighing total revenues. The latter is attributed to the anticipated expansion in capital works.

Total domestic debt stock and domestic debt service are projected to be higher to finance the 2023 budget deficit. The former is expected to result from the issuance of the 364-day treasury bills, while the latter is estimated to be on account of higher interest payments on 364-day treasury bills as well as debt service payments made on the BOG Debentures and CARICOM Loan.

External debt service payments are expected to rise from higher debt service repayments to multilateral and bilateral creditors. External debt stock will increase due to disbursements from multilateral creditors.

The monetary aggregates of reserve money and broad money are expected to reflect growth in economic activities. The former is likely to result from growth in net foreign assets of the Bank of Guyana while the latter is expected to stem from increased net foreign assets and net domestic credit. Interest rates are expected to remain relatively stable in 2023 reflective of the adequate level of liquidity within the banking system.

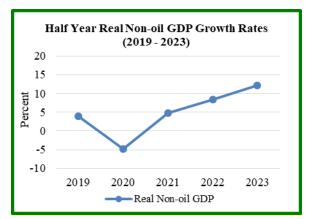
2. PRODUCTION, EMPLOYMENT, INCOME AND INFLATION

he Guyanese economy continued its growth momentum with a real oil GDP growth of 59.5 percent and nonoil GDP growth of 12.3 percent. Real oil growth benefited from crude oil production of 68.7 million barrels, while construction, agriculture, and the services sector activities were the major contributors to real non-oil growth. The Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) recorded a deflation of 0.3 percent, reflective of declines in the prices of food (mostly vegetables, prepared meals and refreshments) as well as transport & communication due to moderation in crude oil prices and ease in supply constraints

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP)

Real non-oil GDP and real oil GDP grew by 12.3 percent and 59.5 percent, respectively. These outturns reflected increased government spending on transformational infrastructure and social welfare programs, as well as higher levels of production within the oil and gas sector. While growth in the oil sector continued to improve following the additional FPSO vessel, simultaneously, effective government policies also influenced growth within the traditional, new and emerging non-oil pillars of the economy.

Figure I



PRODUCTION

Agriculture, Fishing & Forestry

The agriculture sector, which makes up 7.8 percent of Gross Domestic Product, increased by 7.6 percent, as all major sectors experienced growth when compared to one year earlier. The Other crops sub-sector, which represented 60.3 percent of the agriculture sector in 2022, experienced an increase of 9.4 percent. Traditional crops such as rice increased by 3.2 percent and sugar by 30.1 percent, as well as fishing and raising of livestock by 9.9 percent and 4.7 percent, respectively. Forestry activities experienced a 4.5 percent growth.

Sugar

Sugar output increased by 30.1 percent, to 17,034 tonnes, 101.0 percent of a targeted 16,875 tonnes, compared to 13,089 tonnes for the first half of 2022. The growth in output resulted from increased acreage planted, following the favourable weather conditions and high yield per acre, from improved quality of the sugarcane. Total hectares planted for the season amounted to 1,334, with total hectares harvested for the season totalling 5,962. Though the industry exceeded production targets, challenges faced included a 54.0 percent turnout of cane harvesters, weed infestations on the crops and rodent damages, which affected production. Further, yields were lower at 37.0 MT/hectare, compared to a yield of 39.3 MT/hectare at the same period, one year prior.



The industry plans to address these challenges in the second half of the year, to improve production and increase worker turnout. New transport methods are also being implemented, to further increase efficiency.

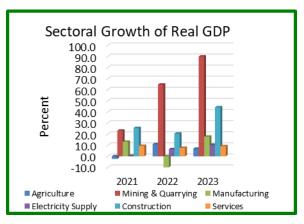
Table I

Selected Production Indicators								
Agriculture, Fishing & Forestry								
	Jai	nuary - June	e					
Commodity	2021	2022	2023					
Sugar (tonnes)	29,651	13,089	17,034					
Rice (tonnes)	353,289	289,985	302,295					
Fish (tonnes)	7,404	7,477	6,827					
Shrimp (tonnes)	8,421	6,256	9,351					
Poultry (tonnes)	24,325	27,323	29,123					
Eggs ('000)	29,355	18,368	19,855					
Total logs (cu.mt.)	103,815	165,930	174,448					
Sawnwood (cu.mt.)	14,605	19,638	19,116					
Plywood (cu. mt.)	5,598	5,428	7,654					

Rice

The rice industry's production expanded by 4.2 percent to a total of 302,295 tonnes, or a 12,310 tonnes increase from end-June 2022, which exceeded projections by 0.6 percent for the first half of the year. In the first half of the year, 75,420 hectares were sown, a reduction of 4,314 hectares or 5.4 percent when compared to one year prior. Hectares harvested amounted to 75,042 hectares, a 0.3 percent decrease when compared to end-June 2022. Nevertheless, yields were higher at 6.2 t/ha, a 4.5 percent increase from the 5.9 t/ha one year earlier. Further, total loss amounted to 83 hectares, an 86.3 percent reduction from end-June 2022. This positive outturn was as a result of favourable weather conditions, which allowed farmers ease of access to their lands, resulting in improved harvesting. Further, input costs have eased significantly when compared to one year earlier. This improved performance is expected to continue to the end of the year as farmers implement recommended agronomic practices. With favourable weather and input costs remaining at current levels, production is expected to increase.

Figure II



Fishing and Livestock

The fishing industry recorded a 9.9 percent growth for the first half of the year. The production of prawns and small shrimps increased significantly by 181.0 percent and 49.2 percent respectively, due to favourable climatic conditions. Fish catches declined by 8.7 percent as a result of the presence of sargassum weed from mid-February to May.

The livestock industry's output recorded a growth of 4.7 percent. Beef and poultry meat production increased by 9.3 percent and 6.6 percent, respectively, while table eggs grew by 6.1 percent. In contrast, production of pork recorded a reduction of 3.8 percent.

Other Crops

Output of other crops grew by 9.4 percent, as higher production was recorded for all categories within the sector.

Coconut production increased by 77.3 percent, as recently cultivated acreage has now commenced its production cycle, thus resulting in an overall harvest throughout the country. Production of water coconuts grew by 185.9 percent since its demand is higher than that of dried coconuts, which experienced a decline in production by 36.2 percent.



Root crops production also increased by 14.4 percent mainly on account of increased production of eddoes by 67.2 percent. Other root crops production such as sweet potatoes, cassava and bitter cassava also experienced increases by 2.9 percent, 2.2 percent, and 1.6 percent, respectively.

Production of fruits increased by 5.4 percent, due to higher produce of passionfruit, soursop, and papaw by 27.2 percent, 13.3 percent, and 11.6 percent, respectively. However, production of mango, guava and lemon recorded the greatest decline among fruits by 23.2 percent, 19.3 percent, and 14.2 percent, respectively.

Further, production of vegetables also increased by 4.6 percent, as weather conditions remained favourable for farmers during the first half of the year. In particular, significant increase in production was recorded for lettuce, pakchoi, and bora, by 66.2 percent, 12.6 percent, and 9.0 percent, respectively. However, carrot production experienced a significant decline by 43.2 percent, due to unfavourable yield obtained during the trial and demonstration phase, thus resulting in fewer farmers pursuing its cultivation.

Production of spices and cole crops also increased by 3.0 percent and 3.3 percent, respectively.

Forestry

The forestry sector recorded a 4.5 percent growth compared with 47.1 percent growth for the same period last year. Total logs, which accounted for 84.9 percent of total production, recorded an increase of 5.1 percent compared to 59.8 percent in June 2022. This outturn was as a result of consistent demand for lumber. Roundwood production increased by 28.5 percent, while sawnwood production declined by 2.7 percent. Production of charcoal experienced a massive decrease of 85.1 percent as well as firewood production, which declined by 22.3 percent. Plywood production, on the other hand, increased by 41.0 percent.

Mining and Quarrying

The mining and quarrying sector recorded output growth of 89.9 percent, primarily from the petroleum & gas sector. Also, the other mining sector, which includes sand and stone declarations, recorded higher output. Greater crude oil production contributed to the sizeable growth of the petroleum sector, while growth in construction activities influenced increased declarations in the other mining sector.

Petroleum & Gas

The petroleum & gas sector expanded by 98.4 percent. The industry recorded crude oil production of 68.7 million barrels, an increase of 98.3 percent from the corresponding period last year. The average daily production for the period was 379,334 barrels, an increase of 96.1 percent when compared to the daily average of 228,880 barrels for the corresponding period in 2022, due to the additional FPSO.

Bauxite

Total bauxite production decreased by 19.4 percent at end-June 2023. Output performance was lower in all grades of bauxite, excluding Metallurgical Grade Bauxite (MAZ). RASC Grade Bauxite experienced an 8.9 percent decrease in production, when compared to one year prior. Similarly, Chemical Grade Bauxite (CGB) production decreased from 182,584 tonnes in June 2022 to 146,815 tonnes at end June-2023, a 19.6 percent decline. Production of the lower grade, Metallurgical Grade Bauxite (MAZ), increased by 96.9 percent to 11,669 tonnes.

Gold and Diamonds

Total gold declaration declined by 11.4 percent to 209,756 troy ounces at end-June 2023. This outturn reflected lower declarations by the small & medium scale miners, while the large scale miner registered an increase in declarations for the period. Labour shortages within small & medium scale operations



have contributed greatly to the decline in declarations. Small & medium scale miners, which accounted for 75.8 percent of total declarations, declined by 15.8 percent. Currently, Guyana Goldfields (ZIJIN Mining Group Co. Ltd) is the sole operating foreign gold mining company, as Troy Resources have paused operations since July 2021. Declarations by Guyana Goldfields (ZIJIN Mining) increased by 6.1 percent to 50,672 troy ounces from 47,772 troy ounces at the end of June 2022.

Diamond production decreased from 49,016 metric carats at end-June 2022, to 38,608 carats at end-June 2023. The decline in production is linked to the decrease in export prices when compared to the same period, one year earlier.

Other Mining

Sand declared increased by 52.6 percent to 3,545,432 tonnes from 2,323,238 tonnes, while crushed stone declared, similarly, increased by 71.7 percent to 727,701 tonnes, during the review period. The increase in declaration was driven by increased demand due to construction activities by both the private and public sector.

Manganese production decreased by 21.9 percent to 138,640 tonnes, from 177,513 tonnes, one year earlier.

Table II

Selected Production Indicators							
Mining & Quarrying							
	Jan	uary - Jun	e				
Commodity	2021	2022	2023				
Bauxite (tonnes)	291,560	343,922	277,356				
RASC	86,125	117,264	106,791				
CGB	146,849	182,584	146,815				
MAZ	17,176	5,925	11,669				
Gold (oz)	240,318	236,728	209,756				
Diamond (mt. ct.)	18,432	49,016	38,608				
Stone (tonnes)	454,749	423,863	727,701				
Crude Oil ('000 barrels)	20,230	34,625	68,660				

Manufacturing

The manufacturing sector's output recorded a 17.7 percent expansion, compared with a contraction of 11.4 percent at end-June 2022. This improved performance was as a result of a 30.1 percent growth in sugar manufacturing, a 24.6 percent growth in Other Manufacturing, and a 1.3 percent growth in Rice Manufacturing. Other Manufacturing industries recorded increases in the categories of paints by 96.0 percent, putty by 34.5 percent, industrial flour by 15.9 percent, biscuits by 26.3 percent, and alcoholic beverages by 1.6 percent. Conversely, decreases were registered in the categories of detergents by 13.1 percent, acetylene by 7.0 percent and oxygen by 6.2 percent.

Table III

Selected Production Indicators						
Manufacturing						
January - June						
Commodity	2021	2022	2023			
Alcoholic Beverages ('000 litres)	16,946	16,946	17,215			
Malta ('000 litres)	283	249	286			
Non-Alcoholic Beverages ('000 litres)	28,642	32,027	32,105			
Liquid Pharmaceuticals ('000 litres)	501	336	262			
Paints ('000 litres)	1,496	958	1,878			
Electricity ('000 MWH)	455	491	534			



Construction

The construction sector experienced sustained and robust growth, increasing by 44.1 percent at end-June 2023. This outturn reflects a continued increase in government infrastructure projects, along with rapid private sector development initiatives.

Services

The services sector activities increased by 9.1 percent reflecting growth within all the subsectors of services. This growth is linked to encouraging investments within the sector. Major growth was recorded in the subsectors of professional, scientific & technical services, administrative & support services, information & communication, wholesale & retail trade & repairs, accommodation and food services, and transport & storage.

The wholesale & retail trade & repairs sector recorded growth of 14.2 percent as infrastructural developments continue rapidly and consumers continue to spend more, a sign of confidence in the economy.

The administrative & support services subsector expanded by 16.1 percent as the petroleum sector continues its expansive growth.

In the information and communication subsector, growth was recorded at 19.8 percent. This expansion is as of result of both public and private investments into infrastructure within the sector.

The accommodation and food services industry experienced an expansion of 10.0 percent. The sector has positively influenced by increased occupancy rates across hotels and the opening of new hotels, and dining establishments.

The transport and storage industry grew by 6.7 percent. This outturn reflected the continued growth of the oil & gas sector which demanded more of these services.

Noteworthy performances were also recorded in the service sectors of professional, scientific & technical services by 36.9 percent, other service activities by 6.2 percent and financial & insurance activities by 6.2 percent.

EMPLOYMENT, INCOME & INFLATION

Public Sector Employment

Labour unrest, which was confined to GUYSUCO, registered a decrease in the number of work stoppages from 23 to 22 at end-June 2023. Man-days lost however, were higher at 2,205 from 2,142 at end-June 2022. Wages lost also increased by 11.9 percent to G\$7.3 million from G\$6.5 million for the same period last year.

Private Sector Employment

In the private sector, employment remained strong, primarily in the oil & gas and services sectors, as new establishments continued to launch during the first half of the year.

Income

Public sector minimum wage remained at G\$80,892 per month while the income tax threshold was unchanged at G\$85,000 per month during the first half of the year.

Inflation

The year-to-date change in the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) at end-June 2023 was -0.3 percent. This change in the price level was primarily due to a decline in prices within the category of food. The decrease in food prices was driven by lower world food prices, which continued to trend downwards according to the FAO Food Price Index. Further, local food prices also contributed to this decrease since weather conditions remained favourable.



Table IV shows that the deflation of 0.3 percent is reflected in the cost of food by 0.9 percent, housing by 0.3 percent, clothing by 0.1 percent, and medical care & health services by 0.1 percent. The category of food experienced a decline especially in categories of vegetables & vegetable products by 6.86 percent, prepared meals & refreshments by 6.82 percent, pulse & pulse products by 2.5 percent, oil & fats (excluding butter) by 2.2 percent, and sugar, honey & related products by 2.0 percent.

Housing price indices declined on account of lower prices within the category of fuel & power by 1.1 percent. This resulted from lower crude oil prices which were driven by both supply and demand market factors.

In contrast, the price level was also influenced by price increases in categories of miscellaneous goods & services by 1.1 percent, furniture by 0.7 percent, transport & communication by 0.2 percent, footwear and repairs by 0.1 percent, and education, recreation & cultural service by 0.1 percent.

Table IV

Consumer Price Index							
December 2009 = 100							
Jun Dec Jur							
Commodity	2022	2022	2023				
All Items	133.7	136.7	136.3				
Food	184.0	194.2	192.6				
Meat, Fish & Eggs	253.0	279.0	275.9				
Cereals & Cereal Products	143.5	150.3	152.1				
Milk & Milk Products	116.0	120.0	118.6				
Vegetables & Vegetable Products	271.6	283.7	264.2				
Clothing	87.9	88.3	88.2				
Housing	98.9	98.6	98.3				
Footwear and Repairs	80.8	81.0	81.				
Furniture	96.2	96.7	97.4				
Transport & Communication	124.8	122.0	122.2				
Medical Care & Health Services	139.4	139.0	138.				
Education, Recreational & Cultural Service	97.3	96.6	96.				
Miscellaneous Goods & Services	128.1	130.3	131.0				

Table V

Monthly Consumer Price Index								
December 2009 = 100 Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun								
All Items	136.7	137.7	137.4	135.9	135.4	135.5	136.3	
Food	194.2	196.9	196.0	191.7	189.9	190.1	192.6	
Meat, Fish & Eggs	279.0	280.6	277.3	278.1	275.5	273.7	275.9	
Cereals & Cereal Products	150.3	151.4	151.6	151.5	151.9	152.0	152.1	
Milk & Milk Products	120.0	118.6	118.6	118.7	118.6	118.6	118.6	
Vegetables & Vegetable Products	283.7	301.1	302.3	265.9	251.2	251.5	264.2	
Clothing	88.3	88.2	88.2	88.2	88.2	88.2	88.2	
Housing	98.6	98.6	98.6	98.6	98.6	98.6	98.3	
Footwear and Repairs	81.0	81.1	81.1	81.1	81.1	81.1	81.1	
Furniture	96.7	97.0	97.0	97.2	97.4	97.3	97.4	
Transport & Communication	122.0	121.9	121.9	121.9	122.1	122.0	122.2	
Medical Care & Health Services	139.0	139.0	138.8	138.8	138.8	138.8	138.8	
Education,								
Recreational &	96.6	96.7	96.7	96.7	96.7	96.7	96.7	
Cultural Service Miscellaneous Goods & Services	130.3	130.7	130.7	130.8	131.2	131.7	131.6	



Outlook for 2023

The Guyanese economy is expected to carry its strong growth momentum through to the end of 2023, with Real GDP projected to grow by 28.2 percent, placing Guyana amongst the top five fastest growing economies. This growth will be a direct result of continuous fiscal spending and accommodative monetary policies by the Government. The inflation rate at the end of the year is projected to be 3.8 percent, as prices continue to fall, both locally and abroad.



3. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION

The overall balance of payments recorded a larger deficit of US\$196.4 million compared to US\$100.0 million for the same period last year. This outturn reflected a capital account deficit which was relatively higher than the current account surplus. The shortfall in the capital account was due to the outflow of oil revenues to the Natural Resource Fund (NRF) as well as cost recovery (withdrawal of equity) by the oil and gas sector despite higher inflows to the private sector in the form of foreign direct investments (FDIs) which expanded from US\$1,946.3 million to US\$4,045.3 million. The overall deficit was financed by a drawdown on the Bank of Guyana's foreign reserves which stood at US\$736.0 million or 1 month of import cover at the end of June 2023. Guyana's net international investment position (NIIP) was estimated at US\$13,160.2 million at the end of June 2023, a deterioration of US\$1,413.8 million or 12.0 percent from the end- March 2023 position. This was the result of an increase in liabilities which more than offset the increase in assets.

CURRENT ACCOUNT

The current account recorded a lower surplus of US\$83.9 million from a surplus of US\$765.9 million the previous year. This was mainly due to the decline in the merchandise trade surplus of US\$2,341.8 million compared to US\$2,597.5 million last year. This outturn reflected a US\$1,706.5 million increase in export receipts and a US\$1,962.1 million increase in import costs.

The non-oil current account deficit expanded by 40.7 percent to US\$760.2 million from US\$540.1 million a year ago. This deterioration resulted from a higher non-oil merchandise trade deficit of US\$1,161.2 million compared to US\$778.9 million for the same period last year, stemming mainly from higher non-oil import costs.

Merchandise Trade

The merchandise trade surplus declined by US\$255.7 million to US\$2,341.8 million from US\$2,597.5 million at end-June 2022. This outturn resulted from a 39.2 percent or US\$1,706.5 million growth in the value of exports while the value of imports increased by 111.8 percent or US\$1,962.1 million.

Table VI

Balance of	Payments		
US\$M	fillion		
	Jai	1uary – June	
	2021	2022	2023
CURRENT ACCOUNT	(259.0)	765.9	83.9
Merchandise Trade	792.7	2,597.5	2,341.8
Services (Net)	(1,505.9)	(2,351.2)	(2,799.3)
Unrequited Transfers	454.1	519.6	541.3
CAPITAL ACCOUNT	158.6	(939.0)	(238.7)
Capital Transfers	20.7	19.5	6.1
Medium and Long Term Capital (net)	224.4	(937.0)	(215.0)
Non-financial Public Sector (net) 1	(113.7)	(149.7)	(191.0)
Private Sector (net) ²	338.1	(787.3)	(24.0)
Short term Capital	(86.4)	(21.5)	(29.8)
ERRORS & OMISSIONS	33.0	73.1	(41.6)
OVERALL BALANCE	(67.4)	(100.0)	(196.4)

1) Guyana's portion of the oil revenues, deposited into the Natural Resource Fund is included here.

2) The portion of oil revenue received by EEPGL and its partners is included here.



Figure III



Exports

Total export receipts grew by 39.2 percent or US\$1,706.5 million to US\$6,059.1 million from US\$4,352.6 recorded at end-June 2022. The higher receipts stemmed from crude oil and sugar which grew by 49.3 percent and 6.1 percent respectively. In contrast, receipts from timber, bauxite, 'other exports', gold and rice declined by 24.5 percent, 19.8 percent, 17.2 percent, 8.7 percent and 1.6 percent respectively.

Sugar

Sugar export earnings amounted to US\$6.8 million, 6.1 percent or US\$0.4 million above the level at end-June 2022. This outturn was attributed to a 7.0 percent increase in the average price for the commodity despite a 0.8 percent decline in the volume of sugar exported. The volume of sugar exported amounted to 10,453 metric tonnes or 85 metric tonnes less than the level exported for the same period in 2022. As a percent of total sugar exports, the USA under the USA Bulk accounted for 55.5 percent while the CARICOM region accounted for 44.3 percent, compared to 21.2 percent last year.

Average export price for sugar increased by 7.0 percent or US\$44.55 to US\$652.25 per metric tonne,

compared with US\$609.70 per metric tonne at the end-June 2022.

Table VII

	Exports of Major Commodities							
	January – June							
Product	Unit	2021	2022	2023				
Sugar	Tonnes	26,289	10,538	10,453				
	US\$Mn.	10.5	6.4	6.8				
Rice	Tonnes	282,053	194,142	182,089				
	US\$Mn.	123.6	104.1	102.4				
Bauxite	Tonnes	319,414	323,424	230,526				
	US\$Mn.	41.0	48.2	38.6				
Gold	Ounces	255,750	242,999	215,979				
	US\$Mn.	438.1	434.6	396.7				
Timber	Cu. Metres	29,591	41,827	20,487				
	US\$Mn.	11.9	15.0	11.4				
Crude Oil	'000 barrels	20,016	33,422	68,837				
	US\$Mn.	1,296.6	3,612.2	5,393.8				

Rice

Rice export earnings amounted to US\$102.4 million, 1.6 percent or US\$1.7 million below the level for the same period last year, resulting from lower volume of rice exported despite a 4.9 percent increase in prices. The volume of rice exported amounted to 182,089 metric tonnes, 6.2 percent or 12,052 metric tonnes less than the 194,142 metric tonnes exported one year ago. The EU's share of rice exports declined to 25.5 percent from 37 percent in 2022, while CARICOM's share grew to 29.7 percent from 27.8 percent one year ago. Latin America's share grew to 37.9 percent compared with 27.6 percent in 2022.

The average export price of rice increased by 4.9 percent or US\$26.15 to US\$562.24 per metric tonne compared with US\$536.09 per metric tonne at the end-June 2022.

Bauxite

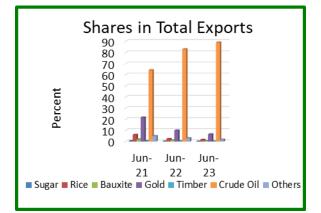
Bauxite export earnings amounted to US\$38.6 million, 19.8 percent or US\$9.5 million below the value for the corresponding period in 2022, due to lower export volume despite higher average price. The volume of



bauxite exported decreased by 28.7 percent or 92,898 metric tonnes to 230,526 metric tonnes.

The average export price for bauxite increased by 12.5 percent from US\$148.89 to US\$167.48 per metric tonne.

Figure IV



Gold

Gold export receipts amounted to US\$396.7 million, 8.7 percent or US\$38 million below the end-June 2022 level of US\$434.6 million. This was on account of a decline in the volume exported as prices improved. The volume of gold exported reduced by 11.1 percent or 27,020 ounces to 215,979 ounces as a result of lower declarations.

The average export price per ounce of gold was higher by 2.7 percent or US\$47.96 moving to US\$1,836.59 per ounce from US\$1,788.63 per ounce one year ago.

Timber

The value of timber exported was US\$11.4 million, 24.5 percent or US\$3.7 million lower than the US\$15.0 million recorded a year ago. This outturn reflected lower export volume since prices were higher. The volume of timber exported was 51.0 percent lower at 20,487 cubic metres. Earnings from other timber exports decreased by US\$3.7 million while there was no plywood exports for the period under review.

The average export price per cubic metre increased by 54.1 percent or US\$194.62 to US\$554.62 at the end June 2023.

Crude Oil

Crude oil export earnings amounted to US\$5,393.8 million, US\$1,781.6 million higher than the same period one year ago. The volume of crude oil exported increased by 106 percent to 68.8 million barrels from 33.4 million barrels one year ago. This increase was due to a second Floating Production Storage and Offloading (FPSO) which started production.

The average export price received for crude oil decreased by 27.5 percent or US\$29.72 to US\$78.36 per barrel from US\$108.08 per barrel one year ago.

Other Exports

Total earnings from all other exports, which included re-exports, were US\$109.4 million, 17.2 percent less than the value for the same period last year. This decline was primarily on account of lower receipts in the sub-categories of re-exports, 'other'(which consists of wildlife, personal effects, handicrafts and nibbi-furniture), prepared food, diamonds, pharmaceuticals, beverages and fish and shrimp by US\$18.6 million, US\$3.5 million, US\$2.3 million, US\$1.7 million, US\$1.0 million, US\$0.7 million and US\$0.1 million, respectively. All other sub-categories recorded higher earnings as shown in Table VII.

Table VIII

	Other Exports		
	US\$ Million		
	Jan	uary – June	
Commodities	2021	2022	2023
Fish & Shrimp	21.8	28.3	28.1
Fruits & Vegetables	0.4	0.1	1.5
Pharmaceuticals	2.3	3.2	2.2
Garments & Clothing	0.1	0.1	0.1
Wood Products	1.2	2.5	4.7
Prepared Foods	15.3	9.5	7.3
Rum & Other Spirits	24.7	27.7	29.3
Beverages	10.7	3.7	3.0
Diamond	5.4	8.4	6.7
M olasses	0.0	0.0	0.0
Re-Exports	15.0	33.4	14.8
Others ¹⁾	3.5	15.3	11.8
Total	100.4	132.1	109.4

Imports

The value of merchandise imports increased by 111.8 percent or US\$1,962.1 million to US\$3,717.3 million. This outturn was on account of higher imports of capital, intermediate and consumption goods and as shown in Table VIII, due to the importation of the third FPSO - Prosperity at a value of US\$1,763.1 million.

In the consumption goods sub-category, imports amounted to US\$383.1 million, 26.1 percent or US\$79.3 million more than the 2022 corresponding level. This was due to increases in the sub-categories of motor cars, food for final consumption, other nondurable goods, other durable, beverages & tobacco, clothing & footwear and other semi-durable goods by US\$34.5 million, US\$20.5 million, US\$16.5 million, US\$6.3 million, US\$0.6 million, US\$0.5 million and US\$0.4 million, respectively.

Table IX

]	Imports		
US	\$ Million		
	Jan	uary – June	:
Items	2021	2022	2023
Consumption Goods			
Food-Final Consumption	92.8	101.7	122.2
Beverage & Tobacco	26.8	30.3	30.9
Other Non-Durables	60.9	56.3	72.7
Clothing & Footwear	12.5	10.7	11.3
Other Semi-Durables	22.6	24.9	25.2
Motor Cars	36.9	32.2	66.7
Other Durables	46.5	47.7	54.0
Sub-total	298.9	303.8	383.1
Intermediate Goods			
Fuel & Lubricants	364.1	611.7	595.0
Food-Intermediate use	43.5	52.9	70.6
Chemicals	46.9	51.4	53.2
Textiles & Fabrics	2.7	2.6	3.2
Parts & Accessories	61.6	67.1	97.4
Other Intermediate Goods	127.5	182.7	186.1
Sub-total	646.3	968.5	1,005.5
Capital Goods			
Agricultural Machinery	46.3	50.2	72.7
Industrial Machinery	24.8	19.7	30.6
Transport Machinery	40.5	51.0	162.7
Mining Machinery	59.8	246.9	1,863.1
Building Materials	65.2	62.5	98.9
Other Goods	41.8	44.5	99.1
Sub-total	278.4	474.9	2,327.1
Miscellaneous	5.8	7.9	1.6
Total Imports	1,229.4	1,755.1	3,717.3

In the intermediate goods sub-category, imports increased by 3.8 percent or US\$36.9 million to US\$1,005.5 million from US\$968.5 million in 2022. This position was as a result of the higher import bill for parts & accessories by 45.1 percent or US\$30.3 million. Food for intermediate use, other intermediate goods, chemicals and textiles also increased by US\$17.6 million, US\$3.4 million, US\$1.7 million and US\$0.6 million, respectively. Lower import was recorded for fuel and lubricants by US\$16.7 million reflective of a decline in the average Brent oil price which fell by 24.6 percent to US\$79.84 per barrel.

Imports in the sub-category of capital goods grew by 390.1 percent or US\$1,852.3 million to US\$2,327.1 million. This was primarily attributable to an increase in the imports of mining machinery (the third Floating Production Storage and Offloading (FPSO) vessel –



Prosperity for use in the oil & gas sector) by US\$1,616.2 million. Higher imports were also realised for transport machinery, other capital goods, building materials, agricultural machinery and industrial machinery by US\$111.7 million, US\$54.5 million, US\$36.3 million, US\$22.6 million and US\$11.0 million respectively as shown in Table IX.

Services and Unrequited Transfers

The services account recorded a higher net payment of US\$2,799.3 million, an increase of 19.1 percent or US\$448.1 million from US\$2,351.2 million for the corresponding period in 2022, as shown in Table V. This resulted from higher payments for non-factor services by US\$362.0 million and factor services by US\$86.1 million. Net payments for factor services increased by 14.0 percent to US\$700.0 million from US\$614.0 million one year ago. Net payments for nonfactor services was greater by 20.8 percent or US\$362.0 million due to higher payments for commercial services, freight and travel which amounted to US\$2.058.2 million. US\$243.4 million and US\$48.9 million respectively. In the other business services sub-category, payments for construction, technical, trade related & other business services and operating lease amounted to US\$1,576.5 million, US\$198.1 million and US\$216.3 million respectively, mainly for the oil and gas sector.

Net current transfers increased by 4.2 percent or US\$21.7 million to US\$541.3 million. This outturn was due to higher inflows to bank accounts.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT

The capital account recorded a lower deficit of US\$238.7 million from US\$939.0 million at end-June 2022. This was the result of net outflow of US\$658.4 million in oil revenue to the Natural Resource Fund (NRF) and US\$4,033.8 million in cost recovery (withdrawal of equity) by the oil and gas sector despite higher inflows to the private sector in the form of

Foreign Direct Investments (FDIs). Loans disbursed to the non-financial public sector increased by US\$74.3 million to US\$99.9 million and short-term private capital net recorded an outflow of US\$29.8 million from US\$21.5 million one year ago. This is explained by commercial banks' accumulation of foreign assets. Foreign direct investment inflows grew by 107.8 percent or US\$2,099.0 million to US\$4,045.3 million primarily due to the acquisition of FPSO –Prosperity

Capital grants received by the combined public sector amounted to US\$6.1 million.

Table X

]	Disbursements	5	
	US \$ Million		
	Janu	ary – June	
	2021	2022	2023
IDA	4.9	9.3	14.8
CDB	0.4	9.0	3.8
IFAD	0.0	1.0	2.8
IDB	55.5	6.1	8.8
INDIA	0.5	0.0	3.8
CHINA	0.3	0.0	54.0
EU Export Finance	0.0	0.0	10.4
BOP Support	0.0	0.0	0.0
Others ¹⁾	0.0	0.2	1.5
Total	61.6	25.6	99.9

Notes:

(1) This category includes Credits associated with the PetroCaribe Agreement.

Overall Balance and Financing

The overall balance of payments deficit widened to US\$196.4 million from US\$100.0 million due to a capital account deficit of US\$238.7 million which more than offset the current account surplus of US\$83.9 million. The overall deficit was financed by a drawdown on the Bank of Guyana's foreign reserves which moved from US\$932.4 million to US\$736.0 million at the end of the review period. The level of reserves provided an import cover of 1 month at the



end of the first half of the year with the exclusion of the FPSO.

Outlook for 2023

The overall balance of payments is expected to record a surplus at the end of 2023, due to a current account surplus inclusive of oil. The current account is expected to benefit from higher oil export earnings, additionally, non-oil export earnings is expected to incease. The capital account is likely to record a deficit, resulting from the outflow of oil revenue to the Natural Resource Fund and oil cost recovery (withdrawal of equity) by the oil and gas sector despite higher inflows of FDIs. The non-oil current account is estimated to record a deficit.

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (BPM6 methodology)

Background

The Balance of Payments Manual 6th edition (BPM6) methodology and presentation will be used in the future to compile the BOP. The IMF's BPM6 comprises of the Current Account, the Capital Account and the Financial Account.

The Current Account includes net trade in goods (F.O.B.) and services, primary income (net earnings on cross border investments) as well as secondary income (net transfer payments).

The Capital Account records capital transfer, debt forgiveness and the acquisition and/or disposal of nonproduced, nonfinancial assets.

The Financial Account records changes in Guyana's external assets and liabilities. These assets and liabilities include foreign direct investments, portfolio investments and other investments such as currency & deposits, loans and reserve assets. Net changes in assets or liabilities arise when gross increases in assets

or liabilities differ from gross reductions in these and vice versa.



Review of the First Quarter 2023

An overview of the BOP in BPM6 format is shown in table XI below.

and US\$0.2 million, respectively. Merchandise imports (F.O.B.) increased by US\$195.8 million owing to higher capital, intermediate and consumption goods by US\$101.3 million, US\$57.4 million and US\$38.7 million, respectively. In the intermediate goods subcategory, fuel & lubricants import was higher by US\$10.1 million due to increased demand.

Bala	nce of Payments (BPM 6 Methodology)		
	US\$ Million		
Old Presentation			
		Jan-N	
		2022	2023
CURRENT ACCOUNT	CURRENT ACCOUNT	(194.7)	994.0
Merchandise Trade	Goods	704.9	2,137.1
Exports f.o.b.	Exports f.o.b.	1,365.8	2,993.8
Imports c.i.f.	Imports f.o.b.	660.9	856.7
Non-Factor Services	Services	(942.8)	(1,086.2)
Factor Services	Primary Income	(207.6)	(367.2)
Transfers	Secondary Income	250.8	310.3
CAPITAL ACCOUNT	CAPITAL ACCOUNT	0.4	2.1
Capital Transfers	Capital Transfers	0.4	2.1
_	FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	(287.9)	849.9
Private Sector (net) FDI	Direct Investment net	(280.0)	1,020.0
Private Sector (net)- Portfolio net	Portfolio Investment	(9.0)	(17.3)
	Other Investment	133.1	22.7
Non-Fin Public Sector Other- NRF	Currency and deposits	123.2	25.8
Disbursement + Amortisation	Loans	9.9	(3.0)
Non-Fin Public Sector - SDR Allocation	SDR Allocation (net incurrence of liabilities)	0.0	0.0
Change in net foreign assets of BOG	Reserve Assets (- drawdown + increase)	(132.0)	(175.5)

Table XI

The current account for March 2023 reflected a surplus of US\$994.0 million, an improvement of US\$1,188.8 million when compared with the deficit of US\$194.7 million for the same period last year. This improvement was primarily due to a surplus on the goods and secondary income accounts which more than offset the deficits on the services and primary income accounts.

The surplus on the goods account increased by 203.2 percent or US\$1,432.2 million from US\$704.9 million to US\$2,137.1 million. This outturn reflected a US\$1,628.0 million growth in exports to US\$2,993.8 million. Higher export receipts came from crude oil with US\$2,676.3 million, gold with US\$210.6 million and rice with US\$32.4 million. Lower export receipts were from 'other export', bauxite, timber and sugar by US\$17.0 million, US\$3.5 million, US\$1.1 million

The services account recorded a larger deficit of US\$1,086.2 million, an increase of 15.2 percent or US\$143.4 million from one year ago. This resulted from higher payments for construction, freight and other business services which includes: technical, trade related & other business services and operating lease for the oil & gas sector. The Services debits reflected an US\$84.1 million increase in tourist expenditure. Visitor arrivals for the first quarter of 2023 were 24.9 percent higher than the same period in 2022.

The Primary Income account also recorded higher net payments of US\$367.2 million largely reflecting the repatriation of income on equity (oil profits) by the oil & gas sector.

The Secondary Income account recorded a higher surplus of US\$310.3 million compared to US\$250.8



million last year reflecting an increase in 'other current transfers'.

The capital account registered a surplus of US\$2.1 million from a surplus of US\$0.4 million at end-March 2022, on account of higher receipt of capital transfers.

The Financial Account reflected a net borrowing position of US\$849.9 million for March 2023, primarily due to the cost recovery (withdrawals of equity) of the oil and gas sector. Foreign Direct Investment inflows amounted to US\$971.1 million largely related to investments in the oil and gas industry. Portfolio Investments reflected a net outflow of US\$17.3 million mainly on account of an increase in the acquisition of assets abroad by Deposit Taking Institutions. Net Other Investment inflows amounted to US\$22.7 million for the review period, a decrease of US\$110.3 million relative to March 2022. This was the result of the drawdown on currency and deposits held abroad by Government (NRF withdrawal).

Reserve Assets of the Bank of Guyana recorded a drawdown of US\$175.5 million.

NET INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION

Guyana's net international investment position (NIIP) was estimated at US\$13,160.2 million at the end of June 2023. This represented a deterioration of US\$1,413.8 million or 12.0 percent from the end March 2023 position, resulting from an increase of 11.1 percent in the stock of liabilities which more than offset the increase of 7.9 percent in the stock of assets. Assets increased by US\$273.9 million to US\$3,722.4 million resulting from an increase in deposits held abroad by US\$290.9 million. Liabilities increased by

US\$1,687.6 million to US\$16,882.6 million owing to an increase of US\$1,640.6 million in inward direct investment due to the acquisition of the third FPSO -Prosperity.

Table XII

International Investment Position				
US\$ Million				
	Dec	Mar	Jun	
	2022	2023	2023	
NET INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT	(12,738.8)	(11,746.4)	(13,160.2)	
ASSETS	3,571.9	3,448.6	3,722.4	
Direct Investment	39.7	39.7	40.5	
Portfolio Investment	520.4	544.6	544.8	
Other Investments	2,077.0	2,108.6	2,398.7	
Reserve Assets	934.8	755.8	738.4	
LIABILITIES	16,310.7	15,195.0	16,882.6	
Direct Investment	9,658.0	8,801.1	10,441.7	
Portfolio Investment	-	-	-	
Other Investments	6,652.7	6,394.0	6,440.9	



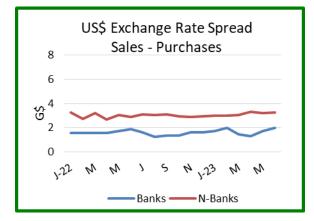
4. FOREIGN EXCHANGE MARKET DEVELOPMENTS

otal foreign exchange turnover grew by 20.1 percent to US\$7,116.3 million. Increases are reflected in transactions through bank and non-bank cambios, foreign currency accounts and hard & soft currencies. Transactions through foreign currency accounts and cambios which accounted for 81.0 percent of the total volume recorded a 15.2 percent increase due to higher demand for foreign exchange. The Guyana dollar mid-rate, which is used for official transactions, remained unchanged at G\$208.50 while the market rate was G\$210.34.

OVERALL MARKET VOLUMES

The overall value of foreign currency transactions was US\$7,116.3 million, representing a 20.1 percent or US\$1,189.0 million increase from one year ago. Aggregate purchases and sales were both higher at US\$3,469.7 million and US\$3,646.7 million respectively, resulting in a net sale of US\$177.0 million.

Figure V



Transactions processed at the cambios amounted to US\$3,276.5 million, representing 40.0 percent of the total market turnover. Bank of Guyana's transactions amounted to US\$1,342.0 million or 18.9 percent of the market share. Foreign currency accounts and soft currency transactions were US\$2,487.9 million and

US\$9.9 million respectively, and together, accounted for 35.1 percent of the market share.

The turnover generated by the bank and non-bank cambios was US\$3,276.5 million, an increase of US\$313.8 million or 10.6 percent when compared with the same period last year. Cambio purchases were US\$1,647.2 million while sales were US\$1,629.3 million.

Total transactions for the six bank cambios was 10.6 percent higher at US\$3,240.8 million when compared with US\$2,930.6 million for the same period last year. The non-bank cambios' transactions increased by 11.1 percent to US\$35.7 million. Bank cambios' share of the market remained stable at 98.9 percent, likewise the market share of the non-bank cambios was stable at 1.1 percent.

Among the four major currencies transacted, the US dollar was dominant with a market share of 96.0 percent. This was followed by the Euro with 1.6 percent, the Pound Sterling with 1.5 percent and the Canadian dollar with 0.9 percent.

Official transactions processed by the Bank of Guyana were higher at US\$1,342.0 million when compared to US\$918.2 million in the corresponding period last year. Total receipts and payments were US\$575.6 million and US\$766.5 million respectively, compared



with US\$408.6 million and US\$509.6 million in the first half of 2022.

Receipts from the Natural Resource Fund, the Guyana Gold Board and the Guyana Revenue Authority were US\$400.0 million, US\$46.1 million and US\$24.5 million respectively, and accounted for 81.8 percent of total receipts. Payments for the importation of fuel oil and 'other goods and services' amounted to US\$326.9 million and US\$334.9 million respectively, and together represented 86.3 percent of total payments compared with 84.6 percent in the same period last year.

The combined transactions of the foreign currency accounts increased by 21.8 percent to US\$2,487.9 million from US\$2,042.0 million in the first half of last year. The debits and credits of these accounts were US\$1,241.9 million and US\$1,246.0 million respectively. Transactions by non-residents, government, hotel/tourism, engineering, 'other', forestry, insurance/finance, shipping and mining/dredging segments together accounted for 97.6 percent of total foreign currency accounts transactions.

Transactions of CARICOM currencies increased to US\$9.9 million from US\$4.5 million at the end of June 2022. The Trinidad & Tobago, Barbadian, and Eastern Caribbean dollars represented 92.6 percent, 5.4 percent and 2.0 percent respectively, of the total volume traded in regional currencies.

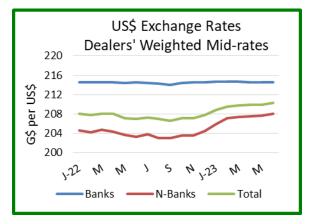
The interbank trade by the commercial banks was higher at US\$32.9 million compared with US\$9.0 million for the same period last year.

THE EXCHANGE RATES

The Guyana dollar mid-rate, relevant for official transactions, remained at G\$208.50 at the end of June 2023. The weighted average mid-rate was G\$210.34 compared with G\$206.92 for the corresponding period in 2022, thereby indicating a depreciation by 1.7 percent.

At the bank cambios, the average buying and selling rates of the US dollar were higher at G\$213.62 from G\$213.53 and at G\$215.59 from G\$215.43 in the corresponding period last year. The average buying and selling rates of the US dollar at non-bank cambios as at June 2023 depreciated to G\$206.44 from G\$201.76 and to G\$209.71 from G\$204.64 respectively from the corresponding period last year. Moreover, the banks' spread was lower at G\$1.98 compared with the non-banks' spread at G\$3.27.

Figure VI



The difference between the banks' and non-banks' buying rates declined to G\$7.18 from G\$11.77 at end-June 2022. The difference in the selling rates of the bank and non-bank cambios was G\$5.88 compared with G\$10.79 for the corresponding period in 2022.

At the end of June 2023, the Trinidad & Tobago dollar remained relatively stable at TT\$6.74, while the Jamaican dollar depreciated by 1.0 percent against the US dollar to settle at J\$154.47. The exchange rate regimes of Barbados, Belize and Eastern Caribbean remained fixed.

Outlook for 2023

The exchange rate of the Guyana dollar to the US dollar is expected to remain relatively stable due to a net supply of foreign exchange to the market. Moreover, foreign exchange flows to the market are expected to adequately cover imports.



5. PUBLIC FINANCE

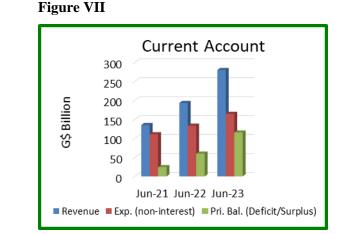
The overall financial operations of the public sector registered a deficit of G\$7,607 million due to the budgeted deficit of the Central Government. Central government operations recorded a deficit of G\$5,893 million from a surplus of G\$13,831 million on account of an increase in the deficit of the capital account. The current account recorded a higher surplus of G\$110,889 million due to a 44.9 percent increase in current revenues. The capital account deficit of G\$116,782 million was due to a 152.5 percent in spending for roads & bridges, health care facilities and the housing programme. NFPE's recorded a deficit of G\$1,713 million due to higher capital expenditure by GUYSUCO and GPL.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

Central Government recorded a deficit of G\$5,893 million¹ compared to a surplus of G\$13,831 million one year ago. This outturn was reflective of the enlarged budgeted capital account deficit, which expanded by G\$74,094 million to G\$116,782 million. The current account surplus grew by G\$54,370 million to G\$110,889 million.

Current Account

The current account surplus grew by G\$54,370 million to G\$110,889 million compared to a surplus of G\$56,518 million at end-June 2022 due to G\$86,791 million increase in current revenues to G\$280,089 million. Current expenditures increased by G\$32,421 million to G\$169,201 million. The higher current revenues is reflective of a growth in GRA tax revenues by G\$36,699 million, as well as Natural Resource Fund withdrawals, which expanded by G\$41,492 million to G\$83,192 million.



Revenue

Total current revenues (net of NRF, GRIF & CCS inflows) increased by 26.5 percent to G\$191,365 million at end- June 2023. This was due to greater tax collection by 25.3 percent to G\$181,850 million. Higher receipts were collected for income taxes, value added & excise taxes, trade taxes and other taxes, which as a percentage of half year nominal GDP were 6.5 percent, 3.0 percent, 1.0 percent and 0.6 percent, respectively.

¹ The half year (HY) fiscal deficit was 0.4 percent of HY nominal GDP. Conversely, the fiscal deficit (excluding NRF flows) was 12.8 percent of HY nominal non-oil GDP.



Income tax receipts increased by 32.7 percent to G\$106,555 million due to greater oil & gas related collection from private sector firms. Personal income taxes and withholding taxes expanded by 28.6 percent and 30.8 percent to G\$34,463 million and G\$29,859 million, respectively. Private corporation taxes rose by 34.7 percent to G\$40,305 million while public corporation taxes grew by 164.1 percent to G\$1,928 million.

VAT & excise taxes increased by 13.5 percent to G\$49,023 million. VAT collection rose by 21.5 percent to G\$34,287 million. However, excise taxes contracted by 1.6 percent to G\$14,736 million since the excise tax on petroleum products continued to be zero rated.

Trade taxes were higher by 21.9 percent to G\$15,803 million, mainly on account of higher import and export duties by 17.5 percent and 220.2 percent to G\$13,579 million and G\$73 million, respectively. Travel taxes grew by 55.2 percent to G\$2,151 million.

Other taxable current revenues expanded by 20.0 percent to G\$10,469 million. This was due to increases in property taxes, other custom duties (professional & other fees), environmental levy, capital gains and vehicle licensing by 15.8 percent, 48.1 percent, 1.2 percent, 178.6 percent and 16.4 percent to G\$6,088 million, G\$1,266 million, G\$1,245 million, G\$751 million and G\$705 million, respectively.

Non-tax revenues expanded by 55.3 percent to \$9,515 million due to higher revenues from fees, fines & charges by 20.6 percent to G\$1,023 million and other miscellaneous revenues by 28.7 percent to G\$2,647 million. In addition, Bank of Guyana contributions from profits grew by 35.7 percent to G\$4,338 million.

Table XIII

Central Government Finan	•			
G\$ Million				
	January - June			
	2021	2022	2023	
TOTAL REVENUE (excluding grants)	135,182	193,308	280,107	
Current Revenue	135,115	193,298	280,089	
Tax Revenue	129,008	145,151	181,850	
Non Tax Revenue	6,108	6,128	9,515	
NRF Withdrawal	67	41,700	83,192	
GRIF Flows	-	319	790	
Total Expenditure	145,712	183,540	287,268	
Current Expenditure (non-interest)	114,234	136,780	169,201	
Current Primary Balance	24,267	59,912	115,517	
Less Interest	3,319	3,394	4,629	
Current a/c Balance	20,948	56,518	110,889	
Capital Receipts (including grants & debt relief)	1,043	4,073	1,286	
Capital Expenditure	31,479	46,761	118,068	
OVERALL BALANCE	(9,487)	13,831	(5,893	
FINANCING	9,487	(13,831)	5,893	
Net External Borrowing (+) / Savings (-)	4,432	(679)	10,726	
Net Domestic Borrowing (+) / Savings (-) 1)	5,055	(13,151)	(4,833	

Notes:

1) Domestic Financing includes other financing.

Expenditure

Total current expenditure (including debt charges) grew by 23.7 percent to G\$169,201 million, in line with budgetary spending.

Transfer payments grew by 32.5 percent to G\$75,066 million and represented 44.4 percent of total current expenditure. This mainly comprised subsidies & contribution to local & international organisations, pensions, as well as education subventions, grants & scholarships of G\$40,691 million, G\$21,706 million and G\$12,602 million, respectively.

Employment costs, which accounted for 27.1 percent of total current expenditure, grew by 19.5 percent to G\$45,859 million. Within this category of expenses, wages & salaries amounted to G\$38,984 million, while benefits & allowances totalled G\$6,875 million.

Purchases of other goods & services, which represented 25.8 percent of current expenditure, expanded by 13.8 percent to G\$43,647 million. This category mainly comprised of spending on miscellaneous goods & services, materials & supplies, electricity charges, maintenance of infrastructure,



transport, travel & postage, rental & maintenance of buildings and fuels & lubricants by G\$14,180 million, G\$10,913 million, G\$5,272 million, G\$4,228 million, G\$3,752 million, G\$2,651 million and G\$1,739 million, respectively.

Total interest charges expanded by 36.4 percent to G\$4,629 million. External interest costs increased by 25.2 percent to G\$3,247 million while domestic interest costs expanded by 72.7 percent to G\$1,381 million.

Capital Account

The capital account recorded a deficit of G\$116,782 million. Capital revenues in the form of project financing amounted to G\$1,268 million while capital expenditures were G\$118,068 million.

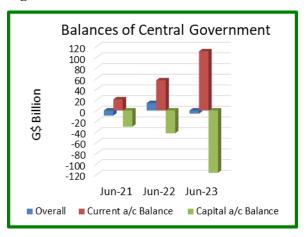
Capital outlays expanded by 152.5 percent to G\$118,068 million due to an improved execution rate of the expected capital budget by 25.2 percent compared to 18.1 percent of the budgeted amount for the similar period last year.

Disbursements for the construction and housing sectors were G\$44,849 million and G\$20,145 million, respectively. Together there were 55 percent or approximately over one-half of the total capital spending.

Overall Balance and Financing

The overall fiscal deficit of G\$5,893 million at end-June 2023 was financed by net external borrowing of G\$10,726 million. There was domestic savings of G\$4,833 million.

Figure VIII



Outlook for 2023

Central government's overall balance is forecasted to record a wider deficit of G\$228,728 million mainly on account of the expansion of capital and current budgetary expenditures from G\$258,087 million to G\$469,159 million and G\$335,010 million to G\$378,416 million, respectively. The former is due to the acceleration of development projects while the latter is due to higher employment costs and transfer payments. The projected fiscal deficit is expected to be cushioned by the estimated drawdown of G\$208,944 million from the Natural Resource Fund as well as an estimated G\$34,275 million of inflows from the GRIF and Carbon Credit sales.

NON-FINANCIAL PUBLIC ENTERPRISES

The overall balance of the NFPEs, which includes Guyana Sugar Corporation (GUYSUCO), Guyana Oil Company Limited (GUYOIL), Guyana National Shipping Company (GNSC), Guyana Power & Light (GPL), Guyana Post Office Corporation (GPOC) and the National Insurance Scheme (NIS) recorded a deficit of G\$1,713 million compared to a deficit of G\$3,394 million at end-June 2022. This was primarily due to relatively higher capital expenditures.



Current Account

The NFPEs' current account balance recorded a deficit of G\$249 million from a deficit of G\$3,292 million one year ago. This performance reflected a relatively lower non-interest current expenditure.

Receipts

Current receipts amounted to G\$75,835 million compared to G\$81,029 million last year. The lower level of receipts was due to declines in local sales, export receipts and debtors payments by G\$1,921 million, G\$134 million and G\$3,626 million to G\$35,177 million, G\$1,783 million and G\$16,471 million, respectively. Other grew by G\$926 million to G\$22,091 million from G\$21,164 million one year ago.

Total receipts of GUYOIL declined by 19.0 percent to G\$25,883 million while GPL revenues declined by 2.9 percent to G\$22,185 million. The former reflected lower receipt from debtors by 20.6 percent to G\$14,818 million while the latter was due to decreased local sales receipt by 1.9 percent to G\$21,335 million.

Conversely, total income of NIS grew by 12.8 percent to G\$17,620 million, reflecting greater contributions by employed and self-employed persons as well as arrears recovered by 10.4 percent, 12.8 percent and 66.4 percent to G\$15,383 million, G\$675 million and G\$1,180 million, respectively. However, investment income declined by 5.2 percent to G\$312 million.

Table XIV

Non-Financial Public Enterprises Operations G\$ Million				
C	January - June			
	2021	2022	2023	
CURRENT ACCOUNT				
Revenue	67,799	81,029	75,835	
Non-interest Exp.	65,792	84,275	76,075	
Primary Operating Bal.	2,007	(3,247)	(240)	
Sur.(+)/Def. (-)	·	(0,2.17)	()	
less Interest	2	45	9	
Current Balance	2,005	(3,292)	(249)	
Sur.(+)/Def. (-)	2,005	(3,292)	(249)	
CAPITAL ACCOUNT				
Revenue	776	1,738	2,880	
Expenditure	6,332	1,841	4,345	
Capital a/c Bal.	(5,556)	(102)	(1,465)	
OVERALL BALANCE	(3,552)	(3,394)	(1,713)	
FINANCING	3,552	3,394	1,713	
Ext. Borrowing (net)	603	62	(203)	
Domestic Fin. (net) ¹⁾	2,948	3,332	1,917	

Notes:

1) Domestic Financing includes other financing.

Expenditure

Total current expenses (including interest charges and taxes) declined by 9.8 percent or G\$8,200 million to G\$76,084 million.

Non-interest current expenditure declined by 9.7 percent to G\$76,075 million, due to reduction in payment to creditors by 34.0 percent to G\$19,783 million, materials & supplies by 2.5 percent to G\$21,874 million and other expenditure by 1.7 percent to G\$19,030 million. Conversely, employment costs increased by 9.5 percent to G\$11,216 million.

Interest payments declined by G\$37 million to G\$8.5 million. This was due to lower interest payments from GUYSUCO of G\$8 million from G\$44 million one year ago.

NIS experienced a marginal growth in current expenditure of 0.7 percent to G\$16,852 million relative to a growth of 11.9 percent for the corresponding period in 2022. This performance was attributed to increases in employment and administrative expenses by G\$116 million and G\$81

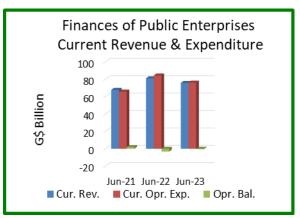


million to G\$1,029 million and G\$452 million, respectively. However, there was a reduction in the payment of benefits, which represents 91.2 percent of operating expenses, by G\$88.2 million to G\$15,364 million compared to an increase of G\$1,164 million at end-June 2022.

Capital Account

The NFPEs' capital account recorded a deficit of G\$1,465 million compared to G\$102 million for the same period last year on account of a 136 percent growth in capital expenditure. Capital expenses increased largely due to domestic capital spending by GUYSUCO, GPL and GUYOIL while capital revenues were capital transfers from Central Government to GUYSUCO.

Figure IX



Overall Balance and Financing

The NFPEs recorded an overall deficit of G\$1,713 million at end-June 2023. This deficit was financed by net domestic borrowings of G\$1,917 million, while net external savings were G\$203 million.

Outlook for 2023

The NFPEs is projected to record an overall deficit at end 2023. This is primarily due to total expenditure outweighing total revenues. The latter is attributed to the anticipated expansion in capital works.



6. PUBLIC DEBT

The total stock of government's public and publicly guaranteed debt increased by 7.2 percent to US\$3,917 million reflecting an expansion in both domestic debt and external debt to fund budgeted spending. The stock of domestic debt rose by 9.7 percent to G\$476,586 million, primarily due to the increased issuance of treasury bills while, the stock of external debt increased by 3.8 percent, owing to an expansion in the stock of bilateral and multilateral debt. Total debt service was higher by 64.9 percent and amounted to US\$92 million. Domestic debt service payments increased by G\$6,086 to G\$8,798 million, primarily as a result of higher debt service payments made on the BOG Debenture, as well as debt service payments made on the NICIL bond. External debt service payments rose by 16.6 percent on account of higher interest repayments to multilateral creditors. The debt sustainability indicators remained below the pre-defined threshold, with debt at a manageable and sustainable level which implies greater fiscal space to facilitate further development projects.

Stock of Domestic Debt

The outstanding stock of government domestic debt, which consists of treasury bills, debentures, bonds and the CARICOM loan expanded by 9.7 percent to G\$476,586 million from the end-December 2022 position. The increase in the stock of domestic debt resulted primarily from a 21.8 percent growth in the stock of 364-day treasury bills. The outstanding balance on the stock of bonds declined by significantly by 93.7 percent or G\$4,125 million. Similarly, the CARICOM loan decreased by 16.7 percent or G\$18 million. Debentures recorded a decline by 1.6 percent or G\$3,274 million at end-June 2023.

Figure X

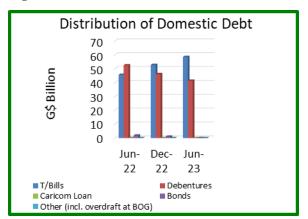


Table XV

Central Government Public and Public Guaranteed Debt ¹⁾ G\$ Million			
	Jun 2022	Dec 2022	Jun 2023
TOTAL DOMESTIC PUBLIC AND PUBLICLY GUARANTEED DEBT	391,572	434,303	476,586
TOTAL DOMESTIC DEBT OUTSTANDING	391,072	433,803	476,086
Treasury Bills	178,478	228,977	278,677
91-day ²⁾	997	997	997
182-day	352	352	352
364-day	177,128	227,627	277,327
Debentures	205,316	200,316	197,042
BOG VIR Debenture	3,899	3,899	3,899
NIS Debenture	1,418	1,418	1,144
Other	200,000	195,000	192,000
Bonds	7,153	4,403	27
Defense Bonds	3	3	3
NICIL Bond 3)	7,150	4,400	275
CARICOM Loan	124	106	89
Other	0	0	(
Overdraft ⁴⁾	0	0	(
Government Guaranteed Debt	500	500	500
NICIL Bond	0	0	(
Deposit Insurance Corporation	500	500	500

Notes:

1) The Government of Guyana made the decision to include publicly guaranteed debt so as to provide a complete picture of the country's debt position.

2) This category includes K-Series.

3) The NICIL bond was transferred to the books of the Government in December 2020.

4) The Central Government's gross overdraft with the Bank of Guyana was included in domestic debt with effect from December 2020 in order to regularize and accurately reflect government's liabilities. The outstanding stock of treasury bills was G\$278,677 million when compared to the G\$228,977 million recorded at end-Dec 2022. This increase mainly reflected the expansion in the stock of 364-day treasury bills for budget financing. The stock of 182-day treasury bills was unchanged at G\$352 million similarly, the stock of 91-day treasury bills including the K-Series treasury bills remained unchanged at G\$997.3 million. The 364-day treasury bills accounted for 99.5 percent of the total stock of treasury bills, while the 182-day and K-Series bills accounted for the remaining 0.1 percent and 0.4 percent, respectively.

The share of the commercial banks' holdings of the outstanding stock of treasury bills was lower at 66.9 percent from 72.5 percent in December 2022. The Bank of Guyana holding of the outstanding stock of treasury bills increase by 58.8 percent to G\$80,997 million from \$50,997 million at end-December 2022.

The public sector's share, of which the National Insurance Scheme was the only stakeholder, fell to 0.5 percent from 0.6 percent at end-December 2022. Other financial intermediaries' share also declined to 3.5 percent compared with 4.6 percent at end-2022.

Total treasury bills issued during the first half of 2023 increased by 58.5 percent to G\$134,607 million. The issuance of 364-day bills increased by 60.2 percent or G\$49,700 million to reach G\$132,260 million during the review period. In contrast, the issuance of 182-day bills remained the same at G\$352 million. There was no issuance of 91-day treasury bills. Redemption of treasury bills increased by 60.4 percent to G\$84,907 million from G\$52,937 million at end-June 2022. Redemption of 182-day bills remained the same at G\$352 million while that of the 364-day bills increased by 22 percent to G\$82,560 million.

The stock of treasury bills issued for fiscal purposes totalled G\$277,680 million from G\$227,980 million at end-December 2022 and accounted for 99.6 percent of the total stock of treasury bills. The stock of treasury



bills issued for monetary purposes remained unchanged at G\$997 million end-December 2022.

Domestic Debt Service

Total domestic debt service payments increased by G\$6,086 million to G\$8,798 million, primarily on the account of higher debt service payments made on the BOG Debenture and the NICIL Bond. Total principal payments rose by G\$5,505 million from G\$1,912 million at end-June 2022, mainly as a result of increase in principal repayments on the BOG Debentures. Further, principal repayments for tranche 1 of the NICIL bond amounted to G\$4,125 million at end-June 2023. Total interest payments increased by G\$581.4 million to G\$1,381 million, on account of higher interest payments made on treasury bills and BOG Debenture. Interest payments on 364-day treasury bills increased by 69.4 percent or G\$350 million when compared to June-2022. In contrast, interest paid on bonds and the CARICOM loan were lower by G\$97 million and G\$1 million, respectively, to G\$100 million and G\$2.7 million, respectively.

The average yield on the 364-day treasury bill was higher at 1.08 percent, an increase of 4 basis points from end-June 2022. In contrast, the average yield on the 182-day Treasury bill was stable at 0.99 percent. The yield for 91-day treasury bills remained unchanged at 1.54 percent.

Table XVI

Domestic Debt Service G\$ Million					
	Jun	Dec	Jun		
	2022	2022	2023		
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE	2,712	13,552	8,798		
Principal Payments ¹⁾	1,912	9,680	7,417		
Total Interest	800	3,872	1,381		
Treasury Bills	514	1,457	864		
91-day ²⁾	8	15	8		
182-day	2	3	2		
364-day	505	1,438	855		
CARICOM Loans	4	7	3		
Debentures	85	2,029	414		
Other ³⁾	0	0	0		
NICIL Bond ⁴⁾	197	379	100		

Notes:

1) Treasury bills issued for fiscal purposes are rolled over upon maturity. The principle amount is only included here for accounting purposes.

2) This category includes K-Series.

3) Unpaid Interest on Treasury bills to Bank of Guyana.

4) Debt Service payments on the NICIL bond have been included under domestic debt service with effect from November 2020.

Outlook for 2023

Total domestic debt stock and domestic debt service are projected to be higher to finance the 2023 budget deficit. The former is expected to result from the issuance of the 364-day treasury bills, while the latter is estimated to be on account of higher interest payments on 364-day treasury bills as well as debt service payments made on the BOG Debentures and CARICOM Loan.

Stock of External Debt

The stock of outstanding public and publicly guaranteed external debt increased by 3.8 percent to US\$1,631 million from the end-December 2022 level. This increase resulted mainly from higher bilateral debt owed to the EximBank of China and UK Export Finance (UKEF) and higher multilateral debt to the International Development Association (IDA).

Table XVII

Structure of External Public Debt					
US\$ Million					
Jun Dec J					
	2022	2022	2023		
TOTAL EXTERNAL PUBLIC DEBT	1,371	1,572	1,631		
Multilateral	914	1,092	1,107		
Bilateral	426	449	494		
Suppliers' Credit	13	13	13		
Financial Markets/Bonds	19	18	18		

Obligations to multilateral creditors, which accounted for 67.8 percent of total external public debt, increased marginally by 1.3 percent to US\$1,106.5 million. This was attributed to a rise in liabilities to IDA that rose by 11.2 percent to US\$131 million. Likewise, indebtedness to 'other' multilateral creditors increased by 9.4 percent to US\$33 million. In contrast, the obligations to the Inter-American Development Bank (IADB) and Caribbean Development Bank (CDB) declined marginal by 0.1 percent and 0.7 percent, respectively, to US\$787 million and US\$156 million, respectively due to debt service payments.

Total bilateral obligations, which accounted for 30.3 percent of total external debt, increase by 10.1 percent to US\$494 million. This outcome was on account of higher disbursements from bilateral creditors, particularly, the EximBank of China and UK Export Finance (UKEF) which increase by US\$21 million and US\$11 million, respectively, during the first half of 2023. Furthermore, disbursements from China CAMC Engineering CO of US\$14 million were recorded during the review period.

In the private creditor's category, total obligations fell by 1.3 percent or US\$0.4 million, reflecting a 3.7 percent reduction in liabilities to Republic Bank (T&T).



External Debt Service

External debt service payments grew by 16.6 percent to US\$50 million from its end-June 2022 level, accounting for 3.7 percent of Central Government's current revenue and 0.8 percent of exports of goods and non-factor services. Principal and interest payments amounted to US\$32 million and US\$18 million, respectively.

Payments to multilateral creditors increased by 25.8 percent to US\$31 million, and accounted for 61.9 percent of total external debt service. Debt service payments to the IADB and CDB, which jointly accounted for 54.1 percent of total external debt service, increased by 33.6 percent and 19.4 percent, respectively, to US\$20 million and US\$7 million, respectively.

Payments to bilateral creditors also increased by 4.5 percent to US\$18 million, and accounted for 36.2 percent of total external debt service. The growth was primarily as a result of increased debt service payments to the EximBank of China, which accounted for 23.3 percent of total external debt service, by 9.8 percent during the first half of 2023.

Payments to private creditors remained unchanged at US\$1 million during the review period.

Table XVIII

Externa	al Debt Service Pa US\$ Million	yments	
	Principal	Interest	Total
	End-June 2023		
Total	32.4	17.7	50.1
Multilateral	17.3	13.8	31.1
Bilateral	14.7	3.5	18.2
Private Creditors	0.5	0.4	0.9
	End-June 2022		
Total	31.1	11.8	43.0
Multilateral	16.5	8.1	24.7
Bilateral	14.1	3.3	17.4
Private Creditors	0.5	0.5	0.9

HIPC Assistance and Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative

Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC) assistance under Original and Enhanced HIPC Initiatives increased by 3.2 percent to US\$2.2 million. This reflected a 4.6 percent rise in assistance to US\$1.9 million under the O-HIPC Initiative. Contrary, the E-HIPC Initiative decline by 7.1 percent to US\$0.25 million at end-June 2023. Similarly, assistance under the Multilateral Debt Relief Initiative (MDRI) increased by 7 percent to US\$12 million at end-June 2023. Relief from the IADB, which accounted for 66.4 percent of total assistance, increased by 23.6 percent to US\$10 million while relief by the IDA decreased by 23.9 percent to US\$3 million.

Table XIX

Actual HIPC Assistance and Multilateral Debt Relief					
Initiative					
	US \$ Million Principal	Interest	Total		
	End-June 20		10141		
TOTAL	10.8	3.7	14.5		
MDRI	10.8	3.3	14.5 12.2		
	•••				
Total HIPC	1.9	0.4	2.2		
O-HIPC	1.6	0.4	2.0		
E-HIPC	0.2	0.0	0.3		
End-June 2022					
TOTAL	11.6	1.8	13.4		
MDRI	9.7	1.6	11.2		
Total HIPC	1.9	0.2	2.2		
O-HIPC	1.7	0.2	1.9		
E-HIPC	0.2	0.0	0.3		

Debt Sustainability Analysis

Guyana's total debt stock as a percent of GDP stood to 26.4 percent at end-June 2023. The solvency indicators for both domestic and external debt, remained below the debt sustainability thresholds for middle income countries. Moreover, other liquidity indicators were lower than the pre-defined thresholds. Total debt service accounted for 1.5 percent of exports



and 7 percent of Central Government's current revenue. Overall debt remained at a manageable level, which implies greater fiscal space for taking on additional debt, to facilitate further development projects

Outlook for 2023

External debt service payments are expected to rise from higher debt service repayments to multilateral and bilateral creditors. External debt stock will increase due to disbursements from multilateral and bilateral creditors.



7. FINANCIAL SECTOR DEVELOPMENTS

onetary aggregates of reserve money and broad money grew by 6.5 percent and 10.0 percent, respectively. The former was attributed mainly to an expansion in the net domestic assets of the Bank of Guyana while the latter reflected increases in net domestic credit and other items (net) which offset the decline in net foreign assets. Credit to both the public and private sectors rose by 410.1 percent and 5.0 percent, respectively. Commercial banks' interest rates trended downwards while the interest rate spreads remained relatively high. The financial resources of the Non-Bank Financial Institutions (NBFIs), which include depository and non-depository licensed financial institutions, grew by 9.5 percent or G\$41,933 million to G\$485,391 million due to a large increase in other local securities and other reserves of finance companies. The sector's share of total assets in the financial sector increased marginally from 35.3 percent to 36.3 percent at end-June 2023.

MONETARY DEVELOPMENTS

Table XX

Reserve Money

Reserve or base money expanded by 6.5 percent to G\$361,701 million. This performance resulted from an increase in net domestic assets by 43.2 percent or G\$63,085 million while net foreign assets declined by 21.1 percent or G\$40,952 million.

The growth in reserve money reflected an 11.2 percent or G\$22,198 million increase in currency in circulation resulting from higher cash transactions during the review period. Liabilities to the commercial banks declined marginally to G\$140,847 million from G\$140,912 owing mainly to a 7.8 percent or G\$1,014 million contraction in currency in commercial banks' vaults while deposit liabilities increased by 0.7 percent or G\$948 million.

Reserve Money G\$ Million			
	Jun	Dec	Jun
	2022	2022	2023
Net Foreign Assets	147,503	193,684	152,732
Net Domestic Assets	128,516	145,884	208,968
Credit to Public Sector	(76,037)	(73,475)	(26,630)
Reserve Money	276,019	339,568	361,701
Liabilities to:			
Commercial Banks	101,646	140,912	140,847
Currencies	10,349	12,923	11,909
Deposits	91,236	127,929	128,877
EPDs	61	61	61
Currency in Circulation	174,373	198,656	220,854
Monthly Average			
Reserve Money	285,057	292,946	346,644
Broad Money (M2)	602,544	622,937	713,373
Money Multiplier	2.11	2.13	2.06



Table XXI

Monetary Survey G\$ Million				
	Jun	Dec	Jun	
	2022	2022	2023	
Narrow Money	354,932	397,102	440,106	
Quasi Money	261,124	276,193	300,767	
Money Supply (M2)	616,055	673,295	740,873	
Net Domestic Credit	257,797	255,701	343,889	
Public Sector (Net)	7,350	(16,741)	51,911	
Private Sector Credit	308,252	328,868	345,325	
Agriculture	17,417	19,081	19,768	
Manufacturing	18,261	19,499	20,413	
Construction & Engineering	15,982	17,253	19,612	
Distribution	42,948	44,258	40,371	
Personal	40,796	42,218	42,539	
Mining	4,219	4,513	5,245	
Other Services	67,334	73,718	81,465	
Real Estate Mortgages	98,649	104,992	112,684	
Other	2,644	3,336	3,228	
Non-bank Fin. Inst.	(57,804)	(56,426)	(53,347)	
Net Foreign Assets	245,493	283,874	249,133	
Other Items (Net) ¹	112,765	133,720	147,851	

Notes:

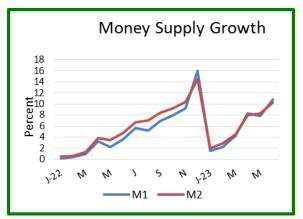
1) Other items (net) includes commercial banks' undistributed profits and other assets of the Bank of Guyana.

Broad and Narrow Money Supply

Broad money (M2) increased by 10.0 percent, owing to higher net domestic credit and other items (net) which increased by G\$88,188 million and G\$14,131 million, respectively. Net foreign assets declined by 12.2 percent or G\$34,741 million.

Broad money growth reflected expansions in both narrow and quasi money by 10.8 percent and 8.9 percent, respectively. The increase in narrow money resulted from a 12.9 percent and 11.2 percent growth in demand deposits and currency in circulation, respectively, while there was a 52.0 percent decline in cashiers' cheques & acceptances. The growth in quasi money was attributed to a 20.3 percent and 7.8 percent expansion in time and savings deposits, respectively.

Figure XI



COMMERCIAL BANKS DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Residents' deposits with commercial banks, comprising the private and public sectors as well as the non-bank financial institutions, amounted to G\$713,353 million, an increase of 6.8 percent from the end-December 2022 position.

Deposits

Private sector deposits, which accounted for 75.8 percent of total deposits, grew by 10.5 percent or G\$49,197 million at end-June 2023. Both business enterprises and individual customers' deposits were higher by 14.7 percent and 8.6 percent, respectively, to G\$171,732 million and G\$344,771 million, respectively.

Public sector deposits amounted to G\$110,254 million, 2.4 percent lower than the December 2022 position. This contraction was due to a 7.8 percent decline in the deposits of the public non-financial enterprises.

The deposits of the non-bank financial institutions decreased by 5.8 percent to G\$54,370 million



compared with a decline of 2.0 percent for the corresponding period last year.

Domestic Investments

Commercial banks' gross investments amounted to G\$427,069 million or 50.0 percent of the banks' total assets. Loans and advances, inclusive of the public sector loans, which accounted for 53.1 percent of the total domestic investments, increased by 4.0 percent to G\$226,851 million. Securities which accounted for the remaining 46.9 percent of the banks' investment portfolio also rose by 10.4 percent to G\$200,218 million.

Holdings of government securities in the form of treasury bills and debentures increased by 12.7 percent to G\$196,511 million. Conversely, investments in other local private securities fell by 2.9 percent or G\$90 million to G\$3,031 million.

BANKING SYSTEM

Net Domestic Credit

Net domestic credit of the banking system increased by 34.5 percent to G\$343,889 million compared with a growth of 14.8 percent at the end of June 2022. This performance resulted from increases in both credit to the private and public sectors.

Net Position of the Public Sector

The public sector recorded a net credit of G\$51,911 million with the banking system compared to a net deposit of G\$16,741 million at end–December 2022. This resulted from a higher Central Government's (net) credit owing to increased issuance of treasury bills for Central Government's budgetary financing. At the end of June 2023, the Central Government's (net) credit position increased by 70.2 percent to G\$187,005 million from G\$109,845 million. Public enterprises (net) deposits decreased by 10.3 percent to G\$70,702 million on account of lower deposits by Central Housing & Planning Authority (CHPA) and

Guyana Geology & Mines Commission (GGMC) at local commercial banks. Net deposits of the other category of the public sector, which includes local government and the National Insurance Scheme (NIS), rose by 34.9 percent to G\$64,391 million at end-June 2023.

Credit to the Private Sector

Private sector credit grew by 5.0 percent to G\$345,325 million due to expansions in credit to all sectors except the distribution and "other" category of the private sector. Credit to the mining sector expanded by 16.2 and resulted from increased credit to the "other mining". Lending to the construction & engineering sector rose by 13.7. Loans to the other services sector were higher by 10.5 percent. Real estate mortgage loans and manufacturing loans grew by 7.3 percent and 4.7 percent, respectively. While loans to the agriculture sector grew by 3.6 percent mainly on account of growth in other farming. Lending to the distribution and the "other" category of the private sector. which comprises commercial banks investments in private securities, fell by 8.8 percent and 3.3 percent, respectively.

Figure XII

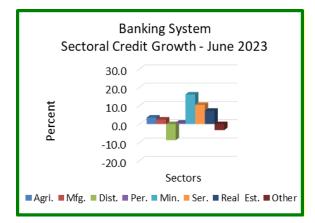
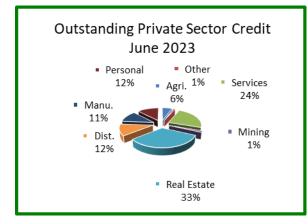




Figure XIII



Net Position of the Non-Bank Financial Institutions

The non-bank financial institutions' net deposits grew by 5.7 percent to G\$65,990 million compared with a decline of 2.2 percent for the corresponding period last year. This outturn stemmed mainly from a 9.3 percent or G\$4,719 million growth in the five dollar and save and prosper shares by the residents.

Net Foreign Assets

Net foreign assets of the banking system declined by 12.2 percent to US\$1,195 million at end-June 2023. This contraction resulted from a decrease in the net foreign assets of the Bank of Guyana while that of the commercial banks expanded. The net foreign assets of the Bank of Guyana fell by 21.1 percent to US\$732.5 million owing to a 21.1 percent or US\$196.4 million reduction in gross foreign assets to US\$736.0 million while foreign liabilities remained unchanged at US\$3.4 million. The net foreign assets of the commercial banks rose by 6.9 percent to US\$462.4 million on account of a 5.6 percent or US\$33.3 million increase in the gross foreign assets to US\$627.1 million despite the 2.2 percent or US\$164.8 million.

Interest Rates and Spreads

The Bank rate was stable at 5.0 percent during the first six months of 2023. The yield on the 182-day treasury bill declined marginally to 0.99 percent from 1.00 percent while that of the 364-day bill remained unchanged at 1.09 percent. The weighted average time deposit rate of the banks declined to 0.93 percent from 0.95 percent while the weighted average lending rate fell by 25 basis points to 8.29 percent. The small savings and the prime lending rates remained unchanged at 0.81 percent and 8.38 percent, respectively.

Table XXII

Commercial Banks Selected Interest Rates and Spread All interest rates are in percent per annum			
	Jun	Dec	Jun
	2022	2022	2023
1. Small Savings Rate	0.81	0.81	0.81
 Weighted Avg. Time Deposit Rate 	0.89	0.94	0.93
 Weighted Avg. Lending Rate 	8.59	8.54	8.29
4. Prime Lending Rate	8.38	8.38	8.38
5. End of period 91-day Treasury Bill Discount Rate	1.54	1.54	1.54
Spreads			
A (3-1)	7.78	7.73	7.48
B (4-1)	7.57	7.57	7.57
C (5-1)	0.73	0.73	0.73
D (3-2)	7.70	7.60	7.36
E (4-2)	7.49	7.43	7.44

The commercial banks' spread between the prime lending rate and small savings rate as well as the spread between the 91-day treasury bill rate and the small savings rate remained unchanged at 7.57 percent and 0.73 percent, respectively. The spread between the weighted average time deposit rate and the weighted



average lending rate fell by 24 basis points to 7.36 percent.

Liquidity

Total liquid assets of the commercial banks amounted to G\$287,650 million or 5.7 percent above the end-December 2022 level. This position was due primarily to increase issuance of treasury bills. The ratio of excess liquid assets to required liquid assets was 82.8 percent compared with 146.4 percent for the corresponding period last year.

Total reserves deposited with the Bank of Guyana were G\$130,586 million, 1.4 percent lower than the level at end-December 2022. The required statutory reserves of the commercial banks was G\$84,315 million creating an excess over the minimum requirement of G\$46,271 million.

Outlook for 2023

The monetary aggregates of reserve money and broad money are expected to reflect growth in economic activities. The former is likely to result from growth in net foreign assets of the Bank of Guyana while the latter is expected to stem from increased net foreign assets and net domestic credit. Interest rates are expected to remain relatively stable in 2023 reflective of the adequate level of liquidity within the banking system.

NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The financial resources of the Non-Bank Financial Institutions (NBFIs), which include depository and non-depository licensed financial institutions, grew by 9.5 percent or G\$41,933 million to G\$485,391 million due to a large increase in other local securities and other reserves of finance companies. The sector's share of total assets in the financial sector increased marginally from 35.3 percent to 36.3 percent at end-June 2023.

This performance resulted largely from increases in other liabilities and deposits. Other liabilities which mainly comprises capital & reserves, expanded by 17.6 percent or G\$36,803 million to G\$246,202 million, primarily as a result of a 17.9 percent or G\$29,756 million increase in other reserves by insurance companies and finance companies. Likewise, deposits increased by 5.7 percent or G\$3,568 million to G\$65,990 resulting from a 7.7 percent or G\$748 million increase in residents' shares. Foreign liabilities also increased by 1.9 percent to G\$50,515 million. Similarly, insurance premiums and pension funds saw an increase of 1.6 percent and 0.5 percent, respectively.

Table XXIII

NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
Selected Sources & Uses of Funds			
G\$ Million			
	Balances		
	Jun	Dec	Jun
	Jun-22	Dec-22	Jun-23
Sources of Funds:	461,178	443,459	485,391
Deposits	60,523	62,422	65,990
Share Deposits	50,811	52,644	55,529
Other Deposits	9,713	9,777	10,461
Foreign Liabilities	57,345	49,577	50,515
Premium	6,422	6,265	6,363
Pension Funds	125,669	115,797	116,321
Other Liabilities	211,219	209,399	246,202
Uses of Funds:	461,178	443,459	485,391
Claims on:			
Public Sector	10,859	10,381	9,690
Private Sector	307,996	290,755	331,646
Banking System	50,576	49,246	47,721
Non-Residents	46,817	48,195	47,145
Other Assets	44,929	44,880	49,189

Private sector investments, which represented 68.3 percent of total assets, grew by 14.1 percent or G\$40,891 million to G\$331,646 million primarily as a result of increased investments by finance companies in other local securities. Other assets increased by 9.6 percent or G\$4,309 million to G\$49,189 million. Claims on the public sector fell by 6.7 percent or



G\$691 million to G\$9,690 million. Additionally, claims on the banking system and the non-resident sector decreased by 3.1 percent or G\$1,525 million and 2.2 percent or G\$1,051 million, respectively at end-June 2023.

The New Building Society

Total resources of the New Building Society (NBS), which accounted for 17.7 percent of total assets of the NBFIs, increased by 4.6 percent or G\$3,758 million to G\$85,987 million. This expansion was due mainly to the 5.5 percent increase in share deposits alongside the 4.9 percent growth in foreign liabilities. Other deposits and other liabilities also increased by 4.0 percent and 2.1 percent, respectively at end-June 2023.

Table XXIV

NEW BUILDING SOCIETY Selected Sources & Uses of Funds				
	G\$ Million Balances			
	Jun	Dec	Jun	
	Jun-22	Dec-22	Jun-23	
Sources of Funds:	79,793	82,229	85,987	
Share Deposits	50,811	52,644	55,529	
Other Deposits	888	860	894	
Foreign Liabilities	8,098	8,472	8,891	
Other Liabilities	19,996	20,254	20,672	
Uses of Funds:	79,793	82,229	85,987	
Claims on:				
Public Sector	9,331	8,678	7,686	
Private Sector	45,358	50,020	58,240	
Banking System	22,319	20,638	17,293	
Non-Residents	-	-	-	
Other Assets	2,784	2,893	2,768	

Funds mobilized by the NBS were mainly invested within the private sector which grew by 16.4 percent to G\$58,240 million. Investments in the form of loans and advances given to individuals increased by 28.4 percent or G\$12,882 million at end-June 2023. Claims on the banking system and the public sector decreased

by 16.2 percent or G3,344 million and 11.4 percent or G992 million, respectively. Acquisition of other assets also decreased by 4.3 percent or G125 million. There were no claims on the non-resident sector for the period in review.

Trust Companies

The resources of the trust companies, which comprises Hand-in-Hand Trust Corporation Incorporated and Trust Company Guyana Limited, increased by 7.1 percent or G\$993 million to G\$15,033 million and accounted for 3.1 percent of total assets of the NBFIs. This performance was due to the 7.6 percent or G\$665 million expansion in deposits and a 6.8 percent or G\$341 million growth in other liabilities.

Claims on the banking system increased by 22.7 percent to G\$1,742 million. Claims on the nonresident sector increased by 11.1 percent to G\$2,651 million. While, claims on the private sector, which accounted for 67.06 percent of total assets of the NBFIs, increased by 4.3 percent to G\$10,081 million. Mortgages accounted for 96.7 percent of private sector investments. The two companies' holdings of other loans and advances, which include agricultural and personal loans, accounted for 48.2 percent of total loans and advances. Acquisition of other assets decreased by 1.3 percent or G\$8 million to G\$560 million. There were no claims on the public sector for the period ending June 2023.



Table XXV

TRUS T COMPANIES Selected Sources & Uses of Funds G\$ Million			
	_	Balances	_
	Jun	Dec	Jun
~ ~ ~ ~	Jun-22	Dec-22	Jun-23
Sources of Funds:	13,946	14,040	15,033
Deposits	8,747	8,789	9,454
Foreign Liabilities	259	247	234
Other Liabilities	4,940	5,004	5,345
Uses of Funds:	13,946	14,040	15,033
Claims on:			
Public Sector	-	-	-
Private Sector	9,278	9,668	10,081
Banking System	1,885	1,420	1,742
Non-Residents	2,280	2,385	2,651
Other Assets	504	567	560

Finance Companies

The resources of the finance companies, which include microfinance companies: Institute of Private Enterprise Development (IPED) and Small Business Development Trust (SBDT), grew significantly by 43.9 percent to G\$101,703 million. This performance was mainly due to the large increase in other local securities and other reserves by 56.6 percent or G\$31,008 million and 59.7 percent or G\$30,781 million, respectively, at end-June 2023. This accounted for 21.0 percent of total assets of the NBFIs. The resources were mobilized primarily in the form of other liabilities and retained earnings. Other liabilities, inclusive of capital & reserves grew by 55.0 percent or G\$29,844 million while retained earnings increased by 10.1 percent or G\$1,465 million. Loans received decreased by 48.3 percent or G\$869 million. Foreign liabilities experienced change of G\$609 million within the finance component (Secure International finance Company Inc.) as a result of foreign-funded loans from its parent company, subsidiaries & affiliates at end-June 2023.

Claims on the private sector, which represented 88.88 percent of finance companies' total assets, increased by 51.4 percent or G\$30,692 million. Acquisition of other assets increased by 7.9 percent or G\$626 million. Claims on the banking system and investments in the foreign sector declined by 43.2 percent to G\$173 million and 6.4 percent to G\$2,577 million, respectively.

Table XXVI

FINANCE COMPANIES Selected Sources & Uses of Funds G\$ Million				
	Balances			
	Jun Dec Jun			
	Jun-22	Dec-22	Jun-23	
Sources of Funds:	69,168	70,694	101,703	
Loans Received	1,368	1,799	930	
Retained Earnings	14,399	14,579	16,044	
Foreign Liabilities	42	42	609	
Other Liabilities	53,360	54,275	84,119	
Uses of Funds:	69,168	70,694	101,703	
Claims on:				
Public Sector	-	-	-	
Private Sector	58,862	59,699	90,391	
Banking System	485	305	173	
Non-Residents	2,809	2,755	2,577	
Other Assets	7,013	7,936	8,562	

Notes:

(1) Finance Companies consist of: one stock broker (Beharry Stock Brokers Limited), one investment company (Secure International Finance Company Incorporated), one merchant bank (Guyana Americas Merchant Bank Inc.) and two micro-finance institutions (Institute of Private Enterprise Development and Small Business Development Trust).

Asset Management Companies

The resources of the asset management companies, which comprises Guyana Co-operative Financial Service (GCFS) and Guyana National Co-operative Bank (GNCB), grew by 0.9 percent or G\$188 million and represented 4.5 percent of total assets of the NBFIs. Provision for loan, which represented 54.1 percent of total liabilities, grew by 1.7 percent to G\$11,770 million.



Interest receivable increased by 1.7 percent and accounted for 54.1 percent of total assets. Claims on the private sector and the acquisition of other assets remained unchanged at G\$7,476 million and G\$2,340 million, respectively. Deposits with local commercial banks decreased by 3.4 percent to G\$157 million at end June-2023. There were no claims on the public sector.

Table XXVII

ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANIES Selected Sources & Uses of Funds					
G\$ Million					
	Balances				
	Jun	Dec	Jun		
	Jun-22 Dec-22 Jun-23				
Sources of Funds:	21,348	21,557	21,745		
Provisions for Loans	11,380	11,577	11,770		
Other Liabilities	9,968	9,980	9,974		
Uses of Funds:	21,348	21,557	21,745		
Claims on:					
Private Sector	7,564	7,476	7,476		
Interest Receivable	11,380	11,577	11,770		
Banking System	63	163	157		
Other Assets	2,340	2,340	2,340		

Pension Schemes

The consolidated resources of the pension schemes increased by 0.6 percent to G\$117,739 million and represented 24.3 percent of total assets of the NBFIs. This increase was owing to growth in other liabilities and pension fund contributions by 16.9 percent and 0.5 percent, respectively, at end-June 2023.

Acquisition of other assets and claims on the public sector saw an increase of 12.7 percent or G\$236 million and 12.7 percent or G\$206 million, respectively. The investments in the public sector resulted as an increase of securities in the form of treasury bills by 27.2 percent or G\$388 million. Investments in the private sector, which accounted for 70.9 percent of total assets, decreased marginally by 0.2 percent to G\$83,530 million at end June-2023. This resulted due to a decline of 11.5 percent or G\$10,393 million in other local securities within the private sector during the review period. Claims on the banking system increased by 0.6 percent or G\$53 million at end-June 2023.

PENSION COMPANIES Selected Sources & Uses of Funds G\$ Million				
	G¢ Million	Balances		
	Jun Dec Jun			
	Jun-22	Dec-22	Jun-23	
Sources of Funds:	126,947	117,009	117,739	
Pension Funds	126,003	115,797	116,321	
Other Liabilities	944	1,212	1,417	
Uses of Funds:	126,947	117,009	117,739	
Claims on:				
Public Sector	1,428	1,618	1,824	
Private Sector	94,027	83,673	83,530	
Banking System	8,987	8,863	8,916	
Non-Residents	20,695	20,994	21,371	
Other Assets	1,810	1,861	2,097	

Table XXVIII

Domestic Insurance Companies²

The total resources of the domestic insurance companies (life and non-life segments) increased by 3.8 percent to G\$143,185 million and represented 29.5 percent of the total assets of the NBFIs. The life component, which accounted for 69.3 percent of the industry's resources, decreased by 5.8 percent or G\$6,109 million, likewise, the non-life component, which accounted for 30.7 percent of the industry's

² The data reported here represents unaudited figures from nine (9) insurance companies while that under the Insurance Sector Review represents audited figures from sixteen (16) companies.



resources, also decreased by 2.2 percent or G\$1,008 million.

Total insurance premiums increased marginally by 1.6 percent or G\$98 million to G\$6,363 million. Local life premiums, which accounted for 43.2 percent of total premiums, increased by G\$28.1 million due to a growth in sales of life insurance policies. Non-resident premiums decreased by G\$40.1 million and accounted for 58.6 percent and 23.4 percent of life insurance fund and life insurance foreign liabilities, respectively.

Total public sector investments increased from G\$96 million to G\$181 million as a result of an 80.6 percent or G\$120.6 million increase in other local government securities. Investments in other assets grew by 18.9 percent to G\$21,249 million, while claims on the banking system increased by 8.9 percent to G\$19,440 million. Private sector investments increased by 2.1 percent to G\$81,927million. Total loans & advances, which constituted 67.0 percent of total private sector investments, increased by 5.2 percent or G\$236 million. Conversely, the non-resident sector decreased by 6.9 percent or G\$1,511 million to G\$20,388 million at end June-2023.

Table XXIX

DOMESTIC INSURANCE COMPANIES Selected Sources & Uses of Funds G\$ Million			
	Balances		
	Jun	Dec	Jun
	Jun-22	Dec-22	Jun-23
Sources of Funds:	150,302	137,929	143,185
Premium	6,422	6,265	6,363
Foreign Liabilities	48,947	40,816	40,781
Other Deposits	78	129	112
Other Liabilities	94,856	90,719	95,929
Uses of Funds:	150,302	137,929	143,185
Claims on:			
Public Sector	100	85	181
Private Sector	93,301	80,218	81,927
Banking System	16,884	17,858	19,440
Non-Residents	20,858	21,899	20,388
Other Assets	19,159	17,868	21,249

Interest Rates

The interest rate structure of the NBFIs remained mainly unchanged for the first half of 2023. The small savings rate of the NBS was 1.4 percent while the rates of the five dollar shares and save & prosper shares were 1.5 percent and 2.75 percent, respectively. During the third quarter, end-September 2022, the low-income mortgage rate and the average ordinary mortgage rate changed to 3.5 percent and 4.73 percent, respectively. The interest rates offered by Hand-in-Hand Trust on domestic and commercial mortgages were 10.0 percent and 13.0 percent respectively while the average deposit rate remained unchanged at 1.51 percent at end-June 2023.



II FINANCIAL STABILITY ASSESSMENT

1. SUMMARY

The Licensed Depository Financial Institutions (LDFIs) Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) remained well above the prudential benchmark of 8.0 percent, at 20.6 percent which was below the end-June 2022 level but above the end-December 2022 levels. The stock of non-performing loans (NPLs) improved when compared to the end-June 2022 and end-December 2022 levels. The LDFIs' ratio of reserve against NPLs moved to 65.0 percent, 6 percentage points and 7 percentage points above the end-June 2022 and end-December 2022 levels respectively.

The stress tests performed were aimed at determining the quantitative measures of vulnerability of LDFIs capital to hypothetical shocks under various scenarios in areas of investments, credit, foreign currency exposure, and liquidity. The results indicated that the industry's and individual institutions' shock absorptive capacities remained adequate under the various scenarios for foreign currency and liquidity. However, vulnerabilities were observed in the investment and credit portfolios.

The macroprudential analytic tools were used to identify and measure systemic risk where an event that will trigger a loss of economic value or confidence in a substantial portion of the financial system resulting in adverse nation-wide and region-wide effects. At end-June 2023, there was no amplification in the level of systemic risk and no need for immediate policy actions.

The insurance sector, which comprises long-term insurance and general insurance, recorded assets of G\$195,996 million, an increase of 23.8 percent (G\$37,672 million) from the previous year. The sector accounted for 10.1 percent of total financial assets and 40.4 percent of non-bank assets as at end-June 2023. The sector was adequately capitalised as both the long term and general insurance sectors' assets exceeded their respective solvency requirements in keeping with the Insurance Act 2016. The long-term and general insurance sectors' assets exceeded liabilities by 293.8 percent (G\$98,738 million) and 364.4 percent (G\$47,188 million), respectively. The insurance sector's assets accounted for 5.8 percent of the country's GDP. The sector acts as a conduit for households and firms to transfer risks to entities that are better suited to handle them. In this way projects can be undertaken that might not be otherwise possible, and this contributes to the growth and financial stability of the economy.

The average per capita spending on insurance increased by 9.8 percent to G\$12.3 million, which indicated that there has been an increase in the density of the insurance products in the market. The sector's penetration into the domestic market fell marginally from the prior year (0.5 percent) as its total gross written premium represents 0.3 percent of the economy's GDP. Reinsurance for the long-term insurance sector increased by 14.4 percent (G\$36.9 million) to G\$292.6 million which indicated that more risks were being transferred to reinsurers in comparison to total gross premiums written. Reinsurance for the general insurance sector increased by 17.6 percent (G\$275.5 million) to G\$6,454 million. Potential risks the industry was exposed to, were prudently managed resulting in no adverse effect despite the volatility of the global financial conditions.



The assets of the private pension sector decreased by G\$9,143 million or 7.2 percent to G\$117,864 million from June 2022 due to a reduction in the market value of equity shares. This accounted for approximately 6.1 percent of the total financial sector's assets and 24.3 percent of NBFIs. The decline in assets may be attributed to a decrease in the fair value of equity investments.

The two major pension plans of Defined Benefit (DB) and Defined Contribution (DC) remained relatively stable. DB plans were sensitive to market risk, mainly because of the composition of their investment portfolios – large proportions were held in capital-uncertain assets: predominantly equities and real estate. Likewise, DC plans were vulnerable to the Deposit Administration Contracts (DACs) offered by the life insurance companies. Further, while investments in foreign assets were below the regulatory threshold, the unavailability of suitable diversifiable local investments also exposed pension funds to market risk. Regardless, the sector's exposure to credit risk remained insignificant.

The sector continued to have high liquidity levels that far surpassed the long-term nature of pension liabilities. Liquid assets (1 year and under maturity) totalled G\$16,365 million and accounted for 13.9 percent of total pension assets. Moreover, liquid assets were approximately 31 times greater than estimated pension payments for the coming quarter. Notwithstanding, the private pension sector maintained a more than sufficient funding level with an average of 304.5 percent.

The conduct of monetary policy remained focused on price stability, ensuring an adequate level of liquidity in the banking system and creating an enabling environment for credit and economic growth. The Bank of Guyana utilised the issuance of treasury bills and foreign exchange intervention as the variable tools of monetary policy, while the discount rate was unchanged at 5.0 percent. At the end of June 2023, there was no redemption in government treasury bills issued for monetary purpose, while the Bank transacted net-purchases in foreign currencies of US\$4.0 million.

Financial and monetary stability as well as financial system efficiency continued to be undertaken in a number of the Bank's operations. The Bank facilitated efficient intermediation through the issuance of notes and coins as well as promotion of an enhanced payment system operation. During the first half of 2023, the Bank's role within Guyana's Payments System infrastructure has been on implementing the legal and regulatory framework, establishing and improving payment infrastructures, encouraging innovation and promoting awareness of digital payments. In addition the Bank continued to be the custodian of the nation's foreign reserves while also managing the Natural Resource Fund (NRF) as mandated in an operational agreement between the Bank and the Ministry of Finance. Additionally, Bank of Guyana continued to maintain the Depository Insurance Corporation (DIC) and Deposit Insurance Fund with the objective of fostering financial stability by protecting depositors and assist in resolution financing. For the review period, the Bank achieved a net profit of G\$1,544 million against a budgeted profit of G\$660 million, resulting from the Bank's income being substantially higher than budgeted while containing expenses.

According to the IMF's World Economic Outlook, the global economy is estimated to grow by 3.0 percent in 2023, down from 3.5 percent recorded in 2022; remaining well below the historical (2000-19) annual average of 3.8 percent. Advanced economies continue to drive this decline in growth largely due to weaker manufacturing, and slower credit growth, offsetting stronger services activities. Moreover, global inflation is projected to decline from 8.7 percent last year to 6.8 percent this year.



2. MICROPRUDENTIAL REVIEW

The Licensed Depository Financial Institutions (LDFIs) Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) which remained above the prudential benchmark of 8.0 percent, at 20.6 percent was above the end-December 2022 but marginally below the end-June 2022 levels. The stock of non-performing loans improved when compared to end-December 2022 and end-June 2022 levels. The LDFIs ratio of reserve against NPLs rose to 65.0 percent, 6 percentage points and 7 percentage points above end-June and end-December 2022 respectively. The increase from end-June 2022 resulted from a 30.8 percent decrease in NPLs despite a 23.7 percent contraction in reserve for loan losses.

CAPITAL ADEQUACY PROFILES

Composition of Capital

The Bank commenced using the Basel II/III Supervisory Framework to assess the adequacy of LDFIs capital from January 2022. The Basel II/III framework requires LDFIs to hold capital against market risk and operational risk in addition to credit risk, compared to the Basel I framework which required capital for credit risk only.

The Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) for the LDFIs was 20.6 percent at end-June 2023, 4.8 percentage points above the end-December 2022 ratio and 0.4 percentage points below the end-June 2022 ratio. The Tier I ratio was greater than end-December 2022 and the corresponding period of the previous year by 4.7 percentage points and 0.2 percentage points respectively.

Qualifying capital increased by 27.7 percent above the end-December 2022, while Tier I capital increased by 25.8 percent due to an increase in Tier I capital by 25.8 percent. When compared to end-June 2022, total qualifying capital grew 8.0 percent, on account of a 10.9 percent growth in Tier 1 capital.

Table XXX

Licensed Depository Financial Institutions (LDFIs) Capital Adequacy Profiles G\$ Million				
	Jun 2022	Dec 2022	Jun 2023	
Total Qualifying Capital	104,765	66,616	113,135	
Total Tier I capital (Net)	103,453	91,200	114,694	
Risk-weighted Assets (Net)	499,200	561,558	548,852	
	Percent			
Average CAR	21.0	15.5	20.6	
Tier I ratio	20.7	16.2	20.9	

Risk-weighted Assets

The aggregate net risk-weighted assets of the LDFIs at end-June 2023 was 2.3 percent below and 9.9 percent above the end-December 2022 and end-June 2022 respective levels. The decrease from end-December 2022, reflected respective contractions in operational risk weighted assets by 26.1 percent and credit risk weighted assets by 2.7 percent. The growth over the corresponding period in the previous year was due to the increased exposure of assets to market and operational risk by 129.1 percent and 59.1 percent respectively.



ASSET QUALITY

The LDFIs' NPLs at end-June 2023, of G\$15.5 billion represented a 30.8 percent (G\$6.9 billion) improvement when compared with end-June 2022, and accounted for 3.7 percent of total loans. The improvement in NPLs from the June 2022, level was attributed to decreases by seven of the LDFIs ranging from 23.6 percent to 100 percent. Compared with end-December 2022, NPLs as a percentage of total loans stood 1.4 percentage points lower as a result of a 23.2 percent decrease in NPLs and a 6.8 percent expansion in total loans.

Sectoral Non-Performing Loans

On a sectoral basis, NPLs in the business enterprises sector and the household sector reduced by 39.1 percent and 20.4 percent respectively, when compared with the first half of 2022. All of the sub-sectors within the business enterprises sector recorded decreases as follows: agriculture by 49.0 percent; services by 39.8 percent; manufacture by 39.5 percent; and mining & quarrying by 19.8 percent.

When compared with the end-December 2022 levels, the agriculture, manufacture, services and mining & quarrying sub-sectors recorded improvement in NPLs of 38.3 percent, 32.5 percent, 26.0 percent and 18.2 percent respectively.

NPLs in the households sector recorded a 17.0 percent decline compared with end-December 2022.

NPLs in the services sub-sector represented 24.0 percent of the LDFIs' aggregate NPLs, with the distribution (wholesale and retail trade) category accounting for 54.2 percent of that sub-sector's NPLs. The construction & engineering category represented 36.4 percent of the manufacture sub-sector's NPLs, while the sugar cane category was 45.0 percent of NPLs in the agriculture sub-sector. The gold category had the highest concentration at 90.8 percent of the mining and quarrying sub-sectors NPLs.

Table XXXI

Licensed Depository Financial Institutions (LDFIs) Sectoral Distribution of Non-Performing Loans G\$ Million				
	Jun	Dec	Jun	
	2022	2022	2023	
Economic Sector				
Business Enterprises	12,398	10,593	7,547	
Agriculture	1,183	979	604	
Mining & Quarrying	885	868	710	
M anufacturing	4,147	3,715	2,509	
Services	6,183	5,031	3,724	
Households	9,987	9,573	7,946	
Total	22,385	20,166	15,493	

The 20.4 percent (G\$2 billion) improvement of NPLs in the households sector from end-June 2022 resulted mainly from decreases in the housing category by 19.0 percent (G\$1.6 billion).

Reserve for loan losses

The ratio of reserve for loan losses to NPLs at end-June 2023, was 65.0 percent, up 6 percentage points and 7 percentage points from end-June 2022 and end-December 2022 respectively. The increase from end-June 2022 resulted from the 30.8 percent decrease in NPLs despite reserve for loan losses contracting by 23.7 percent from end-June 2022.

Risk Assessment

The overall assessment of the banks' credit risk was 'moderate and decreasing'. Three banks were assessed as having decreasing credit risk; two as increasing; and one as stable. The two non-banks credit risk were rated as 'high and decreasing'.

Loan Concentration

The top twenty borrowers' exposures amounted to G\$104.2 billion at end-June 2023, 16.5 percent above the G\$89.4 billion reported at end-June 2022. This expansion was due to the increases recorded by four of the eight LDFIs' ranging from 34.8 percent to 120.2 percent. Loans and overdrafts and bonds/securities/debentures represented 85.3 percent and 13.2 percent of the top twenty borrowers' exposures, compared with 77.4 percent and 21.2 percent respectively at end-June 2022. The largest exposure (excluding treasury bills) was to the Guyana Shore Base Group, which accounted for 13.0 percent of the industry's aggregate top twenty exposures.

Loans to Related Parties

As at June 30, 2023, Loans to related parties expanded by 9.6 percent from the end-June 2022 level. Three LDFIs were responsible for this increase, ranging from 18.2 percent to 46.9 percent. The ratio of such loans to total loans was 4.5 percent, 0.2 percentage points lower when compared to end-June 2022.

Risk Assessment

The LDFIs' concentration risk was assessed as *'moderate and stable'*. The industry's top twenty borrowers to total loans ratio was 24.7 percent at end-June 2023. All of the top twenty borrowers' facilities were performing.

Earnings

Income

The LDFIs aggregate operating income amounted to G\$27.5 billion as at June 30, 2023, 25.1 percent above the end-June 30, 2022 level. Respective increases were observed in all sources of income. Foreign exchange gains increased by 29.4 percent, fees & commission by 24.7 percent, interest income by 24.4 percent and other operating income by 18.5 percent.

Table XXXII

Consolidated Income Statement of LDFIs G\$ Million					
	January – June				
	2021	2021	2023		
Operating Income	19,236	22,010	27,527		
Interest Income	15,529	16,343	20,452		
Foreign exchange gains	1,536	2,971	3,845		
Fees and Commission	2,009	2,297	2,864		
Other operating income	162	38	365		
Non-operating income	2	-	-		
Operating Expenses	11,849	11,558	14,604		
Interest Expense	2,128	1,853	2,298		
Salaries and other staff costs	3,579	3,637	4,325		
Foreign exchange losses	1,765	1,211	1,249		
Provision for loan losses	(213)	(447)	675		
Bad debts written off/Recovered	-	-	82		
Other operating expenses	4,590	5,304	5,973		
Non-Operating Expenses	404	11	84		
Net income before tax	6,985	10,441	12,840		
Taxation	1,793	2,679	3,761		
Net income/loss after tax	5,192	7,762	9,079		
Profitability Ratios - Percent (%)					
Return on Assets (ROA)	0.81	1.03	1.02		
Return on Equity (ROE)	5.13	7.20	7.46		

Expenses

LDFIs aggregate operating expenses amounted to G\$14.6 billion, 26.3 percent above the end-June 2022 level. LDFIs made 3.1 percent more provisions for loan losses compared with June 2022, while bad debts written off (net of recoveries) amounted to G\$675 million. Interest expense reflected an increase of 24 percent, while salaries & other staff cost and other operating expenses increased by 18.9 percent and 12.6 percent respectively.

Net income and profitability ratios

LDFIs net income before tax was 23 percent above the end-June 2022 level at G\$12.8 billion, while after tax



profits of G\$9.1 billion was 17 percent (G\$1.3 billion) over the end-June 2022 level.

ROA was 10 basis points below end-June 30, 2022 while ROE grew 26 basis points over the same period.

Risk Assessment

The overall risk to earnings was assessed as '*moderate* and stable'.

LIQUIDITY

The financial sector remained highly liquid at the end of the first half of 2023, with individual LDFIs excess liquid assets ranging between less than one percent and 313 percent. The average liquid assets held at end-June 2023 exceeded the statutory liquid assets requirement by 55.1 percent (G\$90.7 billion), compared with 132.5 percent (G\$147.5 billion) at end-June 2022.

The average level of liquid assets held by LDFIs at end-June 2023 amounted to G\$255.5 billion, 1.3 percent (G\$3.3 billion) below the average level recorded for the June 2022 period. This contraction resulted mainly from declines in marketable obligations of public sector of 39.8 percent (G\$17.5 billion), net due from head office and branch of 65.8 percent (G\$11.4 billion), net due from banks abroad of 26.5 percent (G\$8.1 billion), and net due from LDFIs in Guyana of 21.7 percent (G\$5.4 billion). On the other hand deposits with Bank of Guyana rose by 38.7 percent (G\$35.4 billion) while holdings of local treasury bills increased by 6.1 percent (G\$2.3 billion).

The average liquid asset ratio (LAR) recorded a 190 basis points fall from the end-June 2022 position to

reach 27.1 percent. The ratio of customer deposits to total (non-interbank) loans ratio, increased by 5.7 percentage points to 191.9 percent at end-June 2023.

Table XXXIII

Licensed Depository Financial Institutions (LDFIs) Liquidity Indicators G\$ Million				
	January - June			
	2021	2022	2023	
Avg. Actual Liq. Assets	288,904	258,796	255,473	
Avg. Required Liq. Assets	98,551	111,303	164,728	
Avg. Excess Liq. Assets	190,353	147,493	90,745	
Liquidity Ratios - Percent (%)				
Liquid Asset Ratio (LAR)	36.4	29.0	27.1	
Customer deposits to total (non-interbank) loans	191.0	186.2	191.9	

Endnote: This section examines the stability and soundness of the financial system. In particular, it analyses the performance of the following Licensed Depository Financial Institutions (LDFIs) as at end-June 2022: Republic Bank (Guyana) Limited (RBGL); Guyana Bank for Trade & Industry Limited (GBTI); Demerara Bank Limited (DBL); Citizens Bank (Guyana) Incorporated (CBI); Bank of Baroda (Guyana) Incorporated (BOB); Bank of Nova Scotia (BNS); Hand in Hand Trust Corporation Incorporated (HIHT) and New Building Society (NBS).

Risk Assessment

The Liquidity risk for four LDFIs were assessed as '*moderate and increasing*', while the other four were assessed as '*moderate and stable*'.



3. STRESS TESTING

tress tests performed were aimed at determining the quantitative measures of vulnerability of LDFIs capital to hypothetical shocks under various scenarios in areas of investments, credit, foreign currency exposure, and liquidity. The results indicated that the industry's and individual institutions' shock absorptive capacities remained adequate under the various scenarios for foreign currency and liquidity. However, vulnerabilities were observed in the investment and credit portfolios.

a) INVESTMENTS

The investment stress test estimates the impact on LDFIs' capital when their investment portfolios were assumed to suffer three levels of shocks as follows:

•Level 1 – the investment portfolio will assume provisioning requirements on each investment based on credit ratings,

•Level 2 – the credit rating of each investment will be downgraded by one provisioning level for sovereign securities only, corporate securities only, and both sovereign and corporate securities simultaneously and assessed in two areas (the Caribbean and unspecified countries) and,

•Level 3 – a further provisioning of 20 percent will be estimated on speculative graded investments.

The results revealed a resilient industry and banking sector, with an 8.5 percentage points decline from the banking sector's initial CAR was recorded under the Level 3 shock on the entire foreign investment portfolio. However, two institutions (banks) displayed significant vulnerability to the shocks.

b) CREDIT

The credit stress test measures the impact on banks' provisioning requirements and capital by economic sectors and the default of largest borrowers of each institution (large exposure).

SECTORAL STRESS TEST

The banking sector's and individual banks' shock absorptive capacity was adequate to withstand the 20 percent shock on the sectoral stress test, requiring an estimated 75.8 percent deterioration of the total portfolio to reduce the industry's CAR to the prudential minimum.

LARGE EXPOSURE STRESS TEST

This test assessed the largest borrowers under three default levels:

•Level 1 – the top borrower of each institution,

- •Level 2 the top 3 borrowers of each institution and,
- •Level 3 the top 5 borrowers of each institution.

The banking sector failed the Level 2 shock while the industry passed all three levels of stress on the top 20 largest exposures. However, six (6) institutions failed at the Level 3 shock.

c) FOREIGN CURRENCY

The foreign currency stress test estimates the impact on the banks' capital of a depreciation or appreciation of the Guyana dollar (G\$) against the four major trading currencies (US\$, EURO, GBP & CAN), as well as all other foreign currencies in which the banks have assets and liabilities.



The industry remains significantly resilient to exchange rate changes, requiring a 134 percent appreciation (50.1pp above December 2022) of the Guyana dollar to reduce CAR to the prudential minimum. However, only two banks showed vulnerability to this extreme shock.

d) LIQUIDITY

The liquidity stress test sought to determine the number of days an institution can withstand a deposit run before exhausting its liquid assets given no infusions of liquidity from external sources.

The respective run-off rates and percentage of liquidity drawn from 'other assets' are standardized to reflect three scenarios: 5/5, 3/7 and 0/10.

Across all three scenarios the industry on average, would withstand a run on total deposits for three days (compared to four days as at December 2022). However, when only demand deposits were assessed, the industry on average of the three scenarios, endured thirteen (13) days. When savings and time deposits were assessed, the industry endured on average eight (8) days.



4. MACROPRUDENTIAL REVEW

acroprudential analytic tools were used to identify and measure systemic risk where an event that will trigger a loss of economic value or confidence in a substantial portion of the financial system resulting in adverse nation-wide and region-wide effects. At end-June 2023, there was no amplification in the level of systemic risk and no need for immediate policy actions.

Tools currently used to measure systemic risks include:

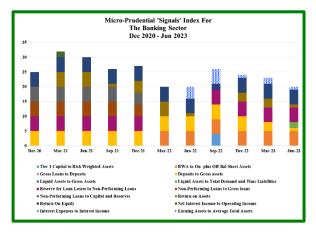
- 1. Micro-prudential Index
- 2. Absorption Ratio
- 3. Banking Stability Index
- 4. Macro-financial 'Signals' Index
- 5. Credit to GDP Gap
- 6. Composite Indicator for Systemic Stress (CISS)
- 7. Aggregate Financial Stability Index (AFSI)
- 8. Financial Stability Cobweb

1. Micro-prudential Index (Guyana's Banking Sector)

The Micro-prudential Index (MiPI) continued to exhibit relative stability in the banking sector. Compared to the tranquil period, the index over the last fourteen quarters (Mar 2020 to Jun 2023) ranged between 20 and 40 points. At end-June 2023, the index signalled 20 points compared to 21 points at end-June 2022 (see Figure XIV). Nine (9) indicators signalled stable risk levels while three (3) signalled decreased risk levels and two (2) signalled increased risk levels when compared with end-June 2022.

Particularly, one each of the liquidity, asset quality and earnings & profitability indicators signalled subdued risk while one liquidity and one asset quality indicator signalled a slight uptick in risk.





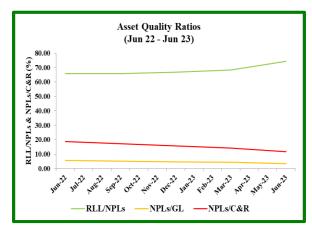
Note: The MPI is a signal-based index computed using scores for indicators based on the number of standard deviations of each indicator from the 'tranquil period' mean value. The higher the aggregate score, the more severe the signal of financial vulnerability.

At end-June 2023, improved asset quality indicators significantly contributed to the overall subdued risk level. Increased write-off of bad debts, coupled with higher provisions for non-performing loans saw improved asset quality indicators. Commercial banks earnings & profitability indicators also showed improvements. While ROA & ROE signalled constant low risk levels, earning assets to average total assets signalled lower risk level at end-June 2023, relative the corresponding period 2022 (see Figure XV).

Notwithstanding, the ratio of reserves for loan losses to non-performing loans continued to signal high risk in the MiPI on account of the revised Supervision Guideline No. 5 which now requires 100 percent provisions for loss loans three years and older.



Figure XV



Additionally, commercial banks liquidity ratios showed mixed signals as the deposits to gross assets ratio showed a significant reduction in risk level while the liquid assets to total demand and time liabilities reflected a slight increase in risk. However, the overall liquidity risk level was lower than the corresponding 2022 period.

In relation to capital indicators, the MiPI reflected a stable risk level relative to the end-June 2022 level, despite slightly lower capital ratios levels.

Table XXXIV

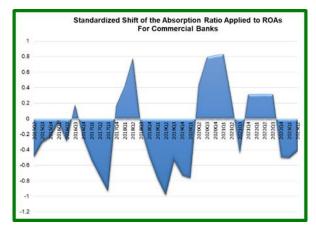
Asset Quality Ratios Guyana's Banking Sector					
	Jun	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun
	2022	2022	2022	2023	2023
Risk Ratios					
RLL/NPLs	65.83	65.72	66.91	68.25	74.40
NPLs/GL	5.64	5.19	4.69	4.27	3.38
NPLs/C&R	18.65	17.25	15.81	14.12	11.66
ROE	4.44	5.39	4.08	4.08	4.50
ROA	0.57	0.70	0.52	0.51	0.56

2. Absorption Ratio

The value of the 'standardised shift' in the Absorption Ratio (SAR) measures the degree of linkage of asset returns across the banking portfolios as reflected in their return on assets (ROA). This quarter the SAR of negative 0.4 represents a continuous decoupling in the asset portfolios of commercial banks when compared to the end-December 2022 position of negative 0.5.

However, when compared with the end-June 2022 ratio of 0.3, which showed a higher degree of commonality of commercial banks assets, the SAR signalled a lower risk to contagion at end-June 2023.

Figure XVI



3. Banking Stability Index

The Banking Stability Index (BSI) stood at 0.63 percent at end-June 2023, compared to 0.92 percent at end-June 2022. The downward movement in the BSI was driven primarily by weaker liquidity, foreign exchange and capital adequacy indicators.

Figure XVII

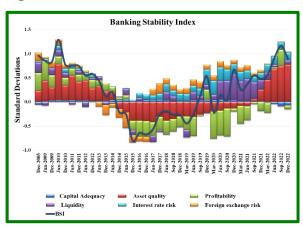


Table XXXV

Weighted Components of the Banking Stability Index					
	Jun	Dec	Jun		
	2022	2022	2023		
BSI	0.92	0.90	0.63		
Capital Adequacy	(0.04)	(0.08)	(0.07)		
Asset Quality	0.68	0.77	0.07		
Profitability	0.04	0.07	0.07		
Liquidity	0.05	0.09	(0.28)		
Interest Rate Risk	0.17	0.16	0.17		
Foreign Exchange Risk	0.02	0.02	(0.03)		

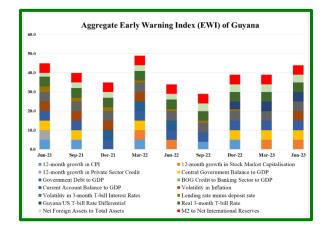
However, the worsening in the liquidity, foreign exchange and capital adequacy were partly offset by improvements in asset quality, and profitability indicators. The banking sector's asset quality indicator improved 0.77 percent from 0.68 percent at end-June 2022. The slight improvement in asset quality was due to a 2.26 percent improvement in nonperforming loans (NPLs) to total loans at end-June 2023, over the corresponding period in 2022, while reserve for loan loss to NPLs stood at 74.40 percent, 8.57 percent above the same period.

Further, the banking sector showed a higher degree of profitability due to a marginal increase in return on equity by 6 basis points when compared to end-June 2022.

4. Macro-Financial 'Signal' Index

The Early Warning Index (EWI) recorded a score of 44 points in the second quarter of 2023, 5 points above the end-December 2022, level and 10 points above the end-June 2022 level, signalling heightened 'medium' risk exposure. Relative to the end-December 2022 level, three indicators (the 12-month growth in stock market capitalisation, volatility in inflation and the Guyana/US T-bill rate differential), signalled increased risk levels.

Figure XVIII



Likewise, when compared to the end-June 2022 level, three indicators (the central government balance to GDP ratio, volatility in inflation, and the Guyana/US T-bill rate differential), also signalled increased risk levels.

On the other hand, the current account balance to GDP ratio and the lending rate minus deposit rate indicated reduced vulnerability.

Relative to its tranquil period, the EWI signalled heightened risk at end-June 2023, largely on account of spill-over effects to Guyana's economy from an already weakened global economy, stemming from persistent inflation, coupled with policy tightening and reduced global investment. Nevertheless, private sector credit continues to expand and net foreign assets to total assets are expected to increase while the interest rate spread is expected to remain stable.



Box 1

Macro-Financial 'Signal' Index

The Macro-financial Early Warning Index (EWI) is constructed to reflect the influences of the financial sector, real sector, private sector, public sector, and the external sector on the banking system's soundness. As such, the framework shows the potential impact of the macroeconomic environment on commercial banks' fragility. It is based on the performance of a basket of key macroeconomic and financial indicators, each scored by severity levels ranging from 0 point (no or minimal amount of risk) to 5 points (most severe). An increase in this index indicates an elevation in the overall level of risk in the system, while a fall demonstrates declined vulnerability of systemic threats.

While the EWI currently signals a 'medium' risk level, suppression of some pivotal indicators are likely to occur in the near term. Therefore, ongoing surveillance, risk-assessments, and prudent policies are needed to prevent any worsening of risk indicators.

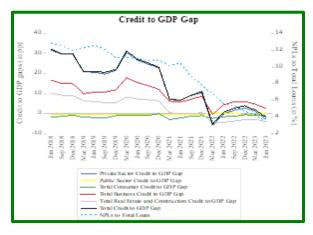
5. Credit to GDP Gap³

As at end-June 2023, the Credit to GDP Gap (non-oil real GDP at constant base prices) stood at negative 2 percentage points (pp), indicating the credit to GDP ratio was below its long-run trend. The private sector credit to GDP gap was negative 3 pp while the public sector credit to GDP gap stood at 0.2 pp, signifying no heightened risks from rapid credit growth as the gaps are close to zero.

The commercial banking sector credit grew by 12.6 percent year-on-year and 5.4 percent from end-December 2022. Private sector credit of G\$342 billion was a major contributor to total credit growth, recording an increase of 11.9 percent from the

previous year and 5.1 percent from December 2022. The year-on-year increase in private sector credit was supported by increases in all three subcomponents: business credit of G\$181 billion represented an increase of 12.8 percent; real estate mortgage loans of G\$113 billion represented an increase of 14.2 percent; and household credit of G\$49 billion represented an increase of 4 percent.

Figure XIX



The credit to the public sector of G\$2.9 billion increased by 77.9 percent from the corresponding period in 2022 and by 201.1 percent over the end-December 2022 quarter. The banking sector ratio of non-performing loans to total loans declined over the review period to 3.4 percent at end-June 2023, resulting from an 8.8 percent reduction in NPLs from end-June 2022.

6. Composite Indicator for Systemic Stress (CISS)

The Composite Indicator of Systemic Stress (CISS) captures the potential stress in the banking system by assessing the vulnerabilities arising from the correlation of individual stress levels in Guyana's four

³ The credit to GDP gap captures the build-up of credit relative to the long run. It is used as an early warning indicator of financial stress or crisis. The gap is measured by the difference between the

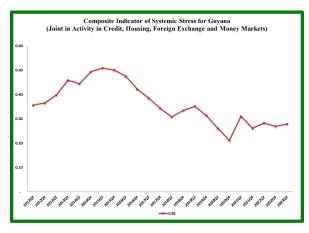
credit to GDP ratio and the ratio's long term trend. The trend is computed using the one-sided Hodrick-Prescott filter.



key markets (housing, credit, money and foreign exchange).

The CISS remained relatively stable with a slight uptick in the composite stress level at end-June 2023, compared to the end-December 2022. However, relative to the corresponding 2022 period, the CISS signalled the same level of stress. Three of the four markets signalled heighten stress levels relative to the end-June 2022 and end-December 2022 levels respectively.

Figure XX



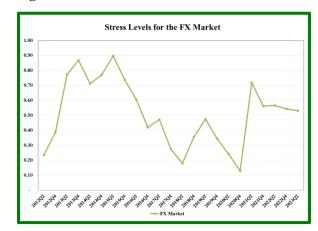
Commercial banks total credit expanded 12.6 percent (G\$37.8 billion) over the end-June 2022 level, signalling continued confidence in the economy. Consequently, the credit gap increased 49.7 percent over the end-June 2022 level. On the other hand, commercial banks NPLs was G\$5.8 billion below the end-June 2022 level, resulting in a less risky increase in the stress level in the credit market at end-June 2023.

Figure XXI



Loans for housing (mortgage loans) expanded 14 percent (G\$20.4 billion) over the end-June 2022, increasing the loan gap above its long-run trend to G\$8.1 billion. On the other hand, housing NPLs were 19 percent, (G\$1.6 billion) below the end-June 2022, resulting in a housing NPLs gap below its long-run trend at end-June 2023 level. Consequently, the continued expansion in housing showed no adverse effect on the overall housing market.

Figure XXII



The relative stability in the foreign exchange market saw a slight repress in the market's stress levels below the June 2022 level. Total supply of foreign currency was sufficient to meet demand as the regulatory maximum three dollars (G\$3.00) spread of the US to G\$ buying & selling rate continued to be the catalyst



to the relative stability in the foreign exchange market. At end-June 2023, the bid-ask spread stood at G\$3.00 compared to G\$2.77 at end-June 2022.

Figure XXIII



The money market signalled increased stress levels over the end-June 2022. The US 3-month T-bill volatility was up 176 basis points above the end-June 2022 level, at 2.15 percent at end-June 2023. Alternatively, the differential between the 364-days and 182-days local treasury bills was up less than 1 basis points above the end-June 2022 level.

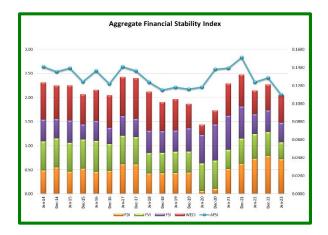
The lack in sale of the 182 and 92-days T-bills relative to the increase demand for the 364-days T-bills coupled with the higher volatility in the US 3-month T-bills rate pushed the money market above the end-June 2022 and end-December 2022 levels respectively.

7. Aggregate Financial Stability Index (AFSI)

In June 2023, the Aggregate Financial Stability Index (AFSI) registered an index of 0.1100, signalling increased vulnerabilities from an index of 0.1238 in the corresponding period in 2022. This was driven by the increased vulnerability in the sub-indices measuring Financial Vulnerability (FVI), Financial Soundness (FSI), and the Financial Development Index (FDI). The World Economic Climate Index

(WECI) on the other hand, showed marginal improvement from the corresponding period in 2022.

Figure XXIV



Relating to Financial Soundness (measured by the FSI), the AFSI signalled a slight uptick in vulnerability. The ratio of liquid assets to total assets declined compared to the corresponding period last year, increasing the vulnerability associated with banks meeting unexpected demands for cash. Despite the improvements of the ratio of NPLs to total loans and the tier 1 capital to RWA ratio, the significant decline in the liquidity indicator adversely affected the FSI.



Box 2

Aggregate Financial Stability Index (AFSI)

The Aggregate Financial Stability Index (AFSI), which can be used as an early warning system, is an aggregate of four component indicators or sub-indexes covering microeconomic, macroeconomic, and international measures of vulnerability, used to capture and forecast the stability of the financial system. An increasing index signals improvement in the stability of the financial system, while a decreasing index signals deterioration.

Fluctuations in the AFSI, or seasonal changes in the macroeconomic environment, are mainly responsible for the pattern of the AFSI curve. According to trending data, economic activities in Guyana usually peaks in the latter half of the year, predominantly in the fourth quarter, where productivity, trade, and debt increases at the same time, thus increasing vulnerabilities to the economy; therefore, reducing the overall AFS-Index. Subsequently, comes a general slowdown in the first quarter, followed by elevated activities and lower debt in the second quarter, and in the third quarter begins the preparations for heighten activities in the fourth quarter.

The FVI (Financial Vulnerability Index), FSI (Financial Soundness Index), FDI (Financial Development Index), and WECI (World Economic Climate Index) represent 40, 35, 10, and 15 percent respectively of the AFSI.

The Financial Vulnerability Index (FVI) also signalled increased vulnerability, largely on account of the increasing deficit of the total fiscal balance to GDP and the decline of the commercial banks net foreign assets to total assets ratio. Nevertheless, there were significant improvements in the ratios of the current account balance to GDP and the M2 to international reserves. Moreover, the increased vulnerability of the Financial Development Index (FDI), was mainly led by a reduction of the stock market capitalisation to GDP ratio. The World Economic Climate sub-index (WECI), which measures stability in the international environment, slightly improved from last year despite the persistence of several shocks to the already weakened global economy. The market volatility index was essentially accountable for this improvement, thereby indicating a higher level of confidence in the markets. Nonetheless, as a small open economy, Guyana remains vulnerable to shocks in the global environment. Thus, appropriate fiscal and monetary policies are essential to support the continued stability of the economy.

The IMF reiterates that building financial resilience, strengthening growth potential, and enhancing inclusiveness remain overarching goals for all countries.

8. Financial Stability Cobweb

The Financial Stability Cobweb is a six (6) dimension measure of a financial system's risks that aids in identifying stress in the domestic and global macroeconomic environments and financial market conditions that can trigger major difficulties for financial institutions. The ability of financial institutions to absorb shocks is reflected by the capital & profitability, and funding & liquidity dimensions (indicators). Reduction in financial stability risk is represented by movement towards the core of the cobweb diagram and vice versa for increased financial stability risk.

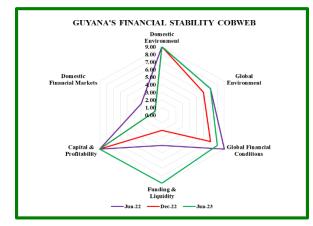
For the period end-June 2023, the funding & liquidity dimension signalled heightened risk to financial stability relative to the end December 2022 and end-June 2022 levels. This resulted primarily from lower levels of liquid assets to total assets and liquid assets to total demand & time liabilities at end-June 2023 relative to the end-December 2022 and end-June 2022 periods.

On the other hand, the domestic financial markets and global financial conditions signalled reduced risk



relative to the two comparative periods. The lower risk in the domestic financial market stemmed from the tapering of growth in stock market capitalisation observed in the previous periods and the narrowing of the Guyana T-Bills to US T-bills rate differential. At end-June 2023, the differential between the Guyana T-Bills and US T-Bills fell to negative 3.62 compared to negative 2.71 at end-December 2022 and 0.05 at end-June 2022.

Figure XXV



In relation to the global financial conditions, the financial system stands to benefit from improved confidence in the global economy. The uptick in the Chicago Board Options Exchange Market Volatility Index (VIX) and narrowing of the JP Morgan EMBI Global Spread are positive indicators to Guyana's financial stability.

The other three dimensions assessed by the Cobweb showed sustained risk levels relative to the end-June 2022 level, with the global environment signalling a slightly lower risk to financial stability at end-December 2022.

The global economy showed an estimated growth of 3.20 percent mid-year same as the corresponding 2022 period's level. However, growth at end-December 2022 was estimated at 3.40 percent, amidst a negative world economic climate with the persistence of COVID in China and the Ukraine/Russian war. These

variables continue to signal a high risk to financial stability for Guyana.

In the domestic environment, inflation fell to 1.89 percent at end-June 2023, compared with 7.24 percent at end-December 2022, and 5.01 at end-June 2022. Total fiscal balance to GDP fell to negative 10.60 percent for the quarter end-June 2023, relative to negative 51.1 percent at end-December 2022 and 2.65 percent at end-June 2022. Additionally, total sovereign debt stock to GDP increased to 223 percent, 1.4 basis points and 17.1 basis points above the end-December 2022, and end-June 2022 respectively. Further, M2 to international reserves were up to 483 percent, 137 and 68 basis points respectively over the end-December 2022 and end-June 2022 levels.

In regards to the capital & profitability dimension, the lower tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets resulting from the enhanced supervisory framework saw an industry capital ratio of 18.9 percent (10.9 over the prudential minimum) at end-June 2023. The average ratio over the comparative period was 18.4 percent compared to an average of 28.5 percent under the previous supervisory framework. The new framework requires commercial banks to hold capital against additional risk categories resulting in higher overall risk weights. Notwithstanding, commercial banks profitably measured by the ROA averaged 0.55 percent over the three comparative periods.

At end-June 2023, the risk to financial stability was relatively stable when compared with the level risk at end-December 2022 and end-June 2022 respectively.

Conclusion

As a small open economy, Guyana remains vulnerable to shocks in the global environment. Appropriate fiscal and monetary policies coupled with enhance regulation and supervision of the financial sector are essential to support the continued growth of the economy and the safety, soundness and stability of the financial system. The IMF reiterates that building



financial resilience, strengthening growth potential, and enhancing inclusiveness remain overarching goals for all countries.

The financial stability cobweb signalled heightened risk to financial stability from the liquidity & funding dimension while the domestic financial market and the global financial market dimensions signalled repressed risk levels. The AFSI indicated an improved world economic climate while the financial soundness, financial vulnerability and financial development indices signalled some heightened vulnerability. Moreover, the EWI (macro-financial 'signal' index) emphasised a 'medium' risk with the increased vulnerability observed in the central government balance to GDP ratio, volatility in inflation and the Guyana to US T-Bills rate differential.

Notwithstanding, the Guyanese economy is resilient, its financial sector adequately capitalised and holds sufficient liquidity to meet demand despite the marginal decline in the liquid assets ratio over the review period. The upgrade of the supervisory framework to Basel II/III continues to enhance the banking sector's resilience. Moreover, lower level of NPLs has significantly aided the banking sector's stability.

The financial sector and the economy's growth continued to be supported by credit growth which has not shown any signs of overheating as the collective market stress level remained constant. Credit-to-GDP still stands marginally below its long-run trend being propelled by the private sector credit. The banking sector remains profitable and stable. NPLs have significantly reduced and the risk of contagion remains low.

While there is no need for immediate policy actions, ongoing monitoring would continue with close attention on the domestic environment, particularly the inflation rate and total sovereign debt stock relative to GDP. Further, all efforts would be made to continually enhance Guyana's resilience to global financial shocks and policy makers should stand ready to make prompt decisions to preserve the stability of the financial system and economy at large.



5. INSURANCE SECTOR REVIEW

The insurance sector, which comprises long-term insurance and general insurance, recorded assets of G\$195,996 million, an increase of 23.8 percent (G\$37,672 million) from the previous year. The sector accounted for 10.1 percent of total financial assets and 40.4 percent of non-bank assets as at end-June 2023. The sector was adequately capitalised as both the long term and general insurance sectors' assets exceeded their respective solvency requirements in keeping with the Insurance Act 2016. The long-term and general insurance sectors' assets exceeded liabilities by 293.8 percent (G\$98,738 million) and 364.4 percent (G\$47,188 million), respectively. The insurance sector's assets accounted for 5.8 percent of the country's GDP. The sector acts as a conduit for households and firms to transfer risks to entities that are better suited to handle them. In this way projects can be undertaken that might not be otherwise possible, and this contributes to the growth and financial stability of the economy.

The average per capita spending on insurance increased by 9.8 percent to G\$12.3 million, which indicated that there was an increase in the density of insurance products in the market. The sector's penetration into the domestic market fell marginally from the prior year (0.5 percent) and its total gross written premium represents 0.3 percent of the economy's GDP. Reinsurance for the long-term insurance sector increased by 14.4 percent (G\$36.9 million) to G\$292.6 million which indicated that more risks were being transferred to reinsurers in comparison to total gross premiums written. Reinsurance for the general insurance sector increased by 17.6 percent (G\$275.5 million) to G\$6,454 million. Potential risks the industry was exposed to, were prudently managed resulting in no adverse effect despite the volatility of the global financial conditions.

Capital to Total Assets

Capital to total assets ratio for the long-term and general insurance sectors stood at 80.3 percent and 79.2 percent relative to 67.4 percent and 76.6 percent respectively in 2022. The increases by both sectors reflected an increased risk in the asset portfolio of insurers relative to their capital.

Net Premiums to Capital

The long-term insurance sector's net premiums to capital ratio decreased as at end-June 2023 to 2.5 percent from 3.6 percent, and the general insurance sector decreased to 9.7 percent from 11.2 percent. The decreased ratios indicated that companies were unable to maximise their full potential.

Investment Assets to Total Assets

The industry's investment assets portfolio was fairly stable. The ratio of investment assets to total assets for the long-term and general sectors were 80.6 percent and 73.5 percent as at end-June 2023 when compared with the previous year's 77.7 percent and 70.2 percent respectively. The large investment asset portfolio of the insurance sector indicated that there was a large portfolio of income generating assets as part of the companies' asset portfolio. The sectors' investments were mainly in the form of cash, equities and fixed interest securities. The large investment asset portfolio is however susceptible to the changing investment climate as a result of the country's status as an oil producer.



Reinsurance

This ratio measures the risk transferred from the insurer to the reinsurer. It was observed that most companies in the sector had policies in place to ensure that risks are ceded to top-rated and credit worthy reinsurers. However, it should be noted that companies are not reinsured for pandemics. The financial strength of the reinsurers is monitored on an annual basis.

The cession rates varied depending on the level of risks arising from exposures estimated by various companies. Reinsurance risks were only ceded for Class 1 (General Life) business for the long-term insurance sector while for the general insurance sector, risks were ceded for all classes of business. Cession rates, which measure the risks ceded to reinsurance, increased to 9.6 percent for the long-term insurance category and 26.8 percent for the general insurance category, compared to the respective 8.9 percent and 25.9 percent ceded the previous year.

The increased cession rate by the sectors indicated that companies were transferring a larger portion of risk in relation to any potential claims incurred.

Actuarial Liabilities

Net technical provision to average of net written premium in the last three years for the long-term sector was 712.2 percent, a decline from 790.7 percent at end-June 2022. This ratio indicated that the long-term sector's actuarial liabilities were approximately 7.1 times its average triennial net written premiums. This suggested that the sector would be required to increase its annual premiums by approximately seven times in order to adequately meet these liabilities solely from its net written premium. However, the actuarial liabilities represent amounts accumulated over time and as such the companies would have accumulated reserves to meet these liabilities.

Combined Ratio (Claims + Expense Ratios)

The combined ratio for the general insurance sector marginally declined to 72.4 percent from 75.3 percent. The decreased ratio by this sector resulted from a 5.2 percent fall in management expenses against a smaller increase (2.3 percent) in claims expenses. The combined ratio indicated that the sector generated increased underwriting profit, thus signalling an improvement in the underwriting performance of the companies in this sector.

Return on Assets

Returns on assets were 1.0 percent and 3.0 percent respectively for the long-term and general insurance sectors. Comparatively for June 2022, these were 0.9 percent and 3.1 percent, respectively. The ratios indicated that the sector's utilization of its assets was consistent with its performance in the previous year.

Return on Equity

Returns on Equity were 1.2 percent and 3.8 percent respectively, for the long-term and general insurance sectors. Comparatively for June 2022, these ratios were 1.4 percent and 3.9 percent respectively. The marginal decreases by the sectors were largely as a result of the declines in net profits after tax.

Investment Income to Invested Assets

The ratios of investment income to invested assets for the long-term sector was slightly lower than the prior year at 0.6 percent compared with 0.7 percent (June 2022). The general insurance sector's ratio marginally decreased to 0.7 percent from 0.8 percent at the end of the previous year. These marginal decreases in the ratios were, in the main, as a result of a small increase in the investment income earned by both sectors when compared the significant growth in investment assets.



Liquidity

The industry's liquid assets to current liabilities ratios for the long-term and general insurance sectors were 478.9 percent and 216.5 percent respectively, at end-June 2023, when compared with the previous year's 474.7 percent and 245.2 percent respectively. The high liquidity levels reflect the sectors' ability to meet its current financial obligations from its available liquid assets.

Outlook & the Way Forward

Companies continue to take advantage of the technology through the facilitation of online payments of premiums and the online settlements of claims.

The Bank has resumed onsite inspection of insurers in light of the declaration of the end of COVID 19 as a public health emergency.

The stability of the insurance sector continues to be actively monitored through the performance of insurers with a view of maintaining an efficient, fair, safe and stable insurance market for the benefits and protection of policyholder and to enhance public confidence in those market. The Bank of Guyana also seeks to ensure that measures are in place to facilitate business continuity and to maintain strong financial positions.



6. PENSION SECTOR REVIEW

The assets of the private pension sector decreased by G\$9, 143 million or 7.20 percent to G\$117,864 million from June 2022 due to a reduction in the market value of equity shares. This accounted for approximately 6.1 percent of the total financial sector's assets and 24.3 percent of NBFIs. The decline in assets was mainly attributed to a decrease in the fair value of equity and fixed income investments.

The two major pension plans of Defined Benefit (DB) and Defined Contribution (DC) remained relatively stable. DB plans were sensitive to market risk, mainly because of the composition of their investment portfolios – large proportions were held in capital-uncertain assets: predominantly equities and real estate. Likewise, DC plans were vulnerable to the Deposit Administration Contracts (DACs) offered by the life insurance companies. Further, while investments in foreign assets were below the regulatory threshold, the unavailability of suitable diversifiable local investments also exposed pension funds to market risk. Regardless, the sector's exposure to credit risk remained insignificant.

The sector continued to have high liquidity levels that far surpassed the long-term nature of pension liabilities. Liquid assets (1 year and under maturity) totalled G\$16,365 million and accounted for 13.9 percent of total pension assets. Moreover, liquid assets were approximately 31 times greater than estimated pension payments for the coming quarter. Consequently, the private pension sector maintained a more than sufficient funding level with an average of 304.5 percent.

Systemic Risk

The pension sector's assets continued to exhibit positive growth, while the sector's relationship to systemic risk remained diminutive. As at the end of June 2023 pension assets represented 6.1 percent of total financial assets and 24.3 percent of the assets of NBFIs. Moreover, the sector's role as an important institutional investor increased; the GDP ratio decreased from 4.0 percent to 3.5 percent as at end-June 2023. In addition, there was a significant increase in investments in stocks and shares.

Funding Risk

Funding risk, the risk that a pension plan cannot meet its past-service pension liabilities, is particularly important for DB pension plans. As at the end of June 2023, the sector's pension plans did not experience any measurable funding risk. The sector's pension

funds' approximate funding level was 304.5 percent. This signalled that pension assets were more than sufficiently able to meet its current pensionable obligations. Moreover, the pension funds were in surplus by an estimated 211.0 percent. By nature, DC pension plans are fully funded and DB plans average funding ratio was approximately 311.0 percent. This signals that the funding level is more than adequate to pay pensions' obligations. However, it is noteworthy that as much as the funding level is more than adequate, there were still a few DB plans in deficit which implement were still to actuarial recommendations.

Liquidity Risk

At the end of June 2023, there continued to be a surplus of liquidity in the pension sector. This was as a result of pension plans' excessive investments in liquid assets (13.9 percent of total assets) with at most



one year to maturity. Furthermore, the sector's level of liquidity exceeded its estimated pension payments in the quarter by 31 times. Pension plans' liabilities have an inherently long-term nature and this level of liquidity failed to correspond with the long-term nature of pension funds' liabilities.

Market Risk

Asset Allocation

Market risk emerges from the pension funds' investments in capital-uncertain assets. At the end of June 2023, pension assets were allocated in four investment categories. In particular, investments in equities as well as time and savings deposits represented 56.1 percent and 17.4 percent of total assets respectively. Pension assets' foreign exposure marginally increased, accounting for 17.3 percent of total assets as at June 30, 2023, compared to 16.0 percent at June 2022. In fixed interest securities, bonds represented 9.3 percent and in DACs, offered directly by insurance companies, represented 14.0 percent.

DB & DC Investments

DB pension plans were sensitive to market risk emanating from their investments that were mainly held in equities and bonds. In aggregate, these investments were 89.9 percent of DB assets of which 54.9 percent represented DB assets invested in equities. On the contrary, DC pension plans were exposed to the life insurance companies' investment arrangements under their DACs, which represented approximately 80.7 percent of DC assets as at end-June 2023.

Foreign Exposure of Pension Assets

Investments in foreign assets by pension funds remained constrained to a maximum limit of 30 percent. Nonetheless, pension funds' foreign investments of 17.3 percent were below the threshold as at end-June 2023. Moreover, a greater portion of pension assets were invested locally, of which 66.7 percent were invested in equities, 16.2 percent in DACs, 12.0 percent in time and savings deposits, 2.9 percent accounted for public and private securities, 0.1 percent in real estate and loans while 1.9 percent was allocated to other investments. Additionally, the lack of available and suitable domestic investment opportunities for pension funds also contributed to market risk in the sector.

Inflation Risk

Inflation risk is particularly applicable to pension funds when there is volatile domestic inflation that negatively impacts real interest earnings. At the end of June 2023, the sector's assets exposure to domestic inflation volatility increased to 25.4 percent when compared to 23.4 percent in the corresponding period in 2022. Further, nominal gross investment returns decreased to 3.0 percent from 2.7 percent in June 2022. Also, due to inflation, real investment returns earned by pension funds in the sector had negative gross and net rates of 8.5 percent and 8.6 percent respectively as at end of June 2023.

Credit Risk

Credit risk, which arises as a consequence of the nonpayment of monies owing to pension funds, was insignificant at the end of June 2023. Accounts receivable as a ratio of total assets remained comparably low and stable at 0.9 percent. Credit risk may also emerge due to the insolvency of companies that issue corporate bonds; the credit risk ratio as a result of investment portfolios of pension funds was marginally higher, 64.5 percent at end of June 2023 compared to 63.9 percent at end of June 2022, however, its impact on the pension sector remained insignificant.

Quality of Management

The quality of management is an expression of the sector's coverage, that is, the number of individuals who benefit directly from contributions to a pension



plan. At the end of June 2023, limited coverage remained a great impediment to the private pensions sector. At the end of the review period, an estimated 6.0 percent of the labour force contributed to a private pension plan and for every covered individual, approximately \$7.0 million of pension assets was under management. Moreover, payments with respect to early withdrawals decreased to 56.5 percent of total benefit payments during the first half of 2023. The fluctuating rate of early withdrawals was directly due to long vesting periods, and a lack of locking-in and portability provisions in pension plans' rules which allow the premature withdrawal of pension benefits and in turn, a reduction of the coverage of the sector.

The Way Forward

Regarding the second half of the year, the sector is expected to grow consistently and continuously. It is envisaged that positive changes in the values of its major investment vehicles will continue to propel the sector forward given favourable market conditions. Therefore, it is equally important to experience conducive capital market outcomes, especially positive changes in stock market prices and positive impacts of inflation volatility on real interest rates. However, the sector will continue to experience returns that are reflective of the investments accessible to domestic pension funds. Continued low returns are projected given constrained local investment opportunities. Pension funds must seek suitable alternatives in order to match the long term nature of its liabilities. Regardless, the sector's total assets reserve is forecast to improve upon its surplus position. Continued regulatory monitoring is expected to focus on DB pension funds' actuarial valuation

reports in order to ensure that the actuary's recommendations are being executed expediently.

New, comprehensive legislation - the Private Pensions Act - is currently in its draft phase and has concluded its second round of consultations with industry stakeholders. The consultations with respect to regulations accompanying the Pensions Act, are expected to continue in the latter half of the year. This legislation aims to give the regulator the enhanced powers to ensure efficient and lawful functioning of the sector. Ongoing Trustee training is also planned, to ensure persons responsible for the daily management of pension plans are equipped to do same. The National Pension Awareness Programme (NPAP) is also projected to commence in the final half of the year and aims to provide improved pensions' knowledge of all stakeholders.



III INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC AND MONETARY DEVELOPMENTS

The World Economy

he global recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic and the Russia-Ukraine conflict, is slowing amid widening divergences among economic sectors and regions. The World Health Organization (WHO) announced in May that it no longer considers COVID-19 to be a "global health emergency". Supply chains have largely recovered, and shipping costs and suppliers' delivery times are almost back to pre-pandemic levels. However, forces that hindered growth in 2022 such as elevated inflation, high interest rates, and reduced investment remain persistent. Inflation continues to erode household purchasing power while policy tightening by central banks in its response has raised the cost of borrowing, constraining economic activity. According to the IMF's World Economic Outlook, the global economy is estimated to grow by 3.0 percent in 2023, down from 3.5 percent recorded in 2022; remaining well below the historical (2000-19) annual average of 3.8 percent. Advanced economies continue to drive this decline in growth largely due to weaker manufacturing, and slower credit growth, offsetting stronger services activities. Moreover, global inflation is projected to decline from 8.7 percent last year to 6.8 percent this year.

Advanced Economies

Output

Growth in advanced economies is expected to significantly slowdown to 1.5 percent in 2023, from 2.7 percent in 2022, according to the IMF's recent estimates. About 93 percent of advanced economies are projected to have lower growth in 2023. Growth in the USA is projected to slow from 2.1 percent in 2022 to 1.8 percent in 2023 primarily due to declined consumption as a result of largely depleted excess savings accumulated during the pandemic while the Federal Reserve is expected to further raise interest rates. In the Euro Area, growth is projected to fall from 3.5 percent in 2022 to 0.9 percent in 2023 mainly due to pressures from its high interest rate environment. Germany's growth is forecasted to fall into recession by the end of 2023 by -0.3 percent, whereas France, Italy and Spain are expected to grow by 0.8 percent, 1.1 percent and 2.5 percent respectively. Growth in the

UK is projected to decline to 0.4 percent in 2023 from 4.1 percent in 2022 as the energy price shock due to the Russia-Ukraine conflict disrupted recovery while the Brexit-related uncertainty remains. In Canada, growth is expected to fall to 1.7 percent in 2023 from 3.4 percent last year. The Japanese economy is forecasted to grow 1.4 percent in 2023 up from 1.0 percent in 2022 buoyed by pent-up demand and accommodative policies.

Inflation

Inflation eased in most advanced economies but remain persistent. Inflation is estimated at 2.3 percent for 2023, down from 6.1 percent recorded in 2022. In the USA, the inflation rate stood at 3.0 percent, down from its peak of 9.1 percent in June 2022. Inflation in the UK dropped to 7.9 percent in June 2023, marking the lowest level since March 2022, mainly due to a slump in fuel prices. Likewise, inflation in Canada fell to 2.8 percent in June 2023 as gasoline prices declined



further. Inflation in the Euro Area slowed for the second consecutive month to 5.5 percent in June 2023, while the inflation rate in Japan edged up to 3.3 percent in June 2023 resulting from a hike in utility bills added to a steady increase in food and daily necessity prices.

Unemployment

In advanced economies, unemployment remained relatively stable at 4.8 percent. In the USA, labour markets remained tight, with a low 3.6 percent unemployment rate. The rate for Canada was 5.4 percent - its second consecutive increase reflecting some softening in the Canadian labour market. In the UK, the unemployment rate increased to 4.0 percent – the highest since the last quarter of 2021. The Euro Area's unemployment rate remained at a record low of 6.4 percent while in Japan, the rate edged lower to 2.5 percent.

Monetary and Exchange Rates

Global central banks continue to exhibit a hawkish tone as it relates to monetary policy during the quarter. The US Federal Reserve raised their benchmark interest rates by 25bps earlier in the second quarter before easing off with a pause in rate hikes at its FOMC meeting in June. This position was taken after the implementation of three rate hikes during the first half of the year. As at end-June 2023, the Federal Funds target range stood at 5%-5.25%, and it is expected that two more rate hikes are likely to occur before the end of 2023. The European Central Bank approved two 25 bps rate hikes during the second quarter of 2023 taking their interest rate to 4%, up from 3.5%, while the Bank of England opted for an overall 75 bps rate increase, taking its interest rate level to 5%. On the other hand, the Bank of Canada only had one rate hike of 25 bps after pausing earlier in the quarter, increasing their benchmark rate to 4.75% as at end-June 2023.

Compared to the end of 2022, the currencies of other advanced economies fluctuated against the US dollar.

The Canadian dollar appreciated by 2.4 percent to \$1.32, the British Pound by 4.8 percent £0.79, the Euro by 1.7 percent to €0.92. On the other hand, the Japanese Yen depreciated by 10.1 percent to \$144.31 for USD\$1.

EMERGING MARKET & DEVELOPING ECONOMIES

Growth

Growth in emerging market & developing economies (EMDEs) is projected to be broadly stable at 4.0 percent in 2023. Growth in emerging and developing Asia, is estimated to rise to 5.3 percent in 2023. In China, growth is forecasted at 5.2 percent owing mainly to increased demand and consumption as well as stronger-than-expected net exports, despite the underperformance of investment due to the ongoing real estate downturn. Growth in India is estimated at 6.1 percent for 2023.

Growth in emerging and developing Europe, is projected to increase to 1.8 percent in 2023. In particular, Russia's GPD growth for 2023 is projected to be 1.5 percent, after withstanding a recession in 2022. This is as a result of a strong first half of the year, driven by large fiscal stimulus.

The Latin America and Caribbean region estimates a growth decline from 3.9 percent in 2022 to 1.9 percent in 2023. This reflects the recent fading of rapid growth during 2022 after the pandemic reopening, as well as lower commodity prices. Brazil's GDP growth for 2023 is estimated to be 2.1 percent as low investment and consumption growth weigh on the outlook. In Mexico growth of 2.6 percent is estimated and this is impacted mostly by delayed post-pandemic recovery in services.

In the Middle East and Central Asia, growth is projected to decline from 5.4 percent in 2022 to 2.5 percent in 2023. This is mainly attributable to a steeper-than-expected slowdown in Saudi Arabia, from 8.7 percent in 2022 to 1.9 percent in 2023. This



downgrade reflects oil production cuts announced in April and June in line with an agreement with OPEC+ in support of a stronger non-oil GDP growth.

In Sub-Saharan Africa, growth is projected to decline to 3.5 percent in 2023. Growth in Nigeria is estimated to decline reflecting security issues in the oil sector, whereas growth in South Africa is projected to decline to 0.3 percent in 2023 on account of power shortages.

Inflation

Headline inflation in emerging markets and developing economies continued to decline during the first half of the year and is forecasted at 8.3 percent in 2023, down from 9.8 percent in 2022. Recent estimates indicate that Brazil's inflation receded to 3.2 percent in June 2023 while inflation in Mexico eased for the fifth straight month to 5.1 percent. In China, inflation dropped by 0.3 percent, the first decrease since February 2021, primarily due to the fall in food prices. In contrast, India's inflation rate accelerated for the first time in five months to 4.8 percent in June 2023 mainly on account of rising food prices. Likewise, Russia's inflation rate rose to 3.3 percent - the highest in three months.

Unemployment

The unemployment situation was varied among EMDEs. Recent estimates show that the unemployment rate in China stood at 5.2 percent, representing one of the lowest levels recorded in sixteen months. In Brazil, the unemployment rate averaged 8.0 percent in June 2023, while in Mexico, it declined to 2.7 percent from 3.3 percent in the corresponding period a year ago. In India, the unemployment rate rose to 8.5 percent, whereas in Russia, it declined to 3.1 percent.

Exchange Rates

Compared to the end of 2022, The Brazilian Real appreciated by 9.4 percent to R\$4.79, the Mexican Peso by 12.1 percent to \$17.13 and the Indian Rupee

by 0.8 percent to ₹82.10. The Chinese Yuan depreciated by 5.2 percent to ₹7.25 and the Russian Ruble by 20.5 percent to ₹88.83.

CARIBBEAN ECONOMIES

Growth

Following strong growth of 7.9 percent in 2022, output in the Caribbean economies is set to expand by 5.1 percent in 2023. Tourism continue to recover towards pre-pandemic levels and remains an important contributor to growth, supporting employment, investment and exports. The region's outlook partly reflects the oil boom in Guyana, where GDP growth is recorded at 59.4 percent at June 2023 as production at new oil fields continue to ramp up. Barbados' economy is expected to grow by 4 to 5 percent in 2023 while growth in Jamaica and Suriname is expected to be 4.2 percent and 2.3 percent respectively.

Inflation

The strength of the post-pandemic recoveries has varied across the region. The global rebound of commodity prices from the pandemic lows, further boosted by the Russia-Ukraine conflict, has generally supported the recovery of commodity exporters, while constraining those that depend on commodity imports (tourism-dependent Caribbean economies). The upward trend of commodity prices seems to be reversing, as the global financial conditions tighten. As such, recent estimates indicate a deflation rate of 0.3 percent in Guyana. Contrary, inflation is recorded at 5.7 percent in Trinidad and Tobago, 6.2 percent in Jamaica and 54.2 percent in Suriname, all lower than previous forecasts.

Unemployment

In the Caribbean, labour markets recovered from the severe impact of the COVID-19 pandemic crisis in 2020. The improvements in labour participation rates and unemployment rates that began in 2021 continued into 2023. Recent estimates show that the unemployment rate in Barbados continued to decline



and stood at 7.2 percent at the end of June 2023. In Jamaica, the unemployment rate also declined to 6.6 percent.

Exchange Rates

Over the quarter, the Barbados, Belize and the ECCU continued to maintain fixed exchange rates with the US dollar of Bds\$2, BZ\$2 and EC\$2.7 respectively. The Bank of Guyana exchange rate also remained at GY\$208.5 for US\$1. Compared to the end of the last quarter, the Trinidad & Tobago dollar slightly depreciated against the US dollar to TT\$6.77 while the Jamaican dollar also depreciated to J\$154.50 for US\$1.

COMMODITY PRICES

Commodity prices are expected to fall by 21 percent in 2023, reflecting the sharpest drop since the pandemic. Average energy prices are expected to be 23 percent lower than in 2022. The risks to the forecast are tilted to the upside, primarily because many of the factors that caused shocks to commodity markets in recent times still remain. These factors include possible disruptions in the supply of energy and metals, intensifying geopolitical tensions, a strongerthan-anticipated recovery in China's industrial sector, and adverse weather events. Disappointing global growth is the major downside risk.

Compared to the end of the last quarter, the price of rice increased by 8.0 percent to US\$514 per metric ton while the price of sugar also increased by 19.8 percent to US\$0.54 per kg. Oil prices pushed upwards at the beginning of the second quarter reaching a high of \$87.33/bbl. However, oil experienced a significant dip during the latter half of April and early-May, falling by approximately \$15/bbl., attributed mainly to higher interest rates coupled with weaker industrial activity contributing to recessionary concerns and a potential downward shift in global oil demand. Oil prices fluctuated throughout May and June reaching its lowest level for the quarter at \$71.84/bbl.

Notwithstanding, oil prices rebounded towards the end of the quarter following a meeting between OPEC+ and its allies as they indicated their intentions to further cut oil production by 1 million bpd in July. To close the quarter, oil was traded at \$74.90/bbl.

At the start of the quarter, gold traded at US\$1969.28 per ounce before trending upwards, reaching its highest value for the quarter at US\$2050.28 per ounce. However, this surge in gold prices was short lived as the asset experienced tremendous selloffs for the remainder of the quarter caused by a stronger US dollar and the expectations of future hawkish monetary policy measures from global central banks. Continuing on a downward trend, gold reached its lowest value for the quarter at US\$1907.32 per ounce in June before closing the quarter at US\$1919.35 per ounce.

Outlook for 2023

According to the IMF's most recent estimate, global growth for 2023 is projected to be 3.0 percent. Advanced economies are expected to grow by 1.5 percent and emerging market and developing economies by 4.0 percent. The recent resolution of the US debt ceiling standoff and, earlier this year, strong action by authorities to contain turbulence in US and Swiss banking, reduced the immediate risks of financial sector turmoil. This moderated adverse risks to the outlook. However, the balance of risks to global growth remains tilted to the downside. Inflation is predicted to remain high and can even rise if further shocks occur, including those from an intensification of the war in Ukraine and extreme weather-related events, triggering more restrictive monetary policy. Financial sector turbulence could resume as markets adjust to further policy tightening by central banks. China's recovery could slow, in part as a result of unresolved real estate problems, with negative crossborder spillovers. Sovereign debt distress could spread to a wider group of economies. On the upside, inflation could fall faster than expected, reducing the need for



tight monetary policy, and domestic demand could again prove more resilient.



IV MONETARY POLICY

The conduct of monetary policy remained focused on price stability, ensuring an adequate level of liquidity in the banking system and creating an enabling environment for credit and economic growth. The Bank of Guyana utilised the issuance of treasury bills and foreign exchange intervention as the variable tools of monetary policy, while the discount rate was unchanged at 5.0 percent. At the end of June 2023, there was no redemption in government treasury bills issued for monetary purpose, while the Bank transacted net-purchases in foreign currencies of US\$4.0 million.

MONETARY POLICY

Monetary policy recommendations were determined within the framework of monetary programming and the evolving circumstances impinging on inflation expectance, liquidity condition and macroeconomic stability. The Bank's principal instrument of monetary control continued to be the auction of treasury bills in the primary market. The monetary policy stance was signalled through the volume of treasury bills issued with implications for the general level of interest rates.

MONETARY PROGRAMMING

In principle, monetary programming allowed the Bank to set a targeted path for the growth of broad money, consistent with economic growth and inflation. Its foundation rested on the observation that the Bank controls the supply of reserve or base money, which comprises currency in circulation and commercial banks' reserves at the Bank. The underlying assumption for the effective operation of the reserve money programme is the long term stability of the money multiplier, which is defined as the relationship between reserve money and broad money supply.

Reserve money is influenced mainly by the operations of the Bank. Changes in the Bank's net foreign assets and net domestic assets (which are largely affected by the operations of the central government) impact on the level of reserve money. The Bank's intervention in the foreign exchange market by buying or selling foreign currency affected the liquidity condition in the system. Since the counterparties to the Bank's foreign currency transactions are the commercial banks, the transactions affect the net foreign assets and the net domestic assets of the commercial banks.

A sale of foreign currency by the Bank will increase the net foreign assets and reduce the net domestic assets of the commercial banks and vice versa. On the Bank's balance sheet a sale of foreign currency will reduce its net foreign assets, as well as its liabilities to commercial banks and reserve money. On the other hand, a purchase of foreign currency by the Bank will increase its net foreign assets as well as reserve money.

The operations of the government will either add or withdraw liquidity from the system. An increase in net credit to the government, which will increase the net domestic assets of the Bank, results in an increase in reserve money. This usually occurs through a relative increase in expenditure compared with the increase in revenue. The net deposits of the central government are therefore affected.

During the review period, weekly forecasts of the Bank's balance sheet were produced based on



estimated liquid reserve positions of the commercial banks and the public. These forecasts were compared with the weekly targeted monetary growth which was consistent with the set nominal output objective. The deviations established by this comparison indicated the baseline scenario level of the open market operation necessary to bring the forecasted money supply in line with its targeted annual growth. The actual weekly intervention was determined by the Open Market Operation Committee (OMOC) on the baseline scenario and prevailing developments.

The OMOC adopted a consultative approach during the review period by liaising closely with agencies which impacted directly on liquidity in the financial sector. Additionally, other information such as the state of the foreign exchange market, the interbank market, the structure of interest rates and the liquidity position of the non-bank financial institutions facilitated more informed decisions by the OMOC.

At the end-June 2023 reserve money was G\$361.7 billion, G\$22.1 billion more than the end-December 2022 level due to an expansion in net domestic assets of the Bank of Guyana. Both treasury bills issued for monetary purposes and redemptions amounted to G\$2.0 billion, resulting in a net redemption of G\$0.0 billion. The commercial banks held no treasury bills issued for monetary purposes at end-June 2023.

The liquidity condition varied among commercial banks and was reflected by interbank market activities. Twenty seven (27) trades were made on the interbank market during the first half of 2023 totaling G\$60.3 billion compared with thirty one (31) trades totaling G\$54.3 billion for the corresponding period in 2022. The inter-bank market interest rate remained at 4.5 percent during the review period

Monetary policy was able to control the liquidity condition in the banking system which contributed to the maintenance of macroeconomic stability and an environment for fostering economic growth in the economy. \Box



V OPERATIONAL ACTIVITES

Financial and monetary stability as well as financial system efficiency continued to be achieved in a number of the Bank's operations. The Bank facilitated efficient intermediation through the issuance of notes and coins as well as the promotion of an enhanced payment system operation. During the first half of 2023, the Bank endeavoured to strengthen and improve Guyana's Payments System infrastructure by implementing the legal and regulatory framework, establishing and improving the payment infrastructures, encouraging innovation and promoting awareness of digital payments. Additionally, the Bank continued to be the custodian of the nation's foreign asset reserves while also managing the Natural Resource Fund (NRF) as mandated in an operational agreement between the Bank and the Board of Directors of the NRF. The Bank of Guyana continued to provide support to the Depository Insurance Corporation (DIC) and manage the Deposit Insurance Fund with the objective of fostering financial stability by protecting depositors and assist in resolution financing. For the review period, the Bank achieved a net profit of G\$1,544 million against a budgeted profit of G\$660 million, resulting from the Bank's income being substantially higher than budgeted while containing expenses.

CURRENCY OPERATIONS

The Bank has a statutory obligation to issue the country's notes and coins under Section 21(1) of the Bank of Guyana Act 1998, No. 19 of 1998. The Bank continued to discharge its obligation to meet the demand for currency.

The total supply of currency increased by 11.0 percent for June, 2023. This increase was due to a higher opening stock when compared to 2022.

Notes

The total value of currency notes in circulation (including notes held in the vaults of commercial banks) at the end of June 2023 amounted to G\$231.5 million, an increase of 26.0 percent when compared to G\$183.5 million at the end of June 2022. In terms of the total amount issued the \$5000 accounted for 89.2 percent, the \$2000 accounted for 2.1 percent, the \$1000 for 6.3 percent, the \$500 for 0.8 percent, the \$100 for 1.1 percent, the \$50 for 0.2 percent and \$20 for 0.4 percent.

Table XXXVI

Supply & Dispos	al of Bank of Gu	1yana Currency	Notes
	Thousands of N	lotes	
	Jun	Jun	Jun
	2021	2022	2023
Opening Stock	43,504	25,314	40,959
Purchased	6,000	23,250	20,100
Withdrawn from circulation	55,716	49,208	47,433
TOTAL SUPPLY	105,220	97,772	108,492
Issued	55,705	50,497	54,400
Destroyed	7,053	4,173	10,855
TOTAL DISPOSAL	62,758	54,670	65,255
End-of-Period Stock	42,462	43,102	43,237
New Notes	39,466	33,560	39,077
Re-Issuable Notes	2,231	308	1,931
Other Notes ¹⁾	765	9,234	2,228

Notes:

(1) Notes awaiting sorting, cancellation and destruction.

The policy of ensuring that acceptable quality notes are in circulation continued during the review period. This was achieved by regular destruction of mutilated, defaced or otherwise poor quality notes and replacing them with new notes. Mutilated, defaced and poor



quality notes amounting to G\$443.4 million were submitted for replacement for the first half of 2023 compared with G\$372.2 million for the first half of 2022.

Coins

Coins issued by the Bank of Guyana amounted to G\$1,243 million at the end of June 2023, an increase of 2.6 percent above the G\$1,212 million in June, 2022. The G\$10 coin continued to account for the highest proportion of the total value of coins, followed by the G\$5, \$1 and G\$100 coins respectively. In value terms, the share of G\$100 coin accounted for 2.7 percent, the G\$10 coin accounted for 45.3 percent, the \$5 coin accounted for 37.8 percent and the G\$1 coin for 14.2 percent.

In terms of the total quantity of coins issued, the share of G\$1 coin accounted for 54.0 percent, and those of the G\$5, G\$10 and G\$100 coins accounted for 28.7 percent, 17.2 percent and 0.1 percent, respectively.

PAYMENTS SYSTEM OVERSIGHT

The Bank of Guyana Act 1998 and the National Payments System (NPS) Act 2018 mandates the Bank of Guyana (BOG) with the responsibility for the regulation, supervision and oversight of the Payments System to ensure its efficiency, competitiveness and soundness. The NPS Act 2018 was the major step in the process of modernizing the payment system in Guyana.

The Bank's role within the NPS in Guyana, where it is guided by the Principles of Financial Market Infrastructure (PFMI), has been the implementation of the legal and regulatory framework, establishing and improving payment infrastructures, encouraging innovation and promoting awareness of digital payments.

Since 2021, there has been significant growth in the use of digital financial services with the establishment of the Guyana Real Time Gross Settlement (G-RTGS)

system, Guyana Central Securities Depository (G-CSD) system, upgrade of the Guyana Automated Clearing House (G-ACH) system comprising the Guyana Electronic Funds Transfer (G-EFT) and Guyana Electronic Cheque Clearing (G-ECC) subsystems, upgrade of BOG's Sunsystem (Accounting GL), software modifications to Ministry of Finance (MOF), Guyana Revenue Authority (GRA) and the National Insurance Scheme (NIS) core systems for integration with the G-RTGS, G-CSD and G-ACH systems and fiber interconnectivity together with Virtual Private Networks (VPN) security devices among all NPS participants. As the NPS has been evolving, emphasis on collaboration with stakeholders to promote digital financial services while ensuring safety and efficiency has been ongoing.

Legal and Regulatory Framework

The existence of a sound and predictable legal environment for payments is considered to be the basis for a sound and efficient NPS. According to Principle 1 of the Principles on Financial Market Infrastructure (PFMI) which consist of twenty-three (23) Core Principles, "a Financial Market Infrastructure should have a well-founded, clear, transparent and enforceable legal basis for each material aspect of its activities."

The Legal and Regulatory Framework was established with the NPS Act 2018. In addition, six (6) supporting regulations on Agents, Electronic Funds Transfer, Electronic Money, Oversight, Dematerialization of Government & Bank Securities and Settlement & Treatment of Collateral were adopted to govern compliance by all licensed participants of the modern and efficient payments system.



Table XXXVII

List of Licensed Participants

Bank of Nova Scotia (BNS) Bank of Baroda (BOB) Citizens Bank Guyana Inc. (CBGI) Demerara Bank Ltd. (DBL) Guyana Bank for Trade and Industry (GBTI) Republic Bank Guyana Ltd. (RBL) Mobile Money Guyana Inc. (MMG)

The two (2) Regulations on; (i) Dematerialization of Government & Bank Securities; and (ii) Settlement & Treatment of Collateral, provide for conversion of records of Government securities into electronic format and for the issuance, of both Bank and Government of Guyana dematerialized securities functions thereby facilitating simultaneous delivery and payment for such securities.

Infrastructure

The Bank has identified the following five (5) payment system infrastructures as systemically important for oversight and assessment:

- (i) Guyana Real Time Gross Settlement (G-RTGS) System
- (ii) Guyana Central Securities Depository (G-CSD) System
- (iii) Guyana Automated Clearing House (G-ACH) System
- (iv) Guyana Electronic Funds Transfer (G-EFT) System – Part of the G-ACH System
- (v) Guyana Electronic Cheque Clearing (G-ECC) – Part of the G-ACH System

The newly implemented, G-RTGS and G-CSD systems which were launched in March 2021, are fully

integrated and operational with the previously existed G-ACH system. The G-ACH system comprises the G-EFT and the G-ECC sub-systems which together with the G-RTGS & G-CSD systems have formulated a modern and unified payments system infrastructure for all Guyanese and in the process meeting the required international standards and demands.

G-RTGS System

The G-RTGS System is an electronic fund transfer system which allows the transfer of funds between one bank/financial institution to another takes place in "real-time" and on a "gross" (transaction by transaction) basis, without bundling or netting with any other transaction. As an operator of the payment system and based on the mandate given by the NPS Act 2018, BOG installed and is operating the G-RTGS System for large value and critical payments.

Integral to the settlement in the G-RTGS system is the availability of funds to ensure settlement therefore, liquidity management is pivotal. To support liquidity for settlement, participants in the G-RTGS can pledge securities in favour of BOG to provide collateral for the extension of an intraday liquidity facility (ILF). The availability of adequate collateral is a necessary precondition to access these funds hence the G-RTGS and the G-CSD systems are interlinked.

BOG issued G-RTGS System Rules and participating agreement which regulates the membership criteria, responsibilities of members, settlement rules, operating procedures of the G-RTGS system. The minimum limit for value of credit transfers in the G-RTGS system is G\$5,000,000. G-RTGS operation has eased the large value and critical payment process in BOG's General Ledger (GL) system. Further, it is expected that the G-RTGS System will enhance the trust and confidence in the payment system as it significantly reduces settlement risk in the payment mechanism. It helps to increase the velocity of money and boost economic activities. For the first half of year 2023, 2,374 transactions valued at G\$306.0 billion were processed through the G-RTGS system. This showed an increase of 26.1 percent in volume and 17.2 percent in value when compared to the volume of 1,883 and value of G\$261.2 billion for the same period in 2022.

G-CSD System

The G-CSD system allows change of ownership through a simple account transfer versus transferring paper ownership that is vulnerable to human errors. Efficiency gains can materialize as the cost of performing transactions through the G-CSD is more cost effective than performing transactions with certificates of ownership. The electronic recording of securities ownership enables smooth processing of securities transactions to achieve Delivery versus Payment (DvP).

The recording of securities ownership in electronic form also enables efficient usage of those securities as collateral for liquidity support in the G-RTGS system and also for repo and other Open Market Operations (OMO) of BOG.

G-ACH System

The G-ACH system enables electronic clearing and settlement of retail-value payments. It also enables all participants to offer credit transfers that can be used for a variety of retail payment needs, such as salary, bill and tax payments. The G-ACH system comprises two (2) sub-systems, namely the G-EFT and G-ECC systems. The G-EFT system processes transactions below G\$5,000,000 per transaction and up to 1,000 transactions per batch. Recently entities such as Guyana Gold Board (GGB), Guyana Revenue Authority (GRA) and the National Insurance Scheme (NIS) would have commenced using and processing related transactions.

G-ACH System – G-EFT Sub-System

Transactions totaling 646,742 were processed through the G-EFT sub-system in the first half of year 2023 and represented an increase of 18.7 percent when compared with the same period in 2022. The value for 2023 was G\$250.1 billion which represents an increase of 25.3 percent over the value of G\$199.6 billion recorded for 2022.

ACH System – G-ECC Sub-System

During the period January to June 2023, a total of 443,058 low value transactions (LVT) were settled through the National Clearings House (NCH), an increase of 5.1 percent when compared with the volume recorded for the same period in 2022. The volume of high value transactions (HVT) increased by 13.6 percent to 62,497.

Table XXXVIII

Selected Data on Natio	Transaction onal Clearin (G\$ Millio	ng House	rough the
	、 ·	anuary – Jun	ie
	2021	2022	2023
Daily avg. number of LVT	3,325	3,400	3,662
Daily avg. value of LVT	2,086	2,607	3,195
Avg. value of LVT	0.6	0.8	0.9
Daily avg. number of HVT	499	444	517
Daily avg. value of HVT	3,117	2,819	3,380
Avg. value of HVT	6.2	6.3	6.5
Total number of LVT	412,292	421,579	443,058
Total value of LVT	258,604	323,298	386,714
Total number of HVT	61,856	55,002	62,497
Total value of HVT	386,539	349,645	408,957
LVT -	Low Value	Transactions	
HVT -	High Value	Transactions	

There was an increase in total high-value transactions which rose to G\$409.0 billion. Similarly, the total lowvalue transactions increased to G\$386.7 billion. The total of LVT and HVT increased by 21.5 percent to reach \$818.0 billion. The shares of HVT in total transactions remained at 51.0 percent. The share of LVT volume fell to 86.58 percent in 2023 from 87.47 percent in the previous period. The average total HVT rose to G\$6.5 million, while the average total LVT rose to G\$0.87 million.

Currently there are ten (10) participants of the NPS, namely: BOG, the six (6) commercial banks, Ministry of Finance (MOF), Guyana Revenue Authority (GRA) and the National Insurance Scheme (NIS).

Mobile and Internet Banking

Mobile and Internet banking services are provided by Mobile Money Guyana Inc. (MMG) and the Commercial Banks to their customers which allows users to perform financial transactions such as Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) and utility payments. using digital mode.

The number of Mobile Money accounts for the first half of 2023 increased by 14.4 percent from 45,965 to 52,574.0 while the value of payments increased by 61.5 percent from G\$1,454.5 million to G\$2,349.6 million. The number of merchants accepting mobile money payments also increased from 296 to 446 as at June 2023. MMG's e-wallet increased to G\$900.0 million as at June 2023 from G\$575.0 million.

The use of mobile payment applications and internet banking continues to grow steadily in Guyana's emerging environment.

The use of the electronic VISA switch continued in 2023. The value of transactions settled through the VISA switch increased to G\$3.6 billion at June 2023 from G\$2.3 billion for the same period in 2022.

Cards

Although the majority of payments are still made through cash and cheques in Guyana, transactions through digital payment instruments (ATM, E-Wallet, POS machine, etc.) are gradually increasing.

Reporting and Monitoring

The Bank conducted its oversight through offsite activities with the analysis of monthly reports that included values and volumes of processed transactions.

The implemented and integrated G-RTGS, G-CSD and upgraded the G-ACH (G-EFT & G-ECC) systems have significantly reduced legal, systemic, operational, settlement and liquidity risks of all participants within the payments ecosystem.

Further, with the enactment of the NPS Act 2018 and six (6) supporting Regulations, legal risk was



mitigated. The Bank observed the large value payment components have been in place with irrevocable continuous settlement and hence contributed to alleviate systemic risks. There were minimal failed internal procedures or human errors in the payments, clearing and settlement system. Consequently, operational risk has been at a minimum. In addition, all contractual obligations have been met in the settlement system in a timely manner which relieved settlement, financial and liquidity risks and noncontributed to credit risk.

New Architecture

The current infrastructure has developed over the years and as a result, has technical limitations. These limits restricts the NPS capabilities. Customer needs are rapidly evolving and the current infrastructure, although versatile cannot be responsive to all future user needs. There is a vision for a new architecture for retail interbank payments, popularly known as Fast Payments which is the culmination of a number of initiatives.

The Fast Payments System will allow a payer to send money to a payee conveniently with immediately. Payments can be initiated using a wide variety of entry points including mobile, internet banking, in person at a Bank and delivered to recipients so that those recipients could have access to the funds in the shortest possible time of the transfer.

Usually, Fast Payment System are available continuously throughout the year (24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year) with the common use of the ISO 20022 message standard. Fast Payment System is also referred to as Instant Payment or Real-Time Payments System. The Bank expects to complete the implementation of a Fast payment System infrastructure by the end of the first quarter of 2024. This system will further promote inclusion and comprehensive interoperability within the payments ecosystem.

Innovation and Inclusion

The Bank has been engaging in initiatives to ensure the safety and efficiency of Guyana's Payments System. It will continue to support innovation and interoperability for financial inclusion within the payments system for the benefit of the consumers. This will enhance the foundation that has already been laid that requires technical, semantic and business system compatibility so that all users can transact business the electronic payment system both domestically and internationally. This approach will facilitate the use of artificial intelligence, reduce systemic risks and at the same time enhance consumer protection. The Bank continues to place emphasis on interoperability as it will greatly facilitate financial inclusion and reduce the costs associated with traditional cash and paper-based payment instruments.

The Bank further strengthened its internal consumer protection capabilities, and ensured that effective dispute resolution mechanisms are established so that users may resort to affordable and time-efficient means to settle payment-related claims. Moreover, the Bank continued to keep pressure on the payments industry to deploy adequate technological and organizational resources to minimize breaches of information security and privacy.

Connectivity and Cybersecurity

The required fibre optic interconnectivity or networking supported with VPN Devices, linking all participants of the NPS are in place with high level security features to ensure the integrity of the payments system. This service is provided by the National Data Management Authority (NDMA).

Further, the Central Bank has partnered with the Government of Guyana on Cybersecurity in collaboration with the World Bank to further strengthen the current infrastructure, with the aim of gaining confidence and promoting the progressive use of the modern payments system by stakeholders and to move away drastically from the cash oriented culture



that currently exists. The areas of focus is the development of a Cybersecurity Strategy inclusive of Network Security, Asset Management, Server, Database, Applications and Endpoint Security, and Data Protection, among others, which will ensure a robust and reliable cybersecurity infrastructure.

Technology continued to play a critical role in the payment system. There were shifts away from cash to cheques, from cards to online payments and to payments using mobile devices. More businesses are now embracing this changing trend. The use of mobile payment applications and internet banking are increasing. Electronic payments are evolving at a rapid pace with the introduction of new providers and platforms.

FOREIGN RESERVE MANAGEMENT

The Bank continued to be the custodian of the nation's reserves of foreign balances. The Bank has established investment guidelines which were approved by the Board of Directors. Management of the Foreign Assets Reserves is guided by an investment committee chaired by the Governor, and consists of senior managers of the Bank. The Committee considers investment proposals and monitors the risk associated with the investment portfolio.

The Bank's gross foreign assets decreased from US\$932.40 million as at end-December 2022 to US\$735.98 million as at end-June2023. The decrease in the portfolio was due to higher payment for goods and services during the period. The reserves are divided into two tranches – working balance and investment tranches. The working balance tranche represents 12.42 percent of the portfolio while the investment tranche represents the remaining 87.58 percent.

The working balance tranche comprised mainly deposits with foreign banks (11.39 percent) and foreign currency notes (1.04 percent). The Bank's

investment tranche comprises US treasury bonds (0.72 percent), Supranational bonds (20.97 percent), US Agencies bonds (25.98 percent), Structured Notes (1.75 percent), Emerging market bonds (28.69 percent) and Caribbean bonds (9.46 percent).

The rates of return for these assets ranged from 0.5 percent to 10.0 percent per annum. The annual weighted return for the portfolio was estimated at 2.95 percent as at June 30, 2023 compared with end-December 2022 performance of 2.51 percent.

As a percent of total reserves, US dollar holdings were 92.44 percent. EURO holdings accounted for 6.45 percent while Pound Sterling and SDR holdings accounted for 0.49 percent and 0.60 percent respectively.

NATURAL RESOURCE FUND

The Natural Resource Fund was established by the enactment of the Natural Resource Fund Act 2019, which was passed by the President on January 23, 2019. This act was subsequently replaced with the Natural Resource Fund Act 2021 which was passed in the National Assembly on December 29, 2021 and assented to by the President on December 30, 2021. The Act gives the Bank of Guyana the responsibility for the operational management of the Fund.

A renewed agreement was signed with the Reserve Advisory and Management Partnership (RAMP) of the World Bank on September 30, 2022 for RAMP to provide technical support to the management of the Fund extending the agreement until September 30, 2025. The Bank also signed an updated operational agreement with the Board of Directors of the Natural Resource Fund on January 18, 2023, which details the obligations of the Bank and outlines the management principles. The Bank began managing the Fund in the first quarter of 2020.

The Board of Directors of the Natural Resource Fund at its meeting held on June 26, 2023 approved the updated investment mandate for the Fund. It was



mandated that the funds be maintained in the deposit account held at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York earning overnight deposit interest at the prevailing federal funds rate of 5.05 percent. It was also agreed that the Bank of Guyana will continue to monitor the overnight interest rate and inform the Chairman of any changes by the Federal Reserve Bank to consider redeploying cash.

The Fund opened the year with G\$298.0 billion (US\$1.4 billion). During the first half of the year, the Fund received G\$114.2 billion (US\$547.6 million) from 7 profit oil payments and G\$23.1 billion (US\$110.9 million) from 2 royalty payments.

During the first half of 2023, the Federal Reserve increased its target range for the federal funds rate three times with the current range being 5.00 percent - 5.25 percent. As a result of these increases, along with higher account balances, the Fund was able to earn a higher amount of interest on overnight deposits. For the first half of 2023, the interest earned amounted to G\$7.4 billion (US\$35.6 million) taking the total interest earned since inception to G\$11.1 billion (US\$53.2 million).

A total of G\$83.4 billion (US\$400 million) was transferred from the Fund to the Government of Guyana's Consolidated Fund account during the first half of the year which accounted for 39.9 percent of the estimated amount budgeted to be withdrawn in 2023 - G\$208.9 billion (US\$1,002 million).

As at June 30, 2023, the Fund totalled G\$359.3 billion (US\$1,723.5 million).

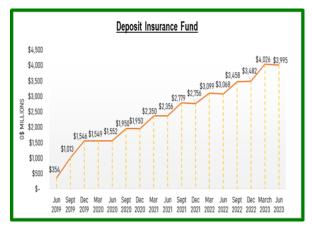
DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

The Deposit Insurance Corporation (the Corporation) and Deposit Insurance Fund (DIF/ the Fund) was established under the Deposit Insurance Act 2018 (DIA) to strengthen the financial safety net of Guyana. Through this legislation, the Corporation will operate under a pay-box plus mandate, with functions and powers crucial to foster financial stability by protecting depositors and assisting the Bank in resolution financing. The core function of the Corporation is to reimburse funds held by insured depositors at a failed member financial institution up to the insured limit of G\$2 million. The Fund is financed through bi-annual premiums contributed by member financial institutions, which are the eight licensed deposit-taking financial institutions, as required under section 29 (1) of the DIA.

The Board of Directors is currently responsible for oversight of the Corporation. As provided for under the DIA, the Bank has entered into an agreement with the Corporation's Board to share its resources and serve as the investment manager of the Fund, governed by an investment policy. Sharing of supervisory information is also mandated.

In keeping with section 6 (1) of the DIA, the BOG has contributed the authorised capital of G\$300 million to the DIF. Additionally, the Bank has made an initial contribution of G\$500 million to the Fund which was guaranteed by the Ministry of Finance, in accordance with section 28 (1) and (2) of the DIA, and is expected to be repaid in full following the attainment of 5 percent of insured deposits by 2029.

Figure XXVI





For the second bi-annual premium of 2022, member financial institutions have completed payments at the Board approved rate of 0.25 percent, as instructed under section 29 (6) of the DIA, which amounted to G\$463 million. As at June 30, 2023, the aggregate fund stood at G\$3,995 million and accounted for 2.1 percent of average insured deposits over the first half of the year, as the target size of five percent is expected to be achieved before 2029 in accordance with section 27 (1) of the DIA.

The payments for the first bi-annual premium of 2023 were received from member financial institutions between July and August. The premiums have amounted to G\$488 million, which will increase the fund size ratio to an estimated 2.3 percent of the total insured deposits at end-June 2022.

BOG'S FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

During the first half of 2023, the global economy continued to be affected by supply shortages, rising inflation and hawkish monetary policy measures from major global central banks. The IMF projects global growth for 2023 at 3 percent, a decrease from its previous forecast of 3.5 percent for 2023.

Economic growth was adversely affected by the ongoing Russia-Ukraine War, and the emergence of a potential banking crisis which contributed to supply shortages in the food and energy markets and global financial instability respectively. However, the potential banking crisis was averted, and the US Federal Reserve indicated that poor risk management by the failed banks was evident, elaborating that the banking sector is sound and resilient.

Moreover, the lingering effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, which has generally subsided, and the addition of supply shortages caused by the Russia-Ukraine War exacerbated global inflation causing major central banks to maintain their hawkish monetary policy tone. During the first half of the year, the US Federal Reserve increased its federal funds target range by 75 bps moving from 4.25-4.5 percent to 5-5.25 percent. The European Union Central Bank and the Bank of England both followed suit as their benchmark interest rates were increased by 150 bps and closed June 30, 2023, at 4 percent and 5 percent respectively. The increase in interest rates by global central banks, has resulted in the global economy benefited from higher yields. Interest rates on 10-year US Treasury notes ranged from 3.30 percent to 3.95 percent over the first half of the year and closed at 3.81 percent on June 30, 2023 while interest rates on overnight deposits at the Federal Reserve Bank closed at 5.03 percent on that date.

Bank of Guyana achieved net profit of G\$1,544 million for the period January 01 – June 30, 2023 against a budgeted profit of G\$660 million. This favourable outturn resulted from the Bank's income being substantially higher than budgeted while containing expenses.

The increased yields on the international bond markets impacted the earnings of the Bank's overseas foreign assets. During the first six months of 2023, BOG exceeded its investment income targets by \$747 million driven mainly by higher interest rates and a higher level of import of goods and services. On the flip side, the Bank did no achieved it income targets from trade of bonds and gold. Elevated gold prices during the period was viewed as a risk which the Bank wanted to mitigate while the high yield environment did not present many opportunities for trading in bonds.

The Bank was able to contain overall expenses during the first six months of 2023. Total cost was lower than budgeted by G\$137 million as the Bank was able to contain cost in most categories of expenditure during the half year. The Bank was also able to contain overall expenses through improved efficiency and prudent spending.

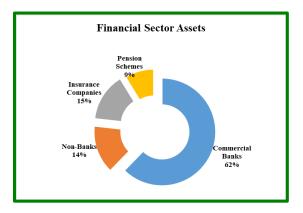


Strong contractionary monetary policy in developed economies to combat high inflation including higher yields are expected to prevail for the second half of 2023. Diversification strategies will be adopted in order to capitalize on investment opportunities arising from the prevailing higher interest rate environment. The Bank will continue to realign its investment portfolio to the changing investment environment to maximise earnings without significantly increasing risk. Due to the above and continued prudent spending, budgetary targets over the next six months are likely to be achieved.

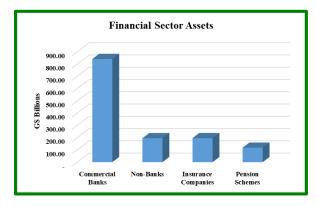
OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL SYSTEM

As at end-June 2023, a total of G\$1,351 billion in financial sector assets distributed across four (4) sectors and comprised 141 institutions, were regulated by the Bank of Guyana. Financial sector assets remained concentrated among the six (6) commercial banks which accounted for 62.3 percent (G\$841 billion) of total financial sector assets as at end-June 2023. The distribution of the banking sector assets were between the domestic owned and foreign owned institutions - three (3) domestic banks accounting for 51.7 percent (G\$435.4 billion) while the three (3) foreign owned banks accounted for 48.3 percent (G\$406 billion). The Building Society maintained its dominance in the non-bank sector (which comprised seven (7) institutions), which accounted for 14.5 percent (G\$195.4 billion) of total financial sector assets.

Figure XXVII







The seventeen (17) insurance companies represented 14.5 percent (G\$196 billion⁴) of the financial sector assets. Twelve (12) of these registered insurance companies were domestic companies and accounted for 95.5 percent (G\$187.1 billion) of the insurance companies' total assets. The five (5) life insurance companies represented 67.9 percent (G\$133.1 billion) of total insurance assets, with the sole foreign company accounting for 1.3 percent (G\$2.5 billion) of the life insurance companies' total assets.

Pension schemes accounted for 8.7 percent (G\$117.9 billion) of financial sector assets regulated by the Bank. At end-June 2023, there were 111 registered pension schemes of which defined benefits plans

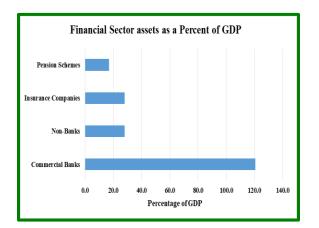
⁴ Data on the insurance and pension sectors as at June 30, 2023 are projections.



accounted for 89.9 percent (G\$106 billion) of pension funds.

The financial sector remained a significant contributor to GDP. As at end-June 2023, total financial sector assets were equivalent to 193.4 percent of Guyana's non-oil GDP. The banking sector assets were equivalent to 120.5 percent of non-oil GDP while the non-banks were equivalent to 28 percent. Insurance companies and pension schemes equated to 28.1 percent and 16.9 percent of non-oil GDP respectively at end-June 2023.

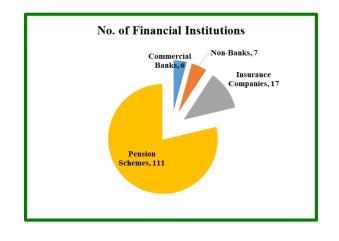
Figure XXIX



The Bank also regulates Money Transfer Agencies (MTAs) and their Agents as well as Cambios. At end-

June 2023, there were three (3) licensed MTAs with 152 agents, and fourteen (14) non-bank Cambios.

Figure XXX



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			F	oreign Asset	S		Cla	ims on Cen	tral Goveri	nment		Other	Table 1
End of Period	Total Assets	Total	Gold	Foreign	SDR	Market	Total	Securities	T/Bills	Advances	Advances to Banks	Debentures	Other
renou	A33613	Total	Goiu	Balances	Holdings	Securities	Total	Securities	1/01115	Auvances	to Dalika	Depentures	Other
013	234,686.8	160,196.1	14,868.6	23,822.7	1,352.3	120,152.6	3,483.3	-	3,483.3	-	-	42,050.6	28,956
014	207,977.1	137,486.9	25,012.2	15,085.5	505.4	96,883.9	1,598.3	-	1,598.3	-	-	42,081.5	26,810
015	188,778.9	123,599.3	14,258.1	15,257.4	508.3	93,575.6	995.1	-	995.1	-	-	42,185.9	21,998
016	220,375.1	123,233.3	7,420.0	24,430.4	269.9	91,113.1	995.1	-	995.1	-	-	42,207.3	53,939
017	223,632.3	120,599.2	4,015.9	24,225.7	152.5	92,205.1	995.0	-	995.0	-	-	42,376.8	59,661
018													
Mar.	205,827.1	101,938.7	1,913.7	13,478.6	106.8	86,439.6	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	42,376.8	60,518
Jun.	207,351.3	98,636.4	3,128.9	10,584.5	53.6	84,869.3	1,143.3	-	1,143.3	-	-	42,376.8	65,194
Sep.	207,022.3	94,346.8	2,961.1	16,110.5	60.9	75,214.2	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	42,376.8	69,305
Dec.	220,258.6	110,179.9	2,137.8	29,908.8	71.8	78,061.6	995.0	-	995.0	-	-	42,391.5	66,692
019								T			1 1		
Mar.	213,871.9	107,533.3	1,884.4	23,370.1	150.2	82,128.6	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	42,391.5	62,953
Jun.	213,245.3 217,041.5	108,340.5 110,178.8	589.3 620.3	23,652.6 20,836.3	75.0 181.0	84,023.6 88,541.2	1,486.0 993.5	-	1,486.0 993.5	-	-	42,391.5 42,391.5	61,027. 63,477.
Sep. Dec.	217,041.5 230,817.6	120,074.1	620.3 635.1	20,836.3 26,480.9	181.0	92,833.1	993.5 995.1		993.5 995.1		-	42,391.5 44,014.7	65,733.
				.,								1.	
2020 Mar.	214,884.4	104,079.6	669.1	15,184.1	105.2	88,121.1	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	44,014.7	65,796.
Jun.	230,350.8	119,467.7	738.4	33,110.5	83.3	85,535.5	1,882.6	-	1,882.6	-	-	44,014.7	64,985
Sep.	243,450.1	133,141.5	1,570.8	45,046.4	78.9	86,445.4	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	44,014.7	65,300
Dec.	257,288.5	141,903.9	-	47,643.6	73.6	94,186.8	995.2	-	995.2	-	-	46,078.2	68,311
2021													
Jan.	258,711.2	145,675.8	-	47,770.6	73.6	97,831.7	995.2	-	995.2		-	46,078.2	65,962
Feb.	255,314.4	139,726.1	2,576.2	33,920.2	67.9	103,161.8	993.9	-	993.9	-	-	46,078.2	68,516
Mar.	245,462.2	130,563.1	6,820.3	20,650.9	67.9	103,024.1	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	46,078.2	67,827
Apr .	247,565.6	129,715.3	5,531.9	22,283.6	67.4	101,832.4	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	46,078.2	70,778
May	252,644.8	133,862.2	-	31,585.5	63.7	102,213.0	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	46,078.2	71,711
Jun. 1)	448,725.7	127,846.0	3,298.5	18,900.2	297.2	105,350.1	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,078.2	73,808
Jul.	449,881.8	125,483.8	4,574.3	21,377.1	297.2	99,235.2	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,078.2	77,326
Aug.	494,343.0	170,061.0	5,674.2	14,802.7	52,464.1	97,120.0	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,078.2	77,210
Sep.	493,932.9	171,282.6	6,857.2	56,251.8	368.0	107,805.7	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,078.2	75,578
Oct.	491,175.1	168,903.3	4,868.9	46,651.2	368.0	117,015.2	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,078.2	75,200
Nov. Dec.	492,463.0 516,930.8	166,637.0 169,333.7	6,371.6 4,174.4	39,650.9 41,855.3	361.3 361.3	120,253.2 122,942.7	993.5 995.2		993.5 995.2	-	-	246,078.2 246,876.6	78,754 99,725
1								1				,	
2022 Jan.	490,340.0	162,709.0	2,986.7	33,600.8	361.3	125,760.2	995.2		995.2	-		246,876.6	79,759
Feb.	481,703.0	154,769.6	2,000.1	29,700.3	348.2	124,721.0	993.9	-	993.9		-	246,876.6	79,062
Mar.	467,771.2	141,304.4	-	18,605.5	348.2	122,350.6	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,876.6	78,596
Apr.	454,264.6	127,405.0	399.4	11,870.9	347.2	114,787.5	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,876.6	78,989
May	481,658.5	159,082.0	-	32,310.9	277.4	126,493.7	2,985.3	-	2,985.3	-	-	246,876.6	72,714
Jun.	467,805.6	148,231.3	1,890.7	22,195.8	277.4	123,867.5	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,876.6	71,704
Jul.	503,015.7	182,989.9	4,034.0	45,258.1	277.4	133,420.4	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,876.6	72,155
Aug.	492,538.0	163,071.9	4,998.5	25,388.3	123.7	132,561.3	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,876.6	81,596
Sep.	496,487.9	171,669.1	7,324.1	39,455.3	123.7	124,766.0	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,876.6	76,948
Oct.	481,861.6	157,605.7	6,492.3	26,306.3	432.0	124,375.1	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,876.6	76,385
Nov.	483,175.9	159,002.2	4,402.6	25,852.0	92.1	128,655.4	993.5	-	993.5	-	-	246,876.6	76,303
Dec.	598,937.0	194,402.2	3,023.0	55,122.6	92.1	136,164.6	50,455.7	-	50,455.7	-	-	240,994.7	113,084
2023					1			1			, ,		
Jan.	544,474.7	153,382.0	-	12,929.8	652.6	139,799.5	50,455.7	-	50,455.7	-	-	241,876.6	98,760
Feb.	574,094.4	168,404.1	1,056.8	26,613.0	123.6	140,610.7	50,454.3	-	50,454.3	-	-	241,876.6	113,359
Mar.	574,731.8	157,075.0	-	14,409.9	123.6	142,541.5	50,453.9	-	50,453.9	-	-	240,994.7	126,208
Apr .	565,793.2	149,813.1	-	9,846.7	767.3	139,199.1	50,453.9	-	50,453.9	-	-	239,994.7	125,531
May	597,075.7	176,854.3	-	41,955.2	149.0	134,750.0	50,453.9	-	50,453.9	-	-	239,994.7	129,772
Jun.	602,709.5	153,449.9	-	18,846.3	149.0	134,454.6	80,128.4	-	80,128.4	-	-	237,994.7	131,136

Source: Bank of Guyana

Note:

¹⁾ A significant movement of figures reflect the securitisation of central Government overdraft at Bank of Guyana.

BANK OF GUYANA: LIABILITIES, CAPITAL & RESERVES (G\$ MILLION)

	Total		Currency			_	Depos	its			Capital and	d Reserves		
End of Period	Liabilities, Capital &	Total	Notes	Coins	Total	Gov't	Int'l Orgs.	Ва	nks	Other	Authorised	Other	Allocation SDRs	Other
renou	Reserves	Total	Notes	Coms	Total	0071	introngs.	EPDs	Other	other	Share Cap.	Reserves	ODING	
013	234,686.8	67,464.8	66,604.5	860.3	126,878.5	52,146.3	15,906.7	61.0	47,465.9	11,298.5	1,000.0	9,000.1	26,939.4	3,403
014	207,977.1	78,800.8	77,887.5	913.2	87,061.0	21,417.6	8,523.6	61.0	47,012.8	10,045.9	1,000.0	12,400.7	27,868.3	846
015	188,778.9	83,593.9	82,631.0	962.8	66,212.2	(2,339.6)	6,351.0	61.0	54,545.0	7,594.7	1,000.0	11,158.7	25,291.7	1,522
016	220,375.1	91,314.4	90,311.9	1,002.5	88,852.9	(21,307.9)	32,361.3	60.8	67,295.3	10,443.4	1,000.0	10,321.3	25,488.0	3,398
017	223,632.3	100,978.5	99,928.8	1,049.7	83,462.2	(26,471.0)	32,362.4	60.8	61,988.1	15,521.8	1,000.0	7,332.0	24,655.2	6,204
018														
Mar.	205,827.1	96,649.4	95,592.6	1,056.7	71,848.9	(46,364.4)	32,348.1	60.8	68,464.9	17,339.5	1,000.0	3,453.1	24,655.2	8,220
Jun.	207,351.3	95,906.5	94,846.7	1,059.8	77,859.7	(54,024.9)	35,371.6	60.8	76,855.8	19,596.4	1,000.0	1,367.9	26,111.3	5,105
Sep.	207,022.3	95,697.0	94,630.4	1,066.6	76,290.1	(55,388.3)	35,381.9	60.8	77,861.8	18,373.8	1,000.0	2,333.8	26,111.3	5,590
Dec.	220,258.6	112,493.6	111,415.6	1,078.1	69,385.0	(55,183.0)	35,381.8	60.8	73,935.6	15,189.8	1,000.0	1,783.1	26,111.3	9,485
019	-										1			
Mar.	213,871.9	107,553.1	106,466.5	1,086.6	67,166.2	(54,345.7)	35,412.7	60.8	74,394.2	11,644.1	1,000.0	4,352.7	26,111.3	7,688
Jun.	213,245.3	108,131.4	107,035.9	1,095.4	67,556.9	(54,582.1)	35,404.9	60.8	74,940.3	11,733.0	1,000.0	5,474.3	25,161.6	5,921
Sep.	217,041.5	112,282.3	111,176.0	1,106.3	66,393.7	(68,638.0)	35,326.7	60.8	86,977.5	12,666.6	1,000.0	5,707.3	25,161.6	6,496
Dec .	230,817.6	128,738.1	127,622.5	1,115.6	59,995.9	(70,688.6)	35,372.1	60.8	80,407.2	14,844.4	1,000.0	6,396.2	25,161.6	9,525
020														
Mar.	214,884.4	127,791.1	126,669.2	1,121.9	48,729.3	(82,514.9)	35,366.1	60.8	83,788.3	12,028.9	1,000.0	3,265.8	25,161.6	8,936
Jun.	230,350.8	142,544.2	141,417.1	1,127.1	49,770.0	(93,871.5)	34,623.2	60.8	96,299.4	12,658.0	1,000.0	4,984.6	24,810.1	7,241
Sep. Dec.	243,450.1 257,288.5	145,256.5 162,776.0	144,120.0 161,618.3	1,136.4 1,157.7	58,601.9 50,181.8	(92,564.9)	34,706.5 34,701.8	60.8 60.8	104,897.8 130,283.7	11,501.7 13,517.8	1,000.0 1,000.0	6,993.2 6,090.3	24,810.1 24,810.1	6,788 12,430
Dec .	237,200.3	102,770.0	101,010.3	1,157.7	50,101.0	(128,382.3)	34,701.6	00.0	130,203.7	13,317.0	1,000.0	0,090.3	24,010.1	12,430
021						-								
Jan.	258,711.2	157,250.2	156,090.9	1,159.3	59,364.5	(134,002.9)	34,701.8	60.8	145,650.1	12,954.7	1,000.0	5,667.3	24,810.1	10,619
Feb.	255,314.4	155,815.5	154,654.6	1,161.0	57,293.5	(139,708.0)	34,697.2	60.8	147,765.4	14,477.9	1,000.0	4,797.1	24,810.1	11,598
Mar.	245,462.2	156,976.2	155,813.7	1,162.6	47,875.9	(144,702.4)	34,697.2	60.8	142,722.8	15,097.4	1,000.0	3,752.9	24,810.1	11,047
Apr. Mav	247,565.6 252,644.8	159,490.1 160,121.4	158,324.9 158,954.9	1,165.2 1,166.6	43,418.9 46,178.7	(147,584.5) (147,512.9)	34,696.8 34,696.8	60.8 60.8	142,540.1 142,867.6	13,705.7 16,066.3	1,000.0 1,000.0	5,001.1 5,627.8	24,810.1 24,810.1	13,845 14,906
Jun. 1)	448,725.7	159,370.1	158,201.0	1,169.0	245,017.8	68,467.8	36,359.1	60.8	142,007.0	17,690.3	1,000.0	5,952.5	26,073.6	11,311
Jul.	449,881.8	162,731.4	161,559.3	1,172.1	241,378.0	55,471.4	36,356.2	60.8	128,988.1	20,501.5	1,000.0	7,168.6	26,073.6	11,530
Aug.	494,343.0	160,564.8	159,391.2	1,173.7	235,927.5	44,076.3	36,356.2	60.8	137,509.2	17,925.1	1,000.0	7,319.2	78,243.7	11,287
Sep.	493,932.9	160,660.2	159,484.0	1,176.2	236,391.3	38,534.5	36,356.2	60.8	143,996.8	17,443.0	1,000.0	5,896.5	78,243.7	11,741
Oct.	491,175.1	166,175.4	164,995.1	1,180.2	229,041.5	66,487.0	36,301.4	60.8	110,983.4	15,208.9	1,000.0	5,580.3	78,243.7	11,134
Nov.	492,463.0	169,401.9	168,216.4	1,185.5	223,654.7	50,297.7	36,348.2	60.8	117,507.8	19,440.2	1,000.0	8,896.0	78,243.7	11,266
Dec.	516,930.8	184,009.6	182,815.0	1,194.6	211,123.9	45,739.4	36,347.2	60.8	112,077.9	16,898.6	1,000.0	7,145.7	78,243.7	35,407
022														
Jan.	490,340.0	175,913.5	174,715.3	1,198.2	214,342.7	32,779.4	36,351.5	60.8	129,302.9	15,848.1	1,000.0	4,849.6	78,243.7	15,990
Feb.	481,703.0	177,583.0	176,380.0	1,203.0	205,642.1	37,962.6	36,393.1	60.8	115,343.5	15,882.0	1,000.0	3,341.2	78,243.7	15,893
Mar.	467,771.2	177,200.3	175,994.8	1,205.5	198,480.3	37,006.0	36,393.1	60.8	107,886.6	17,133.7	1,000.0	364.3	78,243.7	12,482
Apr .	454,264.6	183,062.3	181,855.0	1,207.3	183,584.5	37,329.6	36,393.1	60.8	92,779.4	17,021.6	1,000.0	(4,131.8)	78,243.7	12,505
May	481,658.5	182,782.4	181,573.4	1,209.0	214,881.4	70,612.2	34,134.7	60.8	92,167.0	17,906.7	1,000.0	(3,717.3)	73,248.1	13,463
Jun.	467,805.6	184,722.0 188,980.5	183,509.4	1,212.6	203,352.1	59,396.8	34,786.2	60.8	91,235.8	17,872.4	1,000.0	(6,927.3)	73,248.1	12,410
Jul. Aug.	503,015.7 492,538.0	186,980.5	187,766.2 185,655.5	1,214.3 1,217.3	231,172.0 222,277.2	80,096.7 66,215.5	34,329.0 34,254.8	60.8 60.8	98,012.6 104,870.6	18,672.9 16,875.6	1,000.0 1,000.0	(3,953.4) (3,449.4)	73,248.1 73,248.1	12,568 12,589
Sep.	492,338.0	186,833.8	185,613.2	1,220.6	233,228.8	81,694.9	34,234.8	60.8	99,190.7	18,055.1	1,000.0	(10,914.3)	73,248.1	13,09
Oct.	481,861.6	191,972.9	190,750.9	1,221.9	214,659.6	56,915.4	34,220.5	60.8	103,584.4	19,878.5	1,000.0	(11,283.6)	73,248.1	12,264
Nov.	483,175.9	194,681.6	193,457.9	1,223.7	209,160.6	44,081.7	34,196.5	60.8	110,133.3	20,688.3	1,000.0	(7,146.8)	73,248.1	12,232
Dec.	598,937.0	211,578.2	210,351.0	1,227.3	286,398.6	84,226.2	34,239.4	60.8	127,928.9	39,943.3	1,000.0	(9,217.4)	73,248.1	35,929
023														
Jan.	544,474.7	205,133.6	203,904.6	1,229.0	254,784.0	40,594.0	34,161.8	60.8	130,972.5	48,994.9	1,000.0	(943.6)	73,248.1	11,252
Feb.	574,094.4	209,803.6	208,570.3	1,233.4	282,472.8	51,970.4	34,160.3	60.8	134,880.7	61,400.5	1,000.0	(4,328.5)	73,248.1	11,898
Mar.	574,731.8	212,675.8	211,439.4	1,236.4	260,443.7	39,088.5	34,158.2	60.8	131,783.8	55,352.4	1,000.0	(6,448.4)	73,248.1	33,812
Apr .	565,793.2	221,180.2	219,942.1	1,238.2	246,276.3	38,258.1	34,154.7	60.8	117,116.3	56,686.4	1,000.0	(5,082.5)	73,248.1	29,17
May	597,075.7	224,126.0	222,885.3	1,240.6	270,791.7	53,488.9	34,220.7	60.8	130,185.0	52,836.3	1,000.0	(6,777.3)	73,395.6	34,539
Jun.	602,709.5	232,762.7	231,518.9	1,243.9	270,079.0	51,421.9	34,144.0	60.8	128,877.2	55,575.1	1,000.0	(6,576.5)	73,395.6	32,048

Source: Bank of Guyana

¹⁾ A significant movement of figures reflect the securitisation of central Government overdraft at Bank of Guyana.

Note:

BANK OF GUYANA

CURRENCY NOTES ISSUE

COINS ISSUE (G\$'000)

\$100

-

2

3,683.5

17,205.7

17 505 4

17,505.4 17,590.0 17,649.7 17,717.8

17,737.7 17,711.3

18,355.2

18,523.6 18,782.8

19.353.9

22,073.3 28,205.6

30,423.4

32,680.3

32,929.6

32,906.3 32,970.9

32,962.3

32,959.3 32,962.6

32.964.3

32,938.6 32,930.1

32,918.1

32.869.5

33,167.3 33,177.3

33,172.1

33,181.3 33,383.2

Denominations

\$5

331 968 8

356,395.4 375,203.4

390.612.4

405,158.2

404,920.6 404,797.3

408.726.7

412,948.

416,295.9

420,319.5 424.427.3

428.394.2

431 268 4

433,557.8

436,357.2

439,187.4

439 862 3

440,591.9 441,380.2

442,500,5

443,044.2 444,241.0

445,290.0

446,058.8 446,955.0

448.104.5

449,360.8 450,468.4

451,290.0

452,180.6

453.351.7

454,184.7 454,930.1

456,351.8 457,120.3 458,443.5

459.857.7

460,407.3 461,483.1 462,710.9

463.419.0

465,299.1 466,501.4 467,291.0

468,311.0 469,641.2

\$10

376 390 4

399,870.2 426,168.1

446.377.6

472,489.9

477,866.2 478,644.3

480.205.0

487,349.3

492,535.6

497,364.9 504,116.3

509,475.2

512,969.7

515,820.1 518,696.8

523,629.0

524 287 8

525,138.0 525,857.1

527.290.2

528,061.9 529,423.0

530,867.7

531,401.4 532,801.5

535.318.9

536,454.4 538,276.8

538,788.7 540,467.9 541,586.6

542,590.2 543,495.0

545 599 8

546,564.6 548,221.0

550.133.5

550,957.6 551,676.0

554,011.0

555.056.6

557,272.3 559,097.2

560,078.8

561.503.2

563,215.

Table 1

\$1

151 908 9

156,950.9 161,453.8

165.472.0

172,023.2

173,938.3 176,375.2

177.695.6

177,763.4

177,772.5

177,757.2

177,719,7

177,709.2

177,708.3 177,695.7

177,659.7

177 655 5

177,662.4 177,667.6

177.665.3 177,670.3 177,673.2 177,673.7

177,671.6 177,666.9 177,665.8

177,659.4 177,658.7

177,660.0 177,656.4

177.656.5

177,654.0 177,645.9

177,650.9 177,642.1 177,640.6

177.639.0

177,632.4 177,635.7 177,629.5

177.626.2

177,625.2 177,625.2 177,627.4 177,628.0

177,626.9 177,622.7

							(G\$ MIL	LION)							Table 1.3		
		\$5000		<u> </u>		A 4 A 4		nominatio	ns 500				50	\$2			-
	Total	\$5000		\$2000		\$1000		\$		\$10		•		\$2			
Period	Issue G\$Mn.	G\$Mn.	% of Total Issue	G\$Mn.	% of Total Issue	G\$Mn.	% of Total	G\$Mn.	% of Total	G\$Mn.	% of Total	G\$Mn.	% of Total	G\$Mn.	% of Total	Period	Total Issue
		Gaivin.	ISSUE	Gaivin.	ISSUE	Gaivin.	Issue	Gaivin.	Issue	Gaivin.	Issue	-	lssue -	Gaivin.	Issue		
2013	66,604.5	5,037.6	7.6	-	-	58,258.1	87.5	1,339.3	2.0	1,404.0	2.1	-	-	565.6	0.8	2013	860,268.1
2014	77,887.5	29,812.3	38.3	-	-	44,736.3	57.4	1,287.6	1.7	1,452.6	1.9	-	-	598.9	0.8	2014	913,216.5
2015	82,631.0	53,700.0	65.0	-	-	25,408.6	30.7	1,340.8	1.6	1,549.2	1.9	-	-	632.4	0.8	2015	962,825.2
2016 2017	90,311.9 99,928.8	66,721.6 77,987.5	73.9 78.0		-	19,838.8 17,937.7	22.0 18.0	1,373.8 1,479.1	1.5 1.5	1,648.7 1,728.1	1.8 1.7	65.8 84.5	0.1 0.1	663.4 711.8	0.7 0.7	2016 2017	1,002,462.1 1,049,671.3
2018																2018	
2016 Mar.	95,592.6	75,932.9	79.4			15,823.1	16.6	1,406.0	1.5	1,649.3	1.7	85.3	0.1	696.0	0.7	2018 Mar.	1,056,725.1
Jun.	94,846.7	75,858.7	80.0	-	-	15,023.1	16.0	1,396.9	1.5	1,663.0	1.8	89.7	0.1	702.7	0.7	Jun.	1,059,816.8
Sep.	94,630.4	76.289.4	80.6			14,444.1	15.3	1,400.1	1.5	1,603.0	1.8	94.6	0.1	724.6	0.8	Sep.	1,066,627.3
Dec.	111,415.6	91,729.9	82.3	-	-	15,427.3	13.8	1,643.0	1.5	1,770.5	1.6	99.4	0.1	745.5	0.7	Dec.	1,078,061.4
2019																2019	
Mar.	106,466.5	88,150.5	82.8	-	-	14,345.9	13.5	1,435.2	1.3	1,703.5	1.6	96.7	0.1	734.7	0.7	Mar.	1,086,603.9
Jun.	107,035.9	88,384.1	82.6	-	-	14,563.0	13.6	1,478.1	1.4	1,755.7	1.6	99.4	0.1	755.8	0.7	Jun.	1,095,441.6
Sep.	111,176.0	92,989.5	83.6	-	-	14,051.8	12.6	1,469.1	1.3	1,789.3	1.6	102.3	0.1	774.0	0.7	Sep.	1,106,290.9
Dec.	127,622.5	108,342.5	84.9	-	-	14,903.5	11.7	1,569.2	1.2	1,900.9	1.5	105.2	0.1	801.2	0.6	Dec.	1,115,589.1
2020																2020	
Mar.	126,669.2	108,958.5	86.0	-	-	13,434.2	10.6	1,567.6	1.2	1,742.0	1.4	168.5	0.1	798.4	0.6	Mar.	1,121,947.2
Jun.	141,417.1	122,829.1	86.9	-	-	14,228.7	10.1	1,630.0	1.2	1,678.7	1.2	243.4	0.2	807.3	0.6	Jun.	1,127,086.1
Sep.	144,120.0	125,855.8	87.3	-	-	13,877.9	9.6	1,615.2	1.1	1,618.2	1.1	336.6	0.2	816.4	0.6	Sep.	1,136,433.2
Dec.	161,618.3	142,066.2	87.9		-	14,936.5	9.2	1,730.0	1.1	1,566.4	1.0	475.0	0.3	844.1	0.5	Dec.	1,157,681.8
2021																2021	
Jan.	156,090.9	137,197.7	87.9	-	-	14,288.5	9.2	1,717.4	1.1	1,600.9	1.0	444.7	0.3	841.7	0.5	Jan.	1,159,310.9
Feb.	154,654.6	135,893.9	87.9	-	-	14,149.8	9.1	1,711.4	1.1	1,632.6	1.1	426.4	0.3	840.5	0.5	Feb.	1,160,982.3
Mar.	155,813.7	137,018.5	87.9	-	-	14,149.8	9.1	1,710.2	1.1	1,672.9	1.1	420.0	0.3	842.4	0.5	Mar.	1,162,554.7
Apr.	158,325.2	139,387.8	88.0	-	-	14,210.4	9.0	1,751.6	1.1	1,713.8	1.1	414.2	0.3	847.3	0.5	Apr.	1,165,173.8
May Jun.	158,954.9 158,201.0	140,092.4 139,585.9	88.1 88.2	-	-	14,089.3 13,853.3	8.9 8.8	1,751.2 1,706.5	1.1	1,751.1 1,786.8	1.1	415.2 410.4	0.3	855.7 858.2	0.5	May Jun.	1,166,514.1 1,169,048.5
Jul.	161,559.2	142,002.8	87.9			14,769.2	9.1	1,715.4	1.1	1,794.2	1.1	411.8	0.3	865.9	0.5	Jul.	1,172,186.6
Aug.	159,391.2	140,376.6	88.1	-	-	14,225.1	8.9	1,680.7	1.1	1,798.1	1.1	439.0	0.3	871.7	0.5	Aug.	1,173,655.4
Sep.	159,484.0	140,808.1	88.3	-	-	13,897.2	8.7	1,671.3	1.0	1,778.2	1.1	453.6	0.3	875.6	0.5	Sep.	1,176,206.2
Oct.	164,994.9	145,774.0	88.4	-	-	14,337.9	8.7	1,766.7	1.1	1,781.9	1.1	450.0	0.3	884.4	0.5	Oct.	1,180,443.1
Nov.	168,216.4	149,030.5	88.6	-	-	14,303.3	8.5	1,768.2	1.1	1,772.4	1.1	451.4	0.3	890.6	0.5	Nov.	1,185,547.9
Dec.	182,815.0	162,744.7	89.0	-	-	15,055.2	8.2	1,861.7	1.0	1,787.2	1.0	455.7	0.2	910.5	0.5	Dec.	1,194,609.6
2022																2022	
Jan.	174,715.3	155,720.7	89.1	-	-	14,033.6	8.0	1,837.5	1.1	1,754.9	1.0	452.0	0.3	916.6	0.5	Jan.	1,198,162.1
Feb.	176,380.0	157,076.7	89.1	653.7	0.4	13,703.4	7.8	1,794.8	1.0	1,789.7	1.0	446.6	0.3	914.9	0.5	Feb.	1,202,985.2
Mar.	175,994.8	156,390.0	88.9	1,221.0	0.7	13,423.6	7.6	1,764.1	1.0	1,842.7	1.0	440.1	0.3	913.4	0.5	Mar.	1,205,524.3
Apr.	181,855.0	161,803.9	89.0 88.9	1,580.7	0.9	13,473.6	7.4	1,766.0	1.0	1,883.6	1.0	431.4 436.9	0.2	915.7	0.5	Apr.	1,207,335.2
May Jun.	181,573.4 183,509.4	161,383.0 163,331.8	88.9 89.0	1,750.6 1,888.0	1.0 1.0	13,364.5 13,209.2	7.4 7.2	1,782.1 1,750.8	1.0 1.0	1,933.9 1,969.2	1.1 1.1	436.9	0.2 0.2	922.3 930.2	0.5	May Jun.	1,209,041.9 1,212,564.8
Jul	187,766.2	167.430.2	89.0	2.051.7	1.0	13,209.2	7.2	1,756.4	0.9	1,909.2	1.1	430.1	0.2	935.8	0.5	Jul.	1,212,304.8
Aug.	185,655.5	165,043.4	88.9	2,031.7	1.1	13,249.5	7.1	1,791.6	1.0	2 065 7	1.1	423.6	0.2	947.4	0.5	Aug.	1,217,267.7
Sep.	185,613.2	164,714.0	88.7	2,223.6	1.2	13,413.1	7.2	1,782.9	1.0	2,107.3	1.1	415.1	0.2	957.2	0.5	Sep.	1,220,594.5
Oct.	190,750.9	169,267.8	88.7	2,446.5	1.3	13,695.6	7.2	1,809.9	0.9	2,158.6	1.1	407.0	0.2	965.5	0.5	Oct.	1,221,935.9
Nov.	193,457.9	171,766.0	88.8	2,390.7	1.2	13,889.9	7.2	1,823.9	0.9	2,212.8	1.1	399.8	0.2	974.8	0.5	Nov.	1,223,724.9
Dec.	210,351.0	186,852.7	88.8	2,776.7	1.3	15,102.5	7.2	1,913.0	0.9	2,310.5	1.1	404.9	0.2	990.6	0.5	Dec.	1,227,269.5
2023																2023	
Jan.	203,904.6	181,473.9	89.0	2,603.7	1.3	14,259.6	7.0	1,890.7	0.9	2,293.5	1.1	390.5	0.2	992.8	0.5	Jan.	1,228,971.2
Feb.	208,212.3	185,694.0	89.2	2,631.1	1.3	14,357.8	6.9	1,859.0	0.9	2,293.6	1.1	378.7	0.2	998.1	0.5	Feb.	1,233,363.9
Mar.	211,439.4	188,979.9	89.4	2,646.2	1.3	14,246.7	6.7	1,869.6	0.9	2,321.5	1.1	370.2	0.2	1,005.4	0.5	Mar.	1,236,403.3
Apr.	219,942.1	197,038.6	89.6	2,658.5	1.2	14,622.4	6.6	1,887.1	0.9	2,354.0	1.1	367.6	0.2	1,013.9	0.5	Apr.	1,238,169.8
May	222,885.3	199,977.3	89.7	2,657.0	1.2	14,571.0	6.5	1,914.8	0.9	2,376.6	1.1	363.8	0.2	1,024.9	0.5	May	1,240,622.3
Jun.	231,518.9	206,341.8	89.1	4,768.9	2.1	14,678.0	6.3	1,919.4	0.8	2,415.0	1.0	357.2	0.2	1,038.5	0.4	Jun.	1,243,862.2
aource:	Bank of Guyar	Id														Source: B	ank of Guyana

Notes: The \$50 note was placed in circulation in May, 2016. The \$100 coin was placed in circulation on August 26, 2020. The \$2000 note was placed in circulation on February 14, 2022.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: ASSETS (G\$ MILLION)

																	Т	able 2.1 (a)
			Foreig	n Sector				Public S				Non-Bank	Priv. Sect.		Bank of	Guyana		
End of Period	Total Assets	Total	Bal. due from Banks Abroad	Loans to Non- Residents	Other	Total	Centra Total	I Governme Securities		Public Enterprises	Other	Financial Institutions Loans	Loans & Advances & Securities	Total	Deposits	External Payment Deposits	Currency	Other
2013	413,604.7	61,845.1	23,628.5	1,967.9	36,248.7	82,027.1	79,432.9	79,431.6	1.4	2,587.5	6.7	835.9	128,286.9	53,681.6	47,056.5	61.0	6,564.0	86,928.1
2014	421,804.0	73,838.0	30,211.4	2,958.4	40,668.3	63,426.8	61,027.5	61,007.3	20.2	2,398.8	0.5	1,406.2	137,735.9	53,376.3	46,968.7	61.0	6,346.6	92,020.8
2015 2016	442,903.2 467,298.4	73,750.5 73,398.8	29,365.7 19,552.3	2,728.5 2,685.2	41,656.4 51,161.2	65,702.2 68,107.7	63,704.0 66,172.8	63,704.0 66,172.0	0.0 0.7	1,953.9 1,773.7	44.3 161.3	1,504.1 1,252.7	142,561.5 144,280.9	61,507.9 75,238.0	53,606.8 66,824.4	61.0 60.8	7,840.1 8,352.8	97,876.9 105,020.3
2010	471,128.6	78,573.5	19,446.9	1,762.4	57,364.2	66,475.8	63,070.8	63,067.0	3.8	3,291.0	114.0	959.5	146,030.1	70,923.1	62,034.0	60.8	8,828.3	108,166.6
2018																		
2018 Mar.	478,720.6	87,253.6	27,915.0	1,843.7	57,495.0	64,875.2	63,791.2	63,784.0	7.2	997.0	87.0	722.2	140,995.6	74,153.3	67,003.9	60.8	7,088.6	110,720.6
Jun.	494,566.8	81,542.0	21,827.7	2,777.7	56,936.6	71,342.3	69,897.1	69,832.1	65.1	1,342.7	102.5	784.3	145,629.0	83,427.1	77,313.8	60.8	6,052.5	111,842.2
Sep.	497,106.4	79,310.0	22,869.5	2,480.5	53,960.1	72,229.3	70,959.6	70,955.7	3.8	1,158.0	111.7	889.4	146,641.3	87,307.9	80,601.4	60.8	6,645.7	110,728.6
Dec.	503,427.3	80,338.8	21,455.5	2,722.0	56,161.3	72,314.0	71,059.2	71,052.3	6.9	1,124.4	130.5	847.9	151,516.7	83,093.9	73,320.1	60.8	9,713.0	115,316.0
2019																		
Mar.	505,537.3	82,994.0	26,698.8	2,672.1	53,623.1	76,999.3	76,029.4	76,027.0	2.5	969.8	-	1,000.2	149,437.9	81,099.3	73,788.0	60.8	7,250.5	114,006.6
Jun. Sep.	515,793.7 532,815.2	87,694.9 89,260.4	30,593.2 34,086.2	3,139.3 4,735.5	53,962.4 50,438.8	74,932.8 75,182.3	73,944.8 74,071.3	73,849.8 73,995.6	95.1 75.7	988.0 1,110.9	- 0.1	1,085.6 1,218.5	154,047.3 155,913.2	82,095.1 95,207.0	74,869.4 87,778.5	60.8 60.8	7,164.8 7,367.7	115,937.9 116,033.9
Dec.	559,179.4	94,084.3	36,519.7	3,747.2	53,817.5	74,226.1	73,213.0	73,165.1	47.9	994.5	18.5	974.6	165,970.5	90,675.8	78,902.6	60.8	11,712.4	133,248.0
2020 Mar.	576,674.2	103,023.9	41,420.6	3,862.2	57,741.1	76,005.2	74,793.0	74,746.9	46.1	1,211.5	0.7	1,098.6	169,819.0	94,008.8	82,994.4	60.8	10,953.6	132,718.6
Jun.	586,835.2	105,399.2	45,200.8	3,620.1	56,578.4	74,486.9	73,516.1	73,516.1	-	970.8	0.0	1,109.0	167,115.7	110,085.9	100,966.8	60.8	9,058.3	128,638.4
Sep. Dec.	606,242.8 630,067.2	110,716.8 112,889.8	51,381.6 51,711.9	4,728.1 3,803.0	54,607.1 57,375.0	82,398.8 80,191.3	81,443.2 79,239.1	81,443.2 79,239.1	-	942.9 946.3	12.7 6.0	516.6 599.3	167,729.2 168,944.9	120,586.1 141,310.2	111,510.7 131,006.8	60.8 60.8	9,014.6 10,242.6	124,295.4 126,131.7
2021																		
Jan.	640,385.3	112,273.0	50,022.7	3,711.1	58,539.2	80,825.6	79,874.3	79,874.3	0.1	946.8	4.5	562.5	166,783.6	152,303.6	143,083.2	60.8	9,159.6	127,636.9
Feb. Mar.	651,623.4 650,747.7	118,398.0 115,681.1	54,596.8 50,052.7	3,829.0 3,789.2	59,972.3 61,839.3	80,826.0 80,506.6	79,876.6 79,544.4	79,876.4 79,544.4	0.2	946.7 948.7	2.7 13.5	568.8 606.0	169,380.2 173,675.5	156,169.3 154,429.0	147,123.4 144,023.0	60.8 60.8	8,985.1 10,345.2	126,281.1 125,849.4
Apr.	651,633.0	117,219.5	52,854.1	3,855.3	60,510.2	80,713.2	79,640.7	79,640.4	0.4	1,069.8	2.6	656.9	176,439.2	150,305.8	140,464.2	60.8	9,780.8	126,298.4
May Jun.	663,012.7 663,454.3	127,462.2 126,114.3	62,880.8 62,551.8	3,707.1 3,528.0	60,874.3 60,034.5	79,107.1 101,593.9	78,259.1 100,638.6	78,259.1 100,638.6	-	845.5 951.4	2.5 4.0	658.8 703.8	176,133.2 176,271.5	153,749.7 132,782.9	143,780.0 122,934.9	60.8 60.8	9,908.9 9,787.3	125,901.8 125,987.9
Jul.	673,326.8	126,119.5	63,639.4	3,688.3	58,791.8	102,471.2	101,145.8	101,145.8	-	1,323.1	2.4	728.8	179,882.3	138,512.0	128,524.3	60.8	9,926.9	125,613.0
Aug. Sep.	682,220.5 691,755.7	125,462.9 123,092.3	64,723.9 58,800.1	3,758.4 4,223.0	56,980.5 60,069.3	102,037.5 101,434.8	100,823.6 100,500.9	100,823.6 100,498.7	- 2.2	1,211.6 933.9	2.3	671.7 659.5	179,940.6 185,836.8	147,734.4 152,830.2	138,108.5 144,023.6	60.8 60.8	9,565.1 8,745.8	126,373.6 127,902.0
Oct.	690,399.8	121,574.2	53,053.0	6,081.9	62,439.3	133,609.5	132,674.4	132,672.3	2.1	934.6	0.5	736.7	185,926.2	120,305.3	110,650.4	60.8	9,594.1	128,247.8
Nov. Dec.	699,470.2 709,035.2	125,497.5 120,725.1	55,560.1 49,626.9	6,217.7 6,013.8	63,719.7 65,084.4	131,023.5 141,256.5	130,119.7 140,322.6	130,117.6 140,320.7	2.1 1.9	903.8 931.4	- 2.5	735.1 835.7	186,329.6 191,047.5	127,445.2 124,491.8	116,901.8 111,901.1	60.8 60.8	10,482.6 12,529.9	128,439.2 130,678.6
2022													·					
Jan.	729,771.6	121,336.0	51,329.0	6,418.1	63,588.9	151,559.7	150,503.5	150,501.8	1.7	1,056.2	-	845.5	188,029.6	137,775.9	128,780.8	60.8	8,934.2	130,224.8
Feb.	730,606.9	123,579.0	53,156.3	6,372.2	64,050.6	163,807.8	162,929.4	162,927.7	1.7	874.5	3.9	704.0	186,361.4	124,935.1	114,533.2	60.8	10,341.0	131,219.5
Mar. Apr.	734,306.1 737,693.3	127,575.6 127,029.7	54,061.1 51,202.4	6,343.7 6,797.4	67,170.8 69,029.9	169,637.9 175,239.5	167,529.9 173,229.0	167,528.2 173,227.3	1.7 1.7	2,108.0 2,010.5	-	715.8 696.6	189,306.8 200,415.0	118,292.8 102,445.7	107,944.6 92,054.2	60.8 60.8	10,287.3 10,330.7	128,777.4 131,866.8
May	741,158.5	128,339.0	48,837.3	7,055.7	72,446.0	171,095.8	169,982.6	169,980.9	1.7	1,110.7	2.4	698.1	205,651.4	102,791.1	91,837.8	60.8	10,892.4	132,583.1
Jun. Jul.	747,945.2 754,505.5	131,268.5 129,504.7	48,528.9 27,076.5	7,268.0 7,650.0	75,471.6 94,778.2	171,540.2 172,094.4	169,922.7 169,053.8	169,921.2 169,052.2	1.6 1.5	1,617.4 3,038.1	- 2.6	719.0 862.8	209,387.1 213,462.4	101,315.1 106,999.3	90,905.3 97,282.4	60.8 60.8	10,349.0 9,656.1	133,715.3 131,581.9
Aug.	771,791.0	135,227.2	26,449.4	7,941.0	100,836.8	172,233.5	168,987.3	168,985.9	1.4	3,246.2		850.0	212,873.7	115,524.4	103,983.6	60.8	11,479.9	135,082.2
Sep. Oct.	771,929.8 773,751.7	130,114.5 125,430.1	27,026.9 22,394.1	8,350.2 8,842.8	94,737.3 94,193.1	173,717.2 169,815.2	171,384.0 166,746.7	171,382.6 166,745.3	1.4 1.4	2,333.2 3,068.6	-	893.9 974.4	217,198.3 220,758.8	110,303.5 114,674.1	99,657.1 103,855.9	60.8 60.8	10,585.6 10,757.3	139,702.4 142,099.0
Nov. Dec.	784,824.6 812,236.6	126,444.6	24,549.9 28,172.7	8,887.2 8,954.4	93,007.6 86,686.3	169,195.5 169,664.8	166,109.4 168,709.7	166,108.1 168,708.6	1.2 1.1	3,086.1 955.1	-	1,131.7 1,286.6	221,351.6 223,660.8	121,753.1 140,078.7	108,950.9	60.8 60.8	12,741.3	144,948.0 153,732.3
	012,200.0	123,013.4	20,172.7	0,904.4	00,000.3	103,004.0	100,708.7	100,700.0	1.1	900.1	-	1,200.0	220,000.0	140,070.7	121,080.2	00.0	12,922.1	100,102.0
2023 Jan.	833,571.9	127,249.3	26,045.0	9,196.1	92,008.2	186,762.2	185,479.5	185,478.4	1.1	1,278.9	3.9	1,210.7	222,696.6	140,375.2	130,404.1	60.8	9,910.2	155,277.9
Feb.	834,162.1	126,466.8	25,216.9	9,311.7	92,008.2 91,938.1	181,695.4	179,991.6	179,990.6	1.1	1,703.9	- 5.8	1,192.8	222,090.0	140,373.2	134,028.0	60.8	11,349.5	157,207.9
Mar.	837,233.9	125,814.3	26,617.5	8,237.3	90,959.5	185,549.7	184,489.6	184,488.7	0.9	1,057.6	2.5	1,138.2	225,661.2	141,413.7	130,351.5	60.8	11,001.4	157,656.7
Apr. May	837,653.8 854,815.1	126,890.4 128,746.9	23,901.4 27,774.9	8,662.1 8,871.0	94,326.9 92,101.0	191,881.6 190,672.3	189,994.1 188,413.9	189,993.2 188,413.2	0.9 0.8	1,887.5 2,258.4	-	903.8 955.7	232,972.6 233,926.5	128,670.6 142,640.0	116,742.8 129,442.8	60.8 60.8	11,867.0 13,136.3	156,334.8 157,873.7
Jun.	853,288.0	130,753.7	31,623.0	8,803.0	90,327.6	188,795.3	185,916.7	185,915.8	0.8	2,878.6	-	1,022.5	232,445.3	138,139.8	126,169.8	60.8	11,909.1	162,131.5

COMMERCIAL BANKS : LIABILITIES, CAPITAL AND RESERVES (G\$ MILLION)

							(00	MILLION)							Table 2.1 (b
	Total		Foreign	Sector			Public	Sector		Non-Bank	D :	F (1) (1)			
End of Period	Liabilities, Capital & Reserves	Total	Bal. due to Banks Abroad	Non- Resident Deposits	Other	Total	Central Government Deposits	Public Enterprises Deposits	Other Deposits	Financial Institutions Deposits	Private Sector Deposits	External Payment Deposits	Bank of Guyana	Other Liabilities	Capital & Reserves
2013	413,604.7	12,624.3	2,364.9	10,259.4	-	61,244.4	14,339.3	42,698.2	4,206.9	26,041.7	242,915.4	61.0	-	18,356.3	52,361.5
2014	421,804.0	12,625.5	3,117.7	9,507.9	-	59,667.1	13,127.3	39,506.4	7,033.3	22,739.7	247,393.5	61.0	-	19,362.1	59,955.0
2015	442,903.2	17,224.7	4,654.9	12,569.8	-	68,179.2	10,952.8	47,220.0	10,006.3	25,026.0	250,636.5	61.0	-	14,811.9	66,963.8
2016 2017	467,298.4 471,128.6	15,967.0 21,470.9	2,900.9 4,488.8	13,066.1 16,982.1	-	73,409.0 50,679.4	10,661.6 11,187.0	52,351.1 28,254.1	10,396.3 11,238.3	28,392.4 33,985.9	259,478.7 267,092.4	60.8 60.8	-	15,970.0 17,920.4	74,020.5 79,918.8
2018															
Mar.	478,720.6	21,307.7	2,576.5	18,731.3	-	48,329.3	10,222.5	27,385.1	10,721.7	36,005.3	275,823.3	60.8	-	14,908.1	82,286.0
Jun.	494,566.8	21,451.7	3,069.8	18,382.0	-	62,332.5	26,625.9	25,904.2	9,802.4	34,690.8	277,634.6	60.8	-	15,946.2	82,450.1
Sep. Dec.	497,106.4 503,427.3	21,526.8 21,694.3	1,877.3 1,867.0	19,649.5 19,827.2	-	60,514.3 58,782.6	25,973.8 23,827.7	26,201.4 27,276.8	8,339.0 7,678.2	36,325.5 35,461.9	280,264.8 284,521.7	60.8 60.8	-	14,640.3 19,258.3	83,773.9 83,647.7
2019															
Mar.	505,537.3	21,248.2 23,428.2	1,858.3 2,865.5	19,389.9 20,562.7	-	56,516.3 53,227.3	19,087.2	29,640.7 30,655.4	7,788.4 7,876.1	35,395.6 36,339.6	293,710.0 303,395.4	60.8	-	13,538.3 13,673.6	85,068.2
Jun. Sep.	515,793.7 532,815.2	23,428.2 21,619.7	2,865.5 2,494.0	20,562.7	-	55,593.8	14,695.8 17,122.4	30,655.4 30,740.6	7,876.1	36,339.6 34,157.0	303,395.4 316,435.3	60.8 60.8	-	15,985.9	85,668.7 88,962.8
Dec.	559,179.4	24,311.5	1,373.4	22,938.1	-	54,547.5	16,843.6	31,005.5	6,698.4	34,532.9	335,289.5	60.8	-	19,632.4	90,804.7
2020	570.074.0		0,400,0			54 400 7	10.007.0	0 (000 0	7.011.0	07.000 (04 000 5	07.007.5
Mar. Jun.	576,674.2 586,835.2	26,061.4 23,608.6	2,129.2 1,363.0	23,932.3 22,245.7	-	54,438.7 60,497.5	16,397.0 20,398.4	31,026.8 32,410.0	7,014.9 7,689.1	37,082.1 44,164.2	337,034.2 340,554.0	60.8 60.8	-	24,069.5 22,889.0	97,927.5 95,060.9
Sep.	606,242.8	28,519.2	1,660.1	26,859.1	-	62,362.3	20,825.6	34,021.5	7,515.2	45,419.1	353,218.9	60.8	-	21,326.6	95,335.8
Dec.	630,067.2	30,254.0	793.0	29,461.0	-	69,115.1	20,661.0	41,846.0	6,608.0	50,254.1	364,324.3	60.8	-	18,890.8	97,168.2
2021															
Jan. Feb.	640,385.3 651,623.4	24,963.1 27,857.3	881.8 2,368.6	24,081.3 25,488.7	-	73,535.8 73,456.0	21,462.4 21,215.9	45,309.8 45,092.5	6,763.7 7,147.6	50,667.5 51,833.6	376,227.7 382,318.2	60.8 60.8	-	18,861.0 19,229.2	96,069.3 96,868.3
Mar.	650,747.7	26,159.2	1,630.0	24,529.2	-	73,723.8	22,175.2	44,713.1	6,835.6	53,827.7	380,280.2	60.8	-	20,447.7	96,248.3
Apr.	651,633.0	23,840.4	1,095.9	22,744.5	-	73,398.0	22,858.7	43,880.5	6,658.9	54,674.5	383,742.8	60.8	-	18,803.1	97,113.4
May Jun.	663,012.7 663,454.3	29,695.5 25,476.0	1,777.8 1,516.0	27,917.7 23,960.0	-	73,750.4 75,756.8	21,691.2 22,072.5	45,080.4 46,903.4	6,978.8 6,780.9	56,120.9 56,629.1	386,784.8 387,850.2	60.8 60.8	-	18,708.9 19,150.4	97,891.4 98,531.0
Jul.	673,326.8	26,611.7	1,746.1	24,865.6	-	74,923.6	20,991.2	47,260.0	6,672.4	56,446.8	392,951.6	60.8	-	22,876.4	99,455.9
Aug.	682,220.5	25,067.1	1,518.8	23,548.2	-	77,712.9	21,883.0	49,054.0	6,775.9	64,706.4	393,220.0	60.8	-	20,814.7	100,638.7
Sep.	691,755.7	26,345.9	1,325.9	25,019.9	-	80,743.3	22,721.2	51,378.5	6,643.6	58,557.3	400,688.6	60.8	-	22,125.7	103,234.1
Oct. Nov.	690,399.8 699,470.2	25,848.7 26,744.7	1,183.3 1,332.3	24,665.4 25,412.4	-	79,503.3 79,797.8	20,926.2 21,392.9	52,081.8 51,849.9	6,495.2 6,555.1	59,021.9 60,657.1	400,922.3 406,308.5	60.8 60.8	-	20,523.8 20,184.6	104,519.0 105,716.6
Dec.	709,035.2	27,207.8	1,310.6	25,897.2	-	83,246.8	22,768.5	52,586.8	7,891.5	59,735.5	411,989.2	60.8	-	21,788.8	105,006.3
2022														1	
Jan. Feb.	729,771.6 730,606.9	29,767.2 28,679.2	2,125.4 1,408.6	27,641.8 27,270.7	-	89,900.1 91,096.0	24,465.2 24,781.0	57,376.6 58,720.7	8,058.4 7,594.3	59,923.5 60,105.8	421,237.0 421,005.1	60.8 60.8	-	22,838.3 22,383.9	106,044.6 107,276.0
Mar.	734,306.1	31,727.1	3,720.2	28,006.9	-	92,288.8	25,666.5	59,074.5	7,594.5	59,274.1	424,604.9	60.8	-	22,363.9	107,276.0
Apr.	737,693.3	28,515.5	1,229.6	27,285.9	-	90,014.7	24,831.0	57,725.6	7,458.1	58,720.0	434,273.4	60.8	-	20,950.7	105,158.2
May	741,158.5	29,296.9	1,486.5	27,810.4	-	89,577.3	25,013.0	56,707.1	7,857.2	59,827.7	434,200.5	60.8	-	22,602.7	105,592.6
Jun. Jul.	747,945.2 754,505.5	33,278.0 32,538.8	1,328.7 2,177.8	31,949.3 30,361.1	-	88,153.5 89,499.1	24,526.5 25,242.7	55,731.5 56,380.7	7,895.5 7,875.6	58,522.8 57,600.7	437,111.5 445,680.5	60.8 60.8	-	23,751.5 20,592.9	107,067.0 108,532.6
Aug.	771,791.0	38,464.2	7,422.6	31,041.6	-	91,759.0	25,947.4	57,792.7	8,018.9	57,648.5	451,179.3	60.8	-	22,593.5	110,085.6
Sep.	771,929.8	32,710.1	2,484.6	30,225.6	-	91,970.9	25,263.2	58,787.1	7,920.6	56,122.2	458,627.8	60.8	-	22,958.6	109,479.4
Oct.	773,751.7	32,173.4	2,730.7	29,442.7	-	93,321.2	25,552.4	60,054.0	7,714.8	55,622.1	458,863.7	60.8	-	23,321.1	110,389.3
Nov. Dec.	784,824.6 812,236.6	34,376.8 33,623.9	3,674.8 3,831.6	30,702.0 29,792.3	-	92,303.1 112,930.3	26,531.6 25,339.3	58,344.7 79,806.4	7,426.9 7,784.6	56,324.5 57,712.4	464,486.6 467,306.0	60.8 60.8	-	25,683.8 30,336.9	111,589.0 110,266.3
2023															
Jan.	833,571.9	34,382.1	4,082.9	30,299.3	-	113,167.3	27,265.6	77,975.6	7,926.0	57,293.9	488,238.2	60.8	-	28,733.3	111,696.2
Feb.	834,162.1	33,909.1	4,424.6	29,484.5	-	112,388.4	27,722.9	76,620.4	8,045.1	56,934.5	490,154.7	60.8	-	27,731.8	112,982.8
Mar. Apr.	837,233.9 837,653.8	34,308.1 31,057.8	1,509.5 1,695.7	32,798.6 29,362.0	-	107,806.2 100,496.4	28,570.1 28,967.7	71,153.6 63,023.2	8,082.6 8,505.4	55,635.6 54,632.1	498,367.9 508,594.4	60.8 60.8	-	27,577.2 31,670.6	113,477.9 111,141.8
May	854,815.1	32,231.1	1,938.2	30,292.9	-	114,915.6	28,490.3	78,107.9	8,317.4	55,529.7	514,657.7	60.8	-	25,153.7	112,266.4
Jun.	853,288.0	34,352.8	2,127.0	32,225.8	-	110,254.0	27,863.9	73,580.8	8,809.3	54,369.7	516,503.1	60.8	-	26,000.9	111,746.7

COMMERCIAL BANKS: TOTAL DEPOSITS (G\$ Million)

	Total Dep.				Publi	c Sector				Private Sect	or	Non-Ba	nk Fin. Ins	titutions	Table 2.
End of	Residents	Total	Total			overnmen	t	Public Non-				Hon Bu		intationio	Foreign
Period	& Non- Residents	Residents	Public Sector	Total	Central Gov't	Local Gov't	Other	Fin. Enterprises	Total	Business Enterprises	Individual Customers	Total	Public	Private	Sector
040		000.004.0		40.540.0			0.040.0		040.045.4	40,000,0	105 005 0	00 044 7	05.0	05 070 4	10.050
013 014	340,461.0 339,308.2	330,201.6 329,800.3	61,244.4 59,667.1	18,546.2 20,160.6	14,339.3 13,127.3	394.0 519.2	3,812.9 6,514.1	42,698.2 39,506.4	242,915.4 247,393.5	46,990.3 50,583.7	195,925.2 196,809.8	26,041.7 22,739.7	65.6 18.7	25,976.1 22,721.0	10,259.4 9,507.9
015	356,411.5	343,841.7	68,179.2	20,959.1	10,952.8	479.6	9,526.7	47,220.0	250,636.5	56,304.6	194,331.9	25,026.0	44.2	24,981.8	12,569.8
016	374,346.2	361,280.1	73,409.0	21,057.9	10,661.6	595.4	9,800.9	52,351.1	259,478.7	57,728.4	201,750.4	28,392.4	37.3	28,355.1	13,066.1
2017	368,739.7	351,757.6	50,679.4	22,425.3	11,187.0	894.9	10,343.4	28,254.1	267,092.4	60,792.2	206,300.1	33,985.9	60.5	33,925.4	16,982.1
018															
Mar.	378,889.1	360,157.9	48,329.3	20,944.2	10,222.5	904.8	9,816.9	27,385.1	275,823.3	64,270.3	211,553.0	36,005.3	56.4	35,948.8	18,731.3
Jun.	393,039.8	374,657.9	62,332.5	36,428.3	26,625.9	759.6	9,042.8	25,904.2	277,634.6	61,937.0	215,697.6	34,690.8	53.7	34,637.0	18,382.0
Sep. Dec.	396,754.1 398,593.5	377,104.6 378,766.3	60,514.3 58,782.6	34,312.8 31,505.9	25,973.8 23,827.7	641.3 541.9	7,697.7 7,136.3	26,201.4 27,276.8	280,264.8 284,521.7	66,312.5 66,270.7	213,952.2 218,251.0	36,325.5 35,461.9	49.7 76.6	36,275.9 35,385.3	19,649.5 19,827.2
019															
Mar.	405,011.7	385,621.9	56,516.3	26,875.6	19,087.2	908.5	6,879.9	29,640.7	293,710.0	71,275.1	222,434.9	35,395.6	74.0	35,321.6	19,389.9
Jun.	413,525.0	392,962.3	53,227.3	22,571.9	14,695.8	870.7	7,005.4	30,655.4	303,395.4	71,991.5	231,403.9	36,339.6	89.2	36,250.4	20,562.7
Sep.	425,311.8	406,186.1	55,593.8	24,853.2	17,122.4	947.6	6,783.2	30,740.6	316,435.3	79,745.4	236,690.0	34,157.0	85.3	34,071.6	19,125.7
Dec.	447,308.1	424,370.0	54,547.5	23,542.0	16,843.6	762.9	5,935.5	31,005.5	335,289.5	90,971.6	244,317.9	34,532.9	82.3	34,450.6	22,938.
020															
Mar.	452,487.2	428,555.0	54,438.7	23,411.9	16,397.0	1,020.1	5,994.8	31,026.8	337,034.2	87,088.4	249,945.7	37,082.1	78.9	37,003.1	23,932.
Jun.	467,461.4	445,215.7	60,497.5	28,087.5	20,398.4	916.5	6,772.6	32,410.0	340,554.0	93,607.3	246,946.7	44,164.2	76.2	44,088.0	22,245.
Sep. Dec.	487,859.4 513,154.4	461,000.3 483,693.5	62,362.3 69,115.1	28,340.8 27,269.1	20,825.6 20,661.0	781.5 970.5	6,733.7 5,637.5	34,021.5 41,846.0	353,218.9 364,324.3	107,317.7 107,517.3	245,901.3 256,807.0	45,419.1 50,254.1	76.6 80.0	45,342.6 50,174.1	26,859. 29,461.
								1							
021 Jan.	524,512.4	500,431.1	73,535.8	28,226.0	21,462.4	1,140.2	5,623.4	45,309.8	376,227.7	117,293.8	258,934.0	50,667.5	78.5	50,589.0	24,081.
Feb.	533,096.5	507,607.8	73,456.0	28,363.5	21,215.9	1,769.8	5,377.9	45,092.5	382,318.2	121,040.1	261,278.1	51,833.6	78.7	51,755.0	25,488.
Mar.	532,360.9	507,831.7	73,723.8	29,010.7	22,175.2	1,878.5	4,957.1	44,713.1	380,280.2	116,422.9	263,857.3	53,827.7	77.8	53,749.9	24,529.
Apr.	534,559.8	511,815.3	73,398.0	29,517.6	22,858.7	1,930.4	4,728.5	43,880.5	383,742.8	113,720.3	270,022.4	54,674.5	76.8	54,597.7	22,744.
May	544,573.8	516,656.1	73,750.4	28,670.0	21,691.2	1,932.9	5,045.8	45,080.4	386,784.8	114,878.1	271,906.7	56,120.9	76.2	56,044.7	27,917.
Jun.	544,196.1	520,236.1	75,756.8	28,853.4	22,072.5	2,017.5	4,763.4	46,903.4	387,850.2	117,626.4	270,223.8	56,629.1	75.1	56,554.0	23,960.
Jul. Aug.	549,187.6 559,187.5	524,322.0 535,639.2	74,923.6 77,712.9	27,663.6 28,658.9	20,991.2 21,883.0	2,024.5 2,095.5	4,647.9 4,680.4	47,260.0 49,054.0	392,951.6 393,220.0	120,902.1 125,385.4	272,049.4 267,834.5	56,446.8 64,706.4	74.2 73.2	56,372.6 64,633.2	24,865. 23,548.
Sep.	565,009.1	539,989.2	80,743.3	29,364.8	22,721.2	2,093.1	4,640.5	51,378.5	400,688.6	126,039.2	274,649.4	58,557.3	73.2	58,484.9	25,040.
Oct.	564,112.9	539,447.5	79,503.3	27,421.4	20,926.2	1,935.5	4,559.7	52,081.8	400,922.3	122,104.1	278,818.2	59,021.9	72.4	58,950.4	24,665.
Nov.	572,175.9	546,763.5	79,797.8	27,948.0	21,392.9	1,926.0	4,629.1	51,849.9	406,308.5	128,506.4	277,802.1	60,657.1	70.6	60,586.6	25,412.
Dec.	580,868.7	554,971.5	83,246.8	30,660.0	22,768.5	1,804.5	6,087.0	52,586.8	411,989.2	129,089.7	282,899.5	59,735.5	69.3	59,666.2	25,897.
022															
Jan.	598,702.4	571,060.6	89,900.1	32,523.5	24,465.2	1,889.3	6,169.0	57,376.6	421,237.0	136,000.4	285,236.6	59,923.5	68.4	59,855.1	27,641.
Feb. Mar.	599,477.5 604,174.6	572,206.9 576,167.7	91,096.0 92,288.8	32,375.2 33,214.3	24,781.0 25,666.5	1,958.2 1,857.1	5,636.1 5,690.7	58,720.7 59,074.5	421,005.1 424,604.9	134,966.3 135,944.2	286,038.8 288,660.7	60,105.8 59,274.1	67.5 66.7	60,038.2 59,207.4	27,270. 28,006.
Apr.	610,294.0	583,008.1	92,200.0	32,289.0	23,000.5	1,772.6	5,685.5	57,725.6	424,004.9	139,640.9	294,632.5	58,720.0	65.2	58,654.8	28,000.
May	611,416.0	583,605.6	89,577.3	32,870.2	25,013.0	1,866.9	5,990.3	56,707.1	434,200.5	134,603.5	299,597.1	59,827.7	64.4	59,763.3	27,810.
Jun.	615,737.1	583,787.8	88,153.5	32,422.0	24,526.5	1,812.6	6,082.9	55,731.5	437,111.5	132,692.2	304,419.3	58,522.8	63.6	58,459.2	31,949
Jul.	623,141.4	592,780.4	89,499.1	33,118.4	25,242.7	1,722.2	6,153.5	56,380.7	445,680.5	142,142.0	303,538.5	57,600.7	62.7	57,538.0	30,361
Aug.	631,628.4	600,586.8	91,759.0	33,966.3	25,947.4	1,722.3	6,296.6	57,792.7	451,179.3	148,826.6	302,352.7	57,648.5	167.6	57,480.9	31,041.
Sep.	636,946.5	606,720.9	91,970.9	33,183.8	25,263.2	1,654.6	6,266.0	58,787.1	458,627.8	153,398.6	305,229.2	56,122.2	168.1	55,954.0	30,225
Oct	637,249.8	607,807.1	93,321.2	33,267.3	25,552.4	1,531.3	6,183.6	60,054.0	458,863.7	151,699.3	307,164.4	55,622.1	167.9	55,454.2	29,442.
Nov. Dec.	643,816.3 667,741.0	613,114.3 637,948.7	92,303.1 112,930.3	33,958.5 33,123.9	26,531.6 25,339.3	1,576.3 1,620.5	5,850.6 6,164.1	58,344.7 79,806.4	464,486.6 467,306.0	155,091.2 149,705.5	309,395.5 317,600.5	56,324.5 57,712.4	164.5 163.2	56,160.0 57,549.1	30,702. 29,792.
023															
Jan.	688,998.6	658,699.4	113,167.3	35,191.6	27,265.6	1,752.8	6,173.2	77,975.6	488,238.2	169,336.7	318,901.5	57,293.9	162.4	57,131.6	30,299.
Feb.	688,962.1	659,477.6	112,388.4	35,768.0	27,722.9	1,800.3	6,244.8	76,620.4	490,154.7	168,087.1	322,067.6	56,934.5	161.5	56,773.0	29,484.
Mar.	694,608.4	661,809.8	107,806.2	36,652.6	28,570.1	1,775.4	6,307.2	71,153.6	498,367.9	166,643.3	331,724.6	55,635.6	160.4	55,475.2	32,798.
Apr.	693,084.9	663,722.9	100,496.4	37,473.2	28,967.7	2,087.0	6,418.4	63,023.2	508,594.4	169,512.7	339,081.6	54,632.1	159.7	54,472.4	29,362.
May	715,395.9	685,103.0	114,915.6	36,807.7	28,490.3	1,979.6	6,337.8	78,107.9	514,657.7	173,933.8	340,723.9	55,529.7	158.6	55,371.2	30,292.
Jun.	713,352.6	681,126.8	110,254.0	36,673.2	27,863.9	2,323.9	6,485.4	73,580.8	516,503.1	171,731.9	344,771.2	54,369.7	157.7	54,212.0	32,225.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: DEMAND DEPOSITS (G\$ Million)

btal Dep. esidents & Non- esidents 73,135.9 77,395.1 83,099.2 98,938.6 90,199.1 91,812.2 92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 176,287.4	Total Residents 67,601.6 72,382.8 78,248.6 91,143.0 79,512.2 80,322.8 80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 165,605.7	Total Public Sector 19,337.2 20,557.2 28,626.8 34,897.1 18,672.3 17,209.2 17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,532.2 20,532.4 20,532.4 20,534.3 34,990.3	Total 5,250.2 6,111.1 4,223.5 3,982.7 5,102.2 6,111.1 4,113.5 4,066.7 4,322.2 4,243.2 4,476.7 4,823.3	General GG Central Gov't 4,905.9 5,668.2 3,740.2 3,455.6 4,362.6 3,371.2 3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	ic Sector overnment Local Gov't 217.1 302.0 208.6 297.4 427.2 488.2 488.2 492.2 390.7 297.9	0ther 127.2 240.9 274.7 229.7 312.4 254.2 263.2 405.3	Public Non- Fin. Enterprises 14,087.1 14,446.1 24,403.3 30,914.4 13,570.1 13,095.7 13,157.3	Total 44,689.7 48,939.9 46,460.4 53,271.1 57,199.9 59,595.3	Private Secto Business Enterprises 26,686.1 31,251.5 31,307.0 34,508.2 38,933.1 40,732.1	Individual Customers 18,003.6 17,688.4 15,153.4 18,763.0 18,266.9 18,863.2	Total 3,574.6 2,885.8 3,161.4 2,974.7 3,639.9 3,518.3	60.5 13.6 39.1 32.2 55.3	Private 3,514.1 2,872.2 3,122.3 2,942.5 3,584.6 3,467.0	Foreign Sector 5,534.3 5,012.3 4,850.0 7,795.0 10,686.3
& Non- esidents 73,135.9 77,395.1 83,099.2 98,938.6 90,199.1 91,812.2 92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,512.4 176,287.4 176,287.4	Residents 67,601.6 72,382.8 78,248.6 91,143.0 79,512.2 80,322.8 80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	Public Sector 19,337.2 20,557.2 28,626.8 34,897.1 18,672.3 17,209.2 17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	Total 5,250.2 6,111.1 4,223.5 3,982.7 5,102.2 6,111.1 4,413.5 4,066.7 4,392.2 4,243.2 4,4476.7 4,4476.7	Central Gov't 4,905.9 5,568.2 3,740.2 3,455.6 4,362.6 3,371.2 3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	Local Gov't 217.1 302.0 208.6 297.4 427.2 488.2 492.2 390.7	Other 127.2 240.9 274.7 229.7 312.4 254.2 263.2	Fin. Enterprises 14,087.1 14,446.1 24,403.3 30,914.4 13,570.1 13,095.7	44,689.7 48,939.9 46,460.4 53,271.1 57,199.9 59,595.3	Enterprises 26,686.1 31,251.5 31,307.0 34,508.2 38,933.1	18,003.6 17,688.4 15,153.4 18,763.0 18,266.9	3,574.6 2,885.8 3,161.4 2,974.7 3,639.9	60.5 13.6 39.1 32.2 55.3	3,514.1 2,872.2 3,122.3 2,942.5 3,584.6	5,534. 5,012. 4,850. 7,795. 10,686.
73,135.9 77,395.1 83,099.2 99,393.6 90,199.1 91,812.2 92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	72,382.8 78,248.6 91,143.0 79,512.2 80,322.8 80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8	19,337.2 20,557.2 28,626.8 34,897.1 18,672.3 17,209.2 17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	5,250.2 6,111.1 4,223.5 3,982.7 5,102.2 4,113.5 4,066.7 4,392.2 4,243.2 4,243.2	4,905.9 5,568.2 3,740.2 3,455.6 4,362.6 3,371.2 3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	217.1 302.0 208.6 297.4 427.2 488.2 492.2 390.7	127.2 240.9 274.7 229.7 312.4 254.2 263.2	14,087.1 14,446.1 24,403.3 30,914.4 13,570.1 13,095.7	48,939.9 46,460.4 53,271.1 57,199.9 59,595.3	26,686.1 31,251.5 31,307.0 34,508.2 38,933.1	18,003.6 17,688.4 15,153.4 18,763.0 18,266.9	2,885.8 3,161.4 2,974.7 3,639.9	13.6 39.1 32.2 55.3	2,872.2 3,122.3 2,942.5 3,584.6	5,012 4,850 7,795 10,686
77,395.1 83,099.2 98,938.6 90,199.1 91,812.2 92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	72,382.8 78,248.6 91,143.0 79,512.2 80,322.8 80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8	20,557.2 28,626.8 34,897.1 18,672.3 17,209.2 17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	6,111.1 4,223.5 3,982.7 5,102.2 4,113.5 4,066.7 4,392.2 4,243.2 4,476.7	5,568.2 3,740.2 3,455.6 4,362.6 3,371.2 3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	302.0 208.6 297.4 427.2 488.2 492.2 390.7	240.9 274.7 229.7 312.4 254.2 263.2	14,446.1 24,403.3 30,914.4 13,570.1 13,095.7	48,939.9 46,460.4 53,271.1 57,199.9 59,595.3	31,251.5 31,307.0 34,508.2 38,933.1	17,688.4 15,153.4 18,763.0 18,266.9	2,885.8 3,161.4 2,974.7 3,639.9	13.6 39.1 32.2 55.3	2,872.2 3,122.3 2,942.5 3,584.6	5,012 4,850 7,795 10,686
83,099.2 98,938.6 90,199.1 91,812.2 92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	78,248.6 91,143.0 79,512.2 80,322.8 80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8	28,626.8 34,897.1 18,672.3 17,209.2 17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	4,223.5 3,982.7 5,102.2 4,113.5 4,066.7 4,392.2 4,243.2 4,476.7	3,740.2 3,455.6 4,362.6 3,371.2 3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	208.6 297.4 427.2 488.2 492.2 390.7	274.7 229.7 312.4 254.2 263.2	24,403.3 30,914.4 13,570.1 13,095.7	46,460.4 53,271.1 57,199.9 59,595.3	31,307.0 34,508.2 38,933.1	15,153.4 18,763.0 18,266.9	3,161.4 2,974.7 3,639.9	39.1 32.2 55.3	3,122.3 2,942.5 3,584.6	4,850 7,795 10,686
98,938.6 90,199.1 91,812.2 92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	91,143.0 79,512.2 80,322.8 80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	34,897.1 18,672.3 17,209.2 17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	3,982.7 5,102.2 4,113.5 4,066.7 4,392.2 4,243.2 4,476.7	3,455.6 4,362.6 3,371.2 3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	297.4 427.2 488.2 492.2 390.7	229.7 312.4 254.2 263.2	30,914.4 13,570.1 13,095.7	53,271.1 57,199.9 59,595.3	34,508.2 38,933.1	18,763.0 18,266.9	2,974.7 3,639.9	32.2 55.3	2,942.5 3,584.6	7,795 10,686
90,199.1 91,812.2 92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 179,516.4	79,512.2 80,322.8 80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	18,672.3 17,209.2 17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	5,102.2 4,113.5 4,066.7 4,392.2 4,243.2 4,476.7	4,362.6 3,371.2 3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	427.2 488.2 492.2 390.7	312.4 254.2 263.2	13,570.1	57,199.9 59,595.3	38,933.1	18,266.9	3,639.9	55.3	3,584.6	10,686
91,812.2 92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	80,322.8 80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	17,209.2 17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	4,113.5 4,066.7 4,392.2 4,243.2 4,476.7	3,371.2 3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	488.2 492.2 390.7	254.2 263.2	13,095.7	59,595.3						
92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	4,066.7 4,392.2 4,243.2 4,476.7	3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	492.2 390.7	263.2			40,732.1	18,863.2	3,518.3	51.3	3,467.0	11 / 80
92,537.9 94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	80,845.9 82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	17,224.0 18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	4,066.7 4,392.2 4,243.2 4,476.7	3,311.3 3,596.3 3,672.4	492.2 390.7	263.2			40,732.1	18,863.2	3,518.3	51.3	3,467.0	11 / 90
94,685.0 99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	82,473.2 87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	18,354.3 18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	4,392.2 4,243.2 4,476.7	3,596.3 3,672.4	390.7		13,157.3							11,403
99,760.4 103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	87,463.6 93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	18,948.9 20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	4,243.2	3,672.4		405.3		60,335.3	41,157.8	19,177.5	3,286.6	48.6	3,237.9	11,692
103,834.1 105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	93,443.1 95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	20,532.2 20,529.8 21,514.3	4,476.7		297.9		13,962.0	61,366.4	42,404.6	18,961.8	2,752.5	44.6	2,707.9	12,211
105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	20,529.8 21,514.3	-			273.0	14,705.7	64,588.4	44,732.8	19,855.6	3,926.3	71.5	3,854.8	12,296
105,811.6 113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	95,181.8 101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	20,529.8 21,514.3	-											
113,257.3 179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	101,534.0 163,826.8 159,715.9	21,514.3	4,823.3	3,445.4	649.6	381.7	16,055.6	69,778.4	51,283.8	18,494.6	3,132.5	68.9	3,063.6	10,391
179,516.4 176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	163,826.8 159,715.9			3,737.7	600.7	485.0	15,706.4	71,022.3	50,779.6	20,242.7	3,629.7	84.1	3,545.6	10,629
176,287.4 179,824.2 192,138.3	159,715.9	34,990.3	5,991.2 11,445.9	4,961.6 10,730.2	687.0 536.4	342.6 179.3	15,523.1 23,544.4	76,752.6 125,294.9	56,245.6 70,701.2	20,507.0 54,593.6	3,267.1 3,541.7	80.2 80.2	3,186.9 3,461.5	11,723
179,824.2 192,138.3			11,445.9	10,730.2	536.4	179.3	23,544.4	125,294.9	70,701.2	54,593.6	3,541.7	80.2	3,461.5	15,689
179,824.2 192,138.3														
192,138.3	165,605.7	33,601.6	11,219.7	10,252.8	753.8	213.2	22,381.8	121,667.1	64,703.3	56,963.8	4,447.3	76.8	4,370.4	16,57
	175 000 0	32,026.9	9,871.9	8,913.9	651.2	306.9	22,155.0	128,880.2	70,252.3	58,627.8	4,698.6	74.1	4,624.5	14,218
207 563 /	175,883.0 188,203.6	32,806.6 37,019.2	10,846.3 10,657.8	10,071.5 9,583.1	521.3 672.3	253.5 402.4	21,960.3 26,361.4	137,092.7 142,494.9	79,053.7 80,386.9	58,039.0 62,108.0	5,983.7 8,689.6	74.4 77.9	5,909.2 8,611.7	16,25 19,35
207,563.4	100,203.0	37,019.2	10,037.0	9,505.1	072.3	402.4	20,301.4	142,494.9	00,300.9	02,106.0	0,009.0	11.9	0,011.7	19,30
									-					
214,109.1	199,787.3	40,506.0	11,742.1	10,522.2	847.2	372.7	28,764.0	151,670.3	89,594.4	62,075.9	7,610.9	76.4	7,534.5	14,32
217,263.3	201,928.3	40,760.3 41,418.9	11,828.2	10,391.5 11,265.5	1,135.3 1,235.9	301.4 278.7	28,932.1 28,638.9	152,754.2 152,468.0	90,533.8	62,220.4	8,413.9 9,138.8	76.6 75.7	8,337.3	15,33
216,763.0 215,218.5	203,025.6 202,517.5	41,418.9	12,780.0 13,538.4	11,205.5	1,235.9	308.4	28,530.6	152,466.0	89,212.7 86,401.6	63,255.3 64,414.3	9,138.8	75.7	9,063.1 9,557.9	13,73 12,70
220,419.2	202,317.3	41,365.2	12,338.1	10,762.5	1,300.5	275.1	29,027.2	152,395.0	86,930.7	65,464.3	10,581.4	74.0	10,507.4	16,07
221,348.6	208,954.1	43,490.1	12,565.5	10,788.7	1,436.7	340.1	30,924.6	155,998.1	91,392.0	64,606.1	9,465.8	73.0	9,392.8	12,394
225,166.2	212,399.5	44,914.4	13,169.4	11,489.9	1,456.7	222.8	31,745.0	158,152.4	93,417.0	64,735.4	9,332.6	72.1	9,260.5	12,766
233,941.0	220,612.2	46,572.4	14,142.7	12,376.9	1,512.1	253.7	32,429.6	162,117.7	96,581.4	65,536.3	11,922.2	71.1	11,851.1	13,328
236,959.3	222,334.4	47,181.6	14,392.6	12,720.8	1,459.5	212.2	32,789.0	163,075.0	98,024.0	65,051.0	12,077.8	70.2	12,007.6	14,62
234,513.2	219,729.6	47,150.6	13,202.4	11,632.9	1,439.7	129.8	33,948.2	160,290.1	95,035.7	65,254.4	12,288.8	69.4	12,219.4	14,783
242,552.1	227,320.8	46,553.6	13,718.3	12,057.8	1,428.9	231.6	32,835.3	166,481.3	100,525.0	65,956.3	14,285.9	68.5	14,217.4	15,23
244,955.1	229,227.0	48,906.1	15,038.1	13,465.0	1,329.8	243.3	33,868.0	166,186.2	99,838.3	66,347.9	14,134.7	67.1	14,067.6	15,728
255,991.1	238,173.1	50,659.6	16,872.1	15,168.1	1,421.0	283.0	33,787.6	173,031.1	105,349.1	67,682.1	14,482.3	66.3	14,416.0	17,818
255,632.1	238,679.6	51,212.0	17,220.7	15,452.1	1,524.9	243.8	33,991.2	172,939.3	105,213.8	67,725.5	14,528.4	65.4	14,463.0	16,952
258,843.7	240,876.4	51,895.4	17,984.2	16,235.1	1,457.9	291.3	33,911.2 32,908.0	174,138.5	105,882.5	68,256.0	14,842.4	64.6	14,777.8	17,96
257,275.7 256,422.7	240,193.8 239,352.5	50,055.2 50,002.9	17,147.2 17,379.9	15,467.0 15,613.9	1,400.8 1,524.2	279.4 241.9	32,908.0	176,812.5 175,424.9	108,001.6 106,908.1	68,810.9 68,516.8	13,326.0 13,924.7	63.1 62.3	13,262.9 13,862.4	17,08 17,07
258,537.2	239,352.5	48,661.1	16,923.3	15,013.9	1,524.2	327.2	32,623.0	175,424.9	106,908.1	71,082.1	13,924.7	61.5	13,002.4	20,793
260,665.9		-												19,14
265,224.3		51,024.9	17,718.0			304.7		182,165.6			12,606.4	165.5	12,440.9	19,42
269,806.8	250,726.6	51,119.7	16,912.2	15,281.6	1,314.7	316.0	34,207.4	187,121.0	116,457.2	70,663.9	12,485.9	166.0	12,319.9	19,08
268,762.3	249,955.3	51,493.8	17,053.1	15,624.2	1,203.0	225.9	34,440.7	185,939.2	114,314.0	71,625.2	12,522.3	165.8	12,356.5	18,80
	253,497.9	51,516.1	17,939.6	16,460.0	1,249.8	229.8	33,576.5	189,294.1	117,235.1	72,058.9	12,687.8	162.4	12,525.4	20,10
273,598.4	271,840.9	66,183.9	17,196.9	15,382.4	1,295.8	518.7	48,987.1	191,113.2	117,598.5	73,514.7	14,543.8	161.1	14,382.7	20,22
273,598.4 292,062.4														
	284,226.2	66,022.2	18,893.2	17,277.8	1,414.5	200.9	47,129.0	204,354.5	133,304.3	71,050.2	13,849.4	160.2	13,689.2	20,45
292,062.4 304,680.4	281 694 7	-												19,04
292,062.4 304,680.4 300,741.6		-												21,73
292,062.4 304,680.4 300,741.6 302,893.3	281,157.3													19,37
292,062.4 304,680.4 300,741.6 302,893.3 302,816.9	281,157.3 283,446.9	-												20,150 21,810
265 269 268	224.3 806.8 762.3 598.4 062.4	224.3 245,796.8 806.8 250,726.6 762.3 249,955.3 558.4 253,497.9 062.4 253,497.9 062.4 271,840.9 680.4 284,226.2 741.6 281,694.7 893.3 281,157.3 816.9 283,446.9 274.5 301,118.4	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 598.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 062.4 271,840.9 66,183.9	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 588.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,199.6 062.4 271,840.9 66,183.9 17,196.9 680.4 284,226.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 741.6 281,694.7 63,992.7 19,307.8 893.3 281,157.3 58,388.9 20,150.2 816.9 283,446.9 58,388.9 20,333.6 274.5 301,118.4 72,606.8 20,333.6	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 598.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,196.9 15,382.4 680.4 284,226.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 741.6 281,694.7 63,992.7 19,307.8 17,574.0 816.9 283,446.9 58,388.9 20,336.8 18,658.8 274.5 301,118.4 72,606.8 20,333.6 18,341.9	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 508.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,198.0 16,600.0 1,249.8 062.4 271,840.9 66,183.9 17,196.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 68.4 254,226.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 741.6 284,694.7 63,992.7 19,307.8 17,574.0 1,470.4 893.3 281,157.3 58,735.5 20,150.2 18,395.3 1,439.5 816.9 283,446.9 58,388.9 20,836.8 18,656.8 1,760.8 274.5 301,118.4 72,606.8 20,333.6 18,341.9 1,665.6	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 806.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,199.6 16,460.0 1,249.8 225.9 806.4 271,840.9 66,183.9 17,196.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 660.022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 741.6 284,226.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 1,574.0 1,470.4 263.4 893.3 281,157.3 58,735.5 20,150.2 18,395.3 1,439.5 315.4 816.9 283,446.9 58.88.9 20,33.6 18,645.8 1,760.8 417.2 274.5 301,118.4 72,606.8 20,33.6 18,341.9 1,665.6 326.1	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,400.7 762.4 271,840.9 66,183.9 17,196.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 680.4 284,226.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 47,129.0 741.6 284,626.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 47,129.0 741.6 284,264.2 66,022.2 18,395.3 1,439.5 315.4 38,586.4 893.3 281,157.3 58,735.5 20,150.2 18,395.3 1,439.5 315.4 38,586.4 816.9 28,3446.9 58.88.9 20,83.6 18,658.8 1,760.8 417.2 37,552.1 74,26,68	2224.3 246,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 182,165.6 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 187,121.0 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,440.7 185,939.2 588.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,99.6 16,460.0 1,249.8 229.8 33,576.5 189,294.1 062.4 271,840.9 66,183.9 17,196.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 6 6 6 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 7 6 7 16,922.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 47,129.0 204,354.5 7 18,992.7 19,307.8 17,574.0 1,470.4 263.4 44,684.9 205.93.5 383.3	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 182,165.6 111,448.0 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 187,121.0 116,457.2 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,440.7 185,939.2 114,314.0 508.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,99.6 16,460.0 1,249.8 229.8 33,576.5 189,294.1 117,255.1 062.4 271,840.9 66,183.9 17,196.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 680.4 284,226.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 47,129.0 204,354.5 133,304.3 741.6 281,694.7 63,992.7 19,307.8 17,574.0 1,470.4 263.4 44,684.9 203,593.5 128,969.2 816.9 283,446.9 53,355.5 20,150.2	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 182,165.6 111,448.0 70,717.6 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 187,121.0 116,457.2 70,663.9 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,440.7 185,939.2 114,314.0 71,625.2 508.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,939.6 15,640.0 1,249.8 229.8 33,576.5 189,294.1 1117,235.1 72,058.9 062.4 271,840.9 66,183.9 17,196.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 73,514.7 680.4 284,226.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 47,129.0 204,354.5 133,304.3 71,050.2 741.6 281,694.7 63,992.7 19,307.8 17,574.0 1,470.4 263.4 44,684.9 203,593.5 <td>2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 182,165.6 1111,448.0 70,717.6 12,606.4 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 187,121.0 116,457.2 70,663.9 12,485.9 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,440.7 185,939.2 114,314.0 71,625.2 12,522.3 508.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,199.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 73,514.7 14,543.8 660.42 284,226.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 47,129.0 204,354.5 133,304.3 71,050.2 13,849.4 741.6 281,694.7 63,992.7 19,307.8 17,574.0 1,470.4 283.4 44,684.9 203,593.5 128,969.2 74,624.2 14,108.5 803.3 281,157.3 58,735.5 20,150.2 18,395.3 114,4 36,562.9 206,768.9 126,97</td> <td>2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 182,165.6 1111,448.0 70,717.6 12,606.4 165.5 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 187,121.0 116,457.2 70,663.9 12,485.9 166.0 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,440.7 185,939.2 114,314.0 71,625.2 12,567.8 166.4 808.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,199.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 73,514.7 14,543.8 161.1 66.042.2 16,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 47,129.0 204,354.5 133,304.3 71,050.2 13,849.4 160.2 741.6 281,694.7 63,992.7 19,307.8 17,574.0 1,470.4 283.4 44,684.9 203,593.5 128,969.2 74,624.2 14,108.5 159.3 893.3 281,157.3 58,735.5 <</td> <td>2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 182,165.6 1111,448.0 70,717.6 12,606.4 165.5 12,440.9 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 187,121.0 116,457.2 70,663.9 12,485.9 166.0 12,319.9 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,440.7 185,392.2 114,314.0 71,625.2 12,262.3 166.8 12,255.4 062.4 253,497.9 51,61.61 17,190.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 73,514.7 14,543.8 166.1 13,649.4 062.4 271,840.9 66,183.9 17,196.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 73,514.7 14,543.8 161.1 14,382.7 C C C C C C 12,6</td>	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 182,165.6 1111,448.0 70,717.6 12,606.4 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 187,121.0 116,457.2 70,663.9 12,485.9 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,440.7 185,939.2 114,314.0 71,625.2 12,522.3 508.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,199.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 73,514.7 14,543.8 660.42 284,226.2 66,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 47,129.0 204,354.5 133,304.3 71,050.2 13,849.4 741.6 281,694.7 63,992.7 19,307.8 17,574.0 1,470.4 283.4 44,684.9 203,593.5 128,969.2 74,624.2 14,108.5 803.3 281,157.3 58,735.5 20,150.2 18,395.3 114,4 36,562.9 206,768.9 126,97	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 182,165.6 1111,448.0 70,717.6 12,606.4 165.5 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 187,121.0 116,457.2 70,663.9 12,485.9 166.0 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,440.7 185,939.2 114,314.0 71,625.2 12,567.8 166.4 808.4 253,497.9 51,516.1 17,199.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 73,514.7 14,543.8 161.1 66.042.2 16,022.2 18,893.2 17,277.8 1,414.5 200.9 47,129.0 204,354.5 133,304.3 71,050.2 13,849.4 160.2 741.6 281,694.7 63,992.7 19,307.8 17,574.0 1,470.4 283.4 44,684.9 203,593.5 128,969.2 74,624.2 14,108.5 159.3 893.3 281,157.3 58,735.5 <	2224.3 245,796.8 51,024.9 17,718.0 16,032.5 1,380.8 304.7 33,306.9 182,165.6 1111,448.0 70,717.6 12,606.4 165.5 12,440.9 806.8 250,726.6 51,119.7 16,912.2 15,281.6 1,314.7 316.0 34,207.4 187,121.0 116,457.2 70,663.9 12,485.9 166.0 12,319.9 762.3 249,955.3 51,493.8 17,053.1 15,624.2 1,203.0 225.9 34,440.7 185,392.2 114,314.0 71,625.2 12,262.3 166.8 12,255.4 062.4 253,497.9 51,61.61 17,190.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 73,514.7 14,543.8 166.1 13,649.4 062.4 271,840.9 66,183.9 17,196.9 15,382.4 1,295.8 518.7 48,987.1 191,113.2 117,598.5 73,514.7 14,543.8 161.1 14,382.7 C C C C C C 12,6

COMMERCIAL BANKS: TIME DEPOSITS (G\$Million)

	Total Dep.			-	Publi	c Sector				Private Sect	or	Non-Ba	nk Fin. Ins	titutions	Table 2
End of Period	Residents & Non-	Total Residents	Total Public		General G Central	overnment Local		Public Non- Fin.	Total	Business	Individual	Total	Public	Private	Foreigr Sector
	Residents		Sector	Total	Gov't	Gov't	Other	Enterprises		Enterprises	Customers				
013	66,048.8	65,530.7	21,878.3	4,417.0	717.7	19.0	3,680.4	17,461.3	24,505.8	5,000.0	19,505.8	19,146.7	-	19,146.7	518.
014	65,215.2	64,764.5	26,561.9	7,397.8	1,311.1	19.0	6,067.7	19,164.1	22,621.0	5,336.8	17,284.2	15,581.6	-	15,581.6	450.
015	70,074.8	69,631.2	27,965.3	10,747.0	1,681.6	20.0	9,045.3	17,218.4	23,879.5	6,768.6	17,110.9	17,786.3	-	17,786.3	443.
016	68,792.1	68,354.4	24,253.3	10,909.4	1,724.6	22.1	9,162.7	13,343.9	23,572.0	7,715.7	15,856.3	20,529.1	-	20,529.1	437.
017	65,484.4	65,086.4	17,019.9	9,904.5	1,207.1	22.2	8,675.2	7,115.4	23,342.8	7,571.4	15,771.4	24,723.7	-	24,723.7	398.
018															
Mar.	67,718.9	67,328.9	17,438.5	9,888.3	1,164.8	20.2	8,703.4	7,550.2	23,659.9	7,269.1	16,390.8	26,230.5	-	26,230.5	390
Jun. Sep.	65,319.1 64,282.2	64,926.9 63,900.7	15,782.0 14,333.0	9,114.0 8,005.9	1,126.0 798.4	20.2 20.2	7,967.8 7,187.4	6,668.1 6,327.1	24,193.2 24,836.9	7,528.1 7,240.7	16,665.1 17,596.1	24,951.7 24,730.8	-	24,951.7 24,730.8	392 381
Dec.	60,601.1	60,221.4	13,293.3	8,005.9 7,548.7	670.6	20.2	6,857.9	5,744.5	24,636.9	5,819.1	15,973.3	24,730.8	-	24,730.8 25,135.7	301
								., .,							
019	00 000 4	62,533.1	12,655.2	0.000.0	540.0	00.0	6,362.3	5 704 0	24,699.6	5,510.6	10,100,0	25,178.3		05 470 0	457
Mar. Jun.	62,990.4 67,463.1	62,533.1 67,011.7	12,655.2 13,383.6	6,930.6 6,953.9	548.0 550.8	20.2 20.2	6,362.3 6,382.9	5,724.6 6,429.6	24,699.6 28,269.0	5,510.6 5,779.5	19,189.0 22,489.5	25,178.3 25,359.1	-	25,178.3 25,359.1	457 451
Sep.	69,062.8	68,614.7	13,392.0	6,994.8	570.9	20.2	6,403.7	6,397.2	30,703.1	5,892.8	24,810.3	24,519.6	-	24,519.6	448
Dec.	67,496.4	67,012.3	10,699.4	6,351.2	575.3	20.3	5,755.7	4,348.2	30,945.3	5,549.0	25,396.3	25,367.6	-	25,367.6	484
020															
Mar.	69,959.8	69,708.0	10,658.5	6,262.8	462.4	20.3	5,780.2	4,395.7	32,619.8	6,401.1	26,218.7	26,429.7	-	26,429.7	251
Jun.	71,278.8	71,024.9	16,367.1	11,443.0	5,625.2	26.6	5,791.1	4,924.1	21,777.1	7,948.0	13,829.1	32,880.7	-	32,880.7	253
Sep.	71,551.6	71,260.2	16,831.9	10,432.4	4,610.4	19.6	5,802.4	6,399.5	21,541.3	9,034.8	12,506.6	32,887.0	-	32,887.0	291
Dec.	74,951.0	74,679.1	17,415.3	9,752.5	4,848.7	27.6	4,876.2	7,662.8	22,933.5	9,074.0	13,859.5	34,330.2	-	34,330.2	271
021															
Jan.	78,021.4	77,747.8	19,041.0	9,552.2	4,635.7	25.3	4,891.2	9,488.8	22,861.2	8,826.7	14,034.4	35,845.6	-	35,845.6	273
Feb.	78,390.0	78,116.2	17,938.5	9,058.8	4,614.9	29.5	4,414.5	8,879.6	23,983.1	9,343.0	14,640.1	36,194.7	-	36,194.7	273
Mar.	78,607.5	78,335.4	18,553.4	9,086.0	4,650.2 4,686.3	19.7 22.3	4,416.1	9,467.4	23,375.7 23,891.0	8,773.4	14,602.3	36,406.4 36,804.9	-	36,406.4	272 274
Apr. May	79,565.5 80,954.1	79,291.5 80,601.4	18,595.5 19,194.6	9,126.2 9,128.5	4,687.0	22.3	4,417.6 4,419.2	9,469.3 10,066.1	23,891.0	9,239.0 9,350.9	14,652.0 14,630.4	36,804.9	-	36,804.9 37,425.5	352
Jun.	81,031.1	80,678.1	19,664.0	9,126.4	4,683.2	22.3	4,420.8	10,537.6	23,594.0	8,975.5	14,618.4	37,420.1	-	37,420.1	353
Jul.	80,824.2	80,468.3	18,467.1	7,582.5	3,137.7	22.3	4,422.4	10,884.6	24,853.0	9,071.1	15,781.9	37,148.2	-	37,148.2	356
Aug.	82,125.5	81,763.3	18,940.4	7,584.2	3,137.9	22.3	4,424.0	11,356.1	24,373.7	9,178.1	15,195.6	38,449.2	-	38,449.2	362
Sep.	82,266.6	81,884.9	18,727.9	7,601.5	3,153.6	22.3	4,425.6	11,126.3	24,405.6	9,158.0	15,247.6	38,751.4	-	38,751.4	381
Oct. Nov.	82,946.9 82,294.0	82,565.8 81,915.3	18,658.5 17,639.9	7,603.5 6,569.5	3,154.0 3,152.5	22.3 22.3	4,427.2 3,394.6	11,055.0 11,070.5	24,931.2 25,209.8	9,400.5 9,512.2	15,530.7 15,697.6	38,976.1 39,065.5	-	38,976.1 39,065.5	381 378
Dec.	82,499.4	82,131.0	18,148.3	7,133.6	3,153.2	22.3	3,958.1	11,014.7	25,203.0	9,578.3	15,614.2	38,790.2	-	38,790.2	368
022 Jan.	88,055.5	87,687.1	23,228.1	7,172.5	3,152.2	22.3	3,997.9	16,055.7	25,932.9	9,467.3	16,465.7	38,526.0	-	38,526.0	368
Feb.	87,874.4	87,505.8	23,693.6	7,179.7	3,154.8	22.3	4,002.6	16,513.9	25,364.0	9,130.6	16,233.4	38,448.1	-	38,448.1	368
Mar.	87,195.4	86,826.5	23,804.3	7,195.9	3,165.8	22.4	4,007.8	16,608.4	25,019.9	8,423.6	16,596.3	38,002.2	-	38,002.2	368
Apr.	87,350.8	86,981.6	24,310.7	7,197.6	3,162.4	22.3	4,012.8	17,113.1	23,505.2	8,515.6	14,989.7	39,165.7	-	39,165.7	369
May	86,871.4	86,502.4	23,917.3	7,209.2	3,168.8	22.4	4,018.0	16,708.2	23,385.7	8,301.8	15,083.9	39,199.3	-	39,199.3	369
Jun. Jul.	87,055.0 90,372.7	86,686.4 90,010.0	24,529.8 25,084.7	7,218.3 7,725.8	3,172.9 3,675.3	22.4 22.4	4,023.0 4,028.2	17,311.5 17,358.9	23,584.5 26,374.6	7,894.1 9,546.0	15,690.4 16,828.6	38,572.1 38,550.6	-	38,572.1 38,550.6	368 362
Aug.	91,156.3	90,791.9	25,004.1	7,732.8	3,677.1	22.4	4,020.2	17,291.3	27,537.6	10,953.4	16,584.2	38,230.2	-	38,230.2	364
Sep.	91,432.3	91,067.8	25,706.6	7,750.4	3,689.6	22.4	4,038.4	17,956.2	27,771.5	10,900.3	16,871.2	37,589.7	-	37,589.7	364
Oct.	90,441.6	90,076.9	25,543.5	7,757.2	3,691.3	22.4	4,043.5	17,786.3	27,251.8	10,949.8	16,302.0	37,281.6	-	37,281.6	364
Nov	89,109.6	88,739.3	24,449.8	7,753.1	3,685.0	22.4	4,045.8	16,696.6	26,838.1	10,774.5	16,063.7	37,451.4	-	37,451.4	370
Dec	90,461.2	90,081.1	28,887.5	7,779.0	3,688.3	22.4	4,068.3	21,108.5	24,181.0	9,388.9	14,792.1	37,012.6	-	37,012.6	380
023															
Jan.	95,130.1	94,755.7	29,678.3	8,113.7	3,714.1	22.4	4,377.3	21,564.6	28,941.5	12,904.0	16,037.5	36,135.9	-	36,135.9	374
Feb. Mar.	95,705.6 95,206.0	95,334.2 94,788.2	29,733.9 29,688.1	8,096.1 8,116.4	3,689.3 3,701.3	22.4 22.4	4,384.5 4,392.7	21,637.7 21,571.7	29,344.2 29,672.2	13,067.1 13,356.6	16,277.1 16,315.6	36,256.2 35,428.0	-	36,256.2 35,428.0	371 417
Apr.	95,206.0 87,105.1	94,766.2 86,675.1	29,000.1	8,124.1	3,701.5	22.4	4,392.7	14,984.2	29,072.2	12,415.1	16,675.4	35,428.0 34,476.4	-	35,426.0 34,476.4	41
May	87,970.8	87,540.6	23,636.0	8,126.0	3,695.2	22.4	4,408.5	15,510.0	30,373.3	13,099.0	17,274.3	33,531.3	-	33,531.3	430
Jun.	83,368.8	82,937.2	21,484.3	8,178.6	3,740.1	22.4	4,416.2	13,305.7	29,079.9	12,023.7	17,056.3	32,373.0	-	32,373.0	431

Source: Commercial Banks

COMMERCIAL BANKS: SAVINGS DEPOSITS (G\$Million)

	Total Dep.				Publi	c Sector				Private Secto	or	Non-Bar	nk Fin. Inst	itutions	Table 2
End of	Residents	Total	Total		General G			Public Non-							Foreig
Period	& Non-	Residents	Public	Total	Central	Local	Other	Fin.	Total	Business Enterprises	Individual Customers	Total	Public	Private	Sector
	Residents		Sector	Total	Gov't	Gov't	Other	Enterprises		Enterprises	oustoniers				
013	201,276.3	197,069.3	20,028.9	8,879.1	8,715.8	158.0	5.3	11,149.9	173,720.0	15,304.2	158,415.8	3,320.4	5.1	3,315.3	4,207
014	196,697.8	192,653.0	12,547.9	6,651.7	6,248.1	198.2	205.5	5,896.3	175,832.7	13,995.5	161,837.2	4,272.4	5.1	4,267.3	4,044
015	203,237.5	195,962.0	11,587.1	5,988.7	5,530.9	251.0	206.7	5,598.4	180,296.6	18,229.1	162,067.6	4,078.3	5.1	4,073.2	7,275
016 017	206,615.5 213,056.3	201,782.8 207,159.0	14,258.7 14,987.1	6,165.9 7,418.6	5,481.4 5,617.3	275.9 445.5	408.5 1,355.8	8,092.8 7,568.5	182,635.6 186,549.6	15,504.5 14,287.7	167,131.1 172,261.9	4,888.6 5,622.2	5.1 5.1	4,883.4 5,617.1	4,83 5,89
	213,030.3	201,139.0	14,307.1	7,410.0	5,017.5	443.3	1,000.0	7,500.5	100,049.0	14,207.7	172,201.5	5,022.2	5.1	3,017.1	3,03
018	219,358.0	212,506.1	13,681.5	6,942.4	5,686.5	396.5	859.4	6,739.2	192,568.1	16,269.1	176,299.1	6,256.5	E 4	6,251.4	6,85
Mar. Jun.	235,182.8	212,500.1	29,326.5	23,247.6	22,188.6	247.2	811.8	6,078.9	192,508.1	13,251.1	179,855.1	6,452.5	5.1 5.1	6,447.4	6,29
Sep.	237,786.9	230,730.7	27,827.0	21,914.6	21,579.2	230.5	105.0	5,912.3	194,061.5	16,667.2	177,394.3	8,842.2	5.1	8,837.1	7,05
Dec.	238,232.0	231,081.3	26,540.4	19,713.9	19,484.6	223.8	5.5	6,826.5	198,141.0	15,718.8	182,422.1	6,399.9	5.1	6,394.8	7,15
019															
Mar.	238,187.3	229,645.7	23,328.8	15,468.3	15,093.8	238.7	135.8	7,860.5	199,232.0	14,480.6	184,751.3	7,084.8	5.1	7,079.7	8,54
Jun.	240,250.3	230,768.9	19,314.0	10,794.7	10,407.4	249.8	137.5	8,519.3	204,104.1	15,432.5	188,671.6	7,350.8	5.1	7,345.7	9,48
Sep.	242,991.7	236,037.4	20,687.5	11,867.2	11,590.0	240.4	36.9	8,820.3	208,979.6	17,607.0	191,372.6	6,370.3	5.1	6,365.2	6,95
Dec.	200,295.3	193,530.9	8,857.8	5,744.9	5,538.1	206.2	0.6	3,112.9	179,049.4	14,721.4	164,328.0	5,623.7	2.1	5,621.5	6,76
020	-														
Mar.	206,240.0	199,131.0	10,178.6	5,929.4	5,681.9	246.1	1.4	4,249.3	182,747.3	15,984.1	166,763.2	6,205.1	2.1	6,202.9	7,10
Jun.	216,358.3	208,585.2	12,103.5	6,772.6	5,859.3	238.7	674.7	5,330.8	189,896.8	15,407.0	174,489.8	6,584.9	2.1	6,582.8	7,77
Sep.	224,169.6	213,857.2	12,723.8	7,062.1	6,143.7	240.6	677.8	5,661.7	194,584.9	19,229.2	175,355.7	6,548.5	2.1	6,546.4	10,31
Dec.	230,640.1	220,810.8	14,680.5	6,858.8	6,229.3	270.6	359.0	7,821.8	198,895.9	18,056.4	180,839.5	7,234.3	2.1	7,232.2	9,82
021															
Jan.	232,381.8	222,896.0	13,988.8	6,931.8	6,304.5	267.8	359.5	7,057.0	201,696.2	18,872.6	182,823.7	7,211.0	2.1	7,208.9	9,48
Feb.	237,443.1	227,563.2	14,757.2	7,476.5	6,209.6	604.9	662.0	7,280.8	205,580.9	21,163.3	184,417.6	7,225.1	2.1	7,223.0	9,87
Mar.	236,990.4 239,775.8	226,470.7 230,006.3	13,751.6 12,733.5	7,144.7	6,259.5	622.8 595.2	262.4	6,606.9 5,880.5	204,436.5 209,035.8	18,436.8	185,999.8	8,282.6 8,237.0	2.1	8,280.5 8,234.9	10,51 9,76
Apr. May	239,775.8	230,008.3	12,733.5	6,853.0 7,203.4	6,255.3 6,241.7	595.2 610.2	2.4 351.5	5,000.5	209,035.8 210,408.5	18,079.7 18,596.5	190,956.2 191,812.0	8,237.0 8,114.0	2.1 2.1	8,111.9	9,76
Jun.	241,816.5	230,604.0	12,602.7	7,161.6	6,600.6	558.5	2.5	5,441.1	208,258.2	17,258.9	190,999.2	9,743.1	2.1	9,741.0	11,21
Jul.	243,197.3	231,454.2	11,542.1	6,911.7	6,363.6	545.5	2.7	4,630.4	209,946.1	18,414.0	191,532.2	9,966.0	2.1	9,963.9	11,74
Aug.	243,120.9	233,263.7	12,200.1	6,931.9	6,368.1	561.1	2.7	5,268.2	206,728.6	19,625.9	187,102.7	14,335.0	2.1	14,332.8	9,85
Sep.	245,783.2	235,769.8	14,833.9	7,370.6	6,846.7	521.3	2.7	7,463.2	213,207.9	18,857.1	194,350.8	7,728.0	2.1	7,725.9	10,01
Oct.	246,652.7	237,152.1	13,694.2	6,615.5	6,139.3	473.5	2.8	7,078.6	215,700.9	17,667.8	198,033.1	7,757.0	2.1	7,754.9	9,50
Nov.	247,329.8	237,527.4	15,604.3	7,660.2	6,182.5	474.8	1,002.9	7,944.1	214,617.4	18,469.2	196,148.2	7,305.7	2.1	7,303.6	9,80
Dec.	253,414.2	243,613.4	16,192.4	8,488.3	6,150.3	452.4	1,885.6	7,704.0	220,610.5	19,673.1	200,937.4	6,810.6	2.1	6,808.5	9,80
022															
Jan.	254,655.8	245,200.5	16,012.3	8,479.0	6,144.9	446.0	1,888.1	7,533.3	222,272.9	21,184.1	201,088.9	6,915.2	2.1	6,913.1	9,45
Feb. Mar.	255,971.0 258,135.5	246,021.5 248,464.9	16,190.4 16,589.0	7,974.8 8,034.2	6,174.1 6,265.7	411.0 376.9	1,389.7 1,391.6	8,215.6 8,554.9	222,701.8 225,446.4	20,621.9 21,638.1	202,079.9 203,808.3	7,129.3 6,429.4	2.1 2.1	7,127.2 6,427.3	9,949 9,67
Apr.	265,667.5	255,832.7	15,648.8	7,944.3	6,203.7	349.4	1,391.0	7,704.5	223,440.4	23,123.7	210,832.0	6,228.3	2.1	6,226.2	9,83
May	268,121.9	257,750.7	15,657.1	8,281.1	6,230.3	320.3	1,730.5	7,376.0	235,390.0	19,393.6	215,996.4	6,703.7	2.1	6,701.5	10,37
Jun.	270,144.9	259,357.7	14,962.6	8,280.4	6,239.7	308.0	1,732.7	6,682.2	237,539.2	19,892.4	217,646.8	6,856.0	2.1	6,853.8	10,78
Jul.	272,102.8	261,252.8	15,065.3	8,326.2	6,254.4	315.5	1,756.3	6,739.1	239,518.9	24,066.6	215,452.3	6,668.5	2.1	6,666.4	10,85
Aug.	275,247.8	263,998.1	15,710.0	8,515.4	6,237.7	319.2	1,958.6	7,194.6	241,476.1	26,425.2	215,050.9	6,812.0	2.1	6,809.8	11,24
Sep.	275,707.4	264,926.4	15,144.6	8,521.2	6,292.0	317.5	1,911.7	6,623.5	243,735.3	26,041.1	217,694.2	6,046.6	2.1	6,044.4	10,78
Oct.	278,046.0	267,774.9	16,283.9	8,456.9	6,236.9	305.9	1,914.2	7,827.0	245,672.7	26,435.4	219,237.3	5,818.3	2.1	5,816.1	10,27
Nov Dec.	281,108.3 285,217.4	270,877.1 276,026.7	16,337.3 17,858.9	8,265.8 8,148.0	6,386.6 6,268.6	304.1 302.3	1,575.0 1,577.1	8,071.6 9,710.8	248,354.5 252,011.8	27,081.5 22,718.1	221,272.9 229,293.7	6,185.3 6,156.0	2.1 2.1	6,183.1 6,153.8	10,23 9,19
	,		,		.,			.,			.,	.,		.,	
023 Jan.	289,188.1	279,717.5	17,466.7	8,184.7	6,273.7	315.9	1,595.1	9,282.1	254,942.2	23,128.5	231,813.7	7,308.6	2.1	7,306.4	9,47
Feb.	292,514.9	282,448.7	18,661.8	8,364.0	6,459.6	307.5	1,595.1	10,297.8	257,217.1	26,050.8	231,813.7	6,569.8	2.1	6,567.7	10,06
Mar.	296,509.1	285,864.3	19,382.7	8,386.0	6,473.5	313.5	1,599.0	10,996.6	259,926.9	26,311.0	233,615.9	6,554.7	2.1	6,552.6	10,64
Apr.	303,162.9	293,600.8	18,999.2	8,512.3	6,607.5	303.8	1,601.1	10,486.9	267,825.1	27,483.2	240,341.9	6,776.5	2.1	6,774.4	9,56
May	306,150.6	296,444.0	18,672.8	8,348.0	6,453.2	291.6	1,603.2	10,324.8	270,722.4	29,241.9	241,480.5	7,048.9	2.1	7,046.7	9,706
Jun.	309,609.9	299,631.8	19,611.1	8,550.6	6,632.2	313.2	1,605.3	11,060.6	271,687.2	27,738.7	243,948.6	8,333.4	2.1	8,331.3	9,978

Source: Commercial Banks

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COMMERCIAL BANKS: TIME DEPOSITS BY MATURITY (G\$ Million)

						Table 2.6
End		Exceeding	Exceeding			
Of	Uр То	3 & Up To	6 & Up To	Uр То	Exceeding	
Period	3 Months	6 Months	9 Months	12 Months	12 Months	Total
2013	29,052.4	7,270.3	656.2	28,153.8	916.0	66,048.8
2013	23,617.4	7,811.5	487.2	31,390.4	1,908.7	65,215.2
2014	22,019.2	5,489.1	1,191.1	40,024.8	1,350.5	70,074.8
2016	18,277.4	5,919.5	851.1	42,525.3	1,218.8	68,792.1
2010	13,529.1	5,752.0	724.8	44,245.7	1,232.7	65,484.4
2018						
Mar.	14,540.5	6,023.6	725.8	45,491.9	937.1	67,718.9
Jun.	14,253.5	5,104.9	965.7	44,020.4	974.7	65,319.1
Sep.	14,708.3	5,299.3	500.9	42,936.9	836.8	64,282.2
Dec.	15,220.5	4,772.1	690.9	39,138.9	778.9	60,601.1
2019						
Mar.	14,962.8	7,437.5	549.1	39,054.9	986.0	62,990.4
Jun.	16,088.1	6,550.4	1,345.5	42,577.8	901.3	67,463.1
Sep.	15,614.2	6,635.6	1,270.1	44,636.5	906.3	69,062.8
Dec.	13,928.8	7,441.8	592.2	44,570.0	963.6	67,496.4
2020						
Mar.	14,193.3	7,598.5	459.3	46,604.4	1,104.3	69,959.8
Jun.	14,259.6	7,228.2	818.2	47,858.1	1,114.8	71,278.8
Sep.	15,193.1	7,312.9	2,221.9	45,752.6	1,071.0	71,551.6
Dec.	17,107.8	7,413.1	1,998.7	47,445.8	985.6	74,951.0
2021						
Jan.	18,693.0	8,857.8	412.2	49,036.4	1,022.0	78,021.4
Feb.	18,794.9	8,905.7	458.1	49,030.4	782.4	78,390.0
Mar.	18,962.5	8,885.2	447.1	49,438.5	874.3	78,607.5
Apr.	19,246.7	8,972.9	600.5	49,790.8	954.6	79,565.5
May	20,375.3	9,047.1	600.0	50,019.3	912.4	80,954.1
Jun.	20,269.5	9,048.2	544.3	50,263.6	905.5	81,031.1
Jul.	21,591.2	7,469.5	511.9	50,450.8	800.9	80,824.2
Aug.	21,545.2	7,524.8	481.1	51,779.6	794.8	82,125.5
Sep.	21,384.1	7,511.7	535.0	52,108.5	727.4	82,266.6
Oct.	21,863.2	7,320.4	707.1	52,367.0	689.3	82,946.9
Nov.	22,286.8	7,446.7	650.0	51,177.9	732.6	82,294.0
Dec.	21,353.1	7,478.7	719.7	52,240.2	707.8	82,499.4
2022						
Jan.	21,672.1	8,137.2	429.6	57,021.0	795.6	88,055.5
Feb.	21,517.4	8,078.8	479.6	56,938.4	860.2	87,874.4
Mar.	22,993.4	5,600.3	3,023.2	54,917.5	661.0	87,195.4
Apr.	22,596.8	5,428.3	3,111.8	55,560.4	653.5	87,350.8
May	22,214.3	5,582.9	3,012.7	55,477.4	584.0	86,871.4
Jun.	22,544.4	5,503.1	2,954.6	55,406.4	646.4	87,055.0
Jul.	25,314.7	5,652.3	3,061.7	55,600.4	743.6	90,372.7
Aug.	26,462.1	5,596.7	3,197.0	55,197.4	703.2	91,156.3
Sep.	27,295.9	8,163.2	636.7	54,585.0	751.5	91,432.3
Oct.	26,925.5	8,186.9	720.0	53,810.1	799.0	90,441.6
Nov.	25,436.7	8,144.1	593.6	54,126.8	808.4	89,109.6
Dec.	22,457.3	9,262.6	643.5	57,070.2	1,027.5	90,461.2
2023						
Jan.	27,387.3	9,533.3	358.7	57,013.5	837.3	95,130.1
Feb.	27,884.2	9,470.2	369.9	57,132.2	849.0	95,705.6
Mar.	27,877.5	9,603.3	402.5	56,511.6	811.2	95,206.0
Apr.	24,796.6	9,615.5	646.2	51,269.5	777.3	87,105.1
May	26,150.5	9,300.6	815.9	50,870.7	833.2	87,970.8
Jun.	23,455.4	8,540.4	777.1	49,708.6	887.3	83,368.8

COMMERCIAL BANKS: DEBITS AND CREDITS ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS (G\$ Million)

	_					Table 2.7
	Savings	Credits	Debits	Net	Interest	Savings
	Deposits	On Sa	•	Credits (+)	Accrued/	Deposits
Period	At Beg.	Acc. D	•	Or	Credited To	at end
	Of	The P	eriod	Debits (-)	Acc. During	of
	Period				The Period	Period
2013	206,894.2	72,664.7	78,432.7	(5,767.9)	150.0	201,276.3
2013	200,094.2	81,073.1	84,863.6	(3,790.5)	273.7	196,697.8
2014	200,214.0	69,457.8	70,961.0	(1,503.2)	260.7	203,237.5
2015	212,663.5	58,363.7	64,686.8	(1,303.2)	275.1	205,257.5
2010	216,414.3	72,359.6	75,965.1	(3,605.5)	247.5	213,056.3
2011	2.0,0	. 2,00010		(0,00010)	2	210,00010
2018						
Mar.	216,425.1	74,941.5	72,204.9	2,736.6	196.4	219,358.0
Jun.	235,858.6	70,976.8	71,861.1	(884.3)	208.5	235,182.8
Sep.	235,709.9	66,277.7	64,410.3	1,867.4	209.6	237,786.9
Dec.	237,694.1	77,124.3	76,816.5	307.8	230.1	238,232.0
2019						
Mar.	240,074.0	70,408.0	72,500.2	(2,092.2)	205.4	238,187.3
Jun.	239,452.8	58,644.5	58,083.9	560.6	237.0	240,250.3
Sep.	238,224.1	62,078.6	57,507.0	4,571.6	196.0	242,991.7
Dec.	198,742.3	59,315.4	57,920.0	1,395.3	157.6	200,295.3
2020	040 470 0	00 447 0		(0.074.0)	40.7	
Mar.	210,170.3	60,447.3	64,421.3	(3,974.0)	43.7	206,240.0
Jun.	214,638.8	74,032.6	72,487.0	1,545.6	173.9	216,358.3
Sep.	223,016.0	77,806.3	76,696.1	1,110.2	43.5	224,169.6
Dec.	229,119.3	95,249.8	93,885.3	1,364.5	156.3	230,640.1
2021						
Jan.	230,640.1	83,282.1	81,609.5	1,672.6	69.2	232,381.8
Feb.	232,381.8	81,852.8	76,906.4	4,946.4	114.9	237,443.1
Mar.	237,443.1	103,683.4	104,188.6	(505.3)	52.5	236,990.4
Apr.	236,990.4	99,945.8	97,261.1	2,684.6	100.7	239,775.8
May	239,775.8	109,426.4	106,148.9	3,277.5	147.2	243,200.5
Jun.	243,200.5	130,835.2	132,366.9	(1,531.8)	147.8	241,816.5
Jul.	241,816.5	128,777.9	127,403.8	1,374.1	6.7	243,197.3
Aug.	243,197.3	78,416.6	78,584.0	(167.4)	91.1	243,120.9
Sep.	243,120.9	77,510.0	74,873.7	2,636.3	26.0	245,783.2
Oct.	245,783.2	76,432.6	75,663.5	769.2	100.3	246,652.7
Nov. Dec.	246,652.7 247,329.8	79,285.1 99,385.3	78,774.7 93,467.6	510.4 5,917.7	166.7 166.7	247,329.8 253,414.2
Dec.	247,029.0	33,000.0	33,407.0	5,517.7	100.7	200,414.2
2022						
Jan.	253,414.2	77,207.7	75,988.7	1,219.0	22.7	254,655.8
Feb.	254,655.8	69,796.5	68,602.9	1,193.6	121.7	255,971.0
Mar.	255,971.0	82,559.7	80,419.5	2,140.1	24.3	258,135.5
Apr.	258,135.5	88,094.5	80,662.8	7,431.7	100.4	265,667.5
May	265,667.5	86,231.3	83,945.5	2,285.8	168.6	268,121.9
Jun.	268,121.9	86,821.9	84,956.6	1,865.3	157.7	270,144.9
Jul.	270,144.9	81,214.4	79,277.5	1,936.9	21.0	272,102.8
Aug.	272,102.8	91,564.4	88,512.0	3,052.4	92.6	275,247.8
Sep.	275,247.8	97,834.4 84,465,8	97,398.0 82,228,6	436.3	23.2	275,707.4
Oct. Nov.	275,707.4 278.046.0	84,465.8 03 237 7	82,228.6	2,237.2	101.4 174 1	278,046.0
Dec.	278,046.0 281,108.3	93,237.7 185,957.7	90,349.5 182,093.6	2,888.2 3,864.2	174.1 245.0	281,108.3 285,217.4
200.	201,100.0	. 30,001.1		0,004.2	240.0	200,217.9
2023						
Jan.	285,217.4	96,254.5	92,304.5	3,950.0	20.7	289,188.1
Feb.	289,188.1	87,166.8	83,931.9	3,234.9	91.9	292,514.9
Mar.	292,514.9	103,537.9	99,565.5	3,972.3	21.9	296,509.1
Apr.	296,509.1	99,541.6	92,989.0	6,552.6	101.2	303,162.9
May	303,162.9	97,026.0	94,196.4	2,829.6	158.1	306,150.6
Jun.	306,150.6	101,683.8	98,398.6	3,285.2	174.1	309,609.9

COMMERCIAL BANKS : DEBITS AND CLEARING BALANCES (G\$ MILLION)

DEBITS ON CHEQUING ACCOUNTS

CLEARING BALANCES

Period	Table 2.8 Debits	Period	Table Clearing
1 onou	Dobito		
2013	439,549.5	2013	321,20
2014	679,084.3	2014	321,27
2015	684,992.4	2015	333,75
2016	440,285.6	2016	86,54
2017	438,528.3	2017	78,90
2018		2018	
Mar.	454,772.4	Mar.	68,112
Jun.	461,219.9	Jun.	72,984
Sep.	418,673.9	Sep.	64,823
Dec.	446,817.4	Dec.	85,76
2019		2019	
Mar.	436,469.4	Mar.	66,920
Jun.	445,087.7	Jun.	74,223
Sep.	461,036.7	Sep.	78,109
Dec.	448,145.1	Dec.	94,559
2020		2020	
Mar.	466,985.9	Mar.	71,362
Jun.	438,570.4	Jun.	69,335
Sep.	437,409.3	Sep.	67,554
Dec.	454,071.8	Dec.	100,626
2021		2021	
Jan.	419,622.6	Jan.	90,150
Feb.	362,101.4	Feb.	64,758
Mar.	433,024.2	Mar.	77,200
Apr.	423,211.4	Apr.	77,555
May	379,402.9	May	77,413
Jun.	487,875.9	Jun.	76,836
Jul.	458,381.2	Jul.	70,244
Aug.	387,987.4	Aug.	79,087
Sep.	395,568.2	Sep.	79,326
Oct.	405,958.1	Oct.	79,325
Nov.	417,065.9	Nov.	88,648
Dec.	437,829.9	Dec.	100,510
2022		2022	
Jan.	426,874.2	Jan.	98,239
Feb.	362,082.2	Feb.	69,523
Mar.	426,733.8	Mar.	88,550
Apr.	406,608.2	Apr.	99,111
May	415,228.8	Мау	90,934
Jun.	452,793.7	Jun.	90,345
Jul.	419,478.9	Jul.	89,085
Aug.	461,851.9	Aug.	92,818
Sep.	511,364.4	Sep.	97,034
Oct.	448,602.2	Oct.	83,208
Nov.	518,367.4	Nov.	108,279
Dec.	550,086.8	Dec.	129,755
2023		2023	
Jan.	525,601.0	Jan.	114,817
Feb.	467,041.7	Feb.	81,528
Mar.	537,350.4	Mar.	110,286
Apr.	459,606.0	Apr.	91,628
May	498,734.4	May	123,748
Jun.	498,428.4	Jun.	96,438

Source: Commercial Banks

Source: Bank of Guyana

Note:

¹⁾ Data reflect normal clearings at the Bank of Guyana. This excludes the returns of normal clearing, high value items and clearings done at the 4 regional clearings house facilities.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: TOTAL LOANS AND ADVANCES¹

(G\$ Million)

	Total Loans				Public Sector				Drivata Scata	" 3	Non	Bank Fi		able 2.10 (a
End of	Residents &	Total	T ()				B		Private Secto	r	NOII-I		i. ilist.	Non-
Period	Non-	Residents	Total Public	Gener	al Gover		Public Non-	Tatal	Business	Individual	Tatal	Dublia	Private	
eniou	Residents	Residents	Sector	Total	Central Gov't		Fin. Enterprises	Total	Enterprises	Customers	Total	Public	Private	Resident
			000101		0071	0071	Enterprises							
013	127,519.5	125,551.5	2,595.5	8.0	1.4	6.7	2,587.5	122,120.1	91,207.8	30,912.4	835.9	-	835.9	1,967.
014	139,341.8	136,383.4	2,419.5	20.7	20.2	0.5	2,398.8	132,557.6	101,655.9	30,901.7	1,406.2	-	1,406.2	2,958
015	142,840.1	140,111.6	1,998.2	44.3	0.0	44.3	1,953.9	136,609.3	101,671.8	34,937.5	1,504.1	-	1,504.1	2,728
016	144,593.3	141,908.1	1,935.7	162.0	0.7	161.3	1,773.7	138,719.7	101,987.7	36,732.0	1,252.7	-	1,252.7	2,685
017	146,738.9	144,976.5	3,408.8	117.8	3.8	114.0	3,291.0	140,608.2	103,479.3	37,129.0	959.5	-	959.5	1,762
018														
Mar.	140,703.2	138,859.5	1,091.2	94.2	7.2	87.0	997.0	137,046.1	102,526.7	34,519.4	722.2	-	722.2	1,843
Jun.	146,443.4	143,665.6	1,510.2	167.5	65.1	102.5	1,342.7	141,371.1	106,601.1	34,770.1	784.3	-	784.3	2,777
Sep.	147,175.8	144,695.3	1,273.5	115.5	3.8	111.7	1,158.0	142,532.4	105,934.3	36,598.1	889.4	-	889.4	2,480
Dec.	152,238.8	149,516.8	1,261.8	137.4	6.9	130.5	1,124.4	147,407.1	108,364.8	39,042.2	847.9	-	847.9	2,722
019														
Mar.	150,116.7	147,444.6	972.3	2.5	2.5	-	969.8	145,472.1	106,095.0	39,377.1	1,000.2	-	1,000.2	2,672
Jun.	155,453.4	152,314.1	1,083.0	95.1	95.1]	988.0	150,145.5	110,899.2	39,246.3	1,085.6	1	1,085.6	3,139
Sep.	158,880.8	154,145.2	1,186.7	75.8	75.7	0.1	1.110.9	151,740.1	113,479.3	38,260.7	1,218.5	-	1,218.5	4,735
Dec.	167,431.3	163,684.1	1,060.9	66.4	47.9	18.5	994.5	161,648.6	119,773.3	41,875.2	974.6		974.6	3,747
020 Mar.	171,831.5	167,969.2	1,258.3	46.8	46.1	0.7	1,211.5	165,612.3	126,604.9	39,007.4	1,098.6		1,098.6	3,862
Jun.	168,699.6	165,079.5	970.8	40.0	40.1	0.0	970.8	162,999.7	124,218.4	38,781.3	1,109.0		1,109.0	3,620
Sep.	169,280.8	164,552.7	955.5	12.7	_	12.7	942.9	163,080.6	123,791.1	39,289.5	516.6	_	516.6	4,728
Dec.	169,617.1	165,814.2	952.3	6.0	-	6.0	946.3	164,262.6	122,101.7	42,161.0	599.3	-	599.3	3,803
021 Jan.	167,340.9	163,629.9	951.3	4.5	0.1	4.5	946.8	162,116.0	122,029.9	40,086.1	562.5		562.5	3,711
Feb.	170,063.8	166,234.9	949.7	2.9	0.1	2.7	946.7	164,716.4	125,416.7	39,299.7	568.8		568.8	3,829
Mar.	174,369.3	170,580.1	962.2	13.5	0.2	13.5	948.7	169,011.9	129,245.6	39,766.3	606.0		606.0	3,789
Apr.	177,411.1	173,555.9	1,072.9	3.0	0.4	2.6	1,069.8	171,826.2	130,357.0	41,469.1	656.9	-	656.9	3,855
May	176,733.3	173,026.2	848.0	2.5	-	2.5	845.5	171,519.5	128,838.5	42,680.9	658.8	-	658.8	3,707
Jun.	176,833.2	173,305.2	955.4	4.0	-	4.0	951.4	171,646.0	130,651.9	40,994.2	703.8	-	703.8	3,528
Jul.	181,006.1	177,317.8	1,325.4	2.4	-	2.4	1,323.1	175,263.6	133,625.3	41,638.3	728.8	-	728.8	3,688
Aug.	181,014.6	177,256.1	1,213.9	2.3	-	2.3	1,211.6	175,370.6	132,696.3	42,674.3	671.7	-	671.7	3,758
Sep.	187,043.4	182,820.4	936.1	2.2	2.2	-	933.9	181,224.8	137,778.6	43,446.2	659.5	-	659.5	4,223
Oct.	191,173.9	185,092.0	937.3	2.6	2.1	0.5	934.6	183,418.0	140,337.7	43,080.3	736.7	-	736.7	6,081
Nov.	191,736.6	185,518.8	905.9	2.1	2.1		903.8	183,877.8	140,202.2	43,675.6	735.1	-	735.1	6,217
Dec.	196,387.0	190,373.2	935.8	4.5	1.9	2.5	931.4	188,601.7	144,750.0	43,851.7	835.7	-	835.7	6,013
022														
Jan.	193,903.1	187,485.0	1,057.9	1.7	1.7	-	1,056.2	185,581.5	142,048.3	43,533.2	845.5	-	845.5	6,418
Feb.	191,868.9	185,496.7	880.1	5.6	1.7	3.9	874.5	183,912.6	139,309.9	44,602.7	704.0	-	704.0	6,372
Mar.	196,018.5	189,674.9	2,109.7	1.7	1.7	-	2,108.0	186,849.4	141,894.3	44,955.1	715.8	-	715.8	6,343
Apr.	207,468.3	200,670.9	2,012.2	1.7	1.7	-	2,010.5	197,962.1	152,659.9	45,302.2	696.6	-	696.6	6,797
May	212,093.3	205,037.5	1,114.8	4.1	1.7	2.4	1,110.7	203,224.6	158,700.8	44,523.9	698.1	-	698.1	7,055
Jun.	216,563.7	209,295.7	1,619.0	1.6 4.1	1.6 1.5	-	1,617.4	206,957.7	160,198.4	46,759.3	719.0	-	719.0	7,268
Jul. Aug.	222,601.2 222,473.8	214,951.1 214,532.8	3,042.2 3,247.7	4.1	1.5	2.6	3,038.1 3,246.2	211,046.2 210,435.1	164,058.1 163,265.6	46,988.1 47,169.5	862.8 850.0	_	862.8 850.0	7,650 7,941
Sep.	226,334.7	214,532.6	2,334.6	1.4	1.4]	2,333.2	210,435.1	168,309.8	46,446.2	893.9	-	893.9	8,350
Oct.	231,258.3	222,415.4	3,069.9	1.4	1.4		3,068.6	218,371.1	170,505.4	47,865.6	974.4		974.4	8,842
Nov.	232,088.1	223,200.9	3,087.4	1.4	1.4	-	3,086.1	218,981.8	170,618.1	48,363.7	1,131.7	-	1,131.7	8,887
Dec.	231,736.5	222,782.1	956.2	1.1	1.1	-	955.1	220,539.4	172,083.4	48,456.0	1,286.6	-	1,286.6	8,954
023	-													
023 Jan.	231,277.5	222,081.5	1,283.8	5.0	1.1	3.9	1,278.9	219,587.0	171,802.4	47,784.6	1,210.7	-	1,210.7	9,196
Feb.	231,240.8	222,081.5	1,203.0	1.0	1.0		1,703.9	219,031.4	171,802.4	47,219.9	1,192.8		1,192.8	9,190
Mar.	232,955.4	224,718.1	1,061.0	3.3	0.9	2.5	1,057.6	222,518.9	174,449.2	48,069.7	1,132.0		1,132.0	8,237
Apr.	241,288.6	232,626.5	1,888.4	0.9	0.9		1,887.5	229,834.3	180,542.2	49,292.1	903.8	-	903.8	8,662
May	242,981.7	234,110.6	2,259.2	0.8	0.8	-	2,258.4	230,895.8	179,117.6	51,778.1	955.7	-	955.7	8,871
Jun.	242,118.8	233,315.8	2,879.4	0.8	0.8	-	2,878.6	229,413.8	180,765.8	48,648.0	1,022.5	I .	1,022.5	8,803

Source: Commercial Banks

Notes: ¹ Total Loans and Advances do not include Real Estate Mortgage Loans (see general notes). ² Other Govt. consists of Local Government and NIS. ³ Figures have been revised from January 2012 - March 2013 to reflect reclassifications by two commercial banks.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: TOTAL LOANS AND ADVANCES1 (G\$ Million)

	Total Loans		Public Sector							Sector ³		Non-E	Bank Fin	. Inst.	
End of	Residents &	Total	Total		al Gover		Public Non-				Real Estate	-			Non-
Period	Non- Residents	Residents	Public Sector	Total	Central Gov't		Fin. Enterprises	Total ⁴	Business Enterprises	Individual Customers	Mortgage Loans ³	Total	Public	Private	Resident
013	184,172.5	182,204.6	2,595.5	8.0	1.4	6.7	2,587.5	178,773.2	91,207.8	30,912.4	56,653.1	835.9		835.9	1,967.
013	203,457.3	200,498.9	2,355.5	20.7	20.2	0.7	2,398.8	196,673.2	101,655.9	30,901.7	64,115.6	1,406.2	-	1,406.2	2,958
015	214,488.9	211,760.4	1,998.2	44.3	0.0	44.3	1,953.9	208,258.0	101,671.8	34,937.5	71,648.8	1,504.1	-	1,504.1	2,728
016	219,135.7	216,450.5	1,935.7	162.0	0.7	161.3	1,773.7	213,262.0	101,987.7	36,732.0	74,542.4	1,252.7	-	1,252.7	2,685
017	224,633.0	222,870.5	3,408.8	117.8	3.8	114.0	3,291.0	218,502.3	103,479.3	37,129.0	77,894.1	959.5	-	959.5	1,762
018															
Mar.	219,164.6	217,320.9	1,091.2	94.2	7.2	87.0	997.0	215,507.5	102,526.7	34,519.4	78,461.4	722.2	-	722.2	1,843
Jun.	226,388.3	223,610.6	1,510.2	167.5	65.1	102.5	1,342.7	221,316.1	106,601.1	34,770.1	79,944.9	784.3	-	784.3	2,777
Sep.	227,238.3	224,757.8	1,273.5	115.5	3.8	111.7	1,158.0	222,594.9	105,934.3	36,598.1	80,062.5	889.4	-	889.4	2,480
Dec.	234,009.6	231,287.6	1,261.8	137.4	6.9	130.5	1,124.4	229,177.9	108,364.8	39,042.2	81,770.8	847.9	-	847.9	2,722
019															
Mar.	233,993.0	231,320.8	972.3	2.5	2.5	-	969.8	229,348.3	106,095.0	39,377.1	83,876.2	1,000.2	-	1,000.2	2,672
Jun.	239,992.4	236,853.1	1,083.0	95.1	95.1	-	988.0	234,684.4	110,899.2	39,246.3	84,539.0	1,085.6	-	1,085.6	3,139
Sep.	244,502.5	239,767.0	1,186.7	75.8	75.7	0.1	1,110.9	237,361.9	113,479.3	38,260.7	85,621.8	1,218.5	-	1,218.5	4,735
Dec.	254,822.6	251,075.4	1,060.9	66.4	47.9	18.5	994.5	249,039.9	119,773.3	41,875.2	87,391.3	974.6	-	974.6	3,747
2020															
Mar.	260,470.0	256,607.8	1,258.3	46.8	46.1	0.7	1,211.5	254,250.8	126,604.9	39,007.4	88,638.5	1,098.6	-	1,098.6	3,862
Jun.	257,359.2	253,739.2	970.8	0.0	-	0.0	970.8	251,659.4	124,218.4	38,781.3	88,659.7	1,109.0	-	1,109.0	3,620
Sep.	259,212.3	254,484.2	955.5	12.7	-	12.7	942.9	253,012.1	123,791.1	39,289.5	89,931.5	516.6	-	516.6	4,728
Dec.	260,256.1	256,453.1	952.3	6.0	-	6.0	946.3	254,901.6	122,101.7	42,161.0	90,639.0	599.3	-	599.3	3,803
021 Jan.	258,988.5	255,277.4	951.3	4.5	0.1	4.5	946.8	253,763.6	122,029.9	40,086.1	91,647.6	562.5		562.5	3,711
Feb.	260,584.8	256,755.8	949.7	2.9	0.2	2.7	946.7	255,237.4	125,416.7	39,299.7	90,521.0	568.8	-	568.8	3,829
Mar.	265,373.6	261,584.5	962.2	13.5	-	13.5	948.7	260,016.2	129,245.6	39,766.3	91,004.3	606.0	-	606.0	3,789
Apr.	268,141.4	264,286.1	1,072.9	3.0	0.4	2.6	1,069.8	262,556.4	130,357.0	41,469.1	90,730.3	656.9	-	656.9	3,855
May	267,732.0	264,024.9	848.0	2.5	-	2.5	845.5	262,518.1	128,838.5	42,680.9	90,998.7	658.8	-	658.8	3,707
Jun. Jul.	268,771.3 273,448.8	265,243.3 269,760.6	955.4 1,325.4	4.0 2.4	-	4.0 2.4	951.4 1,323.1	263,584.1 267,706.3	130,651.9 133,625.3	40,994.2 41,638.3	91,938.1 92,442.7	703.8 728.8	-	703.8 728.8	3,528 3,688
Aug.	274,017.4	270,259.0	1,213.9	2.3	-	2.3	1,211.6	268,373.4	132,696.3	42,674.3	93,002.9	671.7	-	671.7	3,758
Sep.	280,863.1	276,640.1	936.1	2.2	2.2	2.0	933.9	275,044.5	137,778.6	43,446,2	93,819.7	659.5	_	659.5	4,223
Oct.	285,518.8	279,436.9	937.3	2.2	2.2	0.5	934.6	277,763.0	140,337.7	43,080.3	94,344.9	736.7	-	736.7	6,081
Nov.	286,906.2	280,688.5	905.9	2.0	2.1	0.5	903.8	279,047.4	140,337.7	43,675.6	95,169.7	735.1	-	735.1	6,217
Dec.	292,006.7	285,992.9	935.8	4.5	1.9	2.5	931.4	284,221.5	144,750.0	43,851.7	95,619.8	835.7	-	835.7	6,013
022	000 074 0	000 050 4	4 057 0	47		-	4 050 0	004 0 40 0	110.010.0	40,500,0	05 700 4	045.5		0.45.5	0.440
Jan. Feb.	289,671.2 287,676.8	283,253.1 281,304.6	1,057.9 880.1	1.7 5.6	1.7 1.7	3.9	1,056.2 874.5	281,349.6 279,720.5	142,048.3 139,309.9	43,533.2 44,602.7	95,768.1 95,807.9	845.5 704.0	-	845.5 704.0	6,418 6,372
Mar.	291,938.4	285,594.7	2,109.7	1.7	1.7	-	2,108.0	282,769.3	141,894.3	44,955.1	95,919.9	715.8	-	715.8	6,343
Apr.	304,649.2	297,851.8	2,012.2	1.7	1.7	-	2,010.5	295,143.0	152,659.9	45,302.2	97,180.9	696.6	-	696.6	6,797
May	309,734.9	302,679.1	1,114.8	4.1	1.7	2.4	1,110.7	300,866.2	158,700.8	44,523.9	97,641.6	698.1	-	698.1	7,055
Jun.	315,213.2	307,945.2	1,619.0	1.6	1.6	-	1,617.4	305,607.2	160,198.4	46,759.3	98,649.5	719.0	-	719.0	7,268
Jul.	321,754.7	314,104.7	3,042.2	4.1	1.5	2.6	3,038.1	310,199.8	164,058.1	46,988.1	99,153.6	862.8	-	862.8	7,650
Aug.	322,820.9	314,879.9	3,247.7	1.4	1.4	-	3,246.2	310,782.3	163,265.6	47,169.5	100,347.2	850.0	-	850.0	7,941
Sep.	327,880.0	319,529.7	2,334.6	1.4	1.4	-	2,333.2	316,301.2	168,309.8	46,446.2	101,545.2	893.9	-	893.9	8,350
Oct.	333,394.9	324,552.1	3,069.9	1.4	1.4	-	3,068.6	320,507.7	170,505.4	47,865.6	102,136.6	974.4	-	974.4	8,842
Nov. Dec.	335,542.5 336,728.6	326,655.3 327,774.2	3,087.4 956.2	1.2 1.1	1.2 1.1	-	3,086.1 955.1	322,436.2 325,531.5	170,618.1 172,083.4	48,363.7 48,456.0	103,454.4 104,992.1	1,131.7 1,286.6		1,131.7 1,286.6	8,887 8,954
	000,720.0	021,1112	000.2			-	000.1	220,001.0		10,100.0	101,002.1	1,200.0	_	1,200.0	0,004
023	007 747 0	000 554 4	1 000 0			0.0	4 070 0	000 050 7	474 000 1	47 70 1 0	400 400 7	4 040 7		4 040 7	0.400
Jan. Feb.	337,747.2 339,764.2	328,551.1 330,452.5	1,283.8 1,704.8	5.0 1.0	1.1 1.0	3.9	1,278.9 1,703.9	326,056.7 327,554.8	171,802.4 171,811.5	47,784.6 47,219.9	106,469.7 108,523.4	1,210.7 1,192.8	-	1,210.7 1,192.8	9,196 9,311
Mar.	342,201.0	333,963.7	1,061.0	3.3	0.9	2.5	1,057.6	331,764.6	174,449.2	48,069.7	109,245.6	1,138.2	-	1,138.2	8,237
Apr.	351,303.6	342,641.5	1,888.4	0.9	0.9	-	1,887.5	339,849.3	180,542.2	49,292.1	110,015.0	903.8	-	903.8	8,662
May	354,438.8	345,567.8	2,259.2	0.8	0.8	-	2,258.4	342,352.9	179,117.6	51,778.1	111,457.2	955.7	-	955.7	8,871
Jun.	354,802.3	345,999.3	2,879.4	0.8	0.8	-	2,878.6	342,097.4	180,765.8	48,648.0	112,683.6	1,022.5	-	1,022.5	8,803

Source: Commercial Banks

Notes:

¹ Total Loans and Advances includes Real Estate Mortgage Loans (see general notes).

¹ Other Covt. consists of Local Government and NIS.
³ Figures have been revised from January 2012 - March 2013 to reflect reclassifications by two commercial banks.
⁴ Total Private Sector figure has been revised to include Real Estate Mortgage Loans.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: DEMAND LOANS AND ADVANCES¹

(G\$ Million)

	Total Loans				Public S	Sector			Private Secto	r ³	Non-	Bank Fi	n. Inst.	
End of	Residents &	Total	Total	Gene	ral Gove	rnment	Public Non-							Non-
Period	Non- Residents	Residents	Public Sector	Total	Central Gov't	Other Gov't ²	Fin. Enterprises	Total	Business Enterprises	Individual Customers	Total	Public	Private	Resident
			Sector		0071	Govi	Litterprises							
013	65,589.3	64,885.9	1,818.9	6.0	1.4	4.6	1,812.9	62,876.1	51,423.4	11,452.7	191.0	-	191.0	703
014	71,883.3	70,896.9	2,192.5	20.3	20.2	0.1	2,172.3	68,580.9	57,599.6	10,981.3	123.4	-	123.4	986
015	75,563.7	75,043.5	1,532.4	44.2	0.0	44.2	1,488.1	72,904.0	60,092.7	12,811.3	607.1	-	607.1	520
016 017	70,898.3 75,504.0	70,190.2 75,116.9	596.8 2,290.6	160.1 116.4	0.7 3.8	159.4 112.6	436.7 2,174.2	68,961.1 72,435.1	56,130.8 58,769.2	12,830.3 13,665.8	632.3 391.2	-	632.3 391.2	708 387
							,							
018 Mar.	70,192.3	69,853.2	170.1	94.2	7.2	87.0	75.9	69,513.1	57,713.9	11,799.3	170.0	1	170.0	339
Jun.	74,315.1	73,708.4	337.8	167.5	65.1	102.5	170.3	73,126.9	60,899.9	12,227.0	243.7	-	243.7	606
Sep.	75,681.6	75,390.1	195.9	115.5	3.8	111.7	80.3	74,830.4	61,424.1	13,406.3	363.9	_	363.9	291
Dec.	79,723.0	79,406.6	215.5	137.4	6.9	130.5	78.2	79,054.9	65,451.3	13,603.6	136.2	-	136.2	316
019														
Mar.	76,339.3	76,039.3	211.6	2.5	2.5	-	209.1	75,517.9	61,190.3	14,327.5	309.9	-	309.9	299
Jun.	80,450.2	80,253.6	337.8	95.1	95.1	-	242.7	79,608.5	65,477.4	14,131.1	307.3	-	307.3	196
Sep. Dec.	79,826.5 84,808.3	79,273.6 84,398.4	278.1 150.5	75.8 66.4	75.7 47.9	0.1 18.5	202.3 84.1	78,646.0 84,123.2	65,705.7 69,427.0	12,940.3 14,696.2	349.5 124.7	-	349.5 124.7	552 409
	01,000.0	01,000.1	100.0	00.1	11.0	10.0	0	01,120.2	00,121.0	11,000.2				100
020 Mor	95 120 0	84,588.3	366.1	46.8	46.1	0.7	319.4	83,959.0	71,717.2	12,241.8	263.2		263.2	540
Mar. Jun.	85,129.0 83,485.0	83,062.3	76.9	40.8	40.1	0.0	76.9	82,706.8	69,575.2	13,131.6	203.2	-	203.2	422
Sep.	82,126.6	81,549.0	78.4	2.8	_	2.8	75.6	81,339.7	68,588.5	12,751.2	131.0	_	131.0	577
Dec.	81,064.0	80,471.3	83.1	6.0	-	6.0	77.2	80,169.2	66,965.9	13,203.3	218.9	-	218.9	592
021														
Jan.	80,099.5	79,565.7	80.6	4.5	0.1	4.5	76.1	79,301.3	67,480.1	11,821.2	183.8	-	183.8	533
Feb.	80,585.6	80,061.5	80.4	2.9	0.2	2.7	77.5	79,794.4	68,103.4	11,691.0	186.7	-	186.7	524
Mar.	83,027.8	82,465.4	91.4	13.5	0.4	13.5	77.9	82,148.1	70,353.9	11,794.2	225.9	-	225.9	562
Apr. May	84,681.8 83,716.5	84,172.5 83,305.0	200.5 101.5	3.0 2.5	0.4	2.6 2.5	197.4 99.0	83,694.0 82,921.3	70,209.6 68,158.4	13,484.4 14,762.9	278.1 282.2	-	278.1 282.2	509 411
Jun.	81,045.0	80,773.4	82.7	4.0	_	4.0	78.7	80,361.9	67,487.5	12,874.4	328.8	_	328.8	271
Jul.	83,465.9	82,977.2	451.2	2.4	-	2.4	448.9	82,419.9	68,892.7	13,527.2	106.1	-	106.1	488
Aug.	82,895.1	82,486.6	340.9	2.3	-	2.3	338.6	82,092.1	68,189.8	13,902.2	53.6	-	53.6	408
Sep.	85,499.5	84,877.9	80.6	2.2	2.2	-	78.3	84,751.2	70,679.8	14,071.4	46.1	-	46.1	621
Oct.	88,254.2	87,591.3	81.6	2.6	2.1	0.5	79.0	87,381.7	73,653.6	13,728.1	128.0	-	128.0	662
Nov. Dec.	87,649.3 90,313.8	87,009.7 89,881.9	80.4 82.8	2.1 4.5	2.1 1.9	2.5	78.3 78.3	86,798.5 89,563.7	72,913.9 76,429.3	13,884.6 13,134.5	130.8 235.4	-	130.8 235.4	639 431
	50,010.0	00,001.0	02.0	4.0	1.0	2.0	10.0	00,000.7	10,420.0	10,104.0	200.4		200.4	401
022 Jan.	87,711.1	87,231.4	204.8	1.7	1.7		203.1	86,776.4	73,473.4	13,303.0	250.1	-	250.1	479
Feb.	85,583.4	85,104.1	84.0	5.6	1.7	3.9	78.3	84,906.5	70,951.2	13,955.3	113.6	-	113.6	479
Mar.	89,307.3	88,901.8	1,256.0	1.7	1.7	-	1,254.3	87,515.5	73,273.5	14,242.0	130.3	-	130.3	405
Apr.	95,331.2	94,526.0	1,157.2	1.7	1.7	-	1,155.5	93,252.9	78,577.1	14,675.9	115.8	-	115.8	805
May	97,937.5	96,883.6	261.1	4.1	1.7	2.4	257.0	96,500.6	82,935.6	13,565.0	121.9	-	121.9	1,053
Jun.	100,602.9	99,488.8	764.0	1.6	1.6		762.4	98,577.1	83,134.5	15,442.6	147.7	-	147.7	1,114
Jul.	105,739.9	104,706.2	2,185.8	4.1	1.5	2.6	2,181.7	102,006.9	86,736.4	15,270.5	513.5	-	513.5	1,033
Aug. Sep.	105,467.3 107,174.5	104,179.5 106,362.0	2,392.6 1,478.3	1.4 1.4	1.4	-	2,391.2 1,476.9	101,284.1 104,335.1	86,349.1 90,887.8	14,935.1 13,447.3	502.7 548.6	-	502.7 548.6	1,287 812
Oct.	111,765.5	110,327.0	2,212.3	1.4	1.4 1.4	-	2,210.9	104,335.1	90,887.8	13,447.3	601.9	-	546.6 601.9	1,438
Nov.	111,320.6	109,785.0	2,212.5	1.4	1.4	_	2,276.4	106,745.4	91,887.3	14,858.1	761.9		761.9	1,430
Dec.	110,210.5	108,591.0	98.6	1.1	1.1	_	97.4	107,572.9	92,693.4	14,879.5	919.6	-	919.6	1,619
023														
Jan.	107,071.2	105,313.8	424.9	5.0	1.1	3.9	419.9	104,042.8	89,712.8	14,330.0	846.2	-	846.2	1,757
Feb.	106,418.5	104,531.1	915.6	1.0	1.0		914.6	102,784.2	88,852.5	13,931.7	831.4	-	831.4	1,887
Mar.	107,439.3	105,872.6	202.1	3.3	0.9	2.5	198.8	104,890.9	90,318.4	14,572.5	779.6	-	779.6	1,566
Apr.	114,857.5	113,347.2	1,028.3	0.9	0.9	-	1,027.4	111,841.1	95,875.2	15,965.9	477.9	-	477.9	1,510
May Jun	116,069.1 116,012.6	114,665.1 114,744.3	1,397.8 2,016.8	0.8 0.8	0.8 0.8	-	1,397.0 2,015.9	112,734.7 112,125.5	94,624.9 97,392.9	18,109.9 14,732.6	532.6 602.0	-	532.6 602.0	1,404 1,268
Jun.	110,012.0	114,744.3	2,010.0	0.0	0.0		2,015.9	112,120.0	91,392.9	14,132.0	002.0		002.0	1,200

Source: Commercial Banks

Notes:

¹ Demand Loans and Advances do not include Real Estate Mortgage Loans.

² Other Govt. consists of Local Government and NIS.

³ Figures have been revised from January 2012 - March 2013 to reflect reclassifications by two commercial banks.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES¹ (G\$ Million)

	Total Loans	Public Sector Private Sector ³ Non-Bank Fin. In:												Table 2.1
End of	Total Loans	Total							Private Secto	r -	NON-L	запк нії	i. Inst.	N
End of	Residents &	Total	Total	Gene	ral Gove		Public Non-		Business	Individual				Non-
Period	Non- Residents	Residents	Public	Total	Central	Other	Fin.	Total	Enterprises	Customers	Total	Public	Private	Resident
	Residents		Sector		Gov't	Gov't ²	Enterprises		•					
013	61,930.2	60,665.6	776.7	2.1	1	2.1	774.6	59,244.1	39,784.4	19,459.7	644.9	r	644.9	1,264.6
013	67,458.4	65,486.5	227.0	0.4	-	0.4	226.5	63,976.7	44,056.3	19,920.4	1,282.8	-	1,282.8	1,204.0
015	67,276.4	65,068.1	465.9	0.1	_	0.1	465.8	63,705.3	41,579.2	22,126.2	896.9		896.9	2,208.2
016	73,695.0	71,717.9	1,338.9	2.0	-	2.0	1,336.9	69,758.6	45,856.9	23,901.7	620.4	-	620.4	1,977.
017	71,234.9	69,859.6	1,118.2	1.4	-	1.4	1,116.8	68,173.2	44,710.0	23,463.2	568.2	-	568.2	1,375.
- 10														
018 Mar.	70,510.9	69,006.3	921.1	r	1	1	921.1	67,533.0	44,812.9	22,720.1	552.3	r	552.3	1,504.
Jun.	72,128.3	69,957.2	1,172.4		_		1,172.4	68,244.2	45,701.2	22,543.0	540.6		540.6	2,171.
Sep.	71,494.2	69,305.2	1,077.6	-	-	-	1,077.6	67,702.1	44,510.3	23,191.8	525.5	-	525.5	2,189.
Dec.	72,515.8	70,110.1	1,046.2	-	-	-	1,046.2	68,352.2	42,913.5	25,438.6	711.7	-	711.7	2,405.
019														
Mar.	73,777.5	71,405.3	760.7	-	-	-	760.7	69,954.3	44,904.7	25,049.5	690.3	-	690.3	2,372.
Jun.	75,003.2	72,060.5	745.3	-	-	-	745.3	70,537.0	45,421.8	25,115.2	778.3	-	778.3	2,942.
Sep.	79,054.3	74,871.6	908.6	-	-	-	908.6	73,094.0	47,773.6	25,320.4	869.0	-	869.0	4,182.
Dec.	82,623.0	79,285.7	910.4	-	-	-	910.4	77,525.3	50,346.3	27,179.0	850.0	-	850.0	3,337.
020														
Mar.	86,702.4	83,380.9	892.2	-	-	-	892.2	81,653.3	54,887.7	26,765.6	835.5	-	835.5	3,321.
Jun.	85,214.6	82,017.2	893.9	-	-	-	893.9	80,292.9	54,643.2	25,649.7	830.4	-	830.4	3,197
Sep.	87,154.2	83,003.7	877.1	9.8	-	9.8	867.3	81,741.0	55,202.6	26,538.3	385.6	-	385.6	4,150
Dec.	88,553.2	85,342.9	869.1	-	-	-	869.1	84,093.4	55,135.7	28,957.7	380.4	-	380.4	3,210.
021														
Jan.	87,241.4	84,064.1	870.7	-	-	-	870.7	82,814.7	54,549.8	28,264.9	378.7	-	378.7	3,177.
Feb.	89,478.2	86,173.3	869.3	-	-	-	869.3	84,922.0	57,313.3	27,608.6	382.1	-	382.1	3,304
Mar.	91,341.5	88,114.8	870.8	-	-	-	870.8	86,863.8	58,891.7	27,972.1	380.1	-	380.1	3,226
Apr.	92,729.3	89,383.3	872.4	-	-	-	872.4	88,132.2	60,147.4	27,984.8	378.7	-	378.7	3,346.
May	93,016.8	89,721.2	746.5	-	-	-	746.5	88,598.1	60,680.1	27,918.0	376.6	-	376.6	3,295.
Jun. Jul.	95,788.2 97,540.2	92,531.7 94,340.6	872.6 874.2	-	-	-	872.6 874.2	91,284.1 92,843.7	63,164.4 64,732.5	28,119.7	375.0 622.8	-	375.0 622.8	3,256.
Aug.	97,540.2 98,119.5	94,340.6	873.0	-	-	-	873.0	92,643.7 93,278.5	64,506.5	28,111.1 28,772.0	618.1	_	618.1	3,199. 3,349.
Sep.	101,543.8	97,942.5	855.6				855.6	96,473.6	67,098.8	29,374.7	613.4		613.4	3,601.
Oct.	102,919.7	97,500.7	855.6	_	_	_	855.6	96,036.3	66,684.1	29,352.2	608.8		608.8	5,419.
Nov.	104,087.3	98,509.1	825.4	-	-	-	825.4	97,079.3	67,288.3	29,791.0	604.3	-	604.3	5,578.
Dec.	106,073.2	100,491.3	853.0	-	-	-	853.0	99,038.0	68,320.7	30,717.2	600.2	-	600.2	5,581.
022														
Jan.	106,192.0	100,253.5	853.1	-	-	-	853.1	98,805.1	68,574.9	30,230.2	595.4	-	595.4	5,938.
Feb.	106,285.5	100,392.6	796.1	-	-	-	796.1	99,006.1	68,358.7	30,647.4	590.4	-	590.4	5,892.
Mar.	106,711.2	100,773.0	853.7	-	-	-	853.7	99,333.9	68,620.8	30,713.1	585.4	-	585.4	5,938.
Apr.	112,137.1	106,144.9	855.0	-	-	-	855.0	104,709.1	74,082.8	30,626.3	580.8	-	580.8	5,992.
May	114,155.8	108,153.9	853.7	-	-	-	853.7	106,724.1	75,765.1	30,958.9	576.2	-	576.2	6,001.
Jun.	115,960.8	109,806.9	855.0	-	-	-	855.0	108,380.6	77,063.9	31,316.7	571.3	-	571.3	6,154.
Jul.	116,861.2	110,244.9	856.3	-	-	-	856.3	109,039.3	77,321.8	31,717.5	349.3	-	349.3	6,616
Aug.	117,006.5	110,353.3	855.0	- 1	-		855.0 856.3	109,151.0	76,916.5 77,422.0	32,234.5 32,998.9	347.3	- 1	347.3 345.3	6,653
Sep. Oct.	119,160.3 119,492.8	111,622.5 112,088.4	856.3 857.6	-	-	-	856.3	110,420.9 110,858.3	77,942.9	32,998.9 32,915.4	345.3 372.5	-	345.3	7,537. 7,404.
Nov.	120,767.5	112,066.4	809.8	1]]]	809.8	112,236.4	78,730.8	32,915.4	369.8]	369.8	7,404. 7,351.
Dec.	121,526.0	114,191.1	857.6				857.6	112,250.4	79,389.9	33,576.5	367.0		367.0	7,335.
023 Jan	124,206.3	116,767.6	858.9	1		1	858.9	115,544.2	82,089.6	33,454.6	364.5	1	364.5	7,438.
Jan. Feb.	124,206.3	116,767.6	858.9 789.2	1	1]]	789.2	115,544.2	82,089.6	33,454.6 33,288.3	364.5]	364.5	7,438
Mar.	125,516.0	118,845.5	858.9			-	858.9	117,628.1	84,130.8	33,497.3	358.6		358.6	6,670
Apr.	126,431.1	119,279.3	860.1	-	_	_	860.1	117,993.2	84,667.1	33,326.2	425.9	-	425.9	7,151
May	126,912.6	119,445.5	861.4	-	-	-	861.4	118,161.0	84,492.8	33,668.3	423.1	-	423.1	7,467.
Jun.	126,106.2	118,571.5	862.6	- 1	-	- 1	862.6	117,288.3	83,372.9	33,915.4	420.6	- 1	420.6	7,534.

Source: Commercial Banks

Notes:

¹ Term Loans and Advances do not include Real Estate Mortgage Loans.

² Other Govt. consists of Local Government and NIS.

³ Figures have been revised from January 2012 - March 2013 to reflect reclassifications by two commercial banks.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: LOANS & ADVANCES TO RESIDENTS BY SECTOR (G\$ Million)

	20	13	20	14	Table 2-13(a) 2015			
	De		De		De	-		
	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	8.0	_	20.7	_	44.3	-		
	0.0							
	-	835.9	-	1,406.2	-	1,504.1		
Pub. Finan. Instits.	-	100.3	-	- 77.5	-	- 13.4		
Co-op Finan. Instits.		265.2	-	226.5	-	222.1		
Insurance Companies Building Societies		205.2	-	220.5	-	222.1		
Credit Unions		-	-	-	-	-		
Brokers and Money Lenders		- 441.0	-	- 447.7	-	- 576.2		
Trust & Investment Companies		29.3	_	654.5		692.3		
Pension Funds		-	-	-	-			
BUSINESS ENTERPRISES	2,587.5	94,992.3	2,398.8	105,654.4	1,953.9	106,542.4		
Agriculture	587.8	13,340.6	770.6	12,008.2	708.4	11,689.5		
Sugarcane	587.8	2,882.8	770.6	2,544.1	708.4	2,029.4		
Paddy	-	5,980.6	-	5,151.1	-	5,506.7		
Other Farming	-	365.0	-	593.6	-	1,110.8		
Livestock	-	1,752.0	-	1,639.3	-	1,197.3		
Forestry	-	1,163.7	-	990.2	-	859.8		
Shrimp & Other Fishing	-	1,196.5	-	1,090.0	-	985.4		
Mining & Quarrying	1.4	5,207.7	1.1	5,456.8	0.8	4,893.8		
Bauxite	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other	1.4	5,207.7	1.1	5,456.8	0.8	4,893.8		
Manufacturing	1,936.0	26,887.6	1,536.4	31,169.4	1,244.8	30,224.3		
Timber and Sawmilling	-	2,256.7	-	2,419.1	-	2,420.6		
Other Constr. and Engin.	-	11,083.0	-	13,422.6	-	13,988.8		
Sugar Molasses	1,909.1	-	1,536.4	-	1,244.8	-		
Rice Milling	-	3,876.5	-	4,213.7	-	3,301.2		
Beverages, Food & Tobacco	-	6,241.9	-	6,728.9	-	5,927.0		
Textiles & Clothing	-	174.0	-	187.5	-	128.4		
Electricity Other Manufacturing	26.9 -	0.3 3,255.1	0.0	12.1 4,185.6	-	6.5 4,451.9		
Services	62.3	49.556.4	90.7	57,020.0	0.0	59,734.8		
Drainage & Irrigation	-	0.6	-	0.3	-	0.1		
Transportation	-	4,518.0	-	7,066.9	-	6,168.4		
Telecommunications	-	280.6	-	435.8	-	345.5		
Entertaining & Catering	-	3,890.2	-	4,016.1	-	3,801.8		
Distribution	-	29,222.9	-	29,649.9	-	33,996.3		
Education	-	1,136.4	-	1,125.7	-	1,445.1		
Health	-	1,290.7	-	1,119.9	-	1,258.2		
Professional Services	-	1,525.8	-	2,422.6	-	2,510.9		
Other Services	62.3	7,691.2	90.7	11,182.7	0.0	10,208.5		
IOUSEHOLDS	-	25,309.2	-	24,848.1	-	27,589.2		
Housing	-	6,037.8	-	6,565.3	-	8,042.5		
Motor Cars	-	7,983.3	-	8,217.2	-	7,971.4		
Other Durable Goods	-	743.6	-	751.9	-	1,083.2		
Education	-	522.6	-	696.4	-	687.8		
Travel Other Purposes	-	125.7 9,896.2	-	143.8 8,473.5	-	229.3 9,574.9		
TOTAL	2,595.5	121,137.4	2,419.5	131,908.7	1,998.2	135,635.6		

COMMERCIAL BANKS: LOANS & ADVANCES TO RESIDENTS BY SECTOR (G\$ Million)

	20	16	20'	17	Table 2-13(b) 2018			
	De Pub.	c. Priv.	De Pub.	c. Priv.	De Pub.	c. Priv.		
	1 0.0.		1 00.		1 00.			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	162.0	-	117.8	-	137.4	-		
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	-	1,252.7	-	959.5	-	847.9		
Pub. Finan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Co-op Finan. Instits.	-	6.4	-	-	-	-		
Insurance Companies	-	318.9	-	204.6	-	70.0		
Building Societies	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Credit Unions	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Brokers and Money Lenders	-	467.0	-	297.9	-	331.4		
Trust & Investment Companies Pension Funds	-	460.4 -	-	457.0 -	-	446.5		
BUSINESS ENTERPRISES	1,773.7	106,135.6	3,291.0	107,101.5	1,124.4	112,791.9		
Agriculture	851.1	11,172.0	2,374.2	11,358.6	278.2	13,443.8		
Sugarcane	851.1	1,949.7	2,374.2	1,529.2	278.2	1,039.3		
Paddy		5,249.0	-	5,804.4	-	7,301.4		
Other Farming	-	1,055.1	-	1,092.2	-	1,051.7		
Livestock	-	1,135.2	-	1,471.6	-	1,341.1		
Forestry	-	814.8	-	403.6	-	477.0		
Shrimp & Other Fishing	-	968.2	-	1,057.7	-	2,233.3		
Mining & Quarrying	0.8	4,171.8	0.0	5,347.6	-	5,130.2		
Bauxite	-	-	-	246.5	-	-		
Other	0.8	4,171.8	0.0	5,101.2	-	5,130.2		
Manufacturing	921.7	28,706.9	916.8	24,521.6	803.4	24,456.6		
Timber and Sawmilling	-	1,826.5	-	1,719.7	-	1,662.7		
Other Constr. and Engin.	-	11,865.8	-	10,327.1	-	9,977.8		
Sugar Molasses	921.7	-	916.8	-	803.4	-		
Rice Milling	-	2,895.6	-	2,440.0	-	3,056.6		
Beverages, Food & Tobacco	-	7,013.8	-	5,132.5	-	4,555.8		
Textiles & Clothing	-	108.5	-	89.2	-	53.0		
Electricity Other Manufacturing	0.0	4.7 4,991.9	-	2.1 4,811.1	-	0.0 5,150.6		
Services	0.0	62,085.0	0.0	65,873.6	42.9	69,761.2		
Drainage & Irrigation	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0		
Transportation	-	5,592.2	-	5,076.9	42.9	4,586.7		
Telecommunications	-	349.9	-	415.0	-	570.2		
Entertaining & Catering	-	3,886.9	-	5,012.0	-	5,061.5		
Distribution	-	32,976.8	-	34,920.2	-	38,358.0		
Education	-	1,638.0	-	1,213.1	-	2,501.7		
Health	-	1,063.4	-	1,185.8	-	1,134.4		
Professional Services	-	2,769.2	-	2,176.1	-	2,229.5		
Other Services	0.0	13,808.6	0.0	15,874.5	-	15,319.3		
HOUSEHOLDS	-	29,610.0	-	30,409.0	-	31,657.5		
Housing	-	8,552.5	-	8,826.8	-	10,547.8		
Motor Cars	-	7,680.5	-	7,447.2	-	7,959.7		
Other Durable Goods	-	1,180.3	-	1,358.3	-	1,110.8		
Education	-	1,021.9	-	1,091.9	-	1,376.2		
Travel Other Purposes	-	279.5 10,895.4	-	287.2 11,397.6	-	225.4 10,437.5		
TOTAL	1,935.7	136,998.4	3,408.8	138,469.9	1,261.8	145,297.2		

				2	2019			
	M	ar.	Jı	ın.	Se	р.	De	с.
	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	2.5	-	95.1	-	75.8	-	66.4	-
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	-	1,000.2	-	1,085.6	-	1,218.5	-	1,011.1
Pub. Finan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Co-op Finan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Insurance Companies	-	189.2	-	211.7	-	233.3	-	25.5
Building Societies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
Credit Unions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brokers and Money Lenders	-	367.0	-	431.9	-	543.2	-	542.7
Trust & Investment Companies	-	444.0	-	442.0	-	442.0	-	442.0
Pension Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
BUSINESS ENTERPRISES	969.8	110,379.3	988.0	114,970.7	1,110.9	118,329.5	994.5	125,011.3
Agriculture	209.1	12,908.7	242.6	13,140.0	277.8	13,413.0	277.3	13,408.0
Sugarcane	200.6	872.5	242.6	873.2	275.5	871.0	275.5	875.4
Paddy	- 200.0	7,331.5	2.0	7,659.9	_, 0.0	7,427.6		7,595.3
Other Farming	_	1,043.1	-	1,062.3	-	1,042.1	-	1,038.8
Livestock	-	1,268.5	-	1,408.1	-	1,499.4	_	1,163.4
Forestry	8.5	429.5	_	391.3	2.3	426.8	1.8	446.5
Shrimp & Other Fishing	-	1,963.6	-	1,745.1	-	2,146.1	-	2,288.5
Mining & Quarrying	-	4,830.2	-	5,204.7	0.0	5,522.9	-	4,431.4
Bauxite	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	,
Other	-	4,830.2	-	5,204.7	0.0	5,522.9	-	4,431.4
Manufacturing	720.4	23,534.0	707.5	26,127.7	797.7	23,218.0	677.6	25,867.9
Timber and Sawmilling	-	1,575.1	-	1,631.1	-	1,469.7	-	1,150.4
Other Constr. and Engin.	-	10,407.6	-	10,587.9	-	10,821.7	-	10,954.3
Sugar Molasses	720.4	-	707.5	-	673.3	-	677.6	
Rice Milling	-	2,177.4	-	3,391.5	-	1,943.1	-	3,944.0
Beverages, Food & Tobacco	-	4,308.8	-	5,438.9	-	4,056.9	-	5,003.6
Textiles & Clothing	-	53.5	-	105.6	-	94.7	-	107.3
Electricity	-	-	-	-	124.5	-	-	
Other Manufacturing	-	5,011.6	-	4,972.7	-	4,831.9	-	4,707.8
Services	40.3	69,106.3	37.9	70,498.4	35.3	76,175.6	39.6	81,304.0
Drainage & Irrigation	-	0.0	-	4.8	-	5.1	-	4.3
Transportation	40.3	4,497.4	37.8	5,063.0	35.3	6,756.5	32.8	7,193.9
Telecommunications	-	552.3	-	609.0	-	2,162.2	-	2,641.6
Entertaining & Catering	-	5,418.0	-	5,771.1	-	5,807.8	-	5,888.4
Distribution	-	35,767.5	-	35,935.9	-	37,143.9	-	38,990.
Education	-	2,531.9	-	2,484.8	-	2,434.6	-	2,490.0
Health	-	1,023.2	-	1,071.8	-	1,091.7	-	1,032.2
Professional Services	-	2,172.7	-	1,690.0	-	1,731.4	-	1,828.2
Other Services	-	17,143.3	0.1	17,868.1	0.0	19,042.4	6.8	21,234.9
IOUSEHOLDS		31,987.1	-	32,041.4	-	30,698.6	-	33,537.0
Home Improvement	· ·	10,564.8	-	10,518.6	-	9,491.1	-	9,018.
Motor Cars	· ·	8,083.3	-	8,605.1	-	9,266.8	-	9,336.2
Other Durable Goods		1,084.9	-	1,070.7	-	890.2	_	4,161.
Education	· .	1,100.9	-	1,089.2	-	2,122.1	-	1,699.
Travel		201.5	_	215.9	_	195.2		162.
Other Purposes	-	10,951.7	-	10,541.8	-	8,733.4	-	9,158.
TOTAL	972.3	143,366.5	1,083.0	148,097.8	1,186.7	150,246.6	996.9	159,277.

				202	:0			
	Ma	ar.	Ju	n.	Se	р.	De	с.
	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	46.8	-	0.0	-	12.7	-	6.0	-
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	-	1,098.6	-	1,109.0	-	516.6	-	599.3
Pub. Finan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Co-op Finan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Insurance Companies	-	84.5	-	92.1	-	24.6	-	68.
Building Societies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Credit Unions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brokers and Money Lenders	-	572.2	-	574.9	-	489.6	-	501.
Trust & Investment Companies	-	442.0	-	442.0	-	2.3	-	28.
Pension Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
BUSINESS ENTERPRISES	1,211.5	131,632.1	970.8	129,305.3	942.9	129,131.7	946.3	127,419.3
Agriculture	276.5	13,967.4	276.5	12,490.5	275.6	13,439.9	277.2	13,832.
Sugarcane	275.5	871.1	275.5	887.8	275.5	889.8	277.2	892.
Paddy	210.0	7,456.5	210.0	007.0 7,111.4	210.0	7,761.0	211.2	8,712.
Other Farming	-	1,022.1	-	1,032.1		1,044.6	-	243.
Livestock	-		-		-		-	
	-	1,703.2	-	1,686.7	-	1,400.5	-	1,545.
Forestry	1.0	414.5	1.0	399.1	0.0	408.0	-	377.
Shrimp & Other Fishing	-	2,500.1	-	1,373.4	-	1,936.0	-	2,061.
Mining & Quarrying	-	3,850.3	-	4,170.5	-	4,568.5	-	4,756.
Bauxite	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.
Other	-	3,850.3	-	4,170.5	-	4,568.5	-	4,755.
Manufacturing	904.4	25,386.0	666.2	25,675.8	642.1	25,821.2	646.4	21,275.
Timber and Sawmilling	-	1,053.3	-	1,052.9	-	1,049.7	-	1,103.
Other Constr. and Engin.	-	10,638.1	-	10,583.9	-	10,532.1	-	9,254.
Sugar Molasses	661.9	-	666.2	-	642.1	-	646.4	
Rice Milling	-	3,508.6	-	3,636.0	-	2,963.4	-	3,033.
Beverages, Food & Tobacco	-	4,661.3	-	5,293.3	-	4,936.3	-	4,245.
Textiles & Clothing	-	100.8	-	92.6	-	91.1	-	157.
Electricity	242.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Manufacturing	-	5,423.8	-	5,017.1	-	6,248.8	-	3,481.
Services	30.6	88,428.4	28.1	86,968.5	25.2	85,302.2	22.7	87,554.
Drainage & Irrigation	-	7.7	-	0.0	-	0.5	-	0.
Transportation	30.2	7,213.5	27.7	6,672.2	25.2	6,756.0	22.7	7,791.
Telecommunications	-	3,135.2	-	3,173.6	-	3,721.8	-	4,413.
Entertaining & Catering	-	5,906.5	-	6,099.6	-	5,703.3	-	5,734.
Distribution	-	40,884.4	-	39,175.3	-	37,688.8	-	37,232.
Education	-	2,468.3	-	2,515.6	-	2,532.4	-	1,951.
Health	-	991.5	-	940.9	-	942.0	-	831.
Professional Services	-	1,966.7	-	2,630.9	-	2,616.4	-	2,777.
Other Services	0.3	25,854.7	0.3	25,760.4	-	25,340.8	-	26,822.
IOUSEHOLDS	-	31,028.7	-	30,868.4	-	31,137.1	-	34,104.
Home Improvement	-	9,459.3	-	8,988.2	-	9,489.9	-	9,235
Motor Cars	-	9,636.5	-	9,611.9	-	10,247.9	-	10,400.
Other Durable Goods	-	1,068.0	-	930.5	-	821.4	-	1,375
Education	-	1,311.2	-	1,022.8	-	1,635.1	-	1,303
Travel	-	133.3	-	105.0	-	74.1	-	55
Other Purposes	-	9,420.3	-	10,210.1	-	8,868.8	-	11,732
TOTAL	1,258.3	163,759.4	970.8	161,282.7	949.3	160,771.4	952.3	162,122

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SENERAL GOVERNMENT 13.5 . 4.0 . 2.2 . FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS . 606.0 . 703.8 . 655.5 Pub. Finan. Instits. .		Ма	ar.	Ju	n.	Se	р.	De	с.
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS - 606.0 - 703.8 - 655.5 Pub. Finan. Instits. -		Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.
Pub. Finan. Instits. Image Companies Image	- GOVERNMENT	13.5	-	4.0	-	2.2	-	4.5	-
Co-op Finan. Insults. -	L INSTITUTIONS	-	606.0	-	703.8	-	659.5	-	835.
Insurance Companies - 24.8 - 98.2 - 31.2 Building Societies - - - - - - Brokers and Money Lenders - 553.5 - 581.4 - 600.3 Brokers and Money Lenders - 27.7 - 27.7 - 27.8 7 22.0 Pension Funds - - - - - - - - - - - 22.0 Sugarcane 277.7 15,280.0 278.7 14,538.3 278.3 765.6 - 9728.2 - 8,90.7 - 9,728.2 - 8,90.7 - 9,728.2 - 1,493.6 - 1,79.1 1,192.6 - 1,493.6 - 1,79.1 1,192.6 - 1,493.6 - 1,493.6 - 1,493.6 - 1,493.6 - 1,493.6 - 1,493.6 - 1,493.6 - 1,493.6 - 1,493.6 - - - - - - - - - <td>nan. Instits.</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	nan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building Societies	inan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Credit Unions - - - - - - Brokers and Money Lenders - 553.5 - 581.4 - 606.3 Pension Funds - 27.7 - 24.1 - 22.0 Pension Funds - - - - - - - SUSINESS ENTERPRISES 948.7 133,533.0 951.4 134,987.5 933.9 142,595.5 Agriculture 277.9 15,280.0 278.7 14,538.3 278.3 765.6 Paddy - 9,574.2 - 8,904.7 - 9,728.2 Other Farming - 1,755.5 - 1,725.9 - 1,493.6 Forestry 0.7 956.0 0.4 905.8 - 894.3 Shrimp & Other Fishing - 0,4 - 0.3 - 0.2 Bauxite - 0,4 - 0.3 - 0.2 - 1,215.4 Other Constr. and Engin. - 1,248.7 - 1,460.4 - 1,215.4	e Companies	-	24.8	-	98.2	-	31.2	-	116
Brokers and Money Lenders . 553.5 . 581.4 . 606.3 Pension Funds . 27.7 . 24.1 . 22.0 SUSINESS ENTERPRISES 948.7 133,53.0 951.4 134,987.5 933.9 142,595.5 Agriculture 277.9 15,280.0 278.7 14,538.3 278.3 15,789.4 Sugarcane 277.7 907.9 278.3 885.9 278.3 765.6 Paddy . 1,759.5 . 1,729.5 . 1,493.6 Other Farming . 1,789.5 . 1,910.0 . 2,728.5 Mining & Quarrying . 4,243.7 . 4,165.2 . 4,541.0 Bauxite . 0.4 . 0.3 . 0.2 Other . 1,248.7 . 4,165.9 . 1,245.4 Other Siming . 1,248.7 . 1,215.4 . 1,216.4 Bauxite	Societies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Trust & Investment Companies 27.7 - 24.1 - 22.0 Pension Funds -	nions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trust & Investment Companies - 27.7 - 24.1 - 22.0 Pension Funds -	and Money Lenders	-	553.5	-	581.4	-	606.3	-	717
Pension Funds . <		-	27.7	-	24.1	-	22.0	-	2
Agriculture 277.9 15,280. 278.7 14,538.3 278.3 15,789.4 Sugarcane 277.2 907.9 278.3 885.9 278.3 755.6 Pady - 2,18.0 - 206.0 - 179.1 Livestock - 1,759.5 - 1,725.9 - 1,493.6 Forestry 0.7 956.0 0.4 905.8 - 894.3 Shrimp & Other Fishing - 1,864.5 - 1,910.0 - 2,728.5 Mining & Quarying - 4,243.3 - 4,165.2 - 4,540.8 Bauxite - 0.4 - 0.3 - 0.2 Other - 1,043.6 - 1,028.8 - 1,215.4 Other Constr. and Engin. - 1,2418.7 - 1,310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 640.4 - Textles & Clothing -		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sugarcane 277.2 907.9 278.3 885.9 278.3 765.6 Paddy - 9,574.2 - 8,904.7 9,728.2 Other Farming - 218.0 - 206.0 179.1 Livestock - 1,759.5 - 1,725.9 - 1,433.6 Forestry 0.7 956.0 0.4 905.8 - 894.3 Shrinp & Other Fishing - 1,864.5 - 1,910.0 - 2,728.5 Mining & Quarrying - 4,243.7 - 4,168.2 4,541.0 2 Bauxite - 0.4 - 0.3 0.2 0.2 Other - 4,243.3 - 4,167.9 - 4,540.8 Manufacturing 650.7 25,182.6 655.0 24,683.5 640.4 25,820.5 Timber and Sawmilling - 1,043.6 - 1,1310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 -	S ENTERPRISES	948.7	133,533.0	951.4	134,987.5	933.9	142,595.5	931.4	149,691
Sugarcane 277.2 907.9 278.3 885.9 278.3 765.6 Paddy - 9,574.2 - 8,904.7 9,728.2 Other Farming - 218.0 - 206.0 179.1 Livestock - 1,759.5 - 1,725.9 - 1,433.6 Forestry 0.7 956.0 0.4 905.8 - 894.3 Shrinp & Other Fishing - 1,864.5 - 1,910.0 - 2,728.5 Mining & Quarrying - 4,243.7 - 4,168.2 4,541.0 2 Bauxite - 0.4 - 0.3 0.2 0.2 Other - 4,243.3 - 4,167.9 - 4,540.8 Manufacturing 650.7 25,182.6 655.0 24,683.5 640.4 25,820.5 Timber and Sawmilling - 1,043.6 - 1,1310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 -	lture	277.9	15,280.0	278.7	14.538.3	278.3	15,789,4	278.3	16,519
Paddy - 9,574.2 - 8,904.7 - 9,728.2 Other Farming - 218.0 - 206.0 - 179.1 Livestock - 1,759.5 - 1,725.9 - 1,493.6 Forestry 0.7 956.0 0.4 905.8 - 894.3 Shrimp & Other Fishing - 4,243.7 - 4,168.2 - 4,541.0 Bauxite - 0.4 - 0.3 - 0.2 Other - 4,243.3 - 4,167.9 - 4,540.8 Manufacturing 650.7 25,182.5 655.0 24,683.5 640.4 25,820.5 Timber and Sawmilling - 1,2,818.7 - 11,310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 2,131.3 - 19,43.0 Beverages, Food & Tobacco - 4,225.4 - 4,488.9 - 4,671.4 Testiles & Clothing </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>278.3</td> <td>760</td>			-					278.3	760
Other Farming - 218.0 - 206.0 - 179.1 Livestock - 1,759.5 - 1,725.9 1,433.6 Forestry 0.7 956.0 0.4 905.8 894.3 Shrimp & Other Fishing - 1,864.5 - 1,910.0 2,728.5 Mining & Quarrying - 4,243.7 - 4,168.2 - 4,540.8 Bauxite 0.4 - 0.3 - 0.2 0.2 0.4 Other - 4,243.3 - 4,167.9 - 4,540.8 Manufacturing 650.7 25,182.5 655.0 2,4683.5 640.4 25,820.5 Timber and Sawmilling - 10,43.6 - 11,310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 640.4 - Rice Milling - 2,226.8 - 4,488.9 - 4,671.4 Testice Manufacturing - 168.3 </td <td></td> <td>217.2</td> <td></td> <td>210.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>210.0</td> <td>9,923</td>		217.2		210.0				210.0	9,923
Livestock - 1,759.5 - 1,725.9 - 1,493.6 Forestry 0.7 956.0 0.4 905.8 - 884.3 Shrimp & Other Fishing - 1,864.5 - 1,910.0 - 2,728.5 Mining & Quarrying - 4,243.7 - 4,168.2 - 4,541.0 Bauxite - 0.4 - 0.3 - 0.2 Other - 4,243.3 - 4,167.9 - 4,540.8 Manufacturing 650.7 25,182.5 655.0 24,683.5 640.4 25,820.5 Timber and Sawmilling - 1,043.6 - 1,068.8 1,215.4 Other Constr. and Engin. - 12,818.7 - 610.4 - Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 640.4 - Rice Milling - 12,818.7 - 1,943.0 - - Textiles & Clothing - 168.3 - 19,443.0 - - Textiles & Clothing -	arming	_		_		_		_	181
Forestry 0.7 956.0 0.4 905.8 - 894.3 Shrimp & Other Fishing - 1,864.5 - 1,910.0 - 2,728.5 Mining & Quarrying - 4,243.7 - 4,168.2 - 4,541.0 Bauxite - 0.4 - 0.3 - 0.2 Other - 4,243.3 - 4,167.9 - 4,540.8 Manufacturing 650.7 25,182.5 655.0 24,683.5 640.4 25,820.5 Timber and Sawmilling - 1,043.6 - 1,068.8 - 1,215.4 Other Constr. and Engin. - 12,818.7 - 11,310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 640.4 - Rice Milling - 12,818.7 - 11,310.2 - 12,616.5 Bayar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 6,114 Textiles & Clothing	°	_		_		_			1,580
Shrimp & Other Fishing 1		- 07		- 0.4	,	-	-	-	921
Bauxite - 0.4 - 0.3 - 0.2 Other - 4,243.3 - 4,167.9 - 4,540.8 Manufacturing 650.7 25,182.5 655.0 24,683.5 640.4 25,820.5 Timber and Saxmilling - 1,043.6 - 1,068.8 - 1,215.4 Other Constr. and Engin. - 12,818.7 - 11,310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 640.4 - - Rice Milling - 2,262.8 - 2,131.3 - 1,943.0 Beverages, Food & Tobacco - 4,225.4 - 4,488.9 - 4,671.4 Textiles & Clothing - - - - - - - Other Manufacturing - 4,663.7 - 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 - Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 53.9 - - - - - Drainage & Irrigation -	,	- 0.7						-	3,151
Bauxite - 0.4 - 0.3 - 0.2 Other - 4,243.3 - 4,167.9 - 4,540.8 Manufacturing 650.7 25,182.5 655.0 24,683.5 640.4 25,820.5 Timber and Sawmilling - 1,043.6 - 1,068.8 - 1,215.4 Other Constr. and Engin. - 12,818.7 - 11,310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 640.4 - Rice Milling - 2,262.8 - 2,131.3 - 1,943.0 Beverages, Food & Tobacco - 4,225.4 - 4,488.9 - 4,671.4 Textiles & Clothing - 168.3 - 158.3 - 158.0 Electricity - - - - - - - Other Manufacturing 20.2 88,826.9 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 5.166.9 - 5,495	l Quarrying		4 242 7		4 169 2		4 5 4 1 0		4,231
Other 4,243.3 4,167.9 4,540.8 Manufacturing 650.7 25,182.5 655.0 24,683.5 640.4 25,820.5 Timber and Sawmilling 10,43.6 11,310.2 12,616.5 12,616.5 Other Constr. and Engin. 12,818.7 11,310.2 12,616.5 640.4 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 655.0 - 640.4 12,818.7 Rice Milling 2,262.8 2,131.3 1,943.0 1943.0 Beverages, Food & Tobacco 4,225.4 4,468.9 4,671.4 Textlies & Clothing 168.3 158.3 158.0 Electricity - - - - Other Manufacturing 0.0 5,526.0 5,216.1 Services 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation 2.02.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Talecommunications 2.458.6 4.941.3 5,166.9 5,495.6		-	, .	-		-	-	-	4,231
Timber and Sawmilling - 1,043.6 - 1,068.8 - 1,215.4 Other Constr. and Engin. - 12,818.7 - 11,310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 640.4 - Rice Milling - 2,262.8 - 2,131.3 - 1,943.0 Beverages, Food & Tobacco - 4,225.4 - 4,488.9 - 4,671.4 Textiles & Clothing - 168.3 - 158.3 - 158.0 Electricity - - - - - - - Other Manufacturing - 4,663.7 - 5,526.0 - 5,216.1 Services 20.2 88,826.9 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 5,216.1 - 5,216.1 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 5,768.1 - 5,495.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>4,231</td>		-	_	-		-		-	4,231
Timber and Sawmilling 1,043.6 1,068.8 1,215.4 Other Constr. and Engin. 12,818.7 11,310.2 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 655.0 640.4 12,616.5 Rice Milling 2,262.8 2,131.3 1,943.0 Beverages, Food & Tobacco 4,225.4 4,488.9 4,671.4 Textiles & Clothing 168.3 158.3 158.0 Electricity - - - Other Manufacturing 4,663.7 5,526.0 5,216.1 Services 20.2 88,826.9 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 5,216.1 - <td>oturing</td> <td>650 7</td> <td>25 192 5</td> <td>655.0</td> <td>24 692 5</td> <td>640.4</td> <td>25 820 5</td> <td>640.4</td> <td>27,025</td>	oturing	650 7	25 192 5	655.0	24 692 5	640.4	25 820 5	640.4	27,025
Other Constr. and Engin. - 12,818.7 - 11,310.2 - 12,616.5 Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 640.4 - Rice Milling - 2,262.8 - 2,131.3 - 1,943.0 Beverages, Food & Tobacco - 4,225.4 - 4,488.9 - 4,671.4 Textiles & Clothing - 168.3 - 158.3 - 158.0 Electricity - - - - - - - Other Manufacturing - 4,663.7 - 5,526.0 - 5,216.1 Services 20.2 88,826.9 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 5,216.1 - 5,39.9 Transportation 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Telecommunications - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - 5,166.9	-	050.7	-	055.0		040.4		040.4	-
Sugar Molasses 650.7 - 655.0 - 640.4 - Rice Milling - 2,262.8 - 2,131.3 - 1,943.0 Beverages, Food & Tobacco - 4,225.4 - 4,488.9 - 4,671.4 Textiles & Clothing - 168.3 - 158.3 - 158.0 Electricity - - - - - - - Other Manufacturing - 4,663.7 - 5,526.0 - 5,216.1 Services 20.2 88,826.9 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 53.9 - 53.9 Transportation 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Telecommunications - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - 5,166.9 Distribution - 40,449.5 - 38,333.2 - 39,457.5 E	°	-		-		-		-	1,272
Rice Milling - 2,262.8 - 2,131.3 - 1,943.0 Beverages, Food & Tobacco - 4,225.4 - 4,488.9 - 4,671.4 Textiles & Clothing - 168.3 - 158.3 - 158.0 Electricity - - - - - - - Other Manufacturing 20.2 88,826.9 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 53.9 - 53.9 Transportation 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 53.9 - 5,166.9 Transportation 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Telecommunications - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - 5,166.9 Distribution - 1,475.2 - 1,305.1 1,266.8 - Health - 674.4 815.1 833.7 3,465.1	°	-	12,818.7	-	11,310.2	-	12,616.5	-	12,238
Beverages, Food & Tobacco - 4,225.4 - 4,488.9 - 4,671.4 Textiles & Clothing - 168.3 - 158.3 - 158.0 Electricity - - - - - - - Other Manufacturing 20.2 88,826.9 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 5.39 - 5.39 Transportation 20.2 6,6949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Telecommunications - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - 5,166.9 Entertaining & Catering - 6,099.6 - 5,768.1 - 5,495.6 Distribution - 1,475.2 - 1,305.1 - 1,266.8 Health - 674.4 815.1 893.7 - 3,465.1 Professional Services - 25,730.6 - 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 Home Improvement - 8,444.6 8,211.7 - 8		650.7	-	655.0	-	640.4	-	640.4	0.040
Textiles & Clothing - 168.3 - 158.3 - 158.0 Electricity - - - - - - - Other Manufacturing - 4,663.7 - 5,526.0 - 5,216.1 Services 20.2 88,826.9 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 0.0 - 53.9 Transportation 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Telecommunications - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - 5,166.9 Entertaining & Catering - 6,099.6 - 5,768.1 - 5,495.6 Distribution - 1,475.2 - 1,305.1 - 1,266.8 Health - 674.4 815.1 893.7 - 34,232.1 Professional Services - 25,730.6 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 Other Services - 25,730.6 29,988.6 - 34,232.1	•	-		-		-		-	2,248
Electricity - <th< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>4,855</td></th<>	-	-		-		-	-	-	4,855
Other Manufacturing 4,663.7 5,526.0 5,216.1 Services 20.2 88,826.9 17.6 91,597.4 15.1 96,444.6 Drainage & Irrigation 0.0 0.0 0.0 53.9 Transportation 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Telecommunications 4,586.6 4,941.3 5,166.9 5,768.1 5,495.6 Distribution 40,449.5 38,333.2 39,457.5 5,405.6 39,337.2 39,457.5 Education 1,475.2 1,305.1 1,266.8 1,266.8 1,266.8 Health 674.4 815.1 893.7 3,465.1 3,4232.1 Other Services 2,25,730.6 29,988.6 34,232.1 3,4232.1 HOUSEHOLDS 32,883.1 34,261.6 8,211.7 8,629.3 Motor Cars 1,0811.5 11,409.0 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods 1,4198.1 1,417.0 1,215.8 Education 1,021.2 876.3 1,383.6	°		168.3	-	158.3	-	158.0	-	152
Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 0.0 - 53.9 Transportation 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Telecommunications - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - 5,166.9 Entertaining & Catering - 6,099.6 - 5,768.1 - 5,495.6 Distribution - 40,449.5 - 38,333.2 - 39,457.5 Education - 1,475.2 - 1,305.1 - 1,266.8 Health - 674.4 - 815.1 - 893.7 Professional Services - 2,5730.6 - 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS - 32,883.1 - 34,261.6 - 8,629.3 Motor Cars - 10,811.5 - 11,409.0 - 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods - 1,417.0 - 1,215.8 1,383.6 Education - 1,021.2 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel		-	- 4,663.7	-	- 5,526.0	-	- 5,216.1	-	6,257
Drainage & Irrigation - 0.0 - 0.0 - 53.9 Transportation 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Telecommunications - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - 5,166.9 Entertaining & Catering - 6,099.6 - 5,768.1 - 5,495.6 Distribution - 40,449.5 - 38,333.2 - 39,457.5 Education - 1,475.2 - 1,305.1 - 1,266.8 Health - 674.4 - 815.1 - 893.7 Professional Services - 2,861.1 - 3,392.7 - 3,465.1 Other Services - 25,730.6 - 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS - 8,444.6 - 8,211.7 - 8,629.3 Motor Cars - 10,811.5 - 11,409.0 - 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods - 1,498.1 - 1,417.0 - 1,215.8 </td <td></td> <td>20.2</td> <td></td> <td>17.6</td> <td></td> <td>15 1</td> <td></td> <td>12.6</td> <td>101,915</td>		20.2		17.6		15 1		12.6	101,915
Transportation 20.2 6,949.8 17.6 7,053.3 15.1 6,413.0 Telecommunications - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - 5,166.9 Entertaining & Catering - 6,099.6 - 5,768.1 - 5,495.6 Distribution - 40,449.5 - 38,333.2 - 39,457.5 Education - 1,475.2 - 1,305.1 - 1,266.8 Health - 674.4 - 815.1 - 893.7 Professional Services - 2,861.1 - 3,392.7 - 3,465.1 Other Services - 25,730.6 - 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS - 32,883.1 - 34,261.6 - 8,629.3 Motor Cars - 10,811.5 - 11,409.0 - 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods - 1,417.0 - 1,215.8 1,383.6 Education - 1,021.2 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel		20.2		17.0	,			12.0	54
Telecommunications - 4,586.6 - 4,941.3 - 5,166.9 Entertaining & Catering - 6,099.6 - 5,768.1 - 5,495.6 Distribution - 40,449.5 - 38,333.2 - 39,457.5 Education - 1,475.2 - 1,305.1 - 1,266.8 Health - 674.4 - 815.1 - 893.7 Professional Services - 2,861.1 - 3,392.7 - 3,465.1 Other Services - 25,730.6 - 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS - 32,883.1 - 34,261.6 - 36,258.6 Home Improvement - 8,444.6 - 8,211.7 - 8,629.3 Motor Cars - 10,811.5 - 11,409.0 - 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods - 1,021.2 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel - 41.2 - 34.7 - 30.8	-	20.2		17.6		15 1		12.6	6.483
Entertaining & Catering - 6,099.6 - 5,768.1 - 5,495.6 Distribution - 40,449.5 - 38,33.2 - 39,457.5 Education - 1,475.2 - 1,305.1 - 1,266.8 Health - 674.4 - 815.1 - 893.7 Professional Services - 2,861.1 - 3,392.7 - 3,465.1 Other Services - 25,730.6 - 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS - 32,883.1 - 34,261.6 - 8,629.3 Motor Cars - 10,811.5 - 11,409.0 - 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods - 1,498.1 - 1,417.0 - 1,215.8 Education - 1,021.2 - 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel - 41.2 - 34.7 - 30.8		20.2		17.0		10.1		12.0	5,816
Distribution - 40,449.5 - 38,33.2 - 39,457.5 Education - 1,475.2 - 1,305.1 - 1,266.8 Health - 674.4 - 815.1 - 893.7 Professional Services - 2,861.1 - 3,392.7 - 3,465.1 Other Services - 25,730.6 - 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS - 32,883.1 - 34,261.6 - 36,258.6 Home Improvement - 8,444.6 - 8,211.7 - 8,629.3 Motor Cars - 10,811.5 - 11,409.0 - 1,215.8 Education - 1,021.2 - 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel - 41.2 - 34.7 - 30.8		-		-		-		-	5,537
Education 1,475.2 1,305.1 1 1,266.8 Health 674.4 815.1 893.7 Professional Services 2,861.1 3,392.7 3,465.1 Other Services 25,730.6 29,988.6 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS 32,883.1 34,261.6 36,258.6 Home Improvement 8,444.6 8,211.7 8,629.3 Motor Cars 10,811.5 11,409.0 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods 1,498.1 1,417.0 1,215.8 Education 1,021.2 876.3 1,383.6 Travel 41.2 34.7 30.8		-		-		-		-	
Health - 674.4 - 815.1 - 893.7 Professional Services - 2,861.1 - 3,392.7 - 3,465.1 Other Services - 25,730.6 - 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS - 32,883.1 - 34,261.6 - 36,258.6 Home Improvement - 8,444.6 - 8,211.7 - 8,629.3 Motor Cars - 10,811.5 - 11,409.0 - 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods - 1,021.2 - 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel - 41.2 - 34.7 - 30.8		-		-		-		-	40,073
Professional Services 2,861.1 3,392.7 3,465.1 Other Services 25,730.6 29,988.6 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS 32,883.1 34,261.6 36,258.6 Home Improvement 8,444.6 8,211.7 8,629.3 Motor Cars 10,811.5 11,409.0 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods 1,498.1 1,417.0 1,215.8 Education 1,021.2 876.3 1,383.6 Travel 41.2 34.7 30.8	ION	-		-		-		-	1,240
Other Services - 25,730.6 - 29,988.6 - 34,232.1 HOUSEHOLDS - 32,883.1 - 34,261.6 - 36,258.6 Home Improvement - 8,444.6 - 8,211.7 - 8,629.3 Motor Cars - 10,811.5 - 11,409.0 - 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods - 1,215.8 - 1,417.0 - 1,215.8 Education - 1,021.2 - 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel - 41.2 - 34.7 - 30.8		-		-		-		-	876
Home Improvement-8,444.6-8,211.7-8,629.3Motor Cars-10,811.5-11,409.0-12,042.8Other Durable Goods-1,498.1-1,417.0-1,215.8Education-1,021.2-876.3-1,383.6Travel-41.2-34.7-30.8		-		-		-		-	3,682 38,151
Home Improvement-8,444.6-8,211.7-8,629.3Motor Cars-10,811.5-11,409.0-12,042.8Other Durable Goods-1,498.1-1,417.0-1,215.8Education-1,021.2-876.3-1,383.6Travel-41.2-34.7-30.8			22,000 4		24.004.0		20.050.0		20.040
Motor Cars - 10,811.5 - 11,409.0 - 12,042.8 Other Durable Goods - 1,498.1 - 1,417.0 - 1,215.8 Education - 1,021.2 - 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel - 41.2 - 34.7 - 30.8		-		-		-		-	36,618
Other Durable Goods - 1,498.1 - 1,417.0 - 1,215.8 Education - 1,021.2 - 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel - 41.2 - 34.7 - 30.8		-	-	-		-		-	7,111
Education - 1,021.2 - 876.3 - 1,383.6 Travel - 41.2 - 34.7 - 30.8		-		-		-		-	12,494
Travel - 41.2 - 34.7 - 30.8		-		-		-		-	1,395
	n	-		-		-		-	1,113
Other Purposes - 11,066.4 - 12,313.0 - 12,956.3	Irposes	-	41.2 11,066.4	-	34.7 12,313.0	-	30.8 12,956.3	-	26 14,477
		-	11,000.4	-	12,010.0	-	12,000.0	-	·,-+//

Table 2-13(f)

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	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1.7	-	5.6	-	1.7	-	1.7	-	4.1	-	1.6	-
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	-	845.5	-	704.0	-	715.8	-	696.6	-	698.1	-	719.0
Pub. Finan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Co-op Finan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	157.5	-	46.1	-	95.1	-	105.5	-	114.0	-	84.3
Building Societies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit Unions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brokers and Money Lenders	-	685.7	-	640.1	-	603.1	-	573.7	-	568.5	-	619.3
Trust & Investment Companies	-	2.3	-	17.7	-	17.6	-	17.4	-	15.5	-	15.4
Pension Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BUSINESS ENTERPRISES	1,056.2	147,034.1	874.5	144,888.0	2,108.0	147,412.1	2,010.5	158,020.9	1,110.8	164,525.5	1,617.4	166,162.1
Agriculture	278.7	16,425.9	224.0	15,844.1	274.5	15,921.6	274.9	17,164.3	275.5	17,109.9	276.0	17,417.5
Sugarcane	278.3	755.3	224.0	752.1	274.4	752.0	274.9	749.1	275.5	749.2	276.0	748.7
Paddy	-	9,997.2	-	9,316.7	-	9,552.1	-	11,469.6	-	10,837.0	-	10,757.2
Other Farming	-	175.5	-	180.7	-	188.1	-	187.6	-	186.1	-	179.2
Livestock	-	1,484.8	-	1,586.8	-	1,496.5	-	1,393.3	-	1,409.3	-	1,747.2
Forestry	0.4	899.9	-	892.8	0.1	882.5	-	841.3	-	794.0	-	788.2
Shrimp & Other Fishing	-	3,113.2	-	3,115.0	-	3,050.5	-	2,523.4	-	3,134.3	-	3,197.0
Mining & Quarrying	-	4,008.9	-	3,976.2	-	4,131.1	-	4,056.6	-	3,988.1	-	4,219.2
Bauxite	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.0	-	-	-	0.0	-	0.0
Other	-	4,008.8	-	3,976.1	-	4,131.1	-	4,056.6	-	3,988.1	-	4,219.2
Manufacturing	764.6	27,353.1	640.4	25,984.5	643.6	27,144.5	644.9	31,116.1	646.2	34,734.1	647.4	34,243.3
Timber and Sawmilling	-	1,273.7	-	1,288.9	-	1,291.4	-	1,372.6	-	1,338.5	-	1,321.3
Other Constr. and Engin.	-	12,036.7	-	12,144.6	-	12,530.8	-	15,192.4	-	15,624.1	-	15,982.5
Sugar Molasses	640.4	-	640.4	-	643.6	-	644.9	-	646.2	-	647.4	-
Rice Milling	-	2,252.5	-	2,043.6	-	1,481.4	-	2,544.0	-	2,615.8	-	2,679.2
Beverages, Food & Tobacco	-	4,776.3	-	4,759.4	-	5,060.5	-	5,589.5	-	6,897.7	-	6,802.9
Textiles & Clothing	-	159.7	-	164.7	-	148.2	-	143.1	-	160.0	-	159.4
Electricity	124.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Manufacturing	-	6,854.3	-	5,583.4	-	6,632.1	-	6,274.5	-	8,098.0	-	7,298.0
Services	12.9	99,246.2 0.0	10.0	99,083.1	1,189.8	100,214.9 0.0	1,090.7	105,683.8 31.0	189.1	108,693.4 57.6	694.0	110,282.1 59.2
Drainage & Irrigation Transportation	- 12.7	6,448.9	- 10.0	4.2 6,429.3	- 10.1	6,348.4	- 10.1	6.808.5	- 7.5	7,056.5	- 7.6	7,113.5
	12.7		10.0	-	10.1	-	10.1		7.5		7.0	
Telecommunications	-	5,797.7 5,504.6	-	5,960.1	-	6,002.6	-	5,998.1	-	5,999.6	-	5,974.5
Entertaining & Catering	-	5,504.6 39,203.9	-	5,404.0	-	5,061.4	-	5,137.0	-	5,109.1 43,047.8	-	5,218.5 42,947.6
Distribution Education	-	1,224.6	-	38,552.9 1,195.7	-	37,761.7 1,183.8	-	42,168.3 1,080.8	-	43,047.8	-	42,947.0
	-		-		-	861.3	-	845.7	-	857.0	-	878.3
Health Professional Services	-	826.8 3,784.7	-	810.0 3,803.9	4 470 9		-		- 181.6		- 686.4	6,124.0
Other Services	0.2	36,455.0	-	36,923.0	1,179.8	5,004.6 37,991.0	1,080.6	4,953.1 38,661.3	101.0	5,093.6 40,455.4	000.4	40,964.0
Other Services	0.2	50,455.0	-	50,925.0	-	57,551.0	-	30,001.3	-	40,433.4	-	40,904.0
HOUSEHOLDS	-	36,245.5	-	36,709.6	-	37,161.6	-	37,664.6	-	36,374.5	-	38,482.0
Home Improvement	-	7,297.7	-	7,413.5	-	7,545.3	-	7,675.7	-	7,571.3	-	8,259.8
Motor Cars	-	12,507.0	-	12,502.9	-	12,546.7	-	12,589.8	-	12,660.7	-	12,800.3
Other Durable Goods	-	1,339.7	-	1,376.3	-	1,442.6	-	1,515.4	-	1,502.1	-	1,385.1
Education	-	1,037.9	-	958.8	-	891.0	-	817.6	-	756.7	-	884.4
Travel	-	24.2	-	23.3	-	22.8	-	23.3	-	27.2	-	31.4
Other Purposes	-	14,039.1	-	14,434.8	-	14,713.3	-	15,042.8	-	13,856.6	-	15,121.0
TOTAL	1,057.9	184,125.2	880.1	182,301.6	2,109.7	185,289.5	2,012.2	196,382.1	1,114.8	201,598.1	1,619.0	205,363.1

Table 2-13(g)

Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-	Priv. - 862.8 - - 111.3 -	Au Pub. 1.4	g. Priv.	Se Pub.	p. Priv.	Oc Pub.	t. Priv.	No		De	с.
GENERAL GOVERNMENT4.1FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS-Pub. Finan. InstitsInsurance Companies-Building Societies-Credit Unions-Brokers and Money Lenders-Trust & Investment Companies-Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.1Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Sugar Kolasses648.7Rice Milling-Deverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Electricity0.0Distribution-Entertaining & Catering-Transportation-Transportation-Professional Services2,105.2	- 862.8 - -		Priv.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Driv	. .			
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS-Pub. Finan. InstitsCo-op Finan. InstitsInsurance Companies-Building Societies-Credit Unions-Brokers and Money Lenders-Trust & Investment Companies-Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.1Agriculture276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Transportation7.6Transportation-Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Professional Services2,105.2		1.4	_				FIIV.	Pub.	Priv.	Pub.	Priv.
Pub. Finan. InstitsCo-op Finan. InstitsInsurance Companies-Building Societies-Credit Unions-Brokers and Money Lenders-Trust & Investment Companies-Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.1Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Sugar Molasses648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Electricity0.0Other Kanifacturing-Transportation7.6Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Electricity0.0Distribution-Entertaining & Catering-Professional Services2,105.2		-		1.4	-	1.4	-	1.2	-	1.1	-
Co-op Finan. InstitsInsurance Companies-Building Societies-Credit Unions-Brokers and Money Lenders-Trust & Investment Companies-Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.1Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Sugar Molasses648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Electricity0.0Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Entertaining & Catering-Professional Services2,105.2	- - 111.3 -		850.0	-	893.9	-	974.4	-	1,131.7	-	1,286.6
Insurance Companies-Building Societies-Credit Unions-Brokers and Money Lenders-Trust & Investment Companies-Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.1Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entraining & Catering-Distribution-Entraining & Catering-Professional Services2,105.2	- 111.3 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance Companies-Building Societies-Credit Unions-Brokers and Money Lenders-Trust & Investment Companies-Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.1Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entraining & Catering-Distribution-Entertaining & Catering-Professional Services2,105.2	111.3 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit Unions-Brokers and Money Lenders-Trust & Investment Companies-Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.1Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Vanufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Telecommunications-Electricity-Distribution-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	-	-	55.5	-	107.0	-	175.1	-	180.1	-	197.6
Brokers and Money Lenders-Trust & Investment Companies-Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.11Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trust & Investment Companies Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.11Agriculture Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling Electricity-Deverages, Food & Tobacco Textiles & Clothing Electricity-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation Transportation-Tetrating & Catering Distribution-Election Health Professional Services2,105.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension Funds-BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.11Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	749.1	-	792.2	-	773.7	-	771.3	-	924.5	-	1,062.2
BUSINESS ENTERPRISES3,038.11Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	2.3	-	2.3	-	13.1	-	28.0	-	27.1	-	26.8
Agriculture276.6Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	170,404.5	3,246.2	169,518.2	2,333.2	174,993.6	3,068.6	176,974.3	3,086.1	177,076.5	955.1	178,321.6
Sugarcane276.6Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	18,217.7	277.4	18,021.1	274.9	18,017.0	275.4	18,608.7	223.5	18,551.9	273.8	19,081.5
Paddy-Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Telecommunications-Electribution-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	758.0	277.1	757.4	274.9	756.8	275.4	756.8	223.5	649.9	265.5	661.1
Other Farming0.0Livestock-Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	10,911.9	-	10,648.5	-	10,578.4	-	11,199.4	-	11,117.0	-	11,595.0
Forestry-Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	161.9	0.3	161.4	-	169.3	-	169.1	-	172.8	8.3	159.9
Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	2,150.8	-	2,122.8	-	2,249.1	-	2,355.3	-	2,430.8	-	2,543.4
Shrimp & Other Fishing-Mining & Quarrying-Bauxite-Other-Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	811.9	-	810.6	-	795.2	-	800.9	-	797.9	-	780.5
Bauxite-Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	3,423.3	-	3,520.4	-	3,468.3	-	3,327.3	-	3,383.6	-	3,341.6
Other-Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	4,312.5	-	4,005.4	-	4,794.4	-	4,696.3	-	4,773.0	-	4,512.6
Manufacturing648.7Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Textape & Irrigation-Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Timber and Sawmilling-Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	4,312.5	-	4,005.4	-	4,794.4	-	4,696.3	-	4,773.0	-	4,512.6
Other Constr. and EnginSugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	34,546.4	650.0	33,992.5	651.3	36,157.0	652.6	37,409.5	653.8	37,022.4	655.1	36,752.0
Sugar Molasses648.7Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	1,367.0	-	1,296.4	-	1,298.6	-	1,255.8	-	1,240.0	-	1,288.7
Rice Milling-Beverages, Food & Tobacco-Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	15,948.2	-	16,167.0	-	16,866.1	-	17,285.6	-	17,441.8	-	17,253.1
Beverages, Food & Tobacco - Textiles & Clothing - Electricity 0.0 Other Manufacturing - Services 2,112.8 1 Drainage & Irrigation - - Transportation 7.6 - Telecommunications - - Entertaining & Catering - - Distribution - - Health - - Professional Services 2,105.2 -	-	650.0	-	651.3	-	652.6	-	653.8	-	655.1	-
Textiles & Clothing-Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	2,696.1	-	1,963.1	-	2,264.4	-	2,652.5	-	2,223.3	-	1,542.8
Electricity0.0Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	7,165.2	-	7,303.4	-	8,448.4	-	8,606.9	-	8,524.5	-	8,356.1
Other Manufacturing-Services2,112.8Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	167.1	-	151.5	-	158.6	-	157.0	-	138.7	-	94.7
Services2,112.81Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drainage & Irrigation-Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	7,202.8	-	7,111.1	-	7,120.9	-	7,451.8	-	7,454.1	-	8,216.5
Transportation7.6Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	113,328.0 90.8	2,318.8	113,499.2 87.3	1,407.1	116,025.2 85.4	2,140.6	116,259.7 93.3	2,208.9	116,729.2 94.9	26.1	117,975.6 0.0
Telecommunications-Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	7,086.7	5.0	7,143.0	5.0	6,457.6	5.1	6,439.0	2.5	6,711.3	2.5	6,666.9
Entertaining & Catering-Distribution-Education-Health-Professional Services2,105.2	6,287.7	0.0	6,223.5	0.0	6,485.6	-	6,479.4	2.5	6,421.2	2.5	6,400.3
Distribution - Education - Health - Professional Services 2,105.2	5,390.1		5,449.2		5,289.5		5,131.5	_	5,207.5		5,209.2
Education - Health - Professional Services 2,105.2	44,634.3		43,633.1		44,187.5		43,943.1	_	44,378.1		44,257.9
Health - Professional Services 2,105.2	998.0	_	983.0	_	764.8	_	694.1		690.6		691.0
Professional Services 2,105.2	864.6	_	885.7	_	1,015.8	_	1,000.4		966.9		980.1
	6,174.5	2,313.8	6,347.9	1,402.0	6,705.7	2,135.5	5,843.3	2,206.4	6,080.6		6,202.9
	41,801.3	-	42,746.3	- 1,402.0	45,033.3	-	46,635.6	- 2,200.4	46,178.2	23.6	47,567.3
HOUSEHOLDS -	38,299.6	-	38,501.2	-	37,355.6	-	38,991.6	-	39,475.9	-	39,845.2
Home Improvement -	8,739.8	-	7,458.5	-	6,552.8	-	6,991.6	-	7,035.6	-	7,325.2
Motor Cars -	12,830.7	_	12,920.2	_	13,036.2	_	13,128.4	_	13,191.9	-	13,286.0
Other Durable Goods -	1,288.2	_	1,250.4		1,117.2	_	1,142.2	_	1,185.6	_	1,236.4
Education -	1,162.4	_	1,230.4	_	1,552.8	-	1,142.2	_	1,362.0	-	1,230.4
Travel -	33.0		34.8		36.1	_	34.5	-	33.6	_	34.9
Other Purposes -	33.0 14,245.6	-	15,362.1	-	15,060.5	-	16,234.7	-	16,667.3	-	34.9 16,718.0
TOTAL 3,042.2 2		3,247.7	208,869.3	2,334.6	213,323.7	3,069.9	216,940.3	3,087.4	217,684.1	956.2	219,453.4

Table 2-13(h)

						202						
	Ja		Fe		Ма		Ap		Ma	,	Ju	
	Pub.	Priv.										
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	5.0	-	1.0	-	3.3	-	0.9	-	0.8	-	0.8	-
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	-	1,210.7	-	1,192.8	-	1,138.2	-	903.8	-	955.7	-	1,022.5
Pub. Finan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Co-op Finan. Instits.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance Companies	-	153.0	-	175.1	-	194.6	-	185.7	-	186.4	-	130.8
Building Societies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit Unions	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_		_	-	
Brokers and Money Lenders	_	1,031.3	-	991.7	_	941.0	_	715.7		759.6	-	889.3
Trust & Investment Companies	_	26.4	-	26.0		2.6		2.3		9.8	_	2.3
Pension Funds		20.4	_	20.0		2.0		2.5		0.0		2.0
		_	-			_	-			_		
BUSINESS ENTERPRISES	1,278.9	177,954.5	1,703.9	177,909.0	1,057.6	180,593.7	1,887.5	186,548.7	2,258.4	185,195.8	2,878.6	186,874.6
Agriculture	265.5	17,949.1	197.1	17,254.0	260.4	17,311.9	262.2	19,095.2	260.8	19,934.2	260.9	19,768.4
Sugarcane	265.5	688.0	197.1	687.7	260.4	307.4	260.9	307.2	260.8	301.9	260.9	301.7
Paddy	-	10,499.2	-	9,803.4	-	10,188.2	-	11,989.6	-	12,762.2	-	12,831.1
Other Farming	-	155.7	-	156.3	-	155.1	-	156.6	-	256.9	-	270.9
Livestock	-	2,540.9	-	2,396.4	-	2,502.9	-	2,506.7	-	2,473.4	-	2,489.0
Forestry	-	772.4	-	790.5	-	781.6	1.4	787.3	-	735.4	-	810.7
Shrimp & Other Fishing	-	3,292.9	-	3,419.7	-	3,376.8	-	3,347.9	-	3,404.5	-	3,065.0
Mining & Quarrying	-	4,177.2	-	4,553.5	-	4,549.0	-	5,328.6	-	5,941.1	-	5,244.8
Bauxite	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	4,177.2	-	4,553.5	-	4,549.0	-	5,328.6	-	5,941.1	-	5,244.8
Manufacturing	656.4	37,410.9	657.6	36,700.2	658.9	38,272.5	660.1	40,185.9	661.4	39,589.1	662.6	40,025.1
Timber and Sawmilling	-	1,413.7	-	1,379.4	-	1,455.1	-	1,381.7	-	1,463.7	-	1,492.4
Other Constr. and Engin.	-	17,809.0	-	18,640.4	-	19,727.7	-	20,551.9	-	19,743.1	-	19,612.4
Sugar Molasses	656.4	-	657.6	-	658.9	-	660.1	-	661.4	-	662.6	-
Rice Milling	-	1,454.8	-	1,385.4	-	1,476.8	-	2,215.7	-	1,907.3	-	2,000.3
Beverages, Food & Tobacco	-	8,685.3	-	8,444.2	-	8,720.4	-	9,180.5	-	9,790.8	-	9,825.2
Textiles & Clothing	-	106.5	-	103.8	-	103.3	-	109.7	-	115.5	-	126.2
Electricity	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Manufacturing	-	7,941.7	-	6,747.0	-	6,789.1	-	6,746.4	-	6,568.7	-	6,968.7
Services	357.0	118,417.3	849.2	119,401.3	138.3	120,460.4	965.2	121,939.0	1,336.2	119,731.3	1,955.1	121,836.3
Drainage & Irrigation	-	64.9	-	89.4	-	139.1	-	72.9	-	125.5	-	138.0
Transportation	2.5	7,147.8	-	7,383.9	-	7,158.4	-	7,497.7	-	7,301.2	-	7,431.7
Telecommunications	-	7,024.4	-	7,857.1	-	7,829.1	-	7,763.9	-	7,676.5	-	7,590.4
Entertaining & Catering	-	5,443.6	-	5,400.3	-	5,406.8	-	5,399.6	-	5,281.4	-	5,456.3
Distribution	-	43,012.5	-	43,124.6	-	43,868.7	-	44,510.8	-	43,102.9	-	40,371.2
Education	-	684.2	-	676.9	-	672.3	-	668.9	-	659.4	-	661.2
Health	-	860.5	-	836.9	-	924.7	-	902.6	-	960.2	-	1,602.5
Professional Services	354.5	6,438.0	849.2	6,454.8	138.3	6,667.6	965.2	6,692.1	1,336.2	6,608.6	1,955.1	6,985.7
Other Services	-	47,741.5	-	47,577.5	-	47,793.8	-	48,430.4	-	48,015.6	-	51,599.4
HOUSEHOLDS	-	39,192.0	-	38,668.2	-	39,472.8	-	40,858.3	-	43,115.2	-	39,975.3
Home Improvement	-	7,062.3	-	6,771.9	-	7,200.5	-	7,561.8	-	7,444.3	-	6,331.0
Motor Cars	-	13,401.8	-	13,499.0	-	13,631.2	-	13,651.8	-	13,770.2	-	13,939.3
Other Durable Goods	-	1,239.7	-	1,164.3	-	1,205.8	-	1,124.0	-	1,220.1	-	1,182.8
Education	-	1,170.1	-	1,080.2	-	983.6	-	898.8	-	865.6	-	902.0
Travel	-	39.2	-	44.3	-	49.8	-	60.7	-	64.3	-	62.7
Other Purposes	-	16,279.0	-	16,108.4	-	16,401.9	-	17,561.1	-	19,750.8	-	17,557.6
TOTAL	1,283.8	218,357.2	1,704.8	217,770.0	1,061.0	221,204.7	1,888.4	228,310.8	2,259.2	229,266.6	2,879.2	227,830.3

COMMERCIAL BANKS: LIQUID ASSETS (G\$ Million)

		<u> </u>					-		Table 2.14
End	Total	Cash	Excess	Bals Due	Net Bals	Bals Due	Trea-	Req.	Surplus (+)
Of	Liquid	ln	Reserve	From H/Q	Due From	From Other	sury	Liquid	Deficit (-)
Period	Assets	Bank		Own Branch		Banks	Bills	Assets	
				Abroad	In Guy.	Abroad	2)	1)	
2013	124,030.1	7,306.9	6,028.0	7,188.9	7,635.2	16,439.5	79,431.6	68,064.6	55,965.5
2014 2015	107,163.7 114,813.4	6,898.3 8,416.9	6,229.7 11,096.4	13,095.1 7,767.9	2,817.0 2,230.5	17,116.3 21,597.8	61,007.3 63,704.0	71,659.2 74,970.8	35,504.5 39,842.6
2015 2016	121,602.7	8,959.1	24,299.0	4,920.3	2,230.3	14,632.0	66,172.0	80,014.2	41,588.5
2017	111,929.8	9,361.4	18,548.0	7,921.8	1,305.9	11,525.1	63,267.6	78,520.9	33,408.9
2018									
Mar.	125,439.1	7,603.3	22,897.0	8,324.5	3,038.8	19,590.4	63,985.0	79,224.6	46,214.5
Jun. Sep.	114,958.8 122,882.2	6,639.8 7,106.8	28,531.0 34,736.1	7,962.4 7,977.5	1,474.6 923.5	13,865.2 14,892.0	56,485.8 57,246.4	82,366.6 82,643.3	32,592.2 40,238.9
Dec.	120,265.2	10,060.7	28,082.4	7,509.9	3,599.9	13,945.6	57,066.8	83,913.1	36,352.2
000.	120,200.2	10,000.7	20,002.4	1,000.0	0,000.0	10,040.0	07,000.0	00,010.1	00,002.2
2019									
Mar.	125,145.9	7,420.5	27,729.8	7,793.8	1,379.5	18,905.0	61,917.3	84,409.4	40,736.5
Jun.	127,772.6	7,381.9	27,132.4	9,637.7	2,487.6	20,955.5	60,177.4	86,210.6	41,562.0
Sep.	140,514.5	7,495.2	37,704.1	9,375.5	1,019.1	24,710.7	60,209.9	88,495.9	52,018.6
Dec.	150,582.3	11,912.2	28,149.8	14,777.1	13,176.3	21,742.6	60,824.3	97,472.9	53,109.4
2020									
Mar.	149,001.4	11,262.0	29,400.7	15,484.1	4,621.4	25,936.4	62,296.7	98,385.0	50,616.3
Jun.	162,374.4	9,210.5	39,622.8	11,553.4	5,876.1	33,647.4	62,464.2	101,303.3	61,071.1
Sep.	189,710.4	9,181.4	55,309.5	14,600.1	3,504.3	36,781.5	70,333.6	81,309.9	108,400.5
Dec.	211,539.3	10,410.2	75,116.0	12,952.5	4,752.0	38,759.4	69,549.3	86,558.2	124,981.1
2021									
Jan.	226,175.3	9,358.5	94,071.3	12,858.6	2,578.3	37,164.0	70,144.6	88,765.1	137,410.2
Feb.	231,568.4	9,185.5	95,707.0	16,341.3	1,929.9	38,255.5	70,149.2	89,939.1	141,629.3
Mar.	220,291.6	10,557.4	88,913.6	14,423.1	990.6	35,629.6	69,777.4	89,723.9	130,567.7
Apr.	220,288.1	10,245.7	84,474.1	13,061.7	2,879.4	39,792.4	69,834.7	90,006.0	130,282.0
May	234,973.2	10,536.6	90,197.5	17,141.3	1,464.2	45,739.4	69,894.2	91,712.1	143,261.1
Jun.	233,514.5	10,452.0	67,328.0	16,275.8	942.7	46,276.0	92,240.0	92,230.2	141,284.4
Jul.	242,678.8	10,752.2	74,991.4	16,720.4	547.3	46,919.1	92,748.4	93,076.9	149,601.9
Aug.	252,285.9	10,559.2	83,077.8	16,341.5	1,652.4	48,382.3	92,272.7	94,472.8	157,813.2
Sep. Oct.	245,844.7 244,941.6	9,375.6 10,310.0	84,420.9 56,540.9	16,559.5 12,509.2	1,176.4 826.7	42,240.6 40,543.8	92,071.7 124,210.9	94,825.6 92,443.8	151,019.2 152,497.8
Nov.	252,403.1	11,276.4	61,294.7	14,828.1	1,195.5	40,545.0	124,210.9	96,757.4	155,645.7
Dec.	257,561.5	13,364.3	60,230.5	15,872.7	1,056.0	33,754.2	133,283.8	83,877.7	173,683.8
2022									
Jan.	271,656.6	9,773.6	66,388.9	15,795.3	729.2	35,533.7	143,435.9	101,467.6	170,189.0
Feb. Mar.	275,293.7 273,033.1	11,372.0 11,248.1	53,722.3 46,959.3	16,656.7 18,840.1	1,168.8 318.8	36,499.5 35,221.0	155,874.3 160,445.7	101,594.2 100,311.8	173,699.6 172,721.2
Mar. Apr.	273,033.1 255,557.6	11,248.1	46,959.3 25,635.2	18,000.9	1,144.5	33,201.5	160,445.7	100,311.8	172,721.2
May	257,077.2	12,119.1	30,868.5	19,784.5	990.7	29,052.8	164,261.6	103,290.0	153,787.2
Jun.	255,610.8	11,496.7	30,841.2	18,786.8	565.5	29,742.2	164,178.5	103,745.7	151,865.2
Jul.	247,575.0	10,868.4	35,335.8	12,972.8	644.9	14,103.7	173,649.3	105,438.5	142,136.4
Aug.	255,610.8	12,710.0	41,187.4	14,344.5	1,726.3	12,104.9	173,537.7	106,995.3	148,615.5
Sep.	240,719.3	11,728.9	26,232.3	12,182.4	(247.6)	14,844.6	175,978.7	138,514.0	102,205.3
Oct.	237,541.4	11,904.8	30,928.9	7,300.7	968.7	15,093.4	171,344.8	139,198.8	98,342.6
Nov.	244,217.4	13,847.4	33,220.7	6,208.8	910.3	18,341.1	171,689.1	141,778.2	102,439.2
Dec.	272,022.6	13,811.8	52,975.8	7,682.4	2,716.1	20,490.3	174,346.3	147,964.9	124,057.8
2023									
Jan.	282,190.6	10,661.9	51,585.1	8,456.8	1,190.8	17,588.2	192,707.9	152,455.7	129,734.9
Feb.	280,343.0	11,894.9	54,070.9	7,598.9	1,944.8	17,618.1	187,215.4	152,131.8	128,211.2
Mar.	277,286.8	11,324.1	47,184.7	7,434.5	389.5	19,183.0	191,771.0	152,364.0	124,922.8
Apr.	256,362.1	12,127.4	23,496.1	8,662.6	(454.0)	15,238.8	197,291.1	154,124.0	102,238.1
May	284,546.2	13,404.9	43,653.9	8,018.2	732.2	19,756.7	198,980.3	154,774.0	129,772.1
Jun.	287,649.8 mercial Banks	12,100.9	46,270.7	12,143.9	1,143.9	19,479.1	196,511.4	157,378.5	130,271.3

Source: Commercial Banks

Notes:

¹⁾ Statutory reserve deposits are included in the calculation of the required liquid assets.

²⁾ Commercial banks' holdings of treasury bills at book value.

³⁾ The Liquid Assets Ratio was temporarily amended to 20 percent of demand liabilities and 15 percent of time liabilities with effect from August 24, 2020 to August 31, 2022

in keeping with the agreement between the Bank of Guyana and the Commercial Banks in relation to COVID-19 supplementary relief measures.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: MINIMUM RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

(G\$ Million)

End of	Day Of Res.	Required	Actual	Surplus (+)	End of	Day Of Res.	Required	Actual	Surplus
Period	Per.(Week)	Reserves	Reserves	Deficit (-)	Period	Per.(Week)	Reserves	Reserves	Deficit (
2021					2022				
Jul.	02nd 09th	53,298.4	122,136.7 123,790.0	68,838.3	Jul.	01st 08th	60,170.9	91,645.4 95,350.8	31,47
	16th	53,815.2 54,109.5	126,702.7	69,974.8 72,593.2		15th	60,550.5 61,205.6	97,977.4	34,80 36,77
	23rd	54,295.8	127,285.7	72,989.9		22nd	61,385.9	97,310.3	35,92
	30th	54,207.8	129,199.2	74,991.4		29th	61,255.9	96,591.7	35,33
Aug.	06th	54,695.0	132,110.5	77,415.5	Aug.	05th	60,977.0	99,588.4	38,61
Aug.	13th	54,780.1	134,442.5	79,662.3	Aug.	12th	61,592.5	99,169.3	37,57
	20th	55,000.0	138,310.3	83,310.3		19th	61,785.8	102,193.0	40,40
	27th	55,001.8	138,079.7	83,077.8		26th	62,126.7	103,314.0	41,18
Sep.	03rd	54,912.4	138,422.9	83,510.5	Sep.	02nd	62,136.6	105,072.7	42,93
	10th	54,960.9	134,942.1	79,981.2		09th	74,883.1	104,160.4	29,27
	17th	54,934.0	136,857.8	81,923.8		16th	74,955.7	102,117.3	27,16
	24th	55,143.4	139,564.3	84,420.9		23rd	75,485.0	97,933.7	22,44
		,	,			30th	74,677.4	100,909.7	26,23
Oct.	01st	55,498.5	143,612.2	88,113.7	Oct.	07th	75,073.7	103,273.6	28,19
	08th	55,627.9	134,613.1	78,985.3		14th	75,369.4	105,784.0	30,41
	15th	55,579.0	109,967.4	54,388.4		21st	75,605.8	102,572.8	26,96
	22nd	55,828.9	109,166.8	53,337.8		28th	75,016.5	105,945.4	30,92
	29th	55,485.1	112,025.9	56,540.9					
Nov.	05th	55,383.2	110,565.6	55,182.5	Nov.	04th	75,399.5	109,096.6	33,69
	12th	55,882.7	113,681.7	57,799.0		11th	75,714.4	109,725.8	34,0 ⁻
	19th	55,948.0	119,869.6	63,921.6		18th	76,217.3	112,589.1	36,37
	26th	56,184.9	117,479.6	61,294.7		25th	76,314.0	109,534.7	33,22
Dec.	03rd	56,046.7	117,311.3	61,264.6	Dec.	02nd	76,086.2	110,289.7	34,20
	10th	56,456.4	118,061.8	61,605.4		09th	76,671.2	112,621.4	35,95
	17th	57,112.4	112,889.3	55,776.8		16th	77,441.7	117,426.8	39,98
	24th 31st	56,729.0 57,207.4	113,161.9 117,437.9	56,432.9 60,230.5		23rd 30th	78,465.8 79,516.3	126,787.6 132,492.1	48,32 52,97
2022					2023				
Jan.	07th	57,369.9	125,771.5	68,401.6	Jan.	06th	80,108.8	135,392.1	55,28
	14th	58,227.3	129,705.0	71,477.7		13th	81,198.4	138,254.3	57,05
	21st	58,513.0	126,340.7	67,827.6		20th	81,951.7	133,496.3	51,54
	28th	58,846.4	125,235.4	66,388.9		27th	81,776.7	133,361.7	51,58
Feb.	04th	58,916.2	122,397.9	63,481.6	Feb.	03rd	81,517.5	130,811.1	49,29
	11th	59,071.0	120,969.5	61,898.5		10th	81,462.7	134,749.0	53,28
	18th 25th	59,185.2 58,909.2	115,476.5 112,631.5	56,291.3 53,722.3		17th 24th	81,857.8 81,735.9	138,342.4 135,806.8	56,48 54,01
Mor	0.4%	59 924 0	100 526 2	50 711 F	Mor	02rd	81 060 2	140 592 1	58,6
Mar.	04th 11th	58,824.9 59,300.9	109,536.3 106,154.8	50,711.5 46,853.9	Mar.	03rd 10th	81,969.2 82,375.6	140,582.1 134,774.8	58,6
	18th	58,959.8	106,960.5	48,000.7		17th	82,347.2	129,231.0	46,88
	25th	58,883.7	105,843.1	46,959.3		24th	82,249.6	129,017.6	46,76
						31st	81,855.8	129,040.5	47,18
Apr.	01st	59,215.1	106,592.8	47,377.8	Apr.	07th	82,071.3	127,251.6	45,18
	08th	59,460.8	107,597.8	48,137.1		14th	82,785.8	122,663.4	39,87
	15th	59,949.7	104,418.1	44,468.4		21st	82,895.4	122,712.1	39,81
	22th 29th	60,411.9 60,126.4	97,648.0 85,761.5	37,236.1 25,635.2		28th	82,713.4	106,209.5	23,49
Mari					Maria	05	01 005 0	104 590 7	00.7
Мау	06th 13th	59,376.0 59,474.3	86,429.4 90,095.2	27,053.4 30,620.9	Мау	05th 12th	81,825.3 81,832.5	104,580.7 106,122.0	22,75 24,28
	20th	59,676.9	91,918.2	32,241.3		12th	82,202.7	114,562.8	32,36
	27th	60,050.4	90,918.9	30,868.5		26th	83,058.8	126,712.7	43,65
Jun.	03rd	60,038.2	93,603.4	33,565.2	Jun.	02nd	84,119.8	132,910.0	48,79
	10th	60,564.3	90,900.0	30,335.7		09th	84,638.9	128,782.3	44,14
	17th	60,646.7	92,424.5	31,777.9		16th	84,698.5	126,851.9	42,15
	24th	60,322.2	91,163.4	30,841.2		23rd	84,261.7	127,984.7	43,72
					1	30th	84,315.3	130,586.0	46,27

Note:

¹⁰ The Reserve Requirement Ratio was temporarily amended to 10 percent with effect from August 24, 2020 to August 31, 2022 in keeping with the agreement between the Bank of Guyana and the Commercial Banks in relation to COVID-19 supplementary relief measures.

BANK OF GUYANA FOREIGN EXCHANGE INTERVENTION US\$ Million

COMMERCIAL BANKS INTERBANK TRADE

US\$ Million

			Table 2.16 (a)		Table 2.16 (b)
Period Ended	Purchases	Sales	Net Purchases/ (Sales)	Period Ended	Volume
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	- 5.55 0.70 28.00	163.60 16.30 5.75 27.30	(163.60) (16.30) (0.20) (26.60) 28.00	2013 2014 2015 Dec. Dec.	24.47 80.48 75.90 30.84 49.42
2018 Mar. Jun. Sep. Dec.	12.60 71.50 75.40 26.80	7.70 - 0.40	4.90 71.50 75.00 26.80	2018 Mar. Jun. Sep. Dec.	23.90 15.80 11.00 3.60
2019 Mar. Jun. Sep. Dec.	8.50 13.00 16.00 22.50	0.10 - - -	8.40 13.00 16.00 22.50	2019 Mar. Jun. Sep. Dec.	4.00 8.00 4.00 2.00
2020 Mar. Jun. Sep. Dec.	24.50 52.50 42.00 19.00	- - -	24.50 52.50 42.00 19.00	2020 Mar. Jun. Sep. Dec.	- - 2.00
2021 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	4.00 14.00 18.00 24.00 20.00 24.50 6.00 15.00 13.00 5.00 30.00		4.00 14.00 18.00 24.00 24.50 6.00 15.00 13.00 5.00 30.00	2021 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	8.00 3.00 2.00 6.00 - 2.00 - - - - - - - - - - - -
2022 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	10.00 5.00 14.00 18.00 - 7.00 7.00 29.00 6.00 2.00 0.40	2.00 5.00 23.00 1.00 5.00 1.00 2.00	10.00 5.00 12.00 13.00 (23.00) 7.00 7.00 28.00 1.00 1.00 (1.60)	2022 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	4.00 - - 5.00 - 16.00 2.00 2.40 2.00 0.40 0.50
2023 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun.	- 6.00 7.00 -	1.00 8.00 - -	(1.00) (2.00) 7.00 -	2023 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun.	0.40 5.50 11.40 12.60 3.00

Source: Bank of Guyana

COMMERCIAL BANKS' HOLDINGS OF TREASURY BILLS (G\$ Million)

			,	Table 2.17
Period Ended	Total	91-Day Bills	182-Day Bills	364- Day Bills
2013	80,328.2	7,000.0	6,753.3	66,575.
2014	61,933.6	6,000.0	4,253.6	51,680.
2015	64,740.4	6,578.0	253.6	57,908
2016	67,153.4	5,000.0	5,853.4	56,300
2017	63,736.5	0.0	10,758.3	52,978
2018				
Mar.	64,432.2	0.0	10,852.7	53,579
Jun.	56,779.5	0.0	6,252.6	50,526
Sep.	57,535.4	0.0	6,252.6	51,282
Dec.	57,460.0	0.0	6,252.5	51,207
2019				
Mar.	62,397.5	0.0	4,252.5	58,145
Jun.	60,497.4	0.0	4,252.4	56,245
Sep.	60,583.1	0.0	252.4	60,330
Dec.	61,241.3	0.0	252.4	60,988
2020				
Mar.	62,769.1	0.0	252.4	62,516
Jun.	62,769.1	0.0	252.4	62,516
Sep.	70,747.8	0.0	5,252.4	65,495
Dec.	69,950.3	0.0	5,252.4	64,697
2021				
Jan.	70,643.3	0.0	5,252.4	65,390
Feb.	70,630.1	0.0	5,252.4	65,377
Mar.	70,284.7	0.0	5,252.4	65,032
	70,284.7	0.0	5,252.4	65,032
Apr. May	70,284.7	0.0	5,252.4	65,032
Jun.	92,784.7	0.0	5,252.4	87,532
Jul.	92,803.8	0.0	5,252.4	87,551
Aug.	92,855.8	0.0	5,252.4	87,603
Sep.	92,693.3	0.0	252.4	92,440
Oct.	125,102.3	0.0	252.4	124,849
Nov. Dec.	123,920.5 134,175.4	0.0 0.0	252.4 252.4	123,668 133,923
2022				
Jan.	144,415.7	0.0	252.4	144,163
Feb.	156,928.9	0.0	252.4	156,676
Mar.	161,474.4	0.0	252.4	161,222
Apr.	167,074.4	0.0	252.4	166,822
May	167,074.4	0.0	252.4	166,822
Jun.	165,074.4	0.0	252.4	164,822
Jul.	164,155.3	0.0	252.4	163,902
Aug.	164,043.3	0.0	252.4	163,790
Sep.	166,467.0	0.0	252.4	166,214
Oct.	162,016.1	0.0	252.4	161,763
Nov. Dec.	163,316.1 165,982.4	0.0 0.0	252.4 252.4	163,063 165,730
		5.0		,. 00
2023				
Jan.	182,982.4	0.0	252.4	182,730
Feb.	177,482.4	0.0	252.4	177,230
Mar.	181,982.4	0.0	252.4	181,730
Apr.	187,482.4	0.0	252.4	187,230
May	188,982.4	0.0	252.4	188,730
Jun.	186,482.4	0.0	252.4	186,230

Source: Bank of Guyana

Note:

¹⁾ Commercial banks' holdings of treasury bills at face value

MONETARY SURVEY (G\$ MILLION)

Table 3.1 Foreign Assets (Net) Domestic Credit Money and Quasi-Money End of Public Sector Non-Bank Money Quasi-Money Other Bank of Private Commercia Period Total Total Cent'l Gov't Public Ent's, Other Pub. Fin. Inst. Total Demand Savings & (Net) Guyana Banks Total Sector Currency Sect. (Net) (Net) Total (Net) (Net) Deposits Time Dep. 2013 197,026.1 147,805.2 49,220.8 123,780.4 16,675.8 (40,110.7 185,130.0 313,421.3 60,900.7 54,294.8 198,225.7 7,385.2 (36.143.8 (12.708.8) (25.205.9 115.195.5 2014 195 178 4 133 965 9 61 212 5 154 911 28 326 1 (37 107 6) $(17\ 015\ 4)$ (21.333.5 202 041 5 329 639 8 72 454 2 58 731 9 198,453.7 20 449 7 (25 796 9 131 186 1 2015 178.605.9 122.080.1 56.525.8 184.598.8 (6.366.4) 56.331.2 (45.266.1 (17.431.5) (23.521.9) 214.487.2 334.471.1 130.295.0 75.753.8 54.541.2 204.176.2 28.733.6 2016 179.934.0 122.502.3 57.431.8 198.881. 6.928.8 78.059.5 (50.577.4 (20.553.3) (27.139.7 219.092.4 351.034.9 144.827.4 82.961.6 61.865.7 206.207.6 27.780.6 2017 176,990.5 119,887.9 57,102.6 219,276.2 28,110.8 79,595.1 (24,963.1) (26,521.2) (33 026 4 224,191.8 367,214.3 157,321.9 92,150.2 65,171.7 209,892.4 29,052.4 2018 Mar 168,175.2 102,229,3 65,945,9 231,249 46.803 101.171.9 (26.388.1 (27.980.7)(35,283.0 219,729,7 369,927,8 153,699,8 89.560.8 64.139.1 216,228.0 29,497 158,074.7 97,984.5 60,090.2 236,760. 44,820.4 98,684.8 (24,561.5) (29,302.8) (33,906.5 225,846.6 372,598.8 155,299.5 89,854.0 65,445.5 217,299.3 22,236.4 Jun 151,441.3 93,658.1 57,783.2 241,502. 49,961.7 101,612.8 (25,043.5 (26,607.6 226,976.4 373,079.2 154,180.8 89,051.3 65,129.5 218,898.3 19,864. Sep (35,436.2 168.104.9 109.460.4 58.644.5 253.704.6 54.758.4 103.654.8 (26.152.4 (22.743.9) (34.614.0 233.560.2 394.931.8 174.998.5 102.780.6 72.217.9 219.933.3 26.877.8 Dec 2019 Mar 168.567.4 106.821.6 61.745.8 263.608.2 64.416.8 112.526.7 (28.670.9) (19.439.0) (34.395.4 233.586.8 397.619.1 173.687.5 100.302.6 73.384.9 223.931.6 34.556.5 238 829 8 Jun 172.415.9 108.149.1 64.266.8 269 855 2 66.279.4 115.562.5 (29.667.4)(19.615.6) (35.254.0 408.041.2 175.668.1 100 966 5 74.701.6 232 373 1 34 229 9 Sep. 177.078.7 109.437.9 67.640.7 285.636.3 76.792. 126.825.6 (29,629.7 (20,403.8) (32.938.5 241.782.7 427.131.9 187.449.1 104.914.6 82.534.5 239.682.7 35.583.1 (33,558.3 189.129.5 119.356.7 69.772.8 296.783.7 76.756.6 128.298.4 (30.011.0 (21.530.8) 253.585.3 458.218.8 248.224. 117.025.7 131.198.4 209.994.7 27.694.4 Dec 2020 461,123.5 Mar 180.329 103,366,6 76,962,5 315,982 93,284 142,149.6 (29.815.3) (19.049.6 (35.983.4 258,681.0 245,756,4 116.837.6 128,918,9 215.367 35,187. 200,569.3 118,778.6 81,790.6 310,256.4 97,324.2 149.117.1 (31,439.2) (20,353.6) (43,055.2 255,987,3 477.671.3 265,997,5 133,485,9 132,511.6 211,673.9 33,154.3 Jun Sep. 214 676 132 479 0 82 197 6 315,302.0 102,332.0 154 421 3 (33,078.6) (19,010.7) (44 902 6 257,872.6 493,691.9 277,565.7 136 241 9 141 323 9 216 126 2 36 286 7 188.200.7 (40.899.7 146.652.6 221.829.4 40.127.2 Dec 223 826 141 191 82 635 8 337 315 127 174 8 (20 126 3 (49 654 8 259 795 8 521 015 4 299 186 0 152 533 4 2021 Jan 232,277 144,967,8 87,309.9 338,110. 129,571.9 193.655.3 (44.363.0 258.643.2 528,252. 303,694,6 48.090.6 155.604.0 224.557.4 42,135,8 (19,720.4)(50,105.0 Feb 230,391. 139,851.1 90,540.7 342,681. 133,832. 199,607.8 (44,145.7 (21,629.4) (51,264.8 260,113.1 532,457.4 302,893.4 146.830.5 156,063.0 229,564.0 40.615 Mar 219,232.4 129,710.4 89.522.0 349,290.3 137,620.0 203.310.4 (43,764.4) (21,926.0) (53,221.7 264,891.8 531,245.7 303.433.5 146.631.1 156.802.4 227,812.3 37.276.8 Apr 223 218 129.839.1 93.379.1 355.785. 142 426 2 205 605 3 (42.810.6) (20.368.4)(54.017.6 267.377.1 537.696.5 304 769 6 149 709 3 155 060 3 232.926.9 41.307.4 Mav 230,913.7 133,147.0 97,766.7 349,912.8 138,035.5 205,319.5 (44,234.9) (23,049.1) (55,462.1 267,339.4 540,525.4 306,135.6 150,212.6 155,923.0 234,389.8 40,301.2 Jun. 227,773.2 127,134.8 100,638.4 153,403.0 (59,088.8 11,337.0 (45,952.0) (24,473.7) (55,925.3 268,417.1 540,844.0 308,991.9 149 582 8 159,409.1 231,852.1 (159,667.7 Jul 224.069 124,561,8 99.507.7 169.621. (47,193.0 25,921,9 (45.936.9) (27.178.0)(55.718.0 272 532 6 551,282,1 316.483.0 152,804,6 163.678.4 234.799 (157.591.0 270,562.9 170,167.1 100,395.8 172,671. (36,444.5 36,103.1 (47,842.4) (24,705.2) (64,034.8 273,151.0 548,006.4 316,904.0 150,999.8 165,904.3 231,102.3 (104,771.7 Aua 266.889 170.143.0 96.746.4 187,912 (34.053.8 40.484.0 (50.444.6)(24.093.1 279.864.0 557.736.1 320,122,6 151,914,3 237.613.5 (102.934.2 Sep (57.897.8 168,208,3 263.911.2 168.185.6 95,725.6 195,836.2 (26,357.3 46,499.9 (51,147.2) (21,710.1) (58.285.2 280.478.7 560.283.9 319.651.7 156.581.3 163,070.4 240.632.1 (100.536.6 Oct 265 833 167 080 9 98,752.9 204,504. (17,280.0 59,667.9 (50,946.1 (26,001.8) (59 922 0 281,706.9 567,996.9 328,169.7 158 919 3 169 250 4 239 827 2 (97,658.3 Nov 261.862.3 168 345 0 93 517 3 224,580. (3 394 2 73.055.3 (51.655.4 (24 794 1 (58.899.9 286.874.9 588,269,4 342 466 3 171 479 7 170 986 6 245.803.0 (101 826 3 Dec 2022 Jan 253.573 162.004 91.568.8 239,193.5 14.266 94 499 5 (56.320.3 (23,913.0) (59.078.0284,005,4 591,316,9 343.111.0 166.979.3 176.131. 248,205,9 (98.550) Feb. 248,945. 154,045.4 94,899.8 243,074. 20,099.8 101,425.0 (57,846.3 (23,478.9) (59,401.8 282,376.9 591,725.5 343,659.7 167,241.9 176,417.8 248,065.8 (99,705.) Mar 236,668 140.819.6 95.848.5 251,324.9 24.441.7 106.096.2 (56.966.5 (24,688.0) (58.558.) 285,441.6 596.165.1 345.698 166.913.0 178,785,6 250,466,4 (108.172.) 225,285. 126,771.5 98.514.2 271,893.3 32,105.9 112,307,2 (55,715.1 (24,486,2) (58,023.4 297,810,8 611,025.8 353,565.0 172,731.7 180.833.3 257,460,8 (113.846.8 Apr 257,474.1 158,431.9 99,042.1 240,601.9 (3,776.5) 77,587.9 (55,596.4) (25,768.0) (59,129.6) 303,508.0 608,973.1 350,197.4 171,890.0 178,307.4 258,775.7 (110,897.1 Mav 245,493.2 147,502.7 97,990.5 257,797.4 7,349.7 87,238.2 (54,114.1) (25,774.5) (57,803.8 308,251.5 616,055.4 354,931.7 174,373.0 180,558.7 261,123.7 (112,764.9 Jun 279,800 182,834,6 96,965,9 241,150 64,953,1 (53.342.7) (26.552.4)(56.738.0 312,830,8 627,667,9 361.774.3 179,324.4 265,893,5 (106.716.5 Jul (14.942.0 182,449,9 Aua 265,256. 168,493.2 96,762.9 255,253. (1,384.2 78,063.2 (54,546.5 (24,901.0) (56,798.5 313,435.8 629,464.8 360,451.0 175,392.8 185,058.2 269,013.7 (108,955.6 (16,771.4 Sep 268.356 170.951.8 97.404.4 246.958 65.664.6 (56.453.9) (25.982.1 (55.228.3 318,958,4 637.668.7 366.161.9 176,248,2 189.913.7 271.506.8 (122.353.7 251.329. 158.072.3 93,256.7 269.395. 932.4 85,517.6 (56,985.4) (27,599.8) (54,647.7 323.110.4 642,718.6 369,794.1 181.215.5 188.578.6 272.924.5 (121,994.5 Oct 325,021.0 649,166.6 373,974.0 181,940.3 250,225.2 158,157,4 92.067.8 283,182 13,354.6 96.734.8 (55.258.5 (28.121.7)(55, 192.) 192.033.8 275, 192, 6 (115.758.6 Nov 109 845 2 673 295 1 Dec 283 873 7 193 684 1 90 189 5 255 701 (16 740 6 (78 851 4 (47 734 4) (56 425 8 328 867 8 397 102 2 198 655 6 198 446 7 276 192 8 (133 719 9 2023 245 638 3 152,771.2 92,867.1 307,998.5 34,700.5 168,320.9 (76,696.8) (56,923.6) (56,083.2 329,381.2 686,989.6 403,105.9 195,223.4 207,882.5 283,883.7 (133,352.8 .lan Feb 260,186.3 167,628.5 92,557.8 281,786. 6,629.3 150,997.9 (74,916.5) (69,452.1 (55,741.) 330,899.0 692,648.7 406,087.4 198,454.1 207,633.4 286,561.3 (150,675.) 157,094.3 414,147.5 Mar 248,600 91.506.2 314.601. 33,995,3 167.530.3 (70,095.9) (63.439.0 (54.497 335.103.1 703.746.6 201.674.4 212.473 289,599 (140.545 245,527. 149.694.5 95,832.7 336,589. 47,133.4 173,467.5 (61,135.7 (65,198.3) (53,728.3 343,183.9 726,725.2 429,809.6 209,313.2 220,496.3 296,915,6 (144,609.0 Apr 176.116.1 157,134.0 345.579.9 729 255 2 428,159.5 301.095.7 (145.493.1 May 272.631 96.515.8 311.130 20.124.2 (75,849.5 (61.160.2)(54.574.0210,989,6 217,169.8 249,133.1 152 732 3 96 400 8 343 889 3 51 911 4 187,004.6 (70,702.2) (64 390 9) (53 347 2) 345,325.2 740,873.1 440,105.9 220,853.6 219 252 3 300,767.2 (147 850 6 Jun

Source: Bank of Guyana and Commercial Banks.

Note:

¹⁾ A significant movement of figures reflect the securitisation of central Government overdraft at Bank of Guyana.

GUYANA: SELECTED INTEREST RATES ¹ (Percent Per Annum)

	0040	0040	0000										202							1					Table 4.1
	2018	2019	2020		202											-			_			20:	-		
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Mar.	Jun.	Sep.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.
BANK OF GUYANA																									
Bank Rate	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Treasury Bill Discount Rate																									
91 Days	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54
182 Days	0.96	0.89	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.99
364 Days	1.23	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.99	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	0.99	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09
COMMERCIAL BANKS																									
Small Savings Rate (average)	1.04	0.97	0.91	0.89	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.8
Prime Lending Rate (weighted average) ²	10.30	8.56	8.46	8.50	8.63	8.56	8.50	8.48	8.28	8.26	8.27	8.27	8.26	8.24	8.20	8.22	8.23	8.22	8.21	8.20	8.20	8.19	8.19	8.19	8.2
Prime Lending Rate) ³	13.00	10.29	8.88	8.88	8.88	8.88	8.88	8.88	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38	8.38
Comm. Banks' Lending Rate (weighted average)	10.02	9.18	8.95	8.93	9.27	9.09	8.88	8.83	8.83	8.69	8.66	8.61	8.59	8.55	8.61	8.60	8.43	8.36	8.54	8.22	8.41	8.34	8.33	8.30	8.33
HAND-IN-HAND TRUST CORP. INC.																									i
Domestic Mortgages	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Commercial Mortgages	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
Average Deposit Rates	1.68	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.51	1.5
NEW BUILDING SOCIETY																									1
Deposits) ⁴	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40
Mortgage Rates) ⁵	6.45	6.45	6.45	6.45	6.10	6.10	6.10	4.98	4.98	4.98	4.98	4.98	4.98	4.98	4.98	4.32	4.32	4.32	4.32	4.73	4.73	4.73	4.73	4.73	4.73
Five dollar shares	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Save and prosper shares	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75		2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75

Source: Bank of Guyana, Commercial Banks and other Financial Institutions

Notes:

1) End of period rates.2) The prime lending rate reported by the banks has been weighted by the amount of loans issued at the

corresponding rate. corresponding rate.
 3) The average prime lending rate actually used by commercial banks applicable to loans and advances.
 4) Small savings rate

5) Effective November 2009, the mortgage rate for New Building Society is reflected as an average rate.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: SELECTED INTEREST RATES (Percent Per Annum)

						Table 4.2
_			Commerc			
End	Prime	Small	3 Months	6 Months	9 Months	12 Months
Of	Lending	Savings	Time	Time	Time	Time
Period	Rate 1)	Deposits	Deposits	Deposits	Deposits ²⁾	Deposits
0040	40.00	4.00	1.00	4.05		4.00
2013 2014	12.83	1.33	1.09	1.25		1.39
2014 2015	12.83 12.83	1.26 1.26	1.10 1.13	1.26 1.29		1.40 1.43
2015	12.03	1.20	1.13	1.29	•••	1.43
2010	13.00	1.20	1.01	1.15		1.47
2017	10.00		1.01	1.10		1.27
2018						
Mar.	13.00	1.10	1.01	1.15		1.26
Jun.	13.00	1.10	1.01	1.15		1.26
Sep.	13.00	1.04	0.98	1.12		1.23
Dec.	13.00	1.04	0.98	1.12		1.23
0040						
2019 Mar.	10.63	1.00	0.88	1.05		1.11
Jun.	10.63	1.00	0.88 0.87	1.05		1.11
Sep.	10.40	0.98	0.87	1.04		1.10
Dec.	10.30	0.90	0.86	1.04		1.10
200.	10.20	0.01	0.00	1.00		
2020						
Mar.	10.29	0.96	0.86	1.03		1.10
Jun.	8.88	0.91	0.84	1.01		1.08
Sep.	8.88	0.91	0.84	1.01		1.08
Dec.	8.88	0.91	0.84	1.01		1.08
0004						
2021	0.00	0.01	0.96	1.02		1 10
Jan. Feb.	8.88 8.88	0.91 0.89	0.86 0.83	1.03 0.98		1.10 1.05
Mar.	0.00 8.88	0.89	0.83	0.98		1.05
Apr.	8.88	0.88	0.81	0.98		1.05
May	8.88	0.83	0.78	0.95		1.03
Jun.	8.88	0.83	0.78	0.95		1.03
Jul.	8.88	0.83	0.78	0.95		1.03
Aug.	8.88	0.83	0.78	0.95		1.03
Sep.	8.88	0.83	0.78	0.95		1.03
Oct.	8.88	0.83	0.78	0.95		1.03
Nov.	8.88	0.83	0.78	0.95		1.03
Dec.	8.88	0.83	0.78	0.94		1.02
2022						
Jan.	8.88	0.83	0.78	0.94		1.02
Feb.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Mar.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Apr.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
May	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Jun.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Jul.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Aug.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Sep.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Oct.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Nov. Dec.	8.38 8.38	0.81 0.81	0.78 0.75	0.94 0.92		1.02 1.02
Dec.	0.38	0.01	0.75	0.92		1.02
2023						
Jan.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Feb.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Mar.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Apr.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
May	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02
Jun.	8.38	0.81	0.78	0.94		1.02

Notes:

1) Arithmetic average of the Prime Lending Rate as reported by the Commercial Banks.

2) Commercial banks are no longer offering 9 mths time deposits effective March 2011.

COMPARATIVE TREASURY BILL RATES AND BANK RATES

	Guya	ana	Trin. &	Tob.	Barba	ados	Jamaica	U.S	.A.	U.K.	Table 4.3 Euro Area
Period	Treasury Bill	Bank Rate	Treasury Bill	Bank Rate	Treasury Bill	Bank Rate	Treasury Bill ¹	Treasury Bill	Bank Rate	Treasury Bill	Bank Rate
2013	1.59	5.00	0.06	4.75	3.24	7.00	8.25	0.07	0.75	0.26	0.75
2014	1.89	5.00	0.10	4.75	2.55	7.00	7.14	0.03	0.75	0.41	
2015	1.92	5.00	0.97	4.75	1.76	7.00	5.96	0.23	0.87	0.46	
2016	1.68	5.00	0.65	4.75	3.10	7.00	5.68			0.14	0.25
2017	1.54	5.00	1.16	4.75	3.15	7.00	4.17	1.32	0.50	0.00	0.25
2018											
Mar.	1.54	5.00	1.15	4.75	3.14	7.00	2.98	1.70	0.50	0.00	0.25
Jun.	1.54	5.00	1.18	4.75	2.31	7.00	2.54	1.90	0.50	0.00	0.25
Sep.	1.54	5.00	1.20	4.75	2.93	7.00	1.71	2.13	0.50	0.00	0.25
Dec.	1.54	5.00	1.24	4.75	0.50	7.00	2.05	2.37	0.50	0.00	0.25
019											
Mar.	1.54	5.00	1.24	4.75	0.50	7.00	2.19	2.40	0.50	0.00	0.25
Jun.	1.54	5.00	1.20	4.75	0.50	7.00	1.95	2.17	0.50	0.00	0.25
Sep.	1.54	5.00	1.20	4.75	0.50	7.00	1.55	1.89	0.50	0.00	0.25
Dec.	1.54	5.00	1.20	4.75	0.50	7.00	1.32	1.54	0.50	0.00	0.25
020											
Mar.	1.54	5.00	1.09	4.75	0.50	7.00	1.85	0.29	0.50	0.00	0.25
Jun.	1.54	5.00		4.75	0.50	2.00		0.16	0.50	0.00	
Sep.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	1.14	0.10	0.50	0.00	0.25
Dec.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	0.77	0.09	0.50	0.00	0.25
021											
Jan.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	0.74	0.08	0.50	0.00	0.25
Feb.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00		0.00	0.50	0.00	
Mar.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	1.00	0.04	0.50	0.00	0.25
Apr.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00		0.03	0.50		
May	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	0.94	0.02	0.50	0.00	0.25
Jun.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	1.05	0.02	0.50	0.00	0.25
Jul.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	0.94	0.05	0.50	0.00	0.25
Aug.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	0.88	0.05	0.50	0.00	0.25
Sep.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	1.41	0.40	0.50	0.00	0.25
Oct.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	2.17	0.05	0.50	0.00	0.25
Nov.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	3.59	0.05	0.50	0.00	0.25
Dec.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	4.09	0.06	0.50	0.00	0.25
022											
Jan.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	4.17	0.15	0.50	0.00	0.25
Feb.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00		0.33	0.50	0.00	0.25
Mar.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00		0.44	0.50	0.00	0.25
Apr.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	7.96	0.76	0.50	0.00	0.25
May	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	8.12	0.98	0.50	0.00	0.25
Jun.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	7.78	1.49	0.50	0.00	
Jul.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	7.62	2.23	0.50	0.00	0.25
Aug.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	7.64	2.63	0.50	0.00	0.25
Sep.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00			0.50	0.00	0.25
Oct.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	7.79	3.72	0.50	0.00	0.25
Nov.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00		4.15	0.50	0.00	
Dec.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00			0.50	0.00	0.25
2023											
Jan.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	8.09	4.54	0.50	0.00	0.25
Feb.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	8.09	4.65	0.50	0.00	0.25
Mar.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	8.21	4.69	0.50	0.00	0.25
Apr.	1.54	5.00			0.50	2.00	8.14	4.92	0.50	0.00	0.2
May	1.54	5.00								0.00	
Jun.	1.54	5.00								0.00	

Source: Statistical Reports from Central Banks

Note:

¹ This is the 6 months treasury bill rate.

THE NEW BUILDING SOCIETY: ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CAPITAL AND RESERVES (G\$ Million)

								(G\$ Milli	on)							Table 5.1
					Asse	ts					Total Assets/			ilities	1	
Period		Banking		Public		Other		Private : Loans	Sector		Liabilities,		Deposits	-		Foreign
Ended	Foreign Sector	System Cash & Deposits	Total	Gov't. T/Bills	Local Gov't. Sec.	Gov't. Sec. ¹⁾	Total	Mortgage Loans	Other Loans	Other	Capital & Reserves	Total Deposits	Shares Deposits	Other Deposits	Other	Liabilities
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	804 817 821 774 52	6,408 12,167 10,082 10,923 12,644	9,811 3,809 4,654 6,023 6,314	9,811 3,809 4,654 6,023 6,314			27,791 32,977 37,053 37,446 37,355	27,791 32,977 37,053 37,446 37,355	-	4,027 3,920 3,940 3,989 3,674	48,841 53,689 56,550 59,156 60,040	36,758 40,029 40,913 42,045 41,707	35,933 39,299 40,128 41,236 40,826	826 730 786 809 881	7,817 8,959 10,667 11,970 13,035	4,266 4,701 4,970 5,140 5,299
2017 Mar Jun Sep Dec	- - -	14,251 14,264 14,223 15,333	5,541 6,244 6,399 5,812	5,541 6,244 6,399 5,812			37,432 37,682 38,214 38,648	37,432 37,682 38,214 38,648	- - -	3,617 3,527 3,514 3,456	60,842 61,718 62,350 63,249	42,227 42,645 42,932 43,399	41,362 41,794 42,064 42,561	866 851 869 838	13,187 13,565 13,869 14,194	5,428 5,509 5,548 5,656
2018 Mar Jun Sep Dec	- - -	16,204 15,858 15,643 15,309	6,140 5,451 5,453 5,453	6,140 5,451 5,453 5,453			39,089 39,511 40,009 40,471	39,089 39,511 40,009 40,471	-	3,527 3,364 3,353 3,908	64,960 64,185 64,457 65,141	44,542 43,278 43,170 42,632	43,680 42,375 42,263 41,733	862 903 907 899	14,612 14,950 15,252 16,282	5,807 5,956 6,036 6,226
2019 Mar Jun Sep Dec	- - -	15,198 15,961 16,225 16,364	6,004 6,104 6,055 6,055	6,004 6,104 6,055 6,055			40,861 41,124 41,777 42,082	40,861 41,124 41,777 42,082	- - -	3,895 3,745 3,769 3,698	65,959 66,934 67,827 68,199	43,033 43,618 44,229 44,106	42,161 42,745 43,351 43,246	872 872 878 860	16,595 16,900 17,103 17,420	6,331 6,416 6,494 6,673
2020 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec		17,026 17,280 17,239 17,474 17,906 18,519 18,705 18,532 18,790 19,483 19,445 19,471	5,703 5,704 5,902 5,901 5,901 6,197 6,544 6,602 6,791 7,123	5,703 5,704 5,902 5,901 5,901 6,197 6,544 6,602 6,791 7,123			42,271 42,341 42,432 42,496 42,517 42,493 42,506 42,628 42,730 42,794 42,894 42,894	42,271 42,341 42,432 42,496 42,517 42,493 42,506 42,628 42,730 42,794 42,894 42,894		3,650 3,594 3,612 3,614 3,589 3,550 3,499 3,492 3,509 3,422 3,444 3,492	68,650 68,918 69,485 69,485 70,912 70,462 70,907 71,196 71,574 72,300 72,573 73,004	44,427 44,531 44,684 44,841 45,132 45,037 46,116 46,361 46,361 47,081 47,081	43,567 43,667 43,813 43,967 44,260 44,729 45,056 45,234 45,472 46,056 46,191 46,548	859 864 874 874 872 872 884 888 888 888 886 890 890 881	17,499 17,610 17,703 17,811 17,929 18,063 18,143 18,425 18,301 18,428 18,541 18,600	6,724 6,777 6,794 6,833 6,851 6,856 6,856 6,876 6,912 6,929 6,952 6,975
2021 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec		20,714 21,120 21,109 21,445 21,562 21,553 21,867 21,926 22,019 21,871 22,092	6,466 6,395 6,737 6,935 7,133 7,133 8,036 8,110 8,064 8,110 8,115 8,354	6,466 6,395 6,737 6,935 7,133 7,133 8,036 8,110 8,064 8,110 8,115 8,354			42,762 42,875 43,015 43,201 43,201 43,201 43,217 43,573 43,755 44,018 44,217 44,265	42,762 42,875 43,015 43,058 43,201 43,201 43,201 43,417 43,573 43,755 44,018 44,218		3,404 3,464 3,468 3,256 3,284 3,284 3,284 3,284 3,284 3,280 3,021 3,039 3,055 2,909 2,869	73,346 73,854 74,328 74,694 75,180 76,185 76,782 76,784 77,198 77,111 77,580	47,877 48,215 48,537 49,194 49,194 49,967 50,158 50,158 50,158 50,275 50,054	46,980 47,313 47,637 48,285 48,285 49,052 49,232 49,260 49,260 49,375 49,764	896 902 900 899 909 915 926 924 906 900 900	18,437 18,541 18,654 18,719 18,813 18,813 18,905 19,032 19,136 19,197 19,290 19,271	7,032 7,098 7,137 7,180 7,173 7,313 7,313 7,313 7,381 7,464 7,464 7,464 7,546
2022 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec		22,156 21,772 22,085 21,961 22,071 22,379 21,925 21,625 21,625 21,294 20,929 20,437 20,638	8,565 8,934 9,086 9,284 9,283 9,526 9,531 9,547 9,547 9,547 9,547 9,547 9,547	8,565 8,934 9,086 9,284 9,283 9,331 9,526 9,531 9,547 9,448 9,250 8,678	-		44,449 44,558 44,733 44,841 45,011 45,358 45,844 46,077 46,951 47,903 49,174 50,020	44,449 44,558 44,733 44,841 45,358 45,844 46,077 46,951 47,903 49,174 50,020		2,845 2,843 2,840 2,825 2,819 2,784 2,778 2,776 2,776 2,770 2,766 2,770 2,893	78,015 78,107 78,744 78,910 79,185 79,793 80,073 80,073 80,0551 81,046 81,631 82,229	50,991 50,926 51,406 51,319 51,351 51,854 51,830 52,319 52,693 53,106 53,504	50,109 50,036 50,504 50,417 50,473 50,811 51,011 51,011 51,823 51,823 51,823 52,248	881 889 901 902 879 888 883 872 879 869 869 859 860	19,369 19,384 19,492 19,639 19,832 20,077 19,981 20,023 20,093 20,179 20,254	7,655 7,796 7,846 7,952 8,098 8,102 8,170 8,210 8,261 8,246 8,346 8,346
2023 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun	- - - -	20,392 19,578 18,582 17,869 17,394 17,293	8,676 8,675 8,675 8,675 8,180 7,686	8,676 8,675 8,675 8,675 8,180 7,686			51,258 52,541 54,127 55,476 56,982 58,240	51,258 52,541 54,127 55,476 56,982 58,240	-	2,838 2,823 2,826 2,807 2,797 2,768	83,165 83,618 84,210 84,827 85,353 85,987	54,413 54,674 55,156 55,630 56,020 56,424	53,537 53,794 54,274 54,752 55,144 55,529	876 880 883 877 876 894	20,240 20,290 20,334 20,417 20,496 20,672	

TRUST COMPANIES: ASSETS

(G\$ Thousand)

Table 5.2(a)

			Ban	king Sys	tem		Pu	blic Sector	-		Privat	e Sector		
Period Ended	Total Assets	Foreign Sector	Total	Cash	Deposits	Total	Gov't. T/Bills	Local Gov't. Sec.	Other Gov't. Sec.	Total	Mortgage Loans	Other Loans & Adv.	Shares	Other
2013	8,224,065	2,253,778	937,658	11,061	926,597	-	-	-	-	4,860,254	2,012,746	2,565,057	282,451	172,375
2014	9,042,751	1,966,646	927,862	10,983	916,879	-	-	-	-	5,973,226	2,440,850	3,205,214	327,162	175,017
2015	10,148,196	1,581,309	1,064,133	11,152	1,052,981	-	-	-	-	7,302,629	2,553,013	4,423,781	325,835	200,125
2016	11,228,174	1,443,686	1,724,469	11,491	1,712,978	-	-	-	-	7,869,462	2,466,944	5,083,951	318,567	190,557
2017	11,552,247	2,424,324	1,535,161	11,833	1,523,328	-	-	-	-	7,301,829	2,852,055	4,150,160	299,614	290,933
2018														
Mar	11,676,601	2,976,560	1,190,601	12,049	1,178,552	-	-	-	-	7,211,722	2,843,148	4,068,960	299,614	297,718
Jun	10,854,455	2,188,357	1,334,804	12,275	1,322,529	-	-	-	-	6,969,935	2,961,731	3,714,617	293,587	361,359
Sep	11,553,000	2,227,730	1,844,116	11,985	1,832,131	-	-	-	-	7,144,448	2,982,903	3,867,958	293,587	336,706
Dec	11,303,168	2,468,980	1,218,288	11,987	1,206,301	-	-	-	-	7,274,419	3,065,668	3,915,164	293,587	341,481
2019														
Mar	11,917,446	2,513,871	1,658,752	11,966	1,646,786	-	-	-	-	7,311,793	3,220,836	3,816,302	274,655	433,030
Jun	11,944,023	2,595,000	1,451,633	11,766	1,439,867	-	-	-	-	7,474,381	3,409,620	3,796,405	268,356	423,009
Sep	12,127,508	2,363,129	1,357,256	-		-	-	-	-	7,992,352		3,877,958	568,356	414,771
Dec	12,266,727	2,499,280	1,307,172	11,845	1,295,327	-	-	-	-	8,039,660	3,670,681	3,810,732	558,247	420,615
2020														
Mar	12,349,419	2,117,984	1,524,164	12,195		-	-	-	-	8,333,275	, ,	3,743,483	979,973	373,996
Jun	12,358,993	2,123,361	1,409,958	17,071	1,392,887	-	-	-	-	8,388,078		3,709,787	977,801	437,596
Sep	12,437,656	2,120,597	1,416,132	16,702	1,399,430	-	-	-	-	8,435,824	3,652,497	3,805,531	977,796	465,103
Dec	12,450,149	1,985,353	1,294,091	20,887	1,273,204	-	-	-	-	8,765,872	4,040,642	3,899,589	825,641	404,833
2021														
Mar	12,788,567	2,083,372	1,239,362	16,771	1,222,591	-	-	-	-	9,049,077	4,242,458	3,980,978	825,641	416,756
Jun	12,989,809	2,167,579	1,128,823	20,622	1,108,201	-	-	-	-	9,188,035	4,385,538	3,988,639	813,858	505,372
Sep	13,031,883	2,131,639	1,077,911	20,657	1,057,254	-	-	-	-	9,315,125	4,415,170	4,063,413	836,542	507,208
Dec	13,501,630	2,395,995	1,580,118	20,712	1,559,406	-	-	-	-	9,036,669	4,640,392	3,853,070	543,207	488,848
2022														
Mar	13,769,496	2,399,559	1,725,726	23,785	1,701,941	-	-	-	-	9,131,657	4,727,101	3,860,890	543,666	512,554
Jun	13,946,371	2,280,292	1,884,500	25,208	1,859,292	-	-	-	-	9,277,744	4,787,885	3,947,193	542,666	503,835
Sep	14,128,713	2,338,964	1,700,848		1,675,549	-	-	-	-	9,546,602	5,253,539	3,754,198	538,865	542,299
Dec	14,039,989	2,384,720	1,419,718			-	-	-	-	9,668,312		3,911,931	534,563	567,239
2023														
Mar	14,575,624	2,508,008	1,721,984	25,246	1,696,738	-	-	-	-	9,784,403	5,215,784	3,980,090	588,529	561,229
Jun	15,032,915	2,650,557	1,741,849	25,516	1,716,333	-	-	-	-	10,080,882	5,299,312	4,231,473	550,097	559,627

Source: Trust Companies

TRUST COMPANIES: LIABILITIES, CAPITAL AND RESERVES (G\$ Thousand)

Table 5.2(b)

	Total					osits			Oth	er Private Se	ector	
Period	Liabilities,	Foreign	Total			Sector	1	Public		Capital &		Other
Ended	Capital & Reserves	Sector	Deposits	Total	Business Firms	Indiv. Cust.	Other Cust.	Sector	Total	Reserves	Loans Rec.	
2013	8,224,065	61,223	5,728,549	2,851,013	-	2,851,013	_	2,877,536	2,358,806	1,595,469	763,337	75,487
2013	9,042,751	119,729	6,259,732	3,786,650	-	3,786,650	-	2,473,082	2,558,800	1,595,409	895,837	66,218
2014	10,148,196	188,905	7,122,795	4,540,880	-	4,540,880	_	2,581,915	2,710,111	1,783,809	926,302	126,385
2015	11,228,174	131,117	8,147,422	4,340,000 5,454,020	-	5,454,020	_	2,693,402	2,849,704	2,037,744	811,960	99,931
2017	11,552,247	148,274	8,324,270	5,630,867	-	5,630,867	-	2,693,402	2,972,894	2,248,834	724,060	106,809
2018												
Mar	11,676,601	148,720	8,410,718	5,717,316	-	5,717,316	-	2,693,402	2,956,485	2,250,425	706,060	160,678
Jun	10,854,455	151,870	7,613,077	6,132,772	-	6,132,772	-	1,480,305	2,937,052	2,230,992	706,060	152,456
Sep	11,553,000	161,065	8,240,395	6,143,430	-	6,143,430	-	2,096,965	2,964,499	2,281,939	682,560	187,041
Dec	11,303,168	178,229	8,027,137	5,505,572	-	5,505,572	-	2,521,565	2,955,752	2,353,192	602,560	142,050
2019												
Mar	11,917,446	187,373	8,371,526	5,849,961	-	5,849,961	-	2,521,565	3,190,940	2,433,180	757,760	167,607
Jun	11,944,023	179,468	8,344,511	5,822,946	-	5,822,946	-	2,521,565	3,246,896	2,451,136	795,760	173,148
Sep	12,127,508	196,668	8,414,158	5,851,784	-	5,851,784	-	2,562,374	3,341,048	2,563,488	777,560	175,634
Dec	12,266,727	206,838	8,301,983	5,804,486	-	5,804,486	-	2,497,497	3,567,917	2,847,357	720,560	189,989
2020												
Mar	12,349,419	401,549	8,147,205	5,758,853	-	5,758,853	-	2,388,352	3,591,310	2,894,950	696,360	209,355
Jun	12,358,993	209,731	8,398,356	5,867,657	-	5,867,657	-	2,530,699	3,576,073	2,909,713	666,360	174,833
Sep	12,437,656	219,581	8,365,745	5,836,475	-	5,836,475	-	2,529,270	3,694,257	2,902,897	791,360	158,073
Dec	12,450,149	227,492	8,237,636	5,780,808	-	5,780,808	-	2,456,828	3,828,260	3,036,900	791,360	156,761
2021												
Mar	12,788,567	249,320	8,298,703	5,826,017	-	5,826,017	-	2,472,686	4,076,009	3,145,649	930,360	164,559
Jun	12,989,809	247,047	8,386,618	5,900,168	-	5,900,168	-	2,486,450	4,183,483	3,253,123	930,360	172,661
Sep	13,031,883	254,791	8,224,307	6,136,371	-	6,136,371	-	2,087,936	4,352,574	3,392,214	960,360	200,211
Dec	13,501,630	248,372	8,475,486	6,178,066	-	6,178,066	-	2,297,420	4,476,331	3,515,971	960,360	301,441
2022					-							
Mar	13,769,496	260,083	8,580,816	6,266,276	-	5,508,891	757,385	2,314,540	4,615,009	3,584,649	1,030,360	313,588
Jun	13,946,371	259,034	8,746,917	6,415,388	-	5,705,747	709,641	2,331,529	4,661,892	3,641,532	1,020,360	278,528
Sep	14,128,713	252,332	8,708,436	6,559,539	-	5,800,528	759,011	2,148,897	4,891,113	3,677,753	1,213,360	276,832
Dec	14,039,989	247,086	8,788,929	6,622,562	-	5,843,769	778,793	2,166,367	4,791,231	3,695,871	1,095,360	212,743
2023												
Mar	14,575,624	242,752	9,185,239	7,001,590	-	6,210,337	791,253	2,183,649	4,884,240	3,818,880	1,065,360	263,393
Jun	15,032,915	234,138	9,453,794	7,297,321	-	6,449,025	848,296	2,156,473	5,064,118	3,858,758	1,205,360	280,865

Source: Trust Companies

FINANCE COMPANIES: ASSETS (G\$ Thousand)

Banking System Private Sector Public Sector Period Total Foreign Other Local Gov't Other Gov't Gov't. Mortgage Other Ended Assets Sector Total Cash Deposits Total Total Loans & Shares T/Bills Sec. Sec. Loans Adv. 2013 ¹⁾ 40,007,578 4,117,762 397,935 18,614 379,321 22,543,936 300,206 10,120,574 12,123,156 12,947,945 2014 52,635,574 4,210,863 529,360 38,569 490,791 34,144,459 326,510 10,319,936 23,498,013 13,750,892 2015 53.152.267 4.087.260 1,174,760 19.284 1,155,476 33.388.338 372.768 9.724.176 23.291.394 14.501.908 2016 50.702.947 4.045.242 675.004 15.599 659.405 30.530.824 398.864 9.938.501 20.193.459 15.451.877 2017 51,383,180 2,395,017 354,387 35.552 318,835 383,704 10.282.682 21,301,986 16,665,404 31,968,371 2018 Mar 53.302.580 19.856.219 436.009 63.256 372.752 16.125.597 363.743 10.130.818 5.631.036 16.884.756 Jun 53,531,303 19,878,444 495,801 66,008 429,792 16,116,831 359,906 10,133,375 5,623,550 17,040,227 53,711,337 19,864,046 452,490 65,697 386,792 16,148,115 356,085 10,155,692 5,636,338 17,246,686 Sep Dec 54.109.080 19.835.703 432.261 50.140 382.121 16.373.381 3,088,987 7.648.057 5.636.337 17,467,735 2019 61,575,353 27,452,483 435.499 3,088,986 5,642,477 17.240.698 Mar 62.165 373,334 16,446,672 7,715,209 67,796,527 32,399,408 533,309 34,157 499,151 16,511,859 3,087,097 7,781,973 5,642,789 18,351,951 Jun 68,493,003 32,753,318 517,448 483,197 7,820,534 5,638,659 18,675,946 Sep 34,251 16,546,290 3,087,097 Dec 68,854,625 32,823,304 376,525 34,260 342,265 16,533,463 3,087,097 7,820,489 5,625,877 19,121,334 2020 Mar 70,049,004 33,743,066 383,037 34,424 348,613 14,924,126 3,087,097 6,190,718 5,646,311 20,998,775 71,558,299 4,550,117 36,466,299 Jun 410,013 34,506 375,507 45,744,114 3,087,097 6,190,718 20,854,056 Sep 71,125,032 37,366,304 435,097 3,708 431,388 12,717,659 3,038,133 6,190,718 3,488,808 20,605,972 4,403,477 449,996 3,087,097 8,046,842 36,473,278 19,704,326 Dec 72,165,015 33,808 416,188 47,607,217 2021 Mar 77,532,404 2,274,908 452,165 33,884 418,280 54,739,738 3,087,097 7,764,150 43,888,491 20,065,593 Jun 78,936,575 2,255,899 547,262 34,148 513,114 55,827,666 3,087,097 7,764,150 44,976,419 20,305,748 Sep 79,139,916 2,267,193 589,309 32,194 557,115 56,253,501 3,095,496 8,167,070 44,990,935 20,029,914 79.657.843 2.265.042 500,186 56,275,680 45.004.201 20.596.081 Dec 521,040 20.854 3,104,409 8,167,070 2022 Mar 85.662.570 1.912.398 526.937 20.555 506.381 61.072.259 3.104.409 6.912.424 51.055.426 22.150.977 Jun 90.516.255 2.808.665 547.928 32.226 515.702 66.645.028 3.095.496 8.541.352 55.008.180 20.514.635 Sep 91.290.210 2.803.451 528.601 32.294 496.307 66.789.034 3.095.496 8.454.003 55.239.536 21.169.124 92,251,449 Dec 2,754,977 467,598 24.891 442,707 66,814,216 3,104,199 8,428,527 55,281,489 22,214,658 2023 122.396.579 2.563.982 359.368 18.018 3.102.308 8.312.703 Mar 341.350 96.853.537 85.438.526 22.619.692 3,102,308 8,278,038 86,115,982 123,447,778 2,577,359 330,337 18,022 312,315 97,496,328 23,043,754 Jun

¹⁾ Figures from June 2013 excludes Laparkan Financial Services while figures from September excludes DFLSA.

Table 5.2 (c)

FINANCE COMPANIES: LIABILITIES, CAPITAL AND RESERVES (G\$ Thousand)

						(G\$ Thous	,					Table 5.2(d
					Depo				Oth	er Private Se	ctor	
Period	Total	Foreign	Total		Private			Public		Capital &		Other
Ended	Liabilities	Sector	Deposits	Total	Business Firms	Indiv. Cust.	Other Cust.	Sector	Total	Reserves	Loans Rec.	
2013 ¹⁾	40,007,578	54,882	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,319,300	29,859,798	1,459,502	8,633,396
2014	52,635,574	32,761	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,703,417	42,191,931	1,511,486	8,899,396
2015	53,152,267	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,936,879	42,908,369	1,028,510	9,215,388
2016	50,702,947	57,370	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,074,166	40,038,391	1,035,775	9,571,411
2017	51,383,180	48,951	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,388,896	40,317,698	1,071,198	9,945,332
2018												
Mar	53,302,580	48,951	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,141,341	42,157,224	984,117	10,112,288
Jun	53,531,303	41,960	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,325,186	42,378,246	946,940	10,164,157
Sep	53,711,337	87,606	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,362,014	42,433,083	928,931	10,261,716
Dec	54,109,080	83,351	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,677,012	42,561,912	1,115,100	10,348,717
2019												
Mar	61,575,353	40,795	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,019,363	49,835,128	1,184,234	10,515,196
Jun	67,796,527	43,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,141,554	55,939,991	1,201,563	10,611,801
Sep	68,493,003	43,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,728,941	56,426,940	1,302,001	10,720,890
Dec	68,854,625	43,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,996,782	56,609,687	1,387,095	10,814,672
2020	70.040.004	40.470							50 070 000	F7 754 404	4 0 4 0 7 0 0	40.005.000
Mar	70,049,004	43,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,070,202	57,751,494	1,318,708	10,935,630
Jun	71,558,299	43,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,488,972	59,155,059	1,333,913	11,026,155
Sep	71,125,032	43,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,966,692	58,695,676	1,271,016	11,115,169
Dec	72,165,015	41,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,828,418	59,469,705	1,358,713	11,295,082
2021												
Mar	77,532,404	41,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,181,640	64,804,456	1,377,184	11,309,249
Jun	78,936,575	41,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	67,531,299	66,116,771	1,414,528	11,363,761
Sep	79,139,916	41,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	67,617,233	66,192,633	1,424,600	11,481,168
Dec	79,657,843	41,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,058,561	66,534,849	1,523,712	11,557,767
2022												
Mar	85,662,570	41,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,506,638	65,173,193		19,114,418
Jun	90,516,255	41,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,265,412	69,897,255	1,368,157	19,209,32
Sep	91,290,210	41,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,894,355	70,375,399	1,518,956	19,354,34
Dec	92,251,449	41,515	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,759,488	70,960,950	1,798,538	19,450,44
2023												
Mar	122,396,579	650,610	-	-	-	-	-	-	102,131,440	101,163,464	967,976	19,614,52
Jun	123,447,778	609,095		-	-	-	-	-	103,241,831	102,311,889	929,942	19,596,85

¹⁾ Figures from June 2013 excludes Laparkan Financial Services while figures from September excludes DFLSA.

										Assets										Total		Liabi		Jie 5.5 (a)
		For	eign Seo	tor		Ban	king Sys	tem		Public	Sector			Private	Sector		U	nclassifie	ed	Assets/				
Period Ended	Total	Comm. Banks Dep.	Secur.	Loans and Adv.	Other	Total	Cash	Dep.	Total	Gov't. T/Bills	Local Gov't Sec.	Other Gov't Sec. ¹⁾	Total	Sec. In Firms	Mortgage Loans	Other Loans	Total	Fixed Assets	Other Assets	Liabilities, Capital & Reserves	Life Ins. Fund	Cap. and Res.	Foreign Liab. ²⁾	Other
2013	8,124.7	4,317.4	2,097.2	8.4	1,701.8	2,701.6	998.1	1,703.5					11,418.4	9,346.6	53.9	2,017.9	3,674.0	3,062.7	611.3	25,918.8	2,205.1	11,821.2	8,334.3	3,558.2
2010	10,852.2	5,336.5	3,302.2	620.5	1,592.9	3,168.4	1,381.4	1,787.1			-		11,770.7	10,602.3	117.0	1,051.3	5,061.0	3,281.7	1,779.3	30,852.4	3,466.4	11,585.2	16,127.2	
2014	11,085.0	5,043.1	3,522.9	346.0	2,173.0	5,007.7	2,299.6	2,708.1	-		-	-	11,173.8	9,529.6	154.2	1,490.0	3,720.7	3,141.0	579.7	30,987.3	4,115.3	9,261.5	11,226.5	
2016	11,419.8	5,344.2	2,982.8	586.5	2,506.3	6,417.5	1,769.5	4,648.0	-		-	-	9,955.4	8,659.8	837.4	458.2	4,154.6	3,369.5	785.1	31,947.3	4,450.8	10,242.6	10,672.3	
2017	12,111.5	5,705.9	3,263.2	830.4	2,311.9	7,272.4	2,274.0	4,998.3	-	-	-	-	13,363.1	11,492.3	1,085.7	785.1	4,115.0	3,366.3	748.7	36,862.0	4,720.6	13,621.6	11,775.9	
2018																								
Mar	11,259.5	5,828.0	3,648.4	717.4	1,065.7	7,585.7	2,320.4	5,265.3	-	-	-	-	15,312.6	12,898.0	1,184.4	1,230.3	5,477.8	4,493.9	984.0	39,635.7	5,350.4	15,131.8	12,001.4	7,152.2
Jun	13,078.0	6,116.9	3,906.3	686.9	2,367.9	7,508.3	2,500.8	5,007.5	150.0	-	150.0	-	16,424.2	14,017.6	1,157.9	1,248.6	4,851.3	3,367.4	1,483.8	42,011.8	5,434.3	17,618.7	10,471.4	8,487.3
Sep	12,869.1	5,712.3	3,920.5	724.4	2,511.8	8,216.0	2,556.1	5,659.9	150.0	-	150.0	-	21,611.6	19,339.2	1,111.1	1,161.3	5,310.7	3,880.5	1,430.2	48,157.4	6,304.0	22,999.0	10,484.7	8,369.7
Dec	12,541.0	5,132.4	4,171.1	674.7	2,562.9	8,565.1	2,603.4	5,961.7	150.0	-	150.0	-	21,999.1	20,524.8	283.0	1,191.3	6,076.2	4,661.3	1,414.9	49,331.4	5,796.3	13,663.7	21,453.7	8,417.7
2019																								
Mar	12,786.3	5,442.8	4,119.0	650.0	2,574.5	9,029.8	2,710.5	6,319.2	150.0	-	150.0	-	22,414.9	21,094.6	175.4	1,145.0	7,717.2	4,642.3	3,074.9	52,098.2	6,386.2	15,021.4	21,886.0	8,804.6
Jun	12,956.7	5,334.7	4,359.4	630.4	2,632.1	9,448.3	2,773.2	6,675.1	150.0	-	150.0	-	21,857.1	20,733.1	177.1	946.9	7,681.2	4,632.4	3,048.8	52,093.3	6,232.6	15,130.8	21,950.3	8,779.7
Sep	12,856.1	5,346.1	4,375.9	623.1	2,511.0	10,287.3	3,259.3	7,027.9	150.0	-	150.0	-	24,680.2	23,543.0	189.6	947.6	7,807.6	4,607.4	3,200.2	55,781.1	6,240.0	16,996.6	24,308.3	8,236.2
Dec	13,065.2	5,469.2	4,448.5	602.8	2,544.7	10,721.5	3,546.3	7,175.2	150.0	-	150.0	-	26,220.8	24,852.7	197.2	1,170.9	8,025.4	4,727.3	3,298.1	58,182.9	6,237.0	18,264.8	23,934.8	9,746.2
2020																								
Mar	13,216.7	5,643.8	4,464.2	737.5	2,371.2	10,833.2	3,364.8	7,468.4	135.0	-	135.0	-	26,000.0	24,546.4	204.2	1,249.4	8,433.1	4,730.2	3,702.8	58,618.0	5,935.1	19,144.6	23,558.6	9,979.7
Jun	12,689.2	5,283.9	4,390.4	718.6	2,296.3	11,016.8	3,545.2	7,471.6	120.0	-	120.0	-	25,988.8	24,511.7	227.8	1,249.3	8,544.1	4,757.1	3,787.0	58,358.9	6,023.5	18,923.4	23,506.0	9,905.9
Sep	12,968.9	5,398.9	4,356.8	693.1	2,520.1	11,382.9	3,646.2	7,736.7	120.0	-	120.0	-	25,927.2	24,596.1	248.7	1,082.4	8,347.7	4,684.8	3,662.9	58,746.7	6,023.5	19,255.8	23,950.8	9,516.6
Dec	12,849.4	5,248.8	4,485.8	655.5	2,459.3	11,921.3	3,961.1	7,960.2	105.0	-	105.0	-	27,181.4	25,664.1	291.5	1,225.8	8,672.2	4,939.5	3,732.7	60,729.2	6,023.5	20,461.7	24,925.0	9,319.0
2021																								
Mar	14,008.9	5,503.2	5,137.0	797.8	2,570.9	12,057.3	3,993.9	8,063.4	105.0	-	105.0	-	27,111.0	25,658.8	368.7	1,083.4	8,873.6	4,917.5	3,956.1	62,155.9	6,001.3	21,119.3	25,478.2	9,557.0
Jun	13,872.3	5,623.7	4,687.7	783.1	2,777.7	12,624.5	4,194.3	8,430.2	90.0	-	90.0	-	30,586.1	29,092.0	395.9	1,098.1	8,641.2	4,927.9	3,713.3	65,814.0	6,303.6	23,398.1	26,448.7	9,663.6
Sep	13,780.1	5,700.0	4,728.9	754.7		13,162.7	4,642.1	8,520.6	90.0	-	90.0	-	37,670.7	36,143.8	400.3	1,126.6	8,938.3	4,908.6	4,029.8	73,641.8	6,369.7	33,198.5	24,227.7	9,845.9
Dec	14,296.6	6,144.4	4,643.1	801.5	2,707.6	11,997.2	3,769.5	8,227.7	75.0	-	75.0	-	40,899.6	39,394.9	425.0	1,079.8	8,957.8	4,906.3	4,051.5	76,226.2	6,362.3	27,851.6	33,013.5	8,998.7
2022																								
Mar	13,643.0	5,642.4	5,270.2	840.0	1,890.3	11,187.9	3,672.2	7,515.7	75.0	-	75.0	-	63,452.0	61,732.5	403.9	1,315.6	10,454.4	4,843.3	5,611.1	98,812.4	6,411.8	35,375.2	47,957.0	9,068.3
Jun	14,653.4	5,902.2	5,361.0	833.8	2,556.4	11,629.8	3,308.2	8,321.6	60.0	-	60.0	-	66,526.8	64,763.6	441.4	1,321.7	12,432.4	4,829.2	7,603.2	105,302.3	6,421.5	37,639.4	48,055.8	
Sep	14,113.1	5,473.9	5,382.1	842.8	· ·	11,795.1	3,477.0	8,318.1	60.0	-	60.0	-	55,447.8	53,853.8	443.2	1,150.9	12,682.4	4,847.2	7,835.2	94,098.4	6,353.5	33,491.6	41,729.4	
Dec	16,187.2	5,901.3	5,341.5	873.2	4,071.3	12,037.2	3,730.9	8,306.3	60.0	-	60.0	-	56,053.0	53,950.0	430.9	1,672.1	11,138.3	3,287.5	7,850.8	95,475.7	6,265.0	39,226.4	40,179.8	9,804.4
2023																								
Mar	14,771.0	5,978.9	5,628.3	762.8	2,401.0	12,651.5	3,855.2	8,796.3	60.0	-	60.0	-	60,348.8	57,998.9	446.9	1,903.0	14,276.2	5,048.7	9,227.5	102,107.5	6,528.4	42,884.1	42,838.1	9,856.9
Jun	14,692.3	5,956.2	5,630.4	748.1	2,357.6	13,166.8	3,986.1	9,180.7	0.0	-	0.0	-	56,995.8	54,822.0	449.5	1,724.4	14,338.6	5,031.8	9,306.8	99,193.5	6,362.6	42,980.0	40,117.5	9,733.4

Source: Life Insurance Companies.

¹⁾ The Government Debentures were replaced with Other Government Securities.

²⁾ Foreign liabilities include insurance fund from non-residents.

Table 5.3 (a)

	NON-LIFE
- 1	DOMESTIC INSURANCE COMPANIES: ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CAPITAL AND RESERVES

(G\$ Million)

																					1			Table 5.3(b
-		Fore	ign Secto	r		Ban	king Sys	stem		Ass Public	ets Sector			Priva	te Sector			Unclassifi	ed	Total Assets/		Lia	bilities	
Period Ended	Total	Comm. Banks Dep.	Secur.	Loans & Adv.	Other	Total	Cash	Dep.	Total	Gov't. T/Bills	Local Gov't Sec.	Other Gov't Sec. ¹⁾	Total	Sec. In Firms	Mortgage Loans	Other Loans	Total	Fixed Assets	Other Assets	Liabilities, Capital & Reserves	Non - Life Ins. Fund	Cap. & Res.	Foreign Liab.	Other
2013	3.394.8	1,150.4	886.3	-	1,358.0	3,501.5	9.6	3,491.8		-	-	-	4,250.1	4,070.9	146.3	32.8	4,017.2	2,971.1	1,046.1	15,163.5	-	11,377.7	898.4	2,887.4
2014	2,768.2	1,008.0	982.3	-	777.9	3,517.2	24.5	3,492.7	19.6	19.6	-	-	5,665.8	5,446.3	186.6	32.9	6,126.0	3,153.2	2,972.8	18,096.8		12,411.2		
2015	4,320.9	1,665.8	1,111.8	-	1,543.3	3,292.5	18.1	3,274.4		-	-	-	4,525.7	4,338.5	158.1	29.2	5,508.6	3,407.8	2,100.7	17,647.6	-	12,738.6	1,154.2	3,754.8
2016	4,207.5	1,586.7	866.9	-	1,753.8	3,224.8	32.6	3,192.3		-	-	-	4,929.6	4,633.4	78.9	217.2	5,707.9	4,122.6	1,585.4	18,069.8	-	13,713.3	341.9	4,014.6
2017	3,689.6	1,958.8	1,096.5	-	634.3	3,768.9	73.4	3,695.4		-	-	-	4,936.9	4,570.9	48.1	317.9	5,465.6	4,169.7	1,295.9	17,861.0	-	13,483.5	346.7	4,030.8
2018																								
Mar	3,692.6	1,872.2	1,190.5	-	629.9	3,847.4	52.0	3,795.4	-	-	-	-	5,837.0	5,475.7	59.8	301.5	5,353.0	4,070.6	1,282.3	18,730.0	-	14,606.8	210.4	3,912.9
Jun	3,873.8	1,888.0	1,226.5	-	759.3	3,717.2	63.2	3,654.0	-	-	-	-	5,972.2	5,714.9	47.3	210.0	5,661.4	4,110.5	1,550.9	19,224.7	-	14,566.2	421.5	4,236.9
Sep	4,023.5	1,905.9	1,380.0	-	737.7	3,742.8	51.3	3,691.5	-	-	-	-	7,829.5	7,609.0	58.0	162.6	5,554.0	4,044.0	1,510.0	21,149.9	-	16,448.4	599.1	4,102.4
Dec	3,946.0	1,740.6	1,376.7	6.0	822.7	4,038.8	67.4	3,971.4	-	-	-	-	10,093.5	8,199.5	212.2	1,681.8	4,888.5	3,464.8	1,423.8	22,966.8	-	17,202.1	716.6	5,048.1
2019																								
Mar	3,670.1	1,898.0	1,082.0	0.4	689.8	4,149.7	52.7	4,097.0	-	-	-	-	8,789.1	8,710.7	24.3	54.1	5,336.4	3,454.9	1,881.5	21,945.3	-	17,759.3	728.4	3,457.6
Jun	3,696.4	1,991.2	1,009.0	-	696.2	4,047.9	53.1	3,994.9	-	-	-	-	8,989.5	8,929.8	24.0	35.6	5,167.6	3,432.3	1,735.3	21,901.4	-	17,561.3	667.1	3,673.0
Sep	3,650.9	1,821.5	1,005.5	-	824.0	4,205.4	57.2	4,148.2	-	-	-	-	9,950.9	9,891.8	23.7	35.4	5,317.3	3,505.5	1,811.8	23,124.6		18,523.3	673.9	3,927.4
Dec	3,643.0	1,832.3	1,015.4	-	795.3	4,467.4	60.3	4,407.1	-	-	-	-	10,146.6	10,084.5	23.3	38.7	5,414.4	3,573.5	1,840.9	23,671.3	-	19,522.5	650.6	3,498.2
2020																								
Mar	4,031.4	2,075.4	974.3	-	981.7	4,534.3	65.4	4,468.9	-	-	-	-	10,415.0	10,352.5	23.1	39.4	5,265.9	3,637.0	1,628.9	24,246.6	-	20,121.8		
Jun	3,678.4	1,876.7	878.7	-	923.0	4,636.2	35.7	4,600.5	-	-	-	-	10,523.7	10,462.5	23.0	38.2	5,516.9	3,624.2	1,892.8	24,355.1	-	20,040.3	746.0	3,568.8
Sep	3,716.6	2,073.7	997.1	-	645.8	4,543.5	40.4	4,503.1	-	-	-	-	10,859.3	10,799.4	22.9	36.9	5,677.3	3,624.6	2,052.8	24,796.7	-	20,920.1	705.7	3,170.8
Dec	3,840.8	2,022.6	1,121.2	-	697.0	4,701.0	35.5	4,665.5	-	-	-	-	11,382.6	11,322.6	22.7	37.3	5,826.3	3,655.8	2,170.5	25,750.6	-	21,524.7	735.4	3,490.5
2021																								
Mar	7,490.3	2,516.3	1,140.3	-	3,833.6	5,160.2	43.5	5,116.6	-	-	-	-	11,767.8	11,707.6	22.5	37.6	5,310.5	3,625.3	1,685.2	29,728.7	-	23,024.5		5,881.9
Jun	7,906.8	2,754.5	1,300.4	-	3,852.0	5,303.0	27.8	5,275.2	-	-	-	-	12,544.5	12,484.6	22.3	37.6	5,980.3	4,038.2	1,942.1	31,734.6		24,521.6		6,341.0
Sep	8,420.0	3,140.8	1,332.0	-	3,947.2	5,445.4	57.2	5,388.2	-	-	-	-	14,904.1	14,844.4	22.0	37.6	6,258.3	3,993.9	2,264.4	35,027.9		27,534.8	794.8	6,698.3
Dec	8,749.1	3,374.6	1,384.9	-	3,989.6	5,200.3	77.8	5,122.5	-	-	-	-	15,614.8	15,555.4	21.8	37.6	6,486.5	4,050.7	2,435.8	36,050.8	-	28,771.7	1,051.5	6,227.6
2022																								
Mar	8,352.7	3,040.1	1,317.4	-	3,995.2	5,790.3	61.1	5,729.2	50.0	-	-	50.0	22,634.1	22,573.9	15.7	44.5	6,205.9	4,039.0	2,166.9	43,033.0	-	35,622.1	854.8	6,556.1
Jun	8,050.1	2,846.9	1,264.7	-	3,938.6	5,469.8	70.8	5,399.0	40.0	-	-	40.0	24,928.7	24,868.7	15.5	44.5	6,510.8	4,097.3	2,413.5	44,999.4		37,498.3	890.9	-
Sep	6,635.2	2,983.4	1,251.2	-	2,400.6	5,673.7	72.4	5,601.3	40.0	-	40.0	-	23,650.4	21,853.9	15.3	1,781.2	6,739.0	4,104.1	2,635.0	42,738.3		34,737.4	968.1	7,032.8
Dec	5,967.2	2,431.9	1,235.3	-	2,300.0	5,955.0	103.2	5,851.8	25.0	-	25.0	-	23,908.4	22,114.1	15.1	1,779.1	6,596.2	3,849.5	2,746.8	42,451.8	-	34,749.2	636.4	7,066.2
2023																								
Mar	4,252.4	1,127.4	1,054.2	-	2,070.8	8,110.5	319.2	7,791.2	25.0	-	25.0	-	25,017.0	23,228.5	15.0	1,773.5	6,686.0	3,835.6	2,850.3	44,090.8	-	36,254.0	1,091.4	6,745.4
Jun	5,696.0	2,808.8	763.9	-	2,123.3	6,666.5	310.9	6,355.6	180.6	-	180.6	-	24,672.3	22,856.3	14.7	1,801.3	6,776.1	3,844.3	2,931.9	43,991.4	-	36,140.9	663.4	7,187.1

¹⁾ The Government Debentures were replaced with Other Government Securities.

CONSOLIDATED
DOMESTIC INSURANCE COMPANIES: ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CAPITAL AND RESERVES
(G\$ Million)

												(G\$ MI	liioii)										т	able 5.3 (c)
					Asse	ts														Total		Liab	ilities	
<u> </u>		Fore	ign Secto	r		Ba	nking Syst	tem	Public	Sector				Private	Sector		U	nclassifie	d	Assets/				1
Period Ended	Total	Comm. Banks Deposits	Secur.	Loans & Adv.	Other	Total	Cash	Dep.	Total	Gov't. T/Bills	Local Gov't Sec.	Other Gov't Sec. ¹⁾	Total	Sec. In Firms	Mortgage Loans	Other Loans	Total	Fixed Assets	Other Assets	Liabilities, Capital & Reserves	Life Ins. Fund	Cap. & Res.	Foreign Liab. ²⁾	Other
2013	11.519.6	5.467.8	2,983.5	8.4	3,059.9	6,203.1	1.007.8	5,195.3					15.668.5	13.417.5	200.3	2,050.7	7,691.2	6,033.8	1,657.4	41,082.3	2,205.1	23,198.9	9,232.7	6.445.6
2010	13,620.4	6,344.5	4,284.5	620.5	2,370.9	6,685.6	1,405.9	5,279.7	19.6	19.6	-	-	17,436.5	16,048.7	303.6	1,084.2	11,187.0	6,434.8	4,752.2	48,949.2	3,466.4	23,996.4	17,303.2	4,183.2
2015	15,405.9	6,708.9	4,634.7	346.0	3,716.3	8,300.2	2,317.7	5,982.5	-	-	-	-	15,699.5	13,868.1	312.3	1,519.1	9,229.3	6,548.8	2,680.5	48,634.9	4,115.3	22,000.0	12,380.7	10,138.9
2016	15,627.3	6,931.0	3,849.7	586.5	4,260.1	9,642.3	1,802.0	7,840.3	-	-	-	-	14,884.9	13,293.2	916.4	675.4	9,862.5	7,492.1	2,370.5	50,017.1	4,450.8	23,955.9	11,014.2	10,596.1
2017	15,801.1	7,664.7	4,359.8	830.4	2,946.2	11,041.2	2,347.5	8,693.8	-	-	-	-	18,300.0	16,063.2	1,133.7	1,103.0	9,580.6	7,536.0	2,044.6	54,722.9	4,720.6	27,105.1	12,122.6	10,774.7
2018																								
Mar	14,952.1	7,700.2	4,838.9	717.4	1,695.6	11,433.1	2,372.4	9,060.7	-	-	-	-	21,149.7	18,373.7	1,244.2	1,531.8	10,830.8	8,564.5	2,266.3	58.365.7	5,350.4	29,738.6	12,211.8	11,065.1
Jun	16,951.8	8,005.0	5,132.8	686.9	3,127.2	11,225.6	2,564.1	8,661.5	150.0	-	150.0	-	22,396.3	19,732.5	1,205.2	1,458.6	10,512.7	7,478.0	3,034.8	61,236.5	5,434.3	32,184.9	10,892.9	12,724.3
Sep	16,892.6	7,618.2	5,300.5	724.4	3,249.5	11,958.8	2,607.4	9,351.4	150.0	-	150.0	-	29,441.2	26,948.2	1,169.0	1,324.0	10,864.8	7,924.5	2,940.3	69,307.3	6,304.0	39,447.4	11,083.8	12,472.1
Dec	16,487.0	6,873.0	5,547.8	680.6	3,385.6	12,603.9	2,670.8	9,933.1	150.0	-	150.0	-	32,092.6	28,724.3	495.2	2,873.2	10,964.7	8,126.1	2,838.7	72,298.2	5,796.3	30,865.8	22,170.3	13,465.8
2019																								1
Mar	16,456.4	7,340.8	5,201.0	650.4	3,264.2	13,179.4	2,763.2	10,416.3	150.0	-	150.0	-	31,204.0	29,805.3	199.7	1,199.1	13,053.6	8,097.2	4,956.4	74,043.5	6,386.2	32,780.6	22,614.4	12,262.2
Jun	16,653.2	7,325.9	5,368.5	630.4	3,328.3	13,496.2	2,826.3	10,669.9	150.0	-	150.0	-	30,846.6	29,662.8	201.2	982.5	12,848.8	8,064.7	4,784.1	73,994.7	6,232.6	32,692.1	22,617.3	12,452.7
Sep	16,507.1	7,167.6	5,381.4	623.1	3,335.0	14,492.7	3,316.5	11,176.1	150.0	-	150.0	-	34,631.1	33,434.7	213.4	983.0	13,124.9	8,112.9	5,012.0	78,905.7	6,240.0	35,520.0	24,982.1	12,163.6
Dec	16,708.2	7,301.4	5,464.0	602.8	3,340.0	15,188.9	3,606.6	11,582.3	150.0	-	150.0	-	36,367.3	34,937.2	220.5	1,209.7	13,439.8	8,300.8	5,139.0	81,854.2	6,237.0	37,787.3	24,585.5	13,244.4
2020																								
Mar	17,248.1	7,719.3	5,438.5	737.5	3,352.9	15,367.5	3,430.2	11,937.2	135.0	-	135.0	-	36,415.0	34,898.9	227.4	1,288.8	13,699.0	8,367.2	5,331.8	82,864.6	5,935.1	39,266.4	24,317.9	13,345.3
Jun	16,367.6	7,160.6	5,269.1	718.6	3,219.3	15,652.9	3,580.9	12,072.1	120.0	-	120.0	-	36,512.5	34,974.2	250.7	1,287.5	14,061.0	8,381.3	5,679.8	82,714.0	6,023.5	38,963.7	24,252.0	13,474.7
Sep	16,685.5	7,472.6	5,353.9	693.1	3,165.9	15,926.3	3,686.6	12,239.8	120.0	-	120.0	-	36,786.5	35,395.6	271.6	1,119.3	14,025.1	8,309.4	5,715.7	83,543.4	6,023.5	40,175.9	24,656.5	12,687.4
Dec	16,690.2	7,271.4	5,607.0	655.5	3,156.3	16,622.2	3,996.6	12,625.6	105.0	-	105.0	-	38,564.0	36,986.8	314.2	1,263.1	14,498.4	8,595.3	5,903.1	86,479.8	6,023.5	41,986.3	25,660.4	12,809.5
2021																								, I
Mar	21,499.2	8,019.5	6,277.3	797.8	6,404.6	17,217.5	4,037.4	13,180.1	105.0	-	105.0	-	38,878.8	37,366.5	391.2	1,121.1	14,184.1	8,542.8	5,641.3	91,884.5	6,001.3	44,143.8	26,300.5	15,438.8
Jun	21,779.1	8,378.2	5,988.1	783.1	6,629.7	17,927.5	4,222.1	13,705.4	90.0	-	90.0	-	43,130.6	41,576.7	418.2	1,135.7	14,621.5	8,966.1	5,655.4	97,548.7	6,303.6	47,919.7	27,320.8	16,004.6
Sep	22,200.1	8,840.8	6,060.9	754.7	6,543.6	18,608.1	4,699.3	13,908.8	90.0	-	90.0	-	52,574.8	50,988.3	422.4	1,164.2	15,196.6	8,902.4	6,294.2	108,669.6	6,369.7	60,733.3	25,022.5	16,544.2
Dec	23,045.7	9,519.0	6,028.1	801.5	6,697.2	17,197.5	3,847.4	13,350.1	75.0	-	75.0	-	56,514.4	54,950.2	446.8	1,117.4	15,444.3	8,957.0	6,487.3	112,277.0	6,362.3	56,623.3	34,064.9	15,226.4
2022																								1
Mar	21,995.71	8,682.54	6,587.64	839.98	5,885.55	16,978.21	3,733.32	13,244.89	125.00	0.00	75.00	50.00	86,086.08	84,306.40	419.61	1,360.08	16,660.38	8,882.31	7,778.06	141,845.37	6,411.78	70,997.39	48,811.80	15,624.41
Jun	22,703.54	8,749.07	6,625.69	833.82	6,494.96	17,099.64	3,379.02	13,720.61	100.00	0.00	60.00	40.00	91,455.45	89,632.29	456.92	1,366.24	18,943.16	8,926.51	10,016.65	150,301.78	6,421.51	75,137.71	48,946.68	19,795.88
Sep	20,748.30	8,457.34		842.79	4,814.87	17,468.71	3,549.32	13,919.39	100.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	79,098.26	75,707.66	458.50	-	19,421.42	8,951.31	10,470.11	136,836.68		68,229.01	42,697.49	19,556.71
Dec	22,154.44	8,333.16	6,576.75	873.21	6,371.32	17,992.19	3,834.11	14,158.08	85.00	0.00	85.00	0.00	79,961.36	76,064.11	446.04	3,451.20	17,734.54	7,136.96	10,597.58	137,927.53	6,265.03	73,975.66	40,816.16	16,870.67
2023																								1
Mar	19,023.35	7,106.22	6,682.49	762.79	4,471.84	20,761.97	4,174.43	16,587.54	85.00	0.00	85.00	0.00	85,365.78	81,227.39	461.88	3,676.51	20,962.18	8,884.33	12,077.86	146,198.28	6,528.42	79,138.14	43,929.46	16,602.26
Jun	20,388.25	8,765.01	6,394.26	748.10	4,480.88	19,833.25	4,297.03	15,536.23	180.56	0.00	180.56	0.00	81,668.10	77.678.23	464.19	3.525.67	21.114.72	8.876.08	12,238.64	143,184.88	6,362.60	79.120.94	40,780.89	16,920.44

Jun 20,000,20 0,100,00 0,000
 Source: Insurance Companies.
 ¹⁾ The Government Debentures were replaced with Other Government Securities.
 ²⁾ Foreign liabilities include insurance fund from non-residents.

PENSION SCHEMES: ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CAPITAL AND RESERVES (G\$ Million)

									\$ Willion)							Table 5.4
		Ba	nking Sy	stom		Public \$	Asset Sector	S	[Private Secto	Nr.		Total Assets/		Liabilities	
Period Ended	Foreign Sector	Total	Cash	Deposits	Total	Gov't. T/Bills	Local Gov't. Sec.	Other Gov't. Sec. ¹⁾	Total	Shares & Other Sec.	Mortgage Loans	Other	Liabilities, Capital & Reserves	Pension Fund	Reserves	Other
2013	8087.3	6053.3	48.7	6004.6	319.1	319.1	-	-	14022.4	13272.2	750.2	1838.2	30320.4	28460.6	1430.4	429.4
2014	7582.9	5740.9	32.8		112.4	112.4	-	-	16319.1	15268.0	1051.1	1963.9	31719.2	29814.3	1479.7	425.3
2015 ²⁾	14474.5	5832.8	339.3		705.3	705.3	-	-	23100.1	22724.8		2411.2	46523.8	45768.0	240.7	515.2
2016	10346.2	6717.4	76.0		514.5	514.5	-	-	27699.8	27387.6	312.1	2469.0	47746.9	47298.1	-	448.8
2017	12056.0	7897.2	38.2		658.5	658.4	0.0	0.0	31135.2	30842.7	292.5	2129.8	53876.6	53367.7	-	508.9
2018																
Mar	12042.6	7852.9	0.0	7852.9	662.1	662.1	0.0	0.0	33783.8	33535.2	248.6	2275.5	56616.9	56128.8	-	488.2
Jun	13324.8	8652.5	3.9	8648.6	538.3	538.2	0.0	0.0	34550.1	34095.1	455.0	1957.2	59023.0	58737.8	-	285.2
Sep	13477.1	8766.5	63.1	8703.4	928.1	928.1	0.0	0.0	37638.0	37197.6	440.5	1929.9	62739.7	62472.5	-	267.3
Dec	14079.6	9320.9	132.3	9188.6	1002.5	1002.5	0.0	0.0	39233.4	38957.2	276.2	1989.0	65625.5	65018.2	-	607.3
2019																
Mar	14740.2	9367.9	124.6	9243.3	905.5	905.5	0.0	-	39987.0	39730.4	256.6	2202.6	67203.3	66512.3	-	690.9
Jun	17157.9	7469.3	200.9	7268.4	786.7	786.7	0.0	-	40375.3	40106.6	268.8	2031.4	67820.6	67037.9	-	782.7
Sep	21201.1	7300.1	146.4	7153.6	554.0	554.0	0.0	-	41077.9	40998.4	79.5	1972.3	72105.3	71412.5	-	692.9
Dec	21680.4	7831.5	101.9	7729.6	397.6	397.6	0.0	-	44037.8	43960.5	77.3	725.4	74672.7	73840.1	-	832.6
2020																
Mar	21412.7	7624.6	57.2		528.8	528.7	0.0	-	43561.6	43485.9		1682.3	74810.0	73985.7	-	824.3
Jun	20991.4	7841.9	80.2	7761.8	528.8	528.7	0.0	-	44554.7	44479.8	74.9	1870.0	75786.9	74895.2	-	891.6
Sep	21391.1	7089.1	52.0		1001.7	896.1	105.6	-	48286.1	48189.7	96.4	1803.9	79571.9	78703.0	-	868.8
Dec	22010.2	8122.5	24.3	8098.2	1107.0	1107.0	0.0	-	48532.1	48439.5	92.6	1802.9	81574.7	80740.8	-	833.9
2021																
Mar	22630.6	8327.4	34.8		1161.8	1161.8	0.0	-	49275.3	49205.1	70.2	2100.0	83495.1	82529.0	-	966.1
Jun	22266.8	10675.4	30.8		1224.8	1134.9	91.1	-1.1	50765.5	50698.0	67.5	2249.9	87182.5	86238.4	-	944.0
Sep Dec	20980.4 21389.8	10971.3 11335.4	22.8 134.7		1242.6 1249.3	1242.5 1268.2	0.0 -18.9	-	59590.8 61554.7	59525.1 61490.8	65.7 63.9	2178.2 2130.2	94963.2 97659.4	94052.2 96728.0	-	910.9 931.5
2022																
Mar	21854.2	11299.9	22.4	11277.5	1428.0	1427.9	0.0	-	88401.9	88339.8	62.1	2232.7	125216.7	123987.5	_	1229.3
Jun	20695.0	8987.1	44.3		1428.0	1427.9	0.0	-	93901.4	93841.1	60.3	1936.0	126947.4	126006.9	_	940.5
Sep	20748.3	8481.4	72.1	8409.3	1671.1	1686.7	-12.3	-3.4	82804.9	82746.5	58.5	2030.2	115735.9	114627.8	-	1108.1
Dec	20993.5	8863.0	84.1	8778.9	1618.3	1618.3	0.0	-	83558.4	83501.7	56.6	1976.0	117009.2	115796.7	-	1212.5
2023																
Mar	21189.9	8807.2	9.0		1815.7	1815.7	0.0	-	87445.9	87391.1	54.8	1950.8	121209.5	119773.5	-	1436.0
Jun	21371.2 nsion Scheme	8915.9	25.5	8890.4	1824.2	1815.7	0.1	8.4	83592.2	83538.4	53.8	2035.0	117738.6	116321.5	-	1417.1

Source: Pension Schemes

¹⁾ The Government Debentures were replaced with Other Government Securities.
 ²⁾ Adjustments in the valuation method contributed to the significant increase in the balance sheet of the pension companies from December 2015.

SUMMARY NON BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTION: ASSETS (G\$Million)

			Ва	nking Syst	em		Public	Sector			Private	Sector		
Period Ended	Total Assets	Foreign Sector	Total	Cash	Deposits	Total	Gov't. T/Bills	Local Gov't. Sec.	Other Gov't. Sec.	Total	Mortgage Loans	Other Loans & Adv.	Shares	Other
2013	173,324	26,796	25,759	1,086	24,673	4,128	4,128	-	-	90,072	36,240	14,736	39,095	26,570
2014	198,897	28,202	23,965	1,488	22,477	4,786	4,786	-	-	110,926	41,175	14,609	55,142	31,017
2015 ¹⁾	217,615	36,323	27,295	2,687	24,608	6,728	6,728	0	-	116,937	41,060	15,667	60,210	30,332
2016	219,735	31,515	31,404	1,905	29,499	6,828	6,828	0	0	118,340	41,449	15,698	61,193	31,648
2017	234,784	32,676	36,161	2,420	33,741	6,470	6,470	0	0	127,353	43,310	15,536	68,508	32,123
2018														
Mar	244,922	49,827	37,117	2,448	34,669	6,802	6,802	0	0	117,360	43,789	15,732	57,840	33,816
Jun	248,830	52,343	37,567	2,646	34,920	6,139	5,989	150	0	119,545	44,493	15,307	59,745	33,236
Sep	261,768	52,462	38,664	2,748	35,916	6,531	6,381	150	0	130,381	44,958	15,348	70,076	33,731
Dec	268,477	52,871	38,884	2,865	36,019	6,605	6,455	150	0	135,445	47,397	14,436	73,611	34,671
2019														
Mar	280,698	61,163	39,811	2,934	36,877	7,060	6,910	150	0	135,834	47,628	12,753	75,453	36,831
Jun	288,490	68,805	38,911	3,073	35,838	7,041	6,891	150	0	136,332	48,091	12,561	75,681	37,400
Sep	299,459	72,825	39,893	3,509	36,384	6,759	6,609	150	-	142,025	48,703	12,681	80,640	37,957
Dec	305,848	73,711	41,068	3,755	37,314	6,603	6,453	150	-	147,061	49,138	12,841	85,082	37,405
2020														
Mar	309,258	74,522	42,139	3,534	38,605	6,565	6,430	135	-	145,666	49,432	11,223	85,011	40,366
Jun	312,880	44,032	43,834	3,713	40,121	6,549	6,429	120	-	177,692	49,606	11,188	116,898	40,772
Sep	318,252	77,564	43,657	3,759	39,898	7,666	7,440	226	-	148,956	49,789	11,116	88,052	40,409
Dec	325,673	45,089	45,960	4,076	41,884	8,335	8,230	105	-	186,387	50,453	13,209	122,725	39,902
2021														
Mar	340,029	48,488	48,345	4,123	44,222	8,004	7,898	105	-	194,958	50,806	12,866	131,286	40,234
Jun	352,498	48,469	51,487	4,308	47,179	9,438	9,258	181	(1)	202,162	51,208	12,889	138,065	40,942
Sep	372,588	47,579	53,172	4,775	48,398	9,397	9,307	90	-	221,489	51,753	13,395	156,341	40,951
Dec	380,676	49,097	52,726	4,024	48,702	9,679	9,623	56	-	227,646	52,520	13,138	161,988	41,529
2022														
Mar	445,239	48,162	52,616	3,800	48,816	10,639	10,514	75	50	289,425	53,046	12,133	224,245	44,396
Jun	461,504	48,487	50,838	3,481	47,358	10,859	10,759	60	40	306,638	53,759	13,855	239,024	44,681
Sep	438,543	46,639	49,474	3,679	45,795	11,318	11,233	88	(3)	285,190	55,817	15,140	214,233	45,922
Dec	443,459	48,288	49,380	3,968	45,412	10,381	10,296	85	-	290,023	58,849	15,792	215,382	45,387
2023														
Mar	488,591	45,285	50,233	4,227	46,006	10,576	10,491	85	-	333,577	62,962	15,969	254,646	48,921
Jun	485,392	46,987	48,115	4,366	43,748	9,690	9,501	181	8	331,078	67,160	16,035	247,883	49,522

Source: Non-Bank Financial Institutions

1) Adjustments in the valuation method used by the pension companies contributed to the significant increase in the balance sheet of the non-bank financial institutions from December 2015.

Table 5.5 (a)

						(G\$ MII					Tal	ole 5.5 (b)
				Depo	sits			Pri	vate Sec	tor		
Period Ended	Total Liabilities	Foreign Sector	Total Deposits	Private Sector	Public Sector	Shares	Total	Capital & Reserves	Loans Rec.	Insurance Premium	Pension Funds	Other
2013	173,324	14,050	45,758	3,581	2,878	39,299	97,933	65,044	2,223	2,205	28,461	15,583
2014	198,897	22,425	47,173	4,572	2,473	40,128	115,724	80,036	2,407	3,466	29,814	13,574
2015 ¹⁾	217,615	17,710	49,168	5,350	2,582	41,236	130,741	78,903	1,955	4,115	45,768	19,996
2016	219,735	16,502	49,854	6,335	2,693	40,826	132,663	79,067	1,848	4,451	47,298	20,716
2017	234,784	17,976	51,723	6,469	2,693	42,561	143,749	83,865	1,795	4,721	53,368	21,336
2018												
Mar	244,922	18,216	52,953	6,580	2,693	43,680	151,927	88,758	1,690	5,350	56,129	21,826
Jun	248,830	17,043	50,891	7,036	1,480	42,375	157,570	91,745	1,653	5,434	58,738	23,326
Sep	261,768	17,368	51,410	7,050	2,097	42,263	169,802	99,414	1,611	6,304	62,472	23,188
Dec	268,477	28,658	50,659	6,405	2,522	41,733	164,595	92,063	1,718	5,796	65,018	24,564
2019												
Mar	280,698	28,717	51,404	6,722	2,522	42,161	176,936	102,096	1,942	6,386	66,512	23,641
Jun	288,490	29,256	51,962	6,695	2,522	42,745	183,251	107,983	1,997	6,233	67,038	24,020
Sep	299,459	31,716	52,644	6,730	2,562	43,351	191,346	111,614	2,080	6,240	71,412	23,753
Dec	305,848	31,509	52,411	6,776	2,388	43,246	196,849	114,664	2,108	6,237	73,840	25,079
2020												
Mar	309,258	31,557	52,835	6,633	2,388	43,813	199,552	117,616	2,015	5,935	73,986	25,315
Jun	312,880	31,300	54,002	6,742	2,531	44,729	202,011	119,092	2,000	6,024	74,895	25,567
Sep	318,252	31,832	54,726	6,725	2,529	45,472	206,864	120,075	2,062	6,024	78,703	24,830
Dec	325,673	32,904	55,667	6,662	2,457	46,548	212,007	123,093	2,150	6,024	80,741	25,095
2021												
Mar	340,029	33,729	56,836	6,726	2,473	47,637	221,585	130,748	2,308	6,001	82,529	27,879
Jun Sep	352,498 372,588	34,816 32,783	58,086 58,408	6,815 7,060	2,486 2,088	48,785 49,260	231,111 252,261	136,224 149,454	2,345 2,385	6,304 6,370	86,238 94,052	28,485 29,136
Dec	372,588	42,010	59,129	7,060	2,088	49,200	252,201	145,945	2,385	6,362	94,032 96,728	29,130
2000	,	,	, -	,	, -	-, -	- ,	-,	, -	-,	, -	- , -
2022 Mar	445,239	56,960	59,987	7,168	2,315	50,504	292,011	159,248	2,364	6,412	123,987	36,282
Jun	445,239	56,960	59,987 60,446	7,168	2,315	50,504 50,811	303,489	168,672	2,364 2,389	6,412	123,987	40,224
Sep	438,543	51,201	61,027	7,304	2,332	51,439	286,019	162,305	2,389	6,353	114,628	40,224
Dec	443,459	49,577	62,293	7,433	2,149	52,644	293,842	168,886	2,894	6,265	115,797	37,747
2023												
Mar	488,591	53,542	64,342	7,884	2,184	54,274	332,790	204,455	2,033	6,528	119,774	37,917
Jun	485,392	50,515	65,878	8,192	2,156	55,529	330,783	205,964	2,135	6,363	116,321	38,216

SUMMARY NON BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTION: LIABILITIES (G\$ Million)

Source: Non-Bank Financial Institutions

1) Adjustments in the valuation method used by the pension companies contributed to the significant increase in the balance sheet of the non-bank financial institutions

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT FINANCES (SUMMARY) (G\$ Million)

								(G\$ Million)									Table 6.1
	C	Current Accour	nt			Capital Acco	ount				Ext	ernal Financ	ing			Domest	tic Financing	
Period	Revenue	Expenditure	Balance (1) - (2)	Total	Receipts Revenue	External	Expenditure	Balance (4) - (7)	Overall Deficit/Surp lus (3)+(8)	Total (11)+(12)+(Project Loans	External Debt	Overseas Deposits	Other	Total (16)+(17)	Banking System	Non-Bank Borrowing	Other Financing
			(-) (-)	(5)+(6)	Revenue	Grants				13)+(14)		Payments			+(18)	(net)		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
2013	136,494.8	122,053.8	14,441.0	8,671.7	872.8	7,798.9	50,144.5	(41,472.8)	(27,031.8)	18,545.2	8,749.1	(3,592.6)	12,805.7	583.0	8,486.6	17,294.5	(7,032.9)	(1,775.0)
2014	145,727.9	133,833.6	11,894.3	4,191.0	3,100.8	1,090.2	51,013.7	(46,822.7)	(34,928.4)	(13,753.4)	19,936.7	(28,284.8)	(5,925.6)	520.3	48,681.8	11,650.3	(141.0)	37,172.5
2015	161,710.2	147,637.7	14,072.6	7,272.9	2,686.1	4,586.8	30,664.9	(23,392.0)	(9,319.4)	(5,264.8)	14,710.8	(15,346.0)	(5,280.0)	650.4	14,584.2	28,007.0	1,085.9	(14,508.7)
2016	177,322.1	170,151.8	7,170.2	7,877.1	2,469.3	5,407.8	46,618.1	(38,740.9)	(31,570.7)	7,836.8	12,824.7	(5,516.1)	-	528.3	23,733.8	8,482.5	1,588.0	13,663.3
2017	195,060.3	181,400.0	13,660.3	12,198.9	17.0	12,181.8	58,618.3	(46,419.4)	(32,759.1)	8,740.1	17,286.1	(8,930.8)	-	384.8	24,019.0	(1,535.6)	1,985.4	23,569.3
2018	217,016.4	199,612.3	17,404.1	10,773.4	3.8	10,769.6	55,019.4	(44,246.0)	(26,842.0)	5,501.6	17,249.4	(11,977.0)	-	229.2	21,340.4	(24,059.7)	(1,619.5)	47,019.5
2019	240,585.3	216,193.8	24,391.5	11,944.8	9.6	11,935.2	66,262.4	(54,317.7)	(29,926.1)	10,964.5	22,606.6	(11,690.2)	-	48.1	18,961.6	24,643.6	2,608.9	(8,290.8)
2020	227,401.8	249,356.7	(21,954.8)	7,581.8	2.0	7,579.8	76,114.7	(68,533.0)	(90,487.8)	2,322.8	13,976.5	(11,653.6)	-	-	88,165.0	59,902.4	612.1	27,650.5
2021	267,032.6	282,887.4	(15,854.8)	5,392.1	7.7	5,384.3	104,386.2	(98,994.1)	(114,848.9)	11,683.7	23,518.1	(11,834.3)	-	-	103,165.2	(115,145.4)	1,919.6	216,391.0
2022	429,459.4	335,010.1	94,449.4	8,114.4	19.4	8,095.0	258,086.8	(249,972.4)	(155,523.0)	31,260.9	43,781.9	(12,521.0)	-	-	124,262.1	-	23,238.0	101,024.1
2018																		
1st Qtr	45,945.5	46,537.0	(591.5)	4,032.8	0.0	4,032.7	5,220.4	(1,187.7)	(1,779.2)	(2,484.0)	1,098.2	(3,582.2)	-	-	4,263.2	(21,576.8)	358.2	25,481.7
2nd Qtr	63,239.4	46,302.0	16,937.4	1,692.7	0.0	1,692.7	13,754.1	(12,061.5)	4,875.9	1,898.5	3,948.8	(2,185.1)	-	134.8	(6,774.4)		(2,199.1)	(7,062.4)
3rd Qtr	49,428.9	45,295.2	4,133.8	1,146.7	0.7	1,146.0	8,780.7	(7,634.1)	(3,500.3)	(1,713.7)	2,252.3	(3,965.9)	-	-	5,214.0	(2,928.0)	246.7	7,895.2
4th Qtr	58,402.6	61,478.2	(3,075.6)	3,901.3	3.1	3,898.2	27,264.1	(23,362.8)	(26,438.4)	7,800.7	9,950.1	(2,243.8)	-	94.4	18,637.6	(2,042.0)	(25.4)	20,705.0
2019																		
1st Qtr	52,503.9	45,792.7	6,711.2	6,287.2	-	6,287.2	7,103.4	(816.2)	5,895.1	(2,043.3)	1,910.8	(3,954.1)	-	-	(3,851.8)	8,871.9	2,829.3	(15,553.0)
2nd Qtr	63,365.0	51,533.9	11,831.1	2,137.4	5.0	2,132.4	17,434.9	(15,297.5)	(3,466.5)	12,036.4	14,441.2	(2,452.8)	-	48.1	(8,569.9)	3,035.8	(115.9)	(11,489.8)
3rd Qtr	54,825.1	52,061.7	2,763.4	1,920.8	2.8	1,918.0	13,566.0	(11,645.1)	(8,881.8)	(1,747.8)	2,411.1	(4,158.8)	-	-	10,629.5	11,263.2	(537.4)	(96.3)
4th Qtr	69,891.3	66,805.4	3,085.9	1,599.3	1.8	1,597.6	28,158.1	(26,558.8)	(23,472.9)	2,719.1	3,843.6	(1,124.5)	-	-	20,753.8	1,472.8	432.9	18,848.2
2020																		
1st Qtr	56,092.0	47,044.0	9,048.0	369.0	1.3	367.8	2,845.3	(2,476.3)	6,571.7	(3,799.0)	-	(3,799.0)	-	-	(2,772.7)	13,851.2	(24.7)	(16,599.2)
2nd Qtr	55,410.2	51,829.4	3,580.8	109.3	0.5	108.7	14,431.6	(14,322.3)	(10,741.5)	(1,485.8)	-	(1,485.8)	-	-	12,227.3	6,967.4	(1,163.5)	6,423.3
3rd Qtr	55,253.1	51,941.9	3,311.3	3,618.7	-	3,618.7	19,331.0	(15,712.3)	(12,401.0)	7,623.4	11,588.9	(3,965.5)	-	-	4,777.6	5,304.2	1,010.7	(1,537.4)
4th Qtr	60,646.5	98,541.4	(37,894.9)	3,484.8	0.2	3,484.6	39,506.9	(36,022.1)	(73,917.0)	(15.8)	2,387.5	(2,403.4)	-	-	73,932.8	33,779.4	789.5	39,363.8
2021																		
1st Qtr	61,202.1	46,755.6	14,446.5	318.0	-	318.0	4,512.5	(4,194.6)	10,251.9	4,104.6	8,034.8	(3,930.2)	-	-	(14,356.5)	15,109.6	(331.1)	(29,135.0)
2nd Qtr	73,979.9	67,478.2	6,501.6	725.3	-	725.3	26,966.0	(26,240.7)	(19,739.1)	327.9	2,381.3	(2,053.5)	-	-	19,411.2	(191,973.4)	2,059.2	209,325.4
3rd Qtr	63,508.7	70,610.7	(7,102.0)	660.3	-	660.3	14,911.3	(14,251.1)	(21,353.1)	(2,059.6)	2,006.1	(4,065.7)	-	-	23,412.7	29,147.1	90.6	(5,825.0)
4th Qtr	68,342.0	98,042.9	(29,700.9)	3,688.5	7.7	3,680.8	57,996.3	(54,307.7)	(84,008.6)	9,310.9	11,095.9	(1,785.0)	-	-	74,697.7	32,571.3	100.9	42,025.6
2022																		
1st Qtr	68,388.5	51,182.6	17,205.9	77.9	1.9	76.0	12,204.9	(12,127.0)	5,078.9	(2,944.3)	1,232.2	(4,176.5)	-	-	(2,134.5)		2,040.1	(37,215.5)
2nd Qtr	124,909.2	85,597.0	39,312.2	3,995.4	8.1	3,987.3	34,555.8	(30,560.4)	8,751.8	2,265.0	4,522.2	(2,257.2)	-	-	(11,016.8)		1,235.8	6,605.3
3rd Qtr	114,746.8	77,197.3	37,549.5	133.9	6.9	127.0	38,042.4	(37,908.5)	(359.0)	25,909.6	30,245.2	(4,335.6)	-	-	(25,550.6)	(46,754.2)	19,837.3	1,366.3
4th Qtr	121,414.9	121,033.2	381.8	3,907.3	2.6	3,904.7	173,283.7	(169,376.4)	(168,994.7)	6,030.5	7,782.2	(1,751.7)	-	-	162,964.1	32,571.3	124.8	130,268.0
2023																		
1st Qtr 2nd Qtr	128,683.2 151,405.8	69,601.9 99,598.7	59,081.4 51,807.1	448.5 837.2	13.7 4.2	434.8 833.0	27,283.2 90,784.4	(26,834.7) (89,947.2)	32,246.7 (38,140.0)	(1,822.4) 12,548.9	2,783.9 14,513.8	(4,606.4) (1,964.9)	-	-	(30,424.3) 25,591.1	57,685.0 19,474.3	1,991.1 (494.7)	(90,100.4) 6,611.5
	131,403.8	99,598.7	51,007.1	031.2	4.2	033.0	90,764.4	(09,947.2)	(30,140.0)	12,346.9	14,013.8	(1,904.9)		-	20,091.1	19,474.3	(494.7)	0,011.5

Sources: Ministry of Finance and Bank of Guyana.

Notes: 1. From year 2017 the capital revenue will follow the MOF format; therefore, the figure will show a reduced amount due to the exclusions of all grants and debt reliefs. 2. Figures revised from 2008 to reflect the computation of Central Government on an accrual basis.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT: CURRENT REVENUE (G\$ Million)

							(G\$ Million)							Table 6.2
	Total							Tax Revenue						
Period	Current	Total Tax		Income	Тах		V	AT & Excise Tax				Internationa		
Fenou	Revenue ¹⁾	Revenue	Total	Companies ²⁾	Personal	Other ³⁾	Total	Value Added Tax ⁴⁾	Excise Tax ⁴⁾	Total	Import Duty	Export Duty	Travel Tax	Other
2013	136,494.8	126,509.8	46,128.0	30,929.0	15,199.1	0.0	61,659.4	34,388.0	27,271.3	13,411.8	11,865.7	14.1	1,532.0	0.0
2014	145,727.9	135,889.6	51,183.0	33,283.3	17,899.7	0.0	65,709.5	37,475.4	28,234.0	13,856.4	12,166.5	13.8	1,676.0	0.0
2015	161,710.2	142,896.3	54,500.2	34,606.4	19,893.7	0.0	68,806.8	35,476.4	33,330.5	14,026.6	12,357.1	11.6	1,657.9	0.0
2016	177,322.1	151,745.5	60,624.2		22,727.3	0.0	68,707.0	36,424.0	31,083.0	16,947.9	14,887.1	12.8	2,048.0	0.0
2017	195,060.3	171,149.9	67,747.6	46,078.3	21,669.3	0.0	76,319.2	42,555.9	33,458.6	18,496.8	16,272.9	22.6	2,201.2	0.0
2018	217,016.4	194,977.5	78,234.7	52,427.1	25,807.6	0.0	87,861.9	48,181.4	39,680.4	21,956.1	19,320.6	32.8	2,602.6	0.0
2019	240,585.3	221,779.6	93,595.3	64,384.6	29,210.8	0.0	96,551.4	52,748.6	43,802.8	24,991.5	22,135.5	29.1	2,826.9	0.0
2020	227,401.8	218,330.1	104,703.0	70,015.2	34,687.8	0.0	83,829.9	49,907.9	33,922.0	19,641.0	18,623.8	27.5	989.8	0.0
2021	267,032.6	255,085.5	122,858.7	79,951.4	42,907.3	0.0	94,778.3	48,377.5	46,400.8	25,611.4	23,737.1	29.3	1,845.0	0.0
2022	429,459.4	292,336.8	163,483.4	108,602.3	54,881.0	0.0	85,222.3	56,829.9	28,392.5	30,273.6	27,125.2	84.4	3,064.1	0.0
2018														
1st Qtr	45,945.5	42,345.6	17,656.5	11,463.4	6,193.1	0.0	20,287.3	11,282.1	9,005.2	4,401.9	3,859.5	5.5	536.9	0.0
2nd Qtr	63,239.4	51,347.8	23,706.3	17,190.4	6,515.9	0.0	22,209.1	11,394.4	10,814.7	5,432.4	4,657.5	8.8	766.1	0.0
3rd Qtr	49,428.9	46,041.1	17,768.9		6,280.1	0.0	20,882.4	12,113.1	8,769.3	5,676.7	4,945.0	9.0	722.7	0.0
4th Qtr	58,402.6	55,242.9	19,103.0	12,284.5	6,818.6	0.0	24,483.0	13,391.8	11,091.3	6,445.1	5,858.7	9.5	576.9	0.0
2019														
1st Qtr	52,503.9	48,304.7	21,610.5	13,909.9	7,700.5	0.0	21,710.8	12,298.0	9,412.8	4,983.5	4,348.8	7.3	627.5	0.0
2nd Qtr	63,365.0	54,018.7	25,964.0	19,071.8	6,892.3	0.0	22,346.8	12,517.2	9,829.6	5,707.8	4,885.2	7.8	814.8	0.0
3rd Qtr	54,825.1	51,224.2	19,864.4	13,052.8	6,811.6	0.0	22,421.5	12,285.4	10,136.0	7,095.4	6,364.6	7.0	723.7	0.0
4th Qtr	69,891.3	68,232.0	26,156.4	18,350.1	7,806.4	0.0	30,072.3	15,647.9	14,424.4	7,204.9	6,536.9	7.0	660.9	0.0
2020														
1st Qtr	56,092.0	54,306.4	23,592.9	14,953.9	8,639.0	0.0	23,629.7	14,980.1	8,649.6	5,238.3	4,674.6	6.0	557.7	0.0
2nd Qtr	55,410.2	52,480.7	27,039.8	17,959.6	9,080.2	0.0	17,629.3	11,148.8	6,480.5	3,792.6	3,683.7	6.2	102.6	0.0
3rd Qtr	55,253.1	53,604.6	26,139.2	18,421.5	7,717.7	0.0	20,528.2	12,763.4	7,764.7	4,962.9	4,787.0	5.6	170.2	0.0
4th Qtr	60,646.5	57,938.4	27,931.1	18,680.2	9,250.9	0.0	22,042.7	11,015.5	11,027.2	5,647.3	5,478.4	9.7	159.2	0.0
2021														
1st Qtr	61,202.1	59,245.8	25,911.2		9,905.9	0.0	25,350.9	14,340.5	11,010.4	5,542.3	5,262.7	1.8	277.8	0.0
2nd Qtr	73,979.9	69,761.7	33,471.9	22,741.3	10,730.7	0.0	24,762.1	13,029.7	11,732.5	5,912.4	5,489.9	5.9	416.5	0.0
3rd Qtr	63,508.7	61,426.5	28,367.4	18,457.8	9,909.6	0.0	24,679.8	12,162.9	12,516.9	6,604.5	6,007.1	10.1	587.3	0.0
4th Qtr	68,342.0	64,651.5	35,108.2	22,747.1	12,361.1	0.0	19,985.5	8,844.4	11,141.1	7,552.2	6,977.3	11.5	563.4	0.0
2022			ac :		10	_	a :							_
1st Qtr	68,388.5	64,013.4	33,594.7		13,879.1	0.0	22,754.2	13,840.1	8,914.1	5,619.4	5,137.5	9.6	472.3	0.0
2nd Qtr	124,909.2	81,137.3	46,679.0		12,914.2	0.0	20,430.6	14,369.5	6,061.2	7,349.5	6,422.7	13.2	913.5	0.0
3rd Qtr	114,746.8	71,542.5	39,474.2	26,802.9	12,671.4	0.0	21,894.4	15,338.2	6,556.1	7,878.5	6,909.7	31.2	937.6	0.0
4th Qtr	121,414.9	75,643.6	43,735.4	28,319.1	15,416.3	0.0	20,143.1	13,282.0	6,861.1	9,426.3	8,655.3	30.3	740.6	0.0
2023														
1sr Qtr	128,683.2	79,605.6	45,027.2	27,599.4	17,427.8	0.0	24,227.7	16,897.2	7,330.5	8,113.4	7,028.5	31.9	1,053.0	0.0
2nd Qtr	151,405.8	102,243.9	61,527.3	44,491.7	17,035.6	0.0	24,795.4	17,390.3	7,405.1	7,689.6	6,550.7	41.3	1,097.6	0.0

Source: Ministry of Finance

¹⁾ Total Current Revenue include funds from the Natural Resource Fund and Guyana REDD Plus Investment Fund.

²⁾ As of 2003, Companies Income Tax includes self-employed, corporation and withholding income taxes.

³⁾ As at March-2017, 'other income tax' will not include capital gains (it was relocated under 'other tax revenue').

⁴⁾ Value Added Tax (VAT) and Excise Tax were implemented on January 01, 2007.

⁵⁾ Revised Figures for 3rd and 4th quarters are not available.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT: CURRENT EXPENDITURE (G\$ Million)

									Non-inte	erest Current	Expenditure									Table 6.3
	-							Other Goods			-xponunui o					Transfe	r Payments			
Period	Total Current Expenditure	Total	Personal Emoluments	Total	Material And Supplies	Fuels & Lubricants	Rental & Maintenance of Buildings	Maintenance of Infrastructure	Electricity Charges	Transport Travel and Postage	Telephone Charges	Other Services Purchased	Miscella- neous	Total	Education Subvents, Grants & Scl.ships	Rates, Taxes & Subvents to L.A.	Subsidies & Contribution to Local & Int'l Orgns.	Refunds of Revenue	Pensions	Debt Charges
2013	122,053.8	115,947.5	38,489.0	37,527.9	7,333.1	2,222.4	3,246.1	2,931.4	5,876.5	3.473.5	475.5	814.4	11,155.1	39,930.6	3,351.7	213.9	22,565.1	6.2	13,793.6	6,106.3
2014	133,833.6	127,494.1	42,305.6	40,106.2	8,192.8	2,339.4	3,298.8	2,790.7	5,703.2	3,575.6	549.3	798.7	12,857.7	45,082.2	5,855.5	195.6	24,410.9	24.2	14,596.0	6,339.5
2015	147,637.7	141,152.2	44,661.7	43,175.9	8,916.2	2,350.3	3,418.8	3,394.9	3,382.1	4,562.3	570.9	798.2	15,782.2	53,314.5	4,789.1	189.4	33,701.2	11.0	14,623.8	6,485.5
2016	170,151.8	163,425.0	49,360.5	46,800.6	7,398.7	2,234.9	4,370.1	4,486.3	5,262.7	4,679.4	671.0	799.2	16,898.3	67,263.9	5,557.7	183.6	42,942.9	34.6	18,545.1	6,726.8
2017	181,400.0	173,373.3	54,444.2	49,236.0	7,823.0	2,215.5	5,432.3	5,633.2	3,206.5	5,383.0	626.8	711.6	18,204.1	69,693.2	6,924.5	572.3	42,056.9	4.1	20,135.3	8,026.7
2018	199,612.3	191,101.5	59,452.0	51,249.9	8,309.8	2,458.6	5,299.4	6,135.4	2,726.8	5,487.5	675.2	630.4	19,526.8	80,399.6	7,576.1	344.7	50,463.6	16.9	21,998.4	8,510.7
2019	216,193.8	207,683.1	68,550.9	57,908.0	9,525.0	2,800.2	6,025.9	6,809.2	2,385.6	5,726.9	667.2	834.0	23,133.9	81,224.2	8,555.8	920.3	46,974.3	14.7	24,759.1	8,510.7
2020	249,356.7	241,595.1	71,852.2	72,477.3	16,540.8	2,483.0	6,181.8	6,977.2	8,406.9	5,734.5	835.2	2,092.7	23,225.2	97,265.6	7,951.0	1,239.9	54,507.0	5.0	33,562.6	7,761.6
2021	282,887.4	274,971.7	77,811.9	90,272.5	23,142.5	2,620.2	6,684.9	7,813.9	9,050.7	6,210.5	896.3	1,044.8	32,808.7	106,887.3	12,955.2	709.5	58,245.1	2.9	34,974.6	7,915.7
2022	335,010.1	326,051.8	87,760.4	108,602.6	3,797.5	19,776.9	7,407.3	9,751.3	20,468.0	7,564.7	1,133.6	1,093.5	37,609.7	129,688.7	16,638.6	529.3	74,045.6	4.5	38,470.7	8,958.3
2018																				
1st Qtr	46,537.0	43,823.9	12,851.5	7,422.8	1,653.8	427.0	572.2	603.7	452.8	608.2	114.9	75.4	2,914.8	23,549.5	1,189.9	42.4	17,050.8	0.1	5,266.4	2,713.1
2nd Qtr	46,302.0	44,650.1	14,773.7	12,334.2	1,739.8	668.8	1,072.2	1,657.6	793.6	1,386.8	172.7	196.4	4,646.3	17,542.3	1,832.6	86.9	9,932.4	4.7	5,685.6	1,651.8
3rd Qtr	45,295.2	42,817.1	13,385.6	12,206.4	1,786.6	541.3	1,403.2	1,374.9	692.0	1,386.0	167.4	117.0	4,738.0	17,225.1	2,110.8	33.3	9,662.7	10.5	5,407.8	2,478.1
4th Qtr	61,478.2	59,810.5	18,441.2	19,286.5	3,129.6	821.5	2,251.8	2,499.3	788.4	2,106.4	220.2	241.7	7,227.7	22,082.7	2,442.8	182.0	13,817.8	1.6	5,638.5	1,667.7
2019																				
1st Qtr	45,792.7	42,995.5	14,756.4	9,895.7	2,723.6	507.5	731.9	586.4	526.1	756.5	131.4	215.0	3,717.2	18,343.4	1,672.4	299.9	10,682.1	0.4	5,688.7	2,797.2
2nd Qtr	51,533.9	50,076.2	16,791.6	13,523.7	1,758.4	714.4	1,423.3	2,025.7	575.9	1,387.2	149.9	153.8	5,335.2	19,761.0	1,755.0	214.8	11,608.3	0.2	6,182.7	1,457.7
3rd Qtr	52,061.7	49,443.9	15,412.0	13,546.0	2,075.1	597.3	1,425.6	1,477.6	502.6	1,401.9	134.7	109.3	5,821.8	20,485.9	2,350.4	227.9	11,754.2	11.6	6,141.9	2,617.9
4th Qtr	66,805.4	65,167.5	21,591.0	20,942.7	2,967.9	981.0	2,445.1	2,719.5	781.0	2,181.4	251.2	355.8	8,259.7	22,633.9	2,778.0	177.7	12,929.9	2.5	6,745.9	1,637.9
2020																				
1st Qtr	47,044.0	44,379.9	16,365.6	7,307.2	517.3	530.9	659.0	889.6	232.1	835.8	119.1	129.3	3,394.0	20,707.1	1,305.3	151.4	13,019.2	0.6	6,230.6	2,664.1
2nd Qtr	51,829.4	50,857.1	18,735.4	11,355.1	2,552.6	526.1	1,001.9	1,133.5	319.5	1,172.2	126.4	219.5	4,303.4	20,766.5	1,330.8	164.1	12,820.4	0.6	6,450.6	972.3
3rd Qtr	51,941.9	49,473.7	16,960.6	12,445.3	1,976.6	643.1	1,217.5	1,671.9	561.3	1,391.6	153.4	176.6	4,653.3	20,067.8	1,464.9	314.3	11,945.9	2.3	6,340.3	2,468.2
4th Qtr	98,541.4	96,884.5	19,790.6	41,369.7	11,494.3	782.9	3,303.4	3,282.3	7,294.0	2,334.8	436.3	1,567.2	10,874.5	35,724.2	3,850.0	610.0	16,721.5	1.6	14,541.1	1,656.9
2021																				
1st Qtr	46,755.6	44,705.7	16,469.2	7,195.2	1,837.5	358.4	524.1	412.7	232.0	670.4	80.2	60.0	3,019.8	21,041.3	1,400.1	91.2	11,734.0	2.1	7,813.8	2,049.9
2nd Qtr	67,478.2	66,208.9	19,529.4	20,556.9	8,405.4	717.8	1,529.1	2,041.0	675.9	1,402.3	218.1	314.7	5,252.6	26,122.6	1,594.2	61.4	15,514.0	0.7	8,952.3	1,269.3
3rd Qtr	70,610.7	68,648.9	17,028.1	24,410.8	4,177.5	631.5	2,315.4	2,433.2	2,377.3	1,456.6	191.3	142.5	10,685.6	27,210.0	5,537.4	46.0	13,589.8	0.1	8,036.7	1,961.8
4th Qtr	98,042.9	95,408.1	24,785.2	38,109.5	8,722.1	912.5	2,316.4	2,927.0	5,765.5	2,681.2	406.7	527.6	13,850.5	32,513.4	4,423.6	510.8	17,407.3	0.0	10,171.7	2,634.7
2022																				
1st Qtr	51,182.6	49,177.3	17,596.9	8,911.4	630.3	910.7	723.8	630.7	372.9	952.4	157.1	96.8	4,436.9	22,668.9	1,330.3	25.0	13,475.0	0.1	7,838.5	2,005.4
2nd Qtr	85,597.0	84,208.1	20,784.9	29,453.9	957.1	5,552.4	1,902.2	1,896.2	6,888.4	1,782.6	291.4	309.5	9,874.0	33,969.3	7,320.2	32.5	18,449.9	4.0	8,162.6	1,389.0
3rd Qtr	77,197.3	75,042.9	18,912.4	25,429.7	808.8	7,878.9	1,753.5	3,081.4	606.3	2,008.5	242.8	259.9	8,789.5	30,700.8	3,336.1	58.3	17,834.9	0.2	9,471.4	2,154.4
4th Qtr	121,033.2	117,623.5	30,466.2	44,807.6	1,401.3	5,434.9	3,027.8	4,143.0	12,600.4	2,821.3	442.2	427.3	14,509.3	42,349.7	4,652.0	413.6	24,285.9	0.2	12,998.1	3,409.6
2023																				
1st Qtr 2nd Qtr	69,601.9 99,598.7	66,465.6 98,106.4	21,495.9 24,362.7	15,600.6 28.046.6	5,523.4 5.389.7	736.4 1.002.8	846.3 1.804.6	918.0 3.309.9	378.9 4.893.2	1,394.3 2,357.8	148.7 315.4	79.2 369.2	5,575.5 8.604.0	29,369.0 45,697.1	1,828.3 10,773.3	19.5 44.5	17,045.8 23.645.5	0.5	10,474.9 11,231.2	3,136.3 1,492.3
	99,598.7 strv of Finance.	98,106.4	24,302.7	28,046.6	5,389.7	1,002.8	1,804.6	3,309.9	4,893.2	2,357.8	315.4	369.2	8,004.0	45,697.1	10,773.3	44.5	23,045.5	2.7	11,231.2	1,492.3

Source: Ministry of Finance.

Table 6.3

PUBLIC CORPORATIONS CASH FINANCES: SUMMARY (G\$ Million)

Table 6.4

,584.5 16,55 ,899.2 18,45 ,423.1 11,88 ,118.2 6,35 ,916.1 6,70 ,020.0 5,56 ,194.0 3,67	es Sales ,833.7 69,011 ,941.0 72,141 ,551.9 70,600 ,458.4 66,35 ,886.3 50,08 ,351.6 49,655 ,707.9 52,69 ,567.0 51,73	0.4 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.8 0.0 0.7 22,229.8 0.9 27,779.3	212.2 339.1 722.5	Other Current Receipts 33,364.7 31,625.8 40,194.6 32,366.5	Total 125,960.7 122,500.6	Materials & Supplies 34,552.7 34,841.6	Employment Cost 25,565.2	Creditors ²⁾	Local Govt. Rates & Taxes	VAT Payments	Other ³⁾	Transfe Total	ers to Central (Taxes (Property and Corporation)	Gov't. Dividend	Primary Balance ⁴⁾
tai Sales ,565.0 24,83 ,928.3 18,94 ,584.5 16,55 ,899.2 18,45 ,423.1 11,88 ,118.2 6,35 ,916.1 6,70 ,020.0 5,566 ,194.0 3,67	es Sales ,833.7 69,011 ,941.0 72,141 ,551.9 70,600 ,458.4 66,35 ,886.3 50,08 ,351.6 49,655 ,707.9 52,69 ,567.0 51,73	from Debtors ¹⁾ .6 0.0 .4 0.0 .2 0.0 .8 0.0 .7 22,229.8 .9 27,779.3	Refunds 349.0 212.2 339.1 722.5	Current Receipts 33,364.7 31,625.8 40,194.6	125,960.7 122,500.6	& Supplies 34,552.7	Cost	Creditors ²⁾	Rates &		Other ³⁾	Total	(Property and	Dividend	
,928.3 18,94 ,584.5 16,55 ,899.2 18,45 ,423.1 11,88 ,118.2 6,35 ,916.1 6,70 ,020.0 5,56 ,194.0 3,67	,941.0 72,14; ,551.9 70,60; ,458.4 66,35; ,886.3 50,08; ,351.6 49,65; ,707.9 52,69; ,567.0 51,73;	0.4 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.8 0.0 0.7 22,229.8 0.9 27,779.3	212.2 339.1 722.5	31,625.8 40,194.6	122,500.6		25 565 2								
,584.5 16,55 ,899.2 18,45 ,423.1 11,88 ,118.2 6,35 ,916.1 6,70 ,020.0 5,56 ,194.0 3,67	,551.9 70,600 ,458.4 66,35 ,886.3 50,08 ,351.6 49,655 ,707.9 52,690 ,567.0 51,730	.2 0.0 .8 0.0 7.7 22,229.8 8.9 27,779.3	339.1 722.5	40,194.6		34 841 6	24,649.2	0.0 0.0		103.8 114.7	63,238.4 61,634.7	2,386.6 1,203.2	1,386.6 1,203.2	1,000.0 0.0	
,916.1 6,70 ,020.0 5,56 ,194.0 3,67	,707.9 52,69 ,567.0 51,73			26,059.4	112,604.5 103,309.3 114,641.2	26,069.8 22,947.3 25,300.0	28,139.5 25,410.7 25,099.5	0.0 0.0 29,577.1		522.8 171.8 1,347.5	55,158.6 50,668.5 29,805.4	2,672.9 3,947.0 3,313.5	1,670.4 1,747.0 2,113.5	1,002.5 2,200.0 1,200.0	15,085.2 14,589.9
	670.6 70.75		2,407.5 2,569.0	28,921.0 28,622.5 28,810.9	124,923.7 119,360.2 103,654.4	29,780.8 28,214.0 26,576.3	23,502.1 18,983.5 16,687.0	35,538.6 31,602.5 20,262.9	178.3 67.9 75.2	1,261.0 1,760.4 746.9	32,157.9 35,967.3 37,324.9	2,929.1 2,764.7 1,981.2	1,729.1 1,864.7 1,481.2	1,200.0 900.0 500.0	-9,805.5 -1,444.1
				32,166.3 43,562.6	137,027.0 168,219.4	34,564.6 46,707.3	18,508.9 22,262.2	43,988.9 54,825.5	42.6 159.3	212.2 233.6	38,935.6 41,833.9	774.2 2,197.7	774.2 2,197.7	0.0 0.0	
,236.3 1,68 ,951.5 1,33	,683.8 12,57 ,330.6 12,04	7.0 7,056.0 7,338.0	604.8 597.9	5,771.2 6,314.6 7,641.4 9,193.7	29,976.5 31,141.3 30,173.2 33,632.7	6,688.8 7,280.4 7,823.7 7,987.9	6,002.5 5,179.0 4,288.1 8,032.5	8,585.6 10,134.0 7,903.8 8,915.2	48.6 25.0 19.7 84.9	471.3 353.2 207.7 228.9	7,863.2 7,684.6 8,400.2 8,209.9	316.5 485.2 1,530.0 173.4	316.5 485.2 330.0 173.4	0.0 0.0 1,200.0 0.0	-2,905.0 -1,221.7
,510.3 1,88 ,566.9 85	,889.3 13,52 859.3 12,92	.0 6,834.5 .6 6,831.4	654.5 654.4	7,304.5 7,610.0 6,300.2 7,407.7	27,104.4 30,641.5 28,970.5 32,643.8	6,627.3 7,631.1 6,537.4 7.418.1	4,139.9 4,476.5 4,459.1 5.908.0	6,918.2 8,465.4 7,444.0 8,774.8	25.3 13.1 8.9 20.6	412.3 431.5 451.4 465.2	8,333.6 9,129.0 8,809.7 9.694.9	647.7 494.8 1,260.0 362.1	647.7 494.8 360.0 362.1	0.0 0.0 900.0 0.0	-131.1 -1,403.6
,543.1 1,07 ,875.6 1,32 ,124.7 81	,075.1 12,78 ,322.3 11,51 819.4 11,46	5.0 5,442.7 1.7 4,321.0 5.1 4,380.2	627.0 300.2 38.3	6,613.4 5,412.4 6,421.8	27,928.7 21,298.5 23,767.9	7,923.1 4,675.0 5,958.3	4,009.9 3,844.2 3,686.9	5,839.6 3,794.5 4,627.7	21.1 27.9 21.8	396.7 286.8 30.1	9,406.3 7,979.8 9,227.7	332.0 690.4 215.4	332.0 690.4 215.4	0.0 0.0 0.0	-1,385.6 1,577.1 -643.2
															, -
,547.4 1,46 ,522.4 62	,467.2 15,78 620.1 18,96	0.9 7,588.4 6.4 6,513.6	21.0	6,413.3 8,689.9 8,403.8 8,659.3	29,218.3 36,573.9 35,869.5 35,365.3	6,943.3 9,001.8 9,589.0 9,030.5	4,077.5 5,385.1 4,522.1 4,524.2	8,334.3 11,917.9 11,815.1 11,921.6	23.6 7.1 3.3 8.7	69.3 47.9 39.3 55.8	9,528.3 9,889.5 9,898.1 9,619.7	242.1 324.6 2.7 204.8	242.1 324.6 2.7 204.8	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	-3,026.5 -1,347.1
,496.6 1,22	,225.1 18,85	.4 11,797.5		9,557.9 11,606.4 9,705.4	37,779.1 46,496.4 39,965.5	9,671.0 12,769.5 12,160.1	4,969.9 5,270.2 5,268.5	12,744.5 17,249.8 12,454.6	28.4 16.5 13.9	46.5 57.6 47.2	10,103.9 10,584.9 9,595.9	214.9 547.8 425.3	214.9 547.8 425.3	0.0 0.0 0.0	-2,999.8
,743.1 59	595.9 17,45	.6 7,487.3	299.4	10,908.8	43,978.5 36,734.6	12,106.7 10,670.8	6,753.6 5,451.5	12,376.5	100.4 22.5	82.4 36.6	9,770.0	1,009.8 612.5	1,009.8 612.5	0.0	8.5
,2,9,5 ,0,5,5,7 ,5,8,1,4 ,2,5,5,8 ,5,4,1,9 ,7	43.0 4 24.3 1 36.3 1 551.5 1 1006.1 2 147.7 1 110.3 1 166.9 9 147.7 1 110.3 1 166.9 9 191.1 2 143.1 1 175.6 1 24.7 2 151.4 1 147.4 1 172.8 3 32.0 9 96.6 1 56.2 1 143.1 1 152.4 1 152.4 1 152.4 1 152.4 1 152.4 1 152.4 1 152.4 1 152.4 1 152.4 1 152.5 1 153.5 1 154.5 1 155.5 1	43.0 4,745.6 85,297 24.3 1,044.4 12,222 36.3 1,683.8 12,577 55.5 1,330.6 12,043 106.1 2,292.8 12,816 147.7 1,124.8 12,658 10.3 1,889.3 13,522 166.9 859.3 12,921 91.1 2,834.5 13,591 43.1 1,075.1 12,786 75.6 1,322.3 11,519 24.7 819.4 11,466 76.7 2,350.2 15,960 51.4 1,111.7 20,909 47.4 1,467.2 15,786 32.0 691.2 18,942 98.6 1,225.1 18,855 32.0 691.2 18,242 96.6 1,225.1 18,855 56.2 834.1 24,195 58.2 1,995.1 24,004 43.1 595.9 17,451	43.0 4,745.6 85,297.3 38,502.9 24.3 1,044.4 12,222.1 5,811.3 36.3 1,683.8 12,577.0 7,066.0 551.5 1,330.6 12,043.7 7,338.0 06.1 2,292.8 12,816.1 7,574.0 447.7 1,124.8 12,658.8 6,383.8 10.3 1,889.3 13,522.0 6,834.5 166.9 859.3 12,921.6 6,831.4 91.1 2,834.5 13,591.7 7,272.7 43.1 1,075.1 12,785.0 5,442.7 75.6 1,322.3 11,519.7 4,321.0 24.7 819.4 11,465.1 4,300.2 76.7 2,350.2 15,960.6 4,497.5 51.4 1,111.7 20,909.5 5,787.6 47.4 1,467.2 15,780.9 7,588.4 620.1 18,963.4 6,513.6 72.8 471.6 15,105.1 9,257.1 36.6 1,225.1 18,855.4	43.0 4,745.6 85,297.3 38,502.9 1,034.7 24.3 1,044.4 12,222.1 5,811.3 575.2 36.3 1,683.8 12,577.0 7,056.0 604.8 51.5 1,330.6 12,043.7 7,338.0 597.9 06.1 2,292.8 12,816.1 7,574.0 629.5 47.7 1,124.8 12,658.8 6,383.8 575.7 10.3 1,899.3 13,522.0 6,834.5 664.5 66.9 859.3 12,921.6 6,831.4 654.4 91.1 2,834.5 13,591.7 7,272.7 684.5 43.1 1,075.1 12,785.0 5,442.7 627.0 75.6 1,322.3 11,519.7 4,321.0 300.2 24.7 819.4 11,465.1 4,380.2 38.3 76.7 2,350.2 15,960.6 4,497.5 305.0 551.4 1,111.7 20,909.5 5,787.6 29.3 47.4 1,467.2 15,780.9	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	43.0 4,745.6 85,297.3 38,502.9 1,034.7 43,562.6 168,219.4 24.3 1,044.4 12,222.1 5,811.3 575.2 5,771.2 29,976.5 36.3 1,683.8 12,077.0 7,056.0 604.8 6,314.6 31,141.3 51.5 1,330.6 12,043.7 7,338.0 597.9 7,641.4 30,173.2 06.1 2,292.8 12,816.1 7,574.0 629.5 9,193.7 33,632.7 447.7 1,124.8 12,658.8 6,838.8 575.7 7,304.5 27,104.4 10.3 1,889.3 13,522.0 6,834.5 664.5 7,610.0 30,641.5 66.9 859.3 12,921.6 6,831.4 654.5 7,610.0 30,641.5 91.1 2,834.5 13,591.7 7,272.7 684.5 7,407.7 32,643.8 43.1 1,075.1 12,785.0 5,442.7 627.0 6,613.4 27,928.7 76.7 2,350.2 15,960.6 4,497.5 305.0 10,363.4 30,659.3 451.4 1,111.7 20,909.5	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	43.0 4.745.6 85.297.3 38.502.9 1,034.7 43.562.6 168.219.4 46.707.3 22.262.2 54.825.5 159.3 233.6 41.833.9 24.3 1,044.4 12.222.1 5.811.3 575.2 5.771.2 29.976.5 6.688.8 6.002.5 8.585.6 48.6 471.3 7.833.0 25.3 1.683.8 12.043.7 7.338.0 697.9 7.641.4 30.173.2 7.823.7 4.288.1 7.908.8 19.7 207.7 8.400.2 06.1 2.292.8 12.816.1 7.574.0 629.5 9.113.7 33.632.7 7.987.9 8.032.5 8.815.2 84.9 228.3 412.3 8.333.6 06.1 2.292.8 12.816.1 7.574.0 629.5 7.104.4 6.627.3 4.139.9 6.918.2 25.3 412.3 8.333.6 06.9 859.3 12.921.6 6.831.4 654.4 6.300.2 28.970.5 6.537.4 4.459.1 7.444.0 8.9 451.4 8.997.9 9.129.0 8.452.4 3.794.5 2.7.9 286.6 7.9798.0 8.774.8 20.6	43.0 4.745.6 85.297.3 38.502.9 1.034.7 43.562.6 168.219.4 46.707.3 22.262.2 54.825.5 159.3 233.6 41.833.9 2.197.7 24.3 1.044.4 12.2221 5.811.3 575.2 5.771.2 29.976.5 6.688.8 6.002.5 8.585.6 48.6 471.3 7.863.2 7.684.6 455.2 36.3 1.683.8 12.577.0 7.056.0 604.8 6.31.41.3 7.280.4 5.179.0 10.134.0 25.0 353.2 7.684.6 485.2 5.5 1.5.30.6 12.047.7 7.380.5 575.7 7.304.5 27.104.4 6.627.3 4.139.9 6.918.2 25.3 412.3 8.333.6 647.7 10.3 1.889.3 13.522.0 6.633.4 654.5 7.610.0 30.641.5 7.631.1 4.4765.5 8.465.4 13.1 431.5 9.129.0 494.8 66.9 859.3 12.921.6 6.633.4 654.5 7.601.0 30.641.5 7.657.0 3.844.2 3.794.5 27.9 2.663.8 7.979.8 690.4 322.1 1.510.6	43.0 4.745.6 85.297.3 38,502.9 1.034.7 43,562.6 168,219.4 46,707.3 22,262.2 54,825.5 159.3 233.6 41,833.9 2,197.7 2,197.7 24.3 1.044.4 12,222.1 5,811.3 575.2 5,771.2 29,976.5 6,688.8 6,002.5 8,585.6 48.6 471.3 7,984.6 486.2 485.2 36.3 1,688.8 12,277.0 7,066.0 604.8 6,314.6 31,141.3 7,280.4 5,179.0 10,134.0 25.0 353.2 7,884.6 486.2 485.2 51.5 13.05 12,047.1 629.5 9,193.7 33,632.7 7,987.9 8,032.5 8,915.2 84.9 228.9 8,209.9 173.4 173.4 10.3 1.889.3 13,522.0 6,831.4 654.5 7,610.0 30,641.5 7,631.1 4,476.5 8,465.4 131.1 431.5 9,120.0 330.0 11.1 1.989.3 13,591.7 7,277.7 6,643.4 2,929.7 2,292.4 4,451.4 8,009.7 1,200.0 300.0 332.0 332.0	43.0 4.745.6 85.297.3 38.502.9 1.034.7 43.562.6 168.219.4 46.707.3 22.262.2 54.825.5 159.3 233.6 41.833.8 2.197.7 2.197.7 2.197.7 0.0 24.3 1.044.4 12.222.1 5.511.3 575.2 5.771.2 29.976.5 6.688.8 6.002.5 8.585.6 48.6 471.3 7.863.2 316.5 316.5 0.0 36.3 1.683.8 12.577.0 7.056.0 604.8 6.314.6 31.41.3 7.280.4 5.179.0 10.314.0 25.0 353.2 7.684.6 445.2 465.2 0.0 65.1 1.203.05 1.204.7 7.574.0 629.5 9.193.7 3.3632.7 7.987.9 8.032.5 8.915.2 84.9 228.9 8.209.9 173.4 173.4 0.0 47.7 1.124.8 12.658.8 6.383.8 575.7 7.304.5 27.104.4 6.627.3 4.199.9 6.918.2 25.3 412.3 8.333.6 647.7 647.7 0.0 10.3 1.889.3 1.352.0 6.8334.5 654.4 5.7407.7

Sources: Ministry of Finance, Public Enterprises, National Insurance Scheme and Bank of Guyana.

¹⁾ As at 1st Quarter 2017, 'Receipts from Debtors' was excluded from 'Other Current Receipts'.

²⁾ As at 1st Quarter 2017, 'Payments to Creditors' was excluded from 'Other' current expenses.

³⁾ Includes repairs and maintenance, freight, and other current expenditures.

⁴⁾ The 'Primary Balance' includes taxes & transfers to central government.

PUBLIC CORPORATIONS CASH FINANCES: SUMMARY (G\$ Million)

Table 6.4 (Cont'd)

	Current								-	Total Financin	g				
	Expenses Cont'd	Current	Capital	NFPE Overall		-				Domes	tic Financing	(Net)			
Period	Interest	Current Balance	Expenditure	Balance (Surplus + / Deficit -)	Total	External Financing (Net)	Total	Banking System (net)	Non-Bank Fin. Inst. Borrowing	Holdings of Cent. Gov't. Sec. ¹⁾	Transfer from Cen. Gov't.	Special Transfers	Inter- Agency Borrowing	Privatisation Proceeds- Guysuco Land Sales	Other ²⁾
2013	331.7	1,272.6	2,897.3	-1,624.6	1,624.6	742.2	882.5	8,936.0	0.0	-311.7	5,760.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-13,501.9
2014	568.6	-140.9	1,357.3	-1,498.1	1,498.1	2,419.6	-921.5	5,497.5	0.0		3,699.2	0.0	0.0		-9,320.5
2015	573.2	14,512.0	6,433.4	8,078.7	-8,078.7	-372.7	-7,706.0	-24,734.1	0.0	-867.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17,896.0
2016	1,521.5	13,068.4	1,977.0	11,091.4	-11,091.4	-1,901.2	-9,190.2	-27,196.8	0.0	1,498.0	469.9		0.0	0.0	16,038.7
2017	1,188.8	-5,406.9	7,549.6	-12,956.6	12,956.6	-819.1	13,775.7	25,614.3	0.0	1,971.4	11,505.5		20.0	0.0	-25,335.5
2018	813.6	-10,619.1	6,694.3	-17,313.4	17,313.4	2,346.5	14,966.9	1,189.3	1,698.0	-1,748.9	10,682.0		0.0	0.0	3,146.6
2019	854.9	-2,299.0	7,098.5	-9,397.5	9,397.5	1,224.4	8,173.1	-587.8	0.0	-4,361.2	10.0		0.0	0.0	13,112.1
2020	47.5	2,318.2	14,352.3	-12,034.1	12,034.1	-262.6	12,296.7	-1,329.2	0.0	2,399.3	0.0		0.0	0.0	11,226.6
2021	2.6	-835.6	9,471.8	-6,155.1	6,155.1	2,077.9	4,077.2	535.7	0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	4,517.2
2022	53.3	4,870.3	5,957.0	2,976.8	-2,976.8	145.8	-3,122.6	-4,629.3	0.0	-695.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,202.3
2016 1st Qtr	120.2	6,190.3	292.9	5,897.4	-5,897.4	102.8	-6,000.2	-5,601.5	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-402.9
2nd Qtr	120.2	3,384.9	313.5	3,071.4	-3,097.4	-857.9	-2,213.4	-6,849.0	0.0		70.0		0.0		4,507.8
3rd Qtr	640.2	-2,148.0	527.3	-2,675.3	2,675.3	1,508.3	1,167.0	-7,260.0	0.0		16.7	0.0	0.0		6,810.2
4th Qtr	638.8	5,641.3	843.4	4,797.9	-4,797.9	-2,654.4	-2,143.5	-7,486.3	0.0	-164.0	383.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	5,123.6
		-,		.,	.,	_,	_,	.,							-,
2017 1st Qtr	314.2	174.1	1,184.2	-1,010.1	1,010.1	20.0	990.1	12,044.3	0.0	3,566.8	3,999.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-18,620.0
2nd Qtr	314.2	-1,608.3	2,425.6	-4,034.0	4,034.0	-784.9	4,818.9	4,466.5	0.0		4,200.0		20.0	0.0	-18,620.0
3rd Qtr	22.3	-2,127.8	2,425.6	-4,697.2	4,034.0	-784.9	4,610.9	5,248.1	0.0	-141.1	2,669.8		20.0	0.0	-3,726.5
4th Qtr	527.2	-2,127.8	2,569.5	-4,697.2	3,215.3	-121.5	4,629.6 3,336.9	3,855.4	0.0	-592.6	2,009.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-2,420.4 -562.6
	027.2	1,011.0	1,070.0	0,210.0	0,210.0	121.0	0,000.0	0,000.4	0.0	002.0	000.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	002.0
2018															
1st Qtr	19.4	-4,571.6	1,522.0	-6,093.6	6,093.6	-247.3	6,340.9	1,424.9	804.0		8,132.0		0.0	0.0	-3,802.7
2nd Qtr 3rd Qtr	521.3	-3,426.3 -1,233.3	1,767.8 1,299.5	-5,194.1 -2,532.8	5,194.1 2,532.8	824.0 -251.7	4,370.1 2,784.5	-1,826.6 482.0	894.0 0.0	-1,534.6	99.0 0.0		0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	6,738.3 2,299.1
4th Qtr	11.5 261.4	-1,233.3	2,104.9	-2,552.8	2,552.0	2,021.5	2,764.5	1,108.9	0.0	3.4 -0.3	2,451.0		0.0	0.0	-2,088.1
		.,	_,	-,	-,	_,	.,	.,			_,				_,
2019	070.4	004.0	4 050 0	000.4	000.4	100 5	17.0			4 000 4	10.0				5 750 0
1st Qtr	279.1	664.2 -137.9	1,050.3	-386.1	386.1	433.5	-47.3	-1,614.1	0.0	-4,202.1 -492.5	10.0		0.0	0.0	5,758.9
2nd Qtr 3rd Qtr	6.8 565.8	-137.9	2,789.8 2,103.9	-2,927.7 -4,073.4	2,927.7 4,073.4	1,199.0 915.3	1,728.7 3,158.1	1,186.3 400.9	0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0		0.0	0.0 0.0	1,035.0 3,013.0
4th Qtr	3.1	-1,969.5 -855.8	1,154.4	-2,010.2	2,010.2	-1,323.3	3,333.6		0.0		0.0		0.0		3,305.2
				-											
2020 1st Qtr	5.5	-1,391.1	1,479.8	-2,870.9	2,870.9	-254.2	3,125.1	2,469.4	0.0	-244.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	899.8
2nd Qtr	3.6	1,573.5	5,317.1	-2,870.9	3,743.6	-254.2	3,125.1	2,409.4	0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	1,975.8
3rd Qtr	33.5	-676.8	983.7	-1,660.5	1,660.5	-428.9	2,089.3	-4,877.7	0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	3,061.1
4th Qtr	4.9	2,812.5	6,571.6	-3,759.1	3,759.1	190.0	3,569.1	-1,720.8	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	5,289.9
				.,	-,		-,	,							.,
2021 1st Qtr	0.1	5,033.0	1,590.3	3,640.1	-3,640.1	-73.5	-3,566.6	1,742.0	0.0	1,839.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-7,147.5
2nd Qtr	1.8	-3,028.3	4,742.0	-7,191.7	7,191.7	676.7	-3,566.6	681.1	0.0	-300.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	6,133.9
3rd Qtr	0.5	-1,347.6	1,849.6	-1,472.9	1,472.9	487.7	985.2	-823.1	0.0	-300.0	0.0		0.0		1,808.2
4th Qtr	0.2	-1,492.6	1,290.0	-1,130.5	1,130.5	987.0	143.6		0.0	-2,514.8	0.0		0.0	0.0	3,722.7
2022															
1st Qtr	44.8	-291.8	661.2	75.0	-75.0	-140.3	65.3	-1,678.0	0.0	-244.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,987.4
2nd Qtr	0.4	-3,000.2	1,179.5	-3,469.4	3,469.4	202.5	3,266.9	1,344.7	0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	1,922.2
3rd Qtr	7.5	3,183.3	2,226.6	1,601.5	-1,601.5	-15.0	-1,586.5	-699.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	-887.5
4th Qtr	0.6	4,979.1	1,889.7	4,769.8	-4,769.8	98.5	-4,868.3	-3,596.9	0.0	-451.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-820.0
2023															
1st Qtr	0.2	8.3	2,537.2	-401.9	401.9	-215.0	617.0	229.2	0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0	661.9
2nd Qtr	8.3	-256.8	1,807.6 ises, National Insur	-1,311.4	1,311.4	11.6	1,299.9	-849.6	0.0	-750.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,899.4

Sources: Ministry of Fiannce , Public Enterprises, National Insurance Scheme and Bank of Guyana.

¹⁾ This comprises Treasury Bills and NIS related Debentures, issued in September 2016 along with NICIL Bond from November 2018.

²⁾ Comprises changes in working capital and changes in other financial flows.

DOMESTIC PUBLIC AND PUBLICLY GUARANTEED DEBT¹⁾ (G\$ Million)

	Total Public	Total Public	Treasu	ry Bills					Publicly
Period Ended	and Publicly Guaranteed Debt	Debt Outstanding	Monetary	Fiscal ²⁾	Debentures ³⁾	Bonds ⁴⁾	CARICOM Loan ⁵⁾	Other ⁶⁾	Guaranteed Debt ⁷⁾
2013	98,815.3	98,815.3	94,488.7	-	3,898.5	3.4	424.7	-	
2014	78,437.7	78,437.7	74,145.6	-	3,898.5	3.4	390.3	-	
015	81,693.3	81,693.3	77,436.6	-	3,898.5	3.4	354.8	-	
016	90,571.6	90,571.6	81,468.0	-	8,781.0	3.4	319.3	-	
017	88,816.2	88,816.2	79,992.1	-	8,536.9	3.4	283.8	-	
018									
Mar	89,572.1	89,572.1	80,992.1	-	8,292.7	3.4	283.8	-	
Jun	96,169.6	79,669.6	69,334.9	1,770.0	8,292.7	3.4	268.7	-	16,500
Sep	98,269.6	80,669.6	42,177.0	-	8,292.7	3.4	268.7	-	17,600.
Dec	98,151.6	80,551.6	22,757.3	49,247.5	8,292.7	3.4	250.8	-	17,600
019									
Mar	99,407.5	81,807.5	8,109.8	65,395.0	8,048.6	3.4	250.8	-	17,600
Jun	98,112.0	80,012.0	7,252.2	64,475.0	8,048.6	3.4	232.8	-	18,100.
Sep	97,154.1	79,054.1	3,252.2	67,517.1	8,048.6	3.4	232.8	-	18,100
Dec	96,321.5	79,981.5	3,109.7	68,606.9	8,048.6	3.4	212.9	-	16,340
2020									
Mar	97,577.4	81,237.4	3,109.7	70,106.9	7,804.5	3.4	212.9	-	16,340
Jun	95,537.1	80,847.1	2,757.3	70,086.7	7,804.5	3.4	195.2	-	14,690
Sep	103,527.1	88,947.1	2,757.3	78,186.7	7,804.5	3.4	195.2	-	14,580
Dec	265,089.6	264,589.6	2,757.3	78,186.7	7,804.5	12,323.4	177.4	163,340.3	500
021									
Jan	276,465.4	275,965.4	2,757.3	78,186.7	7,560.4	12,323.4	177.4	174,960.2	500
Feb	277,613.9	277,113.9	2,757.3	78,186.7	7,560.4	12,323.4	177.4	176,108.7	500
Mar	281,149.9	280,649.9	2,757.3	78,186.7	7,560.4	12,323.4	177.4	179,644.7	500
Apr	287,480.9	286,980.9	2,157.3	78,986.7	7,560.4	12,323.4	177.4	185,775.7	500
May	290,319.2	289,819.2	2,157.3	79,186.7	7,560.4	10,673.4	177.4	190,063.9	500
Jun	323,707.5	323,207.5	2,157.3	102,766.7	207,560.4	10,563.4	159.7	-	500
Jul	323,707.5	323,207.5	2,157.3	102,766.7	207,560.4	10,563.4	159.7	-	500
Aug	323,707.5	323,207.5	2,157.3	102,766.7	207,560.4	10,563.4	159.7	-	500
Sep	323,707.5	323,207.5	2,157.3	-	207,560.4	10,563.4	159.7	-	500
Oct	356,158.3	355,658.3	2,157.3	135,217.6	207,560.4	10,563.4	159.7	-	500
Nov	351,208.3	350,708.3	2,157.3	-	205,560.4	8,913.4	159.7	-	500
Dec	361,513.4	361,013.4	2,157.3	-	205,560.4	8,803.4	142.0	-	500
022									
Jan	371,969.2	371,469.2	997.3	156,210.4	205,316.2	8,803.4	142.0	-	500
Feb	384,769.2	384,269.2	997.3	169,010.4	205,316.2	8,803.4	142.0	-	500
Mar	389,469.2	388,969.2	997.3	-	205,316.2	8,803.4	142.0	-	500
Apr	395,269.2	394,769.2	997.3	-	205,316.2	8,803.4	142.0	-	500
May	394,669.2	394,169.2	997.3		205,316.2	7,153.4	142.0	-	500
Jun	391,571.5	391,071.5	997.3	-	205,316.2	7,153.4	124.2	-	500
Jul	390,796.5	390,296.5	997.3	-	205,316.2	7,043.4	124.2	-	500
Aug	390,721.5	390,221.5	997.3	-	205,316.2	7,043.4	124.2	-	500
Sep	393,391.5	392,891.5	997.3	-	205,316.2	7,043.4	124.2	-	500
Oct	388,840.7	392,891.5	997.3	-	205,316.2	7,043.4	124.2	-	500
Nov	387,465.7					4,568.4		-	
Dec	387,465.7 434,302.9	386,965.7 433,802.9	997.3 997.3		205,316.2 200,316.2	4,568.4 4,403.4	124.2 106.5	-	500 500
023									
Jan	451,228.8	450,728.8	997.3	245,179.5	200,042.1	4,403.4	106.5	-	500
Feb	451,228.8	445,228.8	997.3		200,042.1	4,403.4	106.5	-	500
				-				-	
Mar	450,228.8	449,728.8	997.3	-	200,042.1	4,403.4	106.5	-	500
Apr	454,728.8	454,228.8	997.3	-	199,042.1	4,403.4	106.5	-	500
May	451,603.8	451,103.8	997.3		199,042.1	278.4	106.5	-	500
Jun	476,586.0	476,086.0	997.3	277,679.5	197,042.1	278.4	88.7	-	50

¹⁾ The Government of Guyana made the decision to include publicly guaranteed debt so as to provide a complete picture of the country's debt position. This amount excludes non-interest bearing debentures.

²⁾ In May 2018, the Bank of Guyana commenced issuance of Treasury Bills, on behalf of the Government, for budgetary support.

³⁾ In September 2016, there was an issuance of 20 Non-Negotiable Debenture to NIS with a total value of G\$4,882.4 million, to assist in recovering from losses due to their invesment in CLICO.

⁴⁾ Includes the outstanding balance on the NICIL Bond, which was transferred to the books of the Government in December 2020.

⁵⁾ The CARICOM Loan was contracted to finance the construction of the CARICOM Secretariat.

6) Comprises the Central Government's gross overdraft with the Bank of Guyana was included in domestic debt with effect from December 2020 in order to regularize and accurately reflect government's liabilities. ⁷⁾ Includes the 5-year syndicated NICIL Bond which was guaranteed by the Government of Guyana in May 2018. In December 2020, a decision was taken to have this Bond

transferred to the books of the Central Government. The guarantee of the Deposit Insurance Corporation amount of G\$500 million from June 2019 is also included in this

GOVERNMENT OF GUYANA: TREASURY BILLS BY HOLDERS (G\$ Million)

					(G\$ Mill	ion)					Table 7.2
						easury Bills					
Period	Total		Banking Sys		Non-Bank		Public		a	Private	Non
Ended	Treasury Bills	Total	Bank of Guyana	Commercial Banks	Financial Institutions	Total	Public Enterprise	Nat. Insur. Scheme	Sinking Funds	Sector	Residents
			0.407.4			o 100 5		0 400 5			
2013	94,488.8	83,825.3	3,497.1	80,328.2	4,183.0	6,480.5	-	6,480.5	-	0.1	-
2014	74,145.6	63,540.1	1,606.5	61,933.6	4,895.0	5,710.5	-	5,710.5	-	-	-
2015	77,436.6	65,738.5	998.1	64,740.4	6,881.1	4,807.1	-	4,807.1	-	10.0	-
2016	81,468.0	68,151.1	997.7	67,153.4	6,980.6	6,336.4	-	6,336.4	-	-	-
2017	79,992.1	64,733.8	997.3	63,736.5	6,576.3	8,682.1	4,000	4,682.1		0.1	-
2018											
Mar	80,992.1	65,429.5	997.3	64,432.2	6,880.5	8,682.1	4,000	4,682.1		0.1	-
Jun	71,104.9	57,926.8	1,147.3	56,779.5	6,053.2	7,125.0	4,000	3,125.0		-	-
Sep	72,104.9	58,532.7	997.3	57,535.4	6,447.3	7,125.0	4,000	3,125.0		-	-
Dec	72,004.8	58,457.3	997.3	57,460.0	6,422.6	7,125.0	4,000	3,125.0	-	-	-
2019											
Mar	73,504.8	63,394.8	997.3	62,397.5	6,985.1	3,125.0		3,125.0	-	-	-
Jun	71,727.2	61,994.7	1,497.3	60,497.4	6,965.1	2,767.5	-	2,767.5		-	-
Sep	70,769.3	61,580.4	997.3	60,583.1	6,679.4	2,509.6	-	2,509.6	-	-	-
Dec	71,716.6	62,238.6	997.3	61,241.3	6,521.2	2,956.9	-	2,956.9	-	-	-
2020											
Mar	73,216.6	63,766.4	997.3	62,769.1	6,493.4	2,956.9		2,956.9	-	-	-
Jun	72,844.0	64,666.4	1,897.3	62,769.1	6,493.4	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
Sep	80,944.0	71,745.1	997.3	70,747.8	7,514.6	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
Dec	80,944.0	70,947.6	997.3	69,950.3	8,312.2	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
2021											
Jan	80,944.0	71,640.6	997.3	70,643.3	7,619.1	1,684.3		1,684.3	-	-	-
Feb	80,944.0	71,627.4	997.3	70,630.1	7,632.3	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
Mar	80,944.0	71,282.0	997.3	70,284.7	7,977.8	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
Apr	81,144.0	71,282.0	997.3	70,284.7	8,177.8	1,684.3	-	1,684.3		-	-
May	81,344.0	71,282.0	997.3	70,284.7	8,377.8	1,684.3	-	1,684.3		-	-
Jun	104,924.0	93,782.0	997.3	92,784.7	9,457.8	1,684.3	-	1,684.3		-	-
Jul	104,924.0	93,801.1	997.3	92,803.8	9,438.7	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
Aug	104,924.0	93,853.1	997.3	92,855.8	9,386.7	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
Sep	104,924.0	93,690.6	997.3	92,693.3	9,549.1	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
Oct	137,374.9	126,099.6	997.3	125,102.3	9,591.0	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
Nov	136,074.9	124,917.8	997.3	123,920.5	9,472.8	1,684.3	-	1,684.3	-	-	-
Dec	146,507.7	135,172.7	997.3	134,175.4	9,867.9	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
2022											
Jan	157,207.7	145,413.0	997.3	144,415.7	10,327.6	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Feb	170,007.7	157,926.2	997.3	156,928.9	10,614.4	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Mar	174,707.7	162,471.7	997.3	161,474.4	10,768.9	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Apr	180,507.7	168,071.7	997.3	167,074.4	10,968.9	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
May	181,557.7	168,071.7	2,997.3	165,074.4	12,018.9	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Jun	178,477.7	166,071.7	997.3	165,074.4	10,938.9	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Jul	177,812.7	165,152.6	997.3	164,155.3	11,193.0	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Aug	177,737.7	165,040.6	997.3	164,043.3	11,230.0	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Sep	180,407.7	167,464.3	997.3	166,467.0	11,476.3	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Oct	175,856.8	163,013.4	997.3	162,016.1	11,376.3	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Nov	176,956.8	164,313.4	997.3	163,316.1	11,176.3	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Dec	228,976.8	216,979.7	50,997.3	165,982.4	10,530.0	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
2023											
Jan	246,176.8	233,979.7	50,997.3	182,982.4	10,730.0	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Feb	240,676.8	228,479.7	50,997.3	177,482.4	10,730.0	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Mar	245,176.8	232,979.7	50,997.3	181,982.4	10,730.0	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Apr	250,676.8	238,479.7	50,997.3	187,482.4	10,730.0	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
May	251,676.8	239,979.7	50,997.3	188,982.4	10,230.0	1,467.1	-	1,467.1	-	-	-
Jun	278,676.8	267,479.7	80,997.3	186,482.4	9,730.0	1,467.1		1,467.1	-	-	-

Source: Bank of Guyana.

GOVERNMENT OF GUYANA: DEBENTURES BY HOLDERS, BONDS & OTHER LONG TERM DEBT (G\$ Million)

Table 7.3

			Bonds						Debenture	s ³⁾			
Period	Total Amount				CARICOM		Banki	ng System	Non-Banks		ublic Sector		.
Ended	Outstanding	Total	Defence	NICIL Bond	Loans ²⁾	Total	Bank of	Commercial	Financial	Public	National	Sinking	Private
	_	Bonds	Bonds	')		Debentures	Guyana	Banks	Institutions	Enterprise	Insurance	Funds	Sector
2013	4,326.6	3.4	3.4	-	424.7	3,898.5	3,898.5		-	-		-	
2013	4,320.0	3.4	3.4	_	390.3	3,898.5	3,898.5						-
2015	4,256.7	3.4	3.4	-	354.8	3,898.5	3,898.5	-	-	-	_		-
2016	9,103.7	3.4	3.4	-	319.3	8,781.0	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,882.4	-	-
2017	9,103.7	3.4	3.4	-	319.3	8,781.0	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,882.4	-	-
2018													
Mar	8,580.0	3.4	3.4	-	283.8	8,292.7	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,394.2		-
Jun	8,564.8	3.4	3.4	-	268.7	8,292.7	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,394.2		-
Sep	8,564.8	3.4	3.4	-	268.7	8,292.7	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,394.2	-	-
Dec	8,546.9	3.4	3.4	-	250.8	8,292.7	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,394.2	-	-
2019													
Mar	8,302.8	3.4	3.4	-	250.8	8,048.6	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,150.1	-	-
Jun	8,284.8	3.4	3.4	-	232.8	8,048.6	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,150.1		-
Sep	8,284.8	3.4	3.4	-	232.8	8,048.6	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,150.1	-	-
Dec	8,264.9	3.4	3.4	-	212.9	8,048.6	3,898.5	-	-	-	4,150.1	-	-
2020													
Mar	8,020.8	3.4	3.4	-	212.9	7,804.5	3,898.5	-	-	-	3,906.0	-	-
Jun	8,003.1	3.4	3.4	-	195.2	7,804.5	3,898.5	-	-	-	3,906.0	-	-
Sep	8,003.1	3.4	3.4	-	195.2	7,804.5	3,898.5	-	-	-	3,906.0	-	-
Dec	20,305.3	12,323.4	3.4	12,320.0	177.4	7,804.5	3,898.5	-	-	-	3,906.0	-	-
2021													
Jan	20,061.2	12,323.4	3.4	12,320.0	177.4	7,560.4	3,898.5	-	-	-	3,661.8	-	-
Feb	20,061.2	12,323.4	3.4	12,320.0	177.4	7,560.4	3,898.5	-	-	-	3,661.8	-	-
Mar	20,061.2	12,323.4	3.4	12,320.0	177.4	7,560.4	3,898.5	-	-	-	3,661.8	-	-
Apr	20,061.2 18,411.2	12,323.4 10,673.4	3.4	12,320.0 10,670.0	177.4 177.4	7,560.4 7,560.4	3,898.5 3,898.5	-			3,661.8 3,661.8		-
May Jun	218,283.5	10,673.4	3.4 3.4	10,870.0	177.4	207,560.4	203,898.5	-			3,661.8		-
Jul	218,283.5	10,563.4	3.4	10,560.0	159.7	207,560.4	203,898.5				3,661.8		-
Aug	218,283.5	10,563.4	3.4	10,560.0	159.7	207,560.4	203,898.5	-	-	-	3,661.8		-
Sep	218,283.5	10,563.4	3.4	10,560.0	159.7	207,560.4	203,898.5	-	-	-	3,661.8		-
Oct	218,283.5	10,563.4	3.4	10,560.0	159.7	207,560.4	203,898.5	-	-	-	3,661.8	-	-
Nov	214,633.5	8,913.4	3.4	8,910.0	159.7	205,560.4	203,898.5	-	-	-	1,661.8	-	-
Dec	214,505.7	8,803.4	3.4	8,800.0	142.0	205,560.4	203,898.5	-	-	-	1,661.8	-	-
2022													
Jan	214,261.6	8,803.4	3.4	8,800.0	142.0	205,316.2	203,898.5	-	-	-	1,417.7	-	-
Feb	214,261.6	8,803.4	3.4	8,800.0	142.0	205,316.2	203,898.5	-	-	-	1,417.7	-	-
Mar	214,261.6	8,803.4	3.4	8,800.0	142.0	205,316.2	203,898.5	-	-	-	1,417.7	-	-
Apr	214,261.6	8,803.4	3.4	8,800.00	142.0	205,316.2	203,898.5	-	-	-	1417.71	-	-
May	212,611.6	7,153.4	3.4	7,150.00	142.0	205,316.2	203,898.5	-	-	-	1417.71	-	-
Jun	212,593.9	7,153.4	3.4	7,150.00	124.2	205,316.2	203,898.5	-	-	-	1417.71	-	-
Jul	212,483.9	7,043.4	3.4	7,040.00	124.2	205,316.2	203,898.5	-	-	-	1417.71	-	-
Aug	212,483.9	7,043.4	3.4	7,040.00	124.2	205,316.2	203,898.5	-	-	-	1417.71	-	-
Sep	212,483.9	7,043.4	3.4	7,040.00	124.2	205,316.2	203,898.5	-	-	-	1417.71	-	-
Oct Nov	212,483.9 210,008.9	7,043.4 4,568.4	3.4 3.4	7,040.00 4,565.00	124.2 124.2	205,316.2 205,316.2	203,898.5 203,898.5	-	-		1417.71 1417.71	-	
Dec	210,008.9	4,568.4	3.4	4,565.00	124.2	205,316.2	203,898.5 198,898.5	-	-	-	1417.71	-	-
2023													
Jan	204,552.0	4,403.4	3.4	4,400.00	106.5	200.042.1	198,898.5	-		-	1143.59	-	-
Feb	204,552.0	4,403.4	3.4	4,400.00	106.5	200,042.1	198,898.5	-	-	-	1143.59		-
Mar	204,552.0	4,403.4	3.4		106.5	200,042.1	198,898.5	-	-	-	1143.59		-
Apr	203,552.0	4,403.4	3.4		106.5	199,042.1	197,898.5	-	-	-	1143.59		-
May	199,427.0	278.4	3.4		106.5	199,042.1	197,898.5	-	-	-	1143.59		-
Jun	197,409.2	278.4	3.4	275.00	88.7	197,042.1	195,898.5		-		1143.59	1	I .

¹⁾ The NICIL Bond was transferred to the books of the Central Government in December 2020.
 ²⁾ The CARICOM Loan was contracted to finance the construction of the CARICOM Secretariat.

³⁾ Excludes Non-Interest Bearing Debentures issued to the Bank of Guyana.

⁴⁾ September 2016 data was revised to reflect the Non-Refundable Debenture issued to NIS.

GOVERNMENT OF GUYANA: DEBENTURES BY MATURITY AND TERMS AS AT MARCH 30, 2023 (G\$)

Table 7.4

Item	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Nominal Rate of Interest (Percent)	Issue Date	Maturity Date
SPECIAL ISSUES					
NON-INTEREST BEARING SPECIAL ISSUE TO BOG					
ISSUE NO. 85 ISSUE NO. 96 ISSUE NO. 91 ISSUE NO. 94 ISSUE NO. 95 ISSUE NO. 97 ISSUE NO. 99 ISSUE NO. 100 ISSUE NO. 112 ISSUE NO. 113 ISSUE NO. 114 ISSUE NO. 115	3,782,533,508 4,447,052,933 2,857,509,263 14,851,974,507 2,566,705,406 2,578,507,538 4,091,091,420 7,151,883,823 1,623,141,807 2,063,531,891 798,428,484 1,478,314,287	3,782,533,508 4,447,052,933 2,857,509,263 14,851,974,507 2,566,705,406 2,578,507,538 4,091,091,420 7,151,883,823 1,623,141,807 2,063,531,891 798,428,484 1,478,314,287	0.0 0.0 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	1994-12-31 1998-12-31 2001-12-31 2002-12-31 2004-12-31 2006-12-31 2007-12-31 2019-12-31 2020-12-31 2022-12-31	UNFIXED UNFIXED UNFIXED UNFIXED UNFIXED UNFIXED UNFIXED UNFIXED UNFIXED UNFIXED
SPECIAL ISSUE TO BOG 1ST SERIES 1995 1ST SERIES 1996 3RD SERIES 1997 NON- NEGOTIABLE ISSUE TO NIS	2,835,121,749 927,448,757 135,966,255	2,835,121,749 927,448,757 135,966,255	VARIABLE VARIABLE VARIABLE	1995-12-29 1996-12-31 1997-12-31	ON DEMAND ON DEMAND ON DEMAND
CERTIFICATE 7 of 12 GOG DEBENTURE CERTIFICATES CERTIFICATE 3 to 85 Source: Bank of Guyana.	4,882,446,199 200,000,000,000.00	1,143,590,029 194,000,000,000.00	1.50 VARIABLE	2016-09-16 2021-05-28	FIXED

Source: Bank of Guyana.

EXTERNAL PUBLIC DEBT

(US\$ Thousands)

Deried	Total			Medium &	Long Term		Table 7.5
Period Ended	Outstanding Debt	Bilateral	Multilateral	Financial	Supp. Cr. ¹⁾	Nationalisation	Bonds
2013	1,246,478	510,627	716,647	2,240	13,450	3,477	37
2013 2014	1,240,478	505,517	691,848	2,240			37
2014 2015	1,143,086	432,869	692,190	1,921	12,600		33
2015	1,162,488	450,968	693,781	1,321			28
2010 2017	1,240,593	430,908 479,872	725,515	19,165		3,473	30
2018							
1st Qtr	1,261,190	496,404	729,865	18,878			31
2nd Qtr	1,251,870	485,508	731,590	18,765			29
3rd Qtr	1,270,485	470,396	765,706	18,376		3,440	29
4th Qtr	1,322,060	499,836	787,884	18,334	12,539	3,440	28
2019							
1st Qtr	1,267,810	448,027	785,780	17,996	12,539	3,440	29
2nd Qtr	1,274,045	450,849	789,235	17,954	12,539	3,440	28
3rd Qtr	1,265,360	440,424	791,422	17,508	12,539		28
4th Qtr	1,305,472	456,518	815,311	17,635	12,539	3,440	30
2020							
1st Qtr	1,298,764	450,794	814,848	17,117	12,539	3,440	28
2nd Qtr	1,291,945	446,809	812,020	17,111	12,539		28
3rd Qtr	1,293,135	449,300	811,053	16,774	12,539		29
4th Qtr	1,320,782	462,599	825,298	16,876	-	3,440	31
2021							
1st Qtr	1,345,853	452,962	860,417	16,465	12,539	3,440	31
2nd Qtr	1,355,274	452,988	869,809	16,468		3,440	31
3rd Qtr	1,362,769	443,675	886,313	16,774			
4th Qtr	1,392,806	450,581	910,197	16,019	12,539	3,440	30
2022							
2022 1st Qtr	1,383,047	441 026	000 622	15 190	12 520	2 440	20
		441,936	909,622 012,627	15,482	12,539		29 27
2nd Qtr 3rd Qtr	1,370,820	425,809	913,637 1 047 430	15,369	12,539 12,539	3,440 3,440	27 25
4th Qtr	1,507,707 1,571,873	429,528 448,723	1,047,439 1,092,290	14,737 14,856	12,539	3,440	25 27
in ou	.,	110,120	1,002,200	1,000	12,000	0, 140	21
2023							
1st Qtr.	1,580,018	448,181	1,101,411	14,420	12,539	3,440	28
2nd Qtr.	1,631,073	494,077	1,106,524	14,465	12,539	3,440	28

Source: Ministry of Finance. ¹⁾ Includes External Payment Deposit Schemes (EPDS) from 1992.

Table 7.5

IMPORTS BY END-USE (c.i.f.) (G\$ Million)

											(0	\$ Million)											Та	ble 8.1(a)
		Consumer Goods									Intermediate Goods							Capital Goods						
Period	Total	Total	Non-Durable			Semi-Durable		Durable			Fuels &	Foods for			Parts &									Misc.
			Food for Households	Beverage & Tobacco	Other	Clothing & Footwear	Other	Motor Car	Other	Total	Lubricants	Industry	Chemicals	Textiles	Accessories	Other	Total	Agri.	Industrial	Transport	Mining	Building	Other	
2013	385,101.8	89,916.9	29,864.1	9,228.8	20,247.7	3,807.0	5,970.8	8,085.2	12,713.3	206,587.9	122,360.5	16,534.5	15,796.0	1,528.5	16,806.0	33,562.3	86,610.5	18,025.1	18,709.4	14,380.7	4,652.2	18,632.5	12,210.6	1,986.5
2014	369,813.0	85,824.3	28,073.8	8,529.4	18,703.3	3,607.5	6,126.4	7,557.9	13,226.1	202,143.0	118,381.8	17,455.5	11,736.8	1,379.5	17,251.7	35,937.8	80,010.7	13,677.9	9,923.0	13,279.2	10,873.3	18,968.7	13,288.7	1,834.9
2015	308,015.5	83,503.5	29,801.2	7,774.4	16,534.0	3,210.4	5,531.4	7,281.5	13,370.5	154,976.2	75,871.5	15,259.5	13,663.4	1,256.3	16,476.5	32,449.1	67,936.4	9,159.6	6,608.2	13,092.3	6,333.4	19,411.7	13,331.3	1,599.3
2016	302,556.3	87,100.9	29,715.5	8,714.4	17,646.7	3,926.2	6,445.4	7,144.5	13,508.1	153,175.7	71,183.7	16,157.0	17,148.5	1,215.9	15,568.1	31,902.6	60,719.5	8,482.7	4,956.6	10,774.0	7,166.5	17,003.8	12,335.9	1,560.3
2017	339,480.0	97,279.6	32,619.3	7,882.3	23,835.2	5,289.6	6,874.0	7,159.4	13,619.8	177,362.3	84,955.4	13,972.4	19,330.3	1,088.5	19,691.4	38,324.3	63,384.5	7,685.5	4,852.4	9,668.9	13,643.9	16,878.3	10,655.5	1,453.6
2018																								
1st Qtr	101,364.4	22,664.4	8,203.3	1,967.5	4,674.1	1,371.7	1,415.4	2,004.6	3,027.8	52,006.0	23,506.5	3,323.3	7,055.9	172.9	6,060.1	11,887.4	26,258.3	1,404.6	2,008.6	2,755.7	13,028.9	4,223.1	2,837.4	435.7
2nd Qtr	117,134.6	26,027.3	8,741.4	2,169.8	5,536.8	1,382.3	1,740.4	2,010.6	4,446.0	61,335.6	28,263.8	5,753.9	5,118.5	332.9	9,221.5	12,645.0	29,267.2	1,740.6		2,819.7	13,113.1	4,761.0	4,162.5	
3rd Qtr	134,257.9	26,617.6	8,060.4	1,861.5	5,665.8	1,489.9	2,731.0	1,980.1	4,829.0	69,410.6	27,086.7	3,483.9	11,133.6	246.7	10,932.9	16,526.7	37,658.5	1,503.0	1,502.6	2,171.0	25,016.5	4,004.9	3,460.5	5 571.3
4th Qtr	148,786.7	27,252.4	9,358.6	2,689.7	4,897.1	1,545.2	2,214.8	2,045.1	4,501.8	89,035.9	28,474.1	4,358.6	32,701.1	248.2	7,229.2	16,024.7	31,760.3	1,814.2	1,824.6	2,968.6	16,059.3	5,256.7	3,836.9	738.1
2019																								
1st Qtr	132,166.9	21,027.8	6,440.9	1,916.3	4,213.8	1,216.0	1,881.7	2,029.7	3,329.6	71,861.4	24,569.3	2,813.1	18,924.3	162.8	6,179.9	19,211.9	38,691.6	1,362.6	1,237.4	3,204.3	25,642.5	4,690.7	2,554.1	586.2
2nd Qtr	153,843.2	28,343.4	7,572.5	2,200.2	7,951.7	1,484.2	2,222.0	1,878.6	5,034.2	75,341.0	25,802.8	3,292.7	7,818.9	219.1	13,661.7	24,545.9	49,507.2	1,435.8	1,346.3	2,661.5	36,320.1	4,655.0	3,088.4	651.5
3rd Qtr	140,331.5	26,887.7	7,460.6	1,899.0	4,812.3	1,875.0	3,080.8	2,720.3	5,039.7	67,314.7	24,507.5	2,542.0	8,017.4	251.2	12,426.1	19,570.6	45,500.7	2,017.5	1,808.3	3,162.4	30,052.8	5,179.7	3,279.9	628.4
4th Qtr	415,997.4	30,133.5	8,817.5	1,526.8	4,841.7	2,735.2	3,673.8	2,825.3	5,713.3	97,261.1	30,776.2	2,236.8	26,063.1	394.2	12,725.7	25,065.1	287,605.9	1,600.3	2,479.0	2,540.3	271,377.9	6,218.3	3,390.1	996.9
2020																								
1st Qtr	134,128.8	21,749.2	8,104.2	887.3	3,410.4	1,058.6	1,266.8	2,644.8	4,377.1	66,595.7	29,556.3	4,839.3	5,902.4	297.2	7,432.3	18,568.2	45,211.1	2,359.1	2,379.0	2,552.4	29,060.1	5,578.7	3,281.9	572.8
2nd Qtr	115,155.6	19,109.2	7,758.5	1,236.5	3,673.2	544.4	1,281.6	2,163.4	2,451.6	46,146.1	21,900.0	4,991.4	4,016.8	137.1	4,765.8	10,335.0	49,419.4	1,846.8	1,397.1	2,507.9	36,134.3	4,744.5	2,788.7	480.8
3rd Qtr	98,975.6	29,410.9	11,002.2	3,033.8	5,418.1	1,064.5	2,629.5	2,206.0	4,056.7	46,546.6	23,828.4	2,995.6	3,336.9	188.3	4,977.3	11,220.0	22,605.6	2,183.0	2,834.2	4,721.7	4,187.1	5,354.9	3,324.7	412.5
4th Qtr	120,453.3	32,839.9	11,733.6	3,998.1	5,182.6	1,154.1	3,221.3	3,075.0	4,475.4	60,296.5	27,578.1	3,724.0	5,361.1	210.3	12,092.4	11,330.5	26,778.1	4,593.5	3,392.3	4,387.6	5,233.0	5,665.1	3,506.7	538.8
2021																								
1st Qtr	118,230.8	29,197.4	8,845.4	2,697.6	5,818.7	1,320.8	2,267.0	3,414.6	4,833.3	61,083.4	32,782.5	5,186.4	4,575.4	293.0	6,182.7	12,063.4	27,387.0	4,399.2	3,236.2	3,643.8	5,273.2	6,417.4	4,417.1	563.0
2nd Qtr	138,103.5	33,122.9	10,500.1	2,891.9	6,879.5	1,286.8	2,441.7	4,270.6	4,852.3	73,663.8	43,124.1	3,880.3	5,207.0	268.5	6,658.0	14,526.0	30,666.0	5,248.7	1,939.2	4,810.5	7,184.9	7,185.7	4,297.0	650.8
3rd Qtr	157,445.2	34,976.7	10,993.7	2,858.9	6,099.6	1,860.9	3,019.3	4,449.7	5,694.5	87,904.1	46,678.3	7,340.5	7,069.6	354.4	9,814.0	16,647.4	33,922.6	4,839.1	2,365.1	5,250.1	8,680.8	7,301.1	5,486.4	641.9
4th Qtr	498,566.6	39,214.7	12,792.2	3,772.4	7,271.3	1,591.2	3,470.4	4,141.8	6,175.5	84,450.7	48,993.0	6,093.1	6,187.2	278.6	6,769.9	16,128.8	374,204.6	3,722.2	1,867.8	5,306.8	352,266.7	6,744.4	4,296.8	696.6
2022																								
1st Qtr	155,346.9	30,226.9	9,854.1	2,956.6	6,163.9	1,076.0	2,299.5	3,495.6	4,381.1	91,449.5	58,067.2	3,975.1	5,066.4	242.2	5,934.0	18,164.6	32,891.2	4,308.6	1,736.5	4,494.3	11,220.1	6,413.2	4,718.6	6 779.3
2nd Qtr	209,627.9	33,120.1	11,341.4	3,365.8	5,574.5	1,163.1	2,883.6	3,226.0	5,565.7	109,521.5	68,512.2	7,064.0	5,660.3	290.4	8,059.7	19,934.8	66,116.1	6,167.8	2,465.9	6,152.3	39,760.7	6,770.9	4,798.5	870.2
3rd Qtr	195,145.0	39,031.9	12,503.2	3,554.8	6,303.9	1,382.2	3,392.1	4,349.6	7,546.1	114,961.3	69,965.1	6,933.3	8,009.3	345.2	9,427.5	20,280.9	40,436.5	5,489.8	2,635.1	6,237.4	11,586.0	8,880.8	5,607.3	715.4
4th Qtr	194,042.0	45,175.5	15,687.8	4,976.4	7,627.3	1,682.5	3,846.7	4,108.1	7,246.8	107,696.1	66,526.6	5,424.7	4,466.0	325.8	9,222.0	21,731.0	40,320.1	7,319.7	2,756.9	6,468.2	8,854.5	9,055.6	5,865.3	850.3
2023																								1
1st Qtr	203,544.1	39,716.0	13,030.1	3,195.0	7,835.4	1,100.1	2,564.7	6,051.4	5,939.4	105,146.6	60,171.7	7,363.2	4,693.4	307.1	10,537.4	22,073.8	58,347.9	7,920.0	3,136.8	15,363.0	12,023.6	9,756.0	10,148.5	333.6
2nd Qtr	571,502.8	40,164.0	12,447.6	3,244.9	7,332.8	1,249.9	2,699.0		5,327.1	104,484.6	63,878.1	7,353.5	6,396.2	355.3	9,763.9	16,737.6	426,854.2	7,247.2		-		10,855.4	10,507.8	0.0

Source: Bureau of Statistics.

IMPORTS BY END-USE (Summary) (c.i.f.) (G\$ Million)

Table 8.1(b)

Total Consumer Fuel & Other Capital Miscellaneous Period Goods Goods Imports Imports Lubricants Intermediate 2013 385,101.8 89,916.9 122,360.5 84,227.4 86,610.5 1,986.5 2014 369,813.0 85,824.3 118,381.8 83.761.2 80,010.7 1,834.9 2015 308,015.5 83,503.5 75,871.5 79,104.7 67,936.4 1,599.3 2016 71,183.7 302,556.3 87,100.9 81,992.0 60,719.5 1,560.3 84,955.4 2017 339,480.0 97,279.6 92,406.9 63,384.5 1,453.6 2018 1st Qtr 101.364.4 22.664.4 23.506.5 28.499.5 26.258.3 435.7 2nd Qtr 26,027.3 28,263.8 33,071.8 29,267.2 504.6 117,134.6 3rd Qtr 134,257.9 26,617.6 27,086.7 42,323.8 37,658.5 571.3 4th Qtr 148,786.7 27,252.4 28,474.1 60,561.7 31,760.3 738.1 2019 1st Qtr 132,166.9 21,027.8 24,569.3 47,292.0 38,691.6 586.2 2nd Qtr 153,843.2 28,343.4 25,802.8 49,538.2 49,507.2 651.5 3rd Qtr 140,331.5 26,887.7 24,507.5 42,807.2 45,500.7 628.4 4th Qtr 415,997.4 30,776.2 66,484.8 287,605.9 996.9 30,133.5 2020 1st Qtr 21,749.2 134,128.8 29,556.3 37,039.4 45,211.1 572.8 2nd Qtr 115.155.6 19.109.2 21,900.0 24,246.2 49,419.4 480.8 3rd Qtr 98,975.6 29,410.9 23,828.4 22,718.2 22,605.6 412.5 4th Qtr 27,578.1 26,778.1 120,453.3 32,839.9 32,718.4 538.8 2021 1st Qtr 118,230.8 29,197.4 32,782.5 28.300.9 27,387.0 563.0 2nd Qtr 650.8 138,103.5 33.122.9 43,124.1 30,539.8 30,666.0 3rd Qtr 157,445.2 34,976.7 46,678.3 41,225.8 33,922.6 641.9 4th Qtr 498,566.6 39,214.7 48,993.0 35,457.7 374,204.6 696.6 2022 1st Qtr 155,346.9 30,226.9 58,067.2 33,382.3 32,891.2 779.3 870.2 2nd Qtr 209,627.9 33,120.1 68,512.2 41,009.3 66,116.1 3rd Qtr 195,145.0 39,031.9 69,965.1 44,996.1 40,436.5 715.4 4th Qtr 194,042.0 45,175.5 66,526.6 41,169.5 40,320.1 850.3 2023 39,716.0 60,171.7 44,974.9 333.6 1st Qtr 203,544.1 58,347.9 40,164.0 63,878.1 40,606.5 426,854.2 2nd Qtr 571,502.8 -

IMPORTS BY END-USE (Summary) (c.i.f.) (US\$ Million)

Table 8.1(c)

	Total	Consumer	Fuel &	Other	Capital	Table 8.1(c) Miscellaneous
Period	Imports	Goods	Lubricants	Intermediate	Goods	Imports
	importo	00003	Lubriounts	internediate	00003	importo
2013	1,874.9	437.7	595.7	410.1	421.7	9.7
2014	1,791.3	415.7	573.4	405.7	387.5	8.9
2015	1,491.6	404.4	367.4	383.1	329.0	7.7
2016	1,465.2	421.8	344.7	397.1	294.0	7.6
2017	1,644.0	471.1	411.4	447.5	306.9	7.0
2018						
1st Qtr	490.9	109.8	113.8	138.0	127.2	2.1
2nd Qtr	561.8	124.8	135.6	158.6	140.4	2.4
3rd Qtr	643.9	127.7	129.9	203.0	180.6	2.7
4th Qtr	713.6	130.7	136.6	290.5	152.3	3.5
2019						
1st Qtr	633.9	100.9	117.8	226.8	185.6	2.8
2nd Qtr	737.9	135.9	123.8	237.6	237.4	3.1
3rd Qtr	673.1	129.0	117.5	205.3	218.2	3.0
4th Qtr	1,995.2	144.5	147.6	318.9	1,379.4	4.8
2020						
1st Qtr	645.5	106.5	141.8	177.6	216.8	2.7
2nd Qtr	552.3	91.7	105.0	116.3	237.0	2.3
3rd Qtr	474.7	141.1	114.3	109.0	108.4	2.0
4th Qtr	577.7	157.5	132.3	156.9	128.4	2.6
2021						
1st Qtr	567.1	140.0	157.2	135.7	131.4	2.7
2nd Qtr	662.4	158.9	206.8	146.5	147.1	3.1
3rd Qtr	755.1	167.8	223.9	197.7	162.7	3.1
4th Qtr	2,391.2	188.1	235.0	170.1	1,794.7	3.3
2022						
1st Qtr	745.1	145.0	278.5	160.1	157.8	3.7
2nd Qtr	1,009.1	158.8	328.6	196.7	317.1	7.9
3rd Qtr	943.9	187.2	335.6	215.8	193.9	
4th Qtr	942.0	216.7	319.1	197.5	193.4	
2023						
1st Qtr	976.2	190.5	288.6	215.7	279.8	1.6
2nd Qtr	2,741.0	192.6	306.4	194.8	2,047.3	

DOMESTIC EXPORTS (f.o.b.) (G\$ Million)

					(G\$ M	linony					Table 8.2(a)
Period	Total	Bauxite	Sugar	Rice	Crude Oil	Shrimp	Timber	Molasses	Rum	Gold	Other
2013	279,676.2	27,652.6	23,477.8	49,283.5	0.0	15,599.5	7,908.4	582.7	6,656.0	133,203.9	15,311.8
2013	238,381.0	25,741.9	18,173.9	43,203.3 51,514.7	0.0	12,832.7	11,030.5	1,006.9	6,196.2	96,993.8	14,890.4
2014	234,251.8	21,537.2	16,198.3	45,588.7	0.0	15,849.8	9,020.2	1,730.9	6,265.9	103,483.7	14,577.1
2016	293,560.4	19,020.9	15,159.2	36,922.3	0.0	17,101.6	8,339.3	1,697.7	7,650.2	171,538.3	16,130.8
2017	294,865.6	21,585.6	10,016.0	41,513.7	0.0	20,582.8	7,383.4	1,239.8	8,893.5	168,817.1	14,833.8
2018											
1st Qtr	66,968.9	6,434.4	649.3	4,003.5	0.0	7,693.2	1,688.8	41.4	2,636.9	39,716.3	4,105.1
2nd Qtr	79,416.2	7,146.5	1,483.3	19,120.5	0.0	5,740.0	1,974.8	42.0	2,644.1	36,985.8	4,279.3
3rd Qtr	52,693.4	6,055.6	1,238.9	5,126.5	0.0	2,749.7	1,608.5	0.2	1,837.2	38,019.5	-3,942.5
4th Qtr	76,640.2	7,023.0	2,273.1	10,503.6	0.0	4,014.4	1,654.4	0.2	2,575.0	44,773.2	3,823.4
2019											
1st Qtr	70,669.3	6,079.7	1,257.0	8,704.9	0.0	4,230.6	1,739.9	0.2	2,072.8	42,325.3	4,259.0
2nd Qtr	76,771.5	7,463.5	1,254.9	12,397.3	0.0	4,332.0	1,829.1	387.4	2,342.0	43,412.9	3,352.3
3rd Qtr	74,210.3	6,516.1	880.9	9,811.9	0.0	3,839.7	1,763.3	203.8	1,689.9	46,930.0	2,574.7
4th Qtr	90,848.4	6,426.6	2,398.9	15,524.2	0.0	3,497.7	1,686.9	370.7	1,179.6	50,112.3	9,651.6
2020											
1st Qtr	126,350.0	4,207.3	965.6	7,627.9	51,563.1	4,026.7	1,354.7	0.0	1,913.3	50,407.9	4,283.6
2nd Qtr	130,046.4	4,582.9	669.5	17,828.6	39,848.5	2,389.3	1,346.8	0.0	1,622.5	58,949.2	2,809.1
3rd Qtr	108,490.8	2,685.5	791.0	7,772.1	44,870.4	2,174.4	1,421.8	0.0	2,061.1	44,297.5	2,417.0
4th Qtr	168,592.3	3,811.1	2,591.0	17,486.8	85,578.8	2,106.3	1,642.5	0.0	2,295.3	50,514.8	2,565.7
2021											
1st Qtr	206,385.7	4,350.8	931.0	6,710.7	142,111.7	2,052.8	1,236.7	0.2	2,508.2	42,869.5	3,614.2
2nd Qtr	212,117.1	4,197.7	1,258.5	19,062.4	128,237.1	2,482.4	1,245.1	0.2	2,644.7	48,480.8	4,508.2
3rd Qtr	240,232.2	3,546.0	411.0	5,492.7	184,393.5	1,559.7	1,122.2	0.4	3,038.1	37,130.3	3,538.3
4th Qtr	241,512.9	4,593.9	455.4	10,729.5	165,642.7	1,816.3	1,915.9	-0.8	2,316.7	50,493.1	3,550.3
2022											
1st Qtr	280,065.1	4,847.7	346.5	5,597.7	222,025.4	2,406.1	1,440.3	0.4	2,568.7	37,084.0	3,748.4
2nd Qtr	620,433.6	5,192.9	993.1	16,102.6	531,135.1	3,490.3	1,695.6	-0.4	3,197.4	53,537.5	5,089.5
3rd Qtr	771,216.7	6,095.9	384.1	7,569.0	706,662.3	4,113.7	1,305.5	1.3	3,197.5	37,353.7	4,533.6
4th Qtr	672,353.6	4,493.1	1,901.7	11,517.7	598,803.4	1,962.1	1,321.0	0.6	3,896.8	45,041.0	3,416.2
2023											
1st Qtr	622,907.1	4,124.8	311.3	6,752.3	558,000.9	1,735.2	1,221.1	0.6	3,244.1	43,920.5	3,596.3
2nd Qtr	637,329.6	3,925.3	1,110.3	14,593.5	566,611.0	4,131.0	1,146.3	0.2	2,868.0	38,784.2	4,159.8

DOMESTIC EXPORTS (f.o.b.) (US\$ Million)

Table 8.2(b)

Deal 1	T . ()	D 11	0			01	- 1	Mala	D.	0.11	Table 8.2(b)
Period	Total	Bauxite	Sugar	Rice	Crude Oil	Shrimp	Timber	Molasses	Rum	Gold	Other
2013	1,361.4	134.6	114.2	239.8	0.0	76.0	38.5	2.8	32.4	648.5	74.5
2013 2014	1,361.4	134.6	88.0	239.8 249.5		62.2	53.4		32.4	469.8	74.5
2014 2015	1,134.6	124.7	00.0 78.4	249.5 220.8	0.0 0.0	62.2 76.8	53.4 43.7	4.9 8.4	30.0	409.8 501.1	72.1
2015	1,134.4	92.1	73.4	178.8	0.0	82.8	43.7	8.4	30.3	830.7	70.0
2010 2017		104.5	48.5	201.0		82.8 99.7	40.4 35.8			817.5	
2017	1,427.9	104.5	48.5	201.0	0.0	99.7	30.8	6.0	43.1	6.718	71.8
2018											
1st Qtr	324.3	31.2	3.1	19.4	0.0	37.3	8.2	0.2	12.8	192.3	19.9
2nd Qtr	380.9	34.3	7.1	91.7	0.0	27.5	9.5	0.2	12.7	177.4	20.5
3rd Qtr	252.7	29.0	5.9	24.6	0.0	13.2	7.7	0.0	8.8	182.3	-18.9
4th Qtr	367.6	33.7	10.9	50.4	0.0	19.3	7.9	0.0	12.4	214.7	18.3
2019											
1st Qtr	338.9	29.2	6.0	41.8	0.0	20.3	8.3	0.0	9.9	203.0	20.4
2nd Qtr	368.2	35.8	6.0	59.5	0.0	20.3	8.8	1.9	11.2	203.0	16.1
3rd Qtr	355.9	31.3	4.2	47.1	0.0	18.4	8.5	1.0	8.1	200.2	12.3
4th Qtr	435.7	30.8	11.5	74.5	0.0	16.8	8.1	1.8	5.7	240.3	46.3
2020											
1st Qtr	606.0	20.2	4.6	36.6	247.3	19.3	6.5	0.0	9.2	241.8	20.5
2nd Qtr	623.7	22.0	3.2	85.5	191.1	11.5	6.5	0.0	7.8	282.7	13.5
3rd Qtr	520.3	12.9	3.8	37.3	215.2	10.4	6.8	0.0	9.9	212.5	11.6
4th Qtr	808.6	18.3	12.4	83.9	410.4	10.1	7.9	0.0	11.0	242.3	12.3
2021											
1st Qtr	989.9	20.9	4.5	32.2	681.6	9.8	5.9	0.0	12.0	205.6	17.3
2nd Qtr	1,017.3	20.1	6.0	91.4	615.0	11.9	6.0	0.0	12.7	232.5	21.6
3rd Qtr	1,152.2	17.0	2.0	26.3	884.4	7.5	5.4	0.0	14.6	178.1	17.0
4th Qtr	1,158.3	22.0	2.2	51.5	794.4	8.7	9.2	0.0	11.1	242.2	17.0
2022											
1st Qtr	1,343.2	23.3	1.7	26.8	1,064.9	11.5	6.9	0.0	12.3	177.9	18.0
2nd Qtr	1,343.2 2,975.7	23.3 24.9	4.8	20.0 77.2	1,064.9 2,547.4	16.7	8.1	0.0	12.3	256.8	24.4
3rd Qtr	2,975.7 3,698.9	24.9 29.2	4.0 1.8	36.3	2,547.4	10.7	6.3	0.0	15.3	256.8 179.2	24.2
4th Qtr	3,698.9 3,224.7	29.2 21.5	9.1	36.3 55.2	3,389.3 2,872.0	9.4	6.3	0.0	15.3	216.0	16.4
401 Qu	3,224.1	21.5	9.1	0 5 .2	2,072.0	9.4	0.3	0.0	18.7	210.0	10.4
2023											
1st Qtr	2,987.6	19.8	1.5	32.4	2,676.3	8.3	5.9	0.0	15.6	210.6	17.2
2nd Qtr	3,056.7	18.8	5.3	70.0	2,717.6	19.8	5.5	0.0	13.8	186.0	20.0

							GUTAN	A. SELLOI			VOLUME, V										Table 8.3
		Rice			Sugar			Bauxite			Gold			Crude Oil			Shrimp			Timber	
Period	Volume (Tonnes)	Value (G\$) (000)	Unit Value (G\$)	Volume (Tonnes)	Value (G\$) (000)	Unit Value (G\$)	Volume (Tonnes)	Value (G\$) (000)	Unit Value (G\$)	Volume (Ounces)	Value (G\$) (000)	Unit Value (G\$)	Volume ('000 barrels)	Value (G\$) (000)	Unit Value (G\$)	Volume (Cu.Mtrs.)	Value (G\$) (000)	Unit Value (G\$)	Volume (Cu.Mtrs.)	Value (G\$) (000)	Unit Value (G\$)
2013	394,989	49,283,524	493,698	160,284	23,477,766	585,166	1,678,971	27,652,553	67,077	482,527	133,203,890	1,121,942	_				15,599,486		112,970	7,908,431	287,687
2013	501,209	43,203,324 51,514,672	495,090	189,565	18,173,858	396,505	1,583,343	25,741,923	65,208	385,683	96,993,754	1,009,542					12,832,703		176,913	11,030,526	248,807
2014	537,334	45,588,664	338,166	212,691	16,198,337	311,629	1,501,387	21,537,221	57,746	448,248	103,483,706	932,029					15,849,825		137,625	9,020,156	263,690
2015	499,192	36,922,306	295,228	158,451	15,159,231	385,733	1,493,678	19,020,902	50,941	677,788	171,538,329	1,014,689					17,101,600		118,565	8,339,302	285,470
2010	400,102	41,513,690	312,677	107,986	10,016,001	383,313	1,400,613	21,585,588	61,526	664,848	8,893,487	53,644	-	-	-	-	20,582,812	-	115,172	7,383,367	258,371
2018																					
1st Qtr	49,628	4,003,531	80,670	7,814	649,254	83,088	443,667	6,434,430	14,503	145,956	2,636,908	18,066					7,693,187		28,341	1,688,790	59,588
2nd Qtr	240,252	19,120,511	79,585	23,363	1,483,279	63,488	491,863	7,146,453	14,529	136,659	2,644,082	19,348					5,740.029		30,330	1,974,813	65,111
3rd Qtr	57,069	5,126,474	89,830	16,521	1,238,917	74,990	503,905	6,055,587	12,017	151,486	1,837,207	12,128					2,749,659		24,109	1,608,470	66,716
4th Qtr	123,363	10,503,588	85,144	30,097	2,273,107	75,525	503,932	7,023,016	13,936	177,133	2,575,008	14,537					4,014,351		22,647	1,654,395	73,051
2019																					
1st Qtr	103,024	8,704,911	84,494	18,310	1,256,978	68,651	333,536	6,079,666	18,228	157,168	42,325,320	269,300					4,230,554		22,156	1,739,877	78,529
2nd Qtr	146,346	12,397,287	84,712	19,527	1,254,915	64,265	552,389	7,463,538	13,511	159,638	43,412,933	271,946					4,331,995		26,469	1,829,135	69,105
3rd Qtr	108,309	9,811,892	90,592	8,963	880,910	98,283	469,984	6,516,061	13,864	154,378	46,930,027	303,994					3,839,712		22,770	1,763,260	77,438
4th Qtr	168,937	15,524,211	91,893	31,271	2,398,862	76,712	550,977	6,426,558	11,664	165,226	50,112,316	303,296					3,497,685		22,466	1,686,855	75,085
2020																					
1st Qtr	87,060	7,627,921	87,617	12,825	965,564	75,286	218,670	4,207,287	19,240	157,378	50,407,855	320,297	5,051	51,563,127	10,208,715		4,026,692		16,739	1,354,714	80,931
2nd Qtr	206,879	17,828,550	86,178	8,876	669,514	75,430	143,054	4,582,929	32,036	170,390	58,949,183	345,967	7,463	39,848,505	5,339,752		2,389,330		18,914	1,346,832	71,207
3rd Qtr	82,841	7,772,129	93,820	7,524	791,049	105,137	117,112	2,685,478	22,931	135,376	44,297,514	327,217	5,046	44,870,396	8,892,253		2,174,357		19,395	1,421,821	73,309
4th Qtr	212,003	17,486,808	82,484	28,292	2,591,030	91,582	135,860	3,811,121	28,052	136,741	50,514,775	369,419	9,045	85,578,773	9,461,287		2,106,289		22,286	1,642,527	73,702
2021																					1
1st Qtr	74,787	6,710,742	89,732	11,884	931,042	78,347	160,486	4,350,754	27,110	120,048	42,869,546	357,104	11,028	142,111,661	12,886,647		2,052,806		15,309	1,236,666	80,782
2nd Qtr	207,266	19,062,382	91,971	14,405	1,258,506	87,366	158,928	4,197,729	26,413	135,702	48,480,766	357,259	8,988	128,237,124	14,266,934		2,482,389		14,282	1,245,133	87,180
3rd Qtr	52,862	5,492,698	103,906	3,454	410,954	118,973	122,096	3,545,957	29,042	104,156	37,130,309	356,487	12,044	184,393,544	15,310,113		1,559,711		14,511	1,122,203	77,337
4th Qtr	100,507	10,729,532	106,754	3,620	455,364	125,791	153,839	4,593,883	29,862	142,896	50,493,131	353,355	10,153	165,642,729	16,314,139		1,816,257		30,385	1,915,858	63,053
2022																					
1st Qtr	49,304	5,597,651	113,532	3,388	346,527	102,281	166,867	4,847,695	29,051	98,985	37,084,029	374,644	10,722	222,025,376	20,706,530		2,406,073		19,857	1,440,310	72,535
2nd Qtr	144,837	16,102,623	111,177	7,150	993,086	138,893	156,557	5,192,860	33,169	144,014	53,537,488	371,752	22,699	531,135,069	23,398,762		3,490,255		21,970	1,695,621	77,178
3rd Qtr	62,153	7,569,017	121,780	2,678	384,057	143,412	160,210	6,095,871	38,049	108,662	37,353,704	343,759	33,702	706,662,306	20,968,095		4,113,694		11,654	1,305,542	112,027
4th Qtr	101,314	11,517,745	113,683	13,889	1,901,729	136,921	125,159	4,493,054	35,899	131,273	45,041,002	343,110	33,927	598,803,396	17,649,713		1,962,085		10,195	1,206,426	118,330
2023																					
1st Qtr	55,355	6,752,301	121,981	2,052	311,291	151,701	125,036	4,124,836	32,989	117,071	43,920,490	375,161	33,873	558,000,943	16,473,475		1,735,250		10,843	1,221,059	112,614
2nd Qtr	126,734	14,593,518	115,151	8,401	1,110,263	132,158	105,490	3,925,273	37,210	98,908	38,784,179	392,125	34,964	566,611,041	16,205,327		4,130,963		9,644	1,146,277	118,853

GUYANA: SELECTED EXPORTS BY VOLUME, VALUE AND UNIT VALUE ¹⁾

VISIBLE TRADE (G\$ Million)

	Balance of	Imports		Exports (f.o.l	b.)
Period	Visible Trade	(c.i.f.)	Total	Domestic	Re-Exports
2013	(102,618.5)	385,101.8	282,483.3	279,676.2	2,807.1
2013	(128,872.5)	369,896.9	241,024.4	238,433.2	2,591.2
2015	(70,280.8)	308,015.5	237,734.6	234,251.8	3,482.8
2016	(6,351.6)	302,556.3	296,204.7	293,560.4	2,644.3
2017	(42,671.4)	339,480.0	296,808.6	294,865.6	1,943.0
2018					
1st Qtr	(33,712.6)	101,364.4	67,651.8	66,968.9	682.9
2nd Qtr	(36,893.2)	117,134.6	80,241.4	79,416.2	825.2
3rd Qtr	(80,663.7)	134,257.9	53,594.2	52,693.4	900.8
4th Qtr	(71,681.4)	148,786.7	77,105.3	76,640.2	465.1
2019					
1st Qtr	(61,090.4)	132,166.9	71,076.5	70,669.3	407.1
2nd Qtr	(69,783.1)	153,843.2	84,060.1	76,771.5	7,288.5
3rd Qtr	(62,397.3)	140,331.5	77,934.2	74,210.3	3,723.9
4th Qtr	(322,348.3)	415,997.4	93,649.1	90,848.4	2,800.8
2020					
1st Qtr	(6,689.1)	134,576.7	127,887.6	126,350.0	1,537.5
2nd Qtr	15,494.4	115,155.6	130,650.0	130,046.4	603.6
3rd Qtr	11,080.8	98,975.6	110,056.4	108,490.8	1,565.6
4th Qtr	50,961.7	120,453.3	171,415.0	168,592.3	2,822.7
2021					
1st Qtr	89,597.7	118,230.8	207,828.4	206,385.7	1,442.7
2nd Qtr	75,688.6	138,103.5	213,792.2	212,117.1	1,675.1
3rd Qtr	85,655.5	157,445.2	243,100.7	240,232.2	2,868.6
4th Qtr	(255,081.6)	498,566.6	243,485.0	241,512.9	1,972.0
2022					
1st Qtr	129,423.9	155,346.9	284,770.8	280,065.1	4,705.7
2nd Qtr	412,285.1	210,407.2	622,692.4	620,433.6	2,258.8
3rd Qtr	576,463.6	196,794.5	773,258.1	771,216.7	2,041.4
4th Qtr	478,806.8	196,406.9	675,213.7	672,353.6	2,860.1
2023					
1st Qtr	420,663.3	203,544.1	624,207.4	622,907.1	1,300.3
2nd Qtr	67,605.6	571,502.8	639,108.4	637,329.6	1,778.8

Table 8.4(a)

Sources: Bureau of Statistics and Bank of Guyana.

VISIBLE TRADE (US\$ Million)

Table 8.4(b)

	Balance of	Imports		Exports (f.o.k	1 able 6.4(b) 5.)
Period	Visible Trade	(c.i.f.)	Total	Domestic	Re-Exports
2013	(499.8)	1,874.9	1,375.1	1,361.4	13.7
2014	(624.1)	1,791.3	1,167.2	1,154.6	12.5
2015	(340.3)	1,491.6	1,151.3	1,134.4	16.9
2016	(30.8)	1,465.2	1,434.4	1,421.6	12.8
2017	(206.6)	1,644.0	1,437.3	1,427.9	9.4
2018					
1st Qtr	(163.3)	490.9	327.6	324.3	3.3
2nd Qtr	(176.9)	561.8	384.9	380.9	4.0
3rd Qtr	(386.9)	643.9	257.0	252.7	4.3
4th Qtr	(343.8)	713.6	369.8	367.6	2.2
2019					
1st Qtr	(293.0)	633.9	340.9	338.9	2.0
2nd Qtr	(334.7)	737.9	403.2	368.2	35.0
3rd Qtr	(299.3)	673.1	373.8	355.9	17.9
4th Qtr	(1,546.0)	1,995.2	449.2	435.7	13.4
2020					
1st Qtr	(32.1)	645.5	613.4	606.0	7.4
2nd Qtr	74.3	552.3	626.6	623.7	2.9
3rd Qtr	53.1	474.7	527.8	520.3	7.5
4th Qtr	244.4	577.7	822.1	808.6	13.5
2021					
1st Qtr	429.7	567.1	996.8	989.9	6.9
2nd Qtr	363.0	662.4	1,025.4	1,017.3	8.0
3rd Qtr	410.8	755.1	1,166.0	1,152.2	13.8
4th Qtr	(1,223.4)	2,391.2	1,167.8	1,158.3	9.5
2022					
1st Qtr	620.7	745.1	1,365.8	1,343.2	22.6
2nd Qtr	1,977.4	1,009.1	2,986.5	2,975.7	10.8
3rd Qtr	2,764.8	943.9	3,708.7	3,698.9	9.8
4th Qtr	2,296.4	942.0	3,238.4	3,224.7	13.7
2023					
1st Qtr	2,017.6	976.2	2,993.8	2,987.6	6.2
2nd Qtr	324.2	2,741.0	3,065.3	3,056.7	8.5

INTERNATIONAL RESERVES AND FOREIGN ASSETS (US\$ Million)

End of			Bank Of O	Guyana			Comr	nercial Ban	ks	Bar	nking Syster	n
Period	Internat	tional Rese		Net	Foreign As		Net F	oreign Asse		Net F	oreign Ass	ets
renou	Net	Assets Li	abilities	Net	Assets	Liabilities	Net	Assets L	iabilities	Net	Assets L	iabilities
2013	751.2	776.9	25.7	716.6	776.9	60.3	238.6	299.9	61.2	955.3	1076.7	121.5
2013	652.2	665.6	13.4	648.7	665.6	16.9	296.4	357.6	61.1	935.3 945.2	1023.2	78.0
2015	594.7	598.5	3.8	591.2	598.5	7.3	273.7	357.1	83.4	864.9	955.7	90.7
2015	596.7	596.7	0.0	593.2	596.7	3.5	278.1	355.4	77.3	871.4	952.1	80.8
2017	584.0	584.0	0.0	580.6	584.0	3.5	276.5	380.5	104.0	857.1	964.5	107.4
-												
2018												
Mar	498.5	498.5	0.0	495.1	498.5	3.5	319.4	422.5	103.2	814.4	921.1	106.7
Jun	473.4	473.4	0.0	469.9	473.4	3.4	288.2	391.1	102.9	758.2	864.5	106.3
Sep	452.6	452.6	0.0	449.2	452.6	3.4	277.1	380.4	103.2	726.3	833.0	106.7
Dec	528.4	528.4	0.0	525.0	528.4	3.4	281.3	385.3	104.0	806.3	913.7	107.8
2019												
Mar	515.8	515.8	0.0	512.3	515.8	3.4	296.1	398.1	101.9	808.5	913.8	105.3
Jun	522.1	522.1	0.0	518.7	522.1	3.4	308.2	420.6	112.4	826.9	942.7	115.8
Sep	528.3	528.3	0.0	524.9	528.3	3.4	324.4	428.1	103.7	849.3	956.4	107.1
Dec	575.9	575.9	0.0	572.5	575.9	3.4	334.6	451.2	116.6	907.1	1027.1	120.0
2020												
Z020 Mar	499.2	499.2	0.0	495.8	499.2	3.4	369.1	494.1	125.0	864.9	993.3	128.4
Jun	573.1	573.1	0.0	569.7	573.1	3.4	392.3	505.5	113.2	962.0	1078.6	116.7
Sep	638.8	638.8	0.0	635.4	638.8	3.4	394.2	531.0	136.8	1029.6	1169.8	140.2
Dec	680.6	680.6	0.0	677.2	680.6	3.4	396.3	541.4	145.1	1073.5	1222.1	148.5
2021												
Jan	698.7	698.7	0.0	695.3	698.7	3.4	418.8	538.5	119.7	1114.0	1237.2	123.2
Feb	674.2	674.2	0.0	670.7	674.2	3.4	434.2	567.9	133.6	1105.0	1242.0	137.0
Mar	625.6	625.6	0.0	622.1	625.6	3.4	429.4	554.8	125.5	1051.5	1180.4	128.9
Apr	626.2	626.2	0.0	622.7	626.2	3.4	447.9	562.2	114.3	1070.6	1188.4	117.8
May	642.0	642.0	0.0	638.6	642.0	3.4	468.9	611.3	142.4	1107.5	1253.4	145.9
Jun	613.2	613.2	0.0	609.8	613.2	3.4	482.3	604.9	122.6	1092.1	1218.1	126.0
Jul	600.9	600.9	0.0	597.4	600.9	3.4	477.3	604.9	127.6	1074.7	1205.7	131.1
Aug	819.6	819.6	0.0	816.1	819.6	3.4	481.5	601.7	120.2	1297.7	1421.3	123.7
Sep	819.5	819.5	0.0	816.0	819.5	3.4	464.0	590.4	126.4	1280.1	1409.9	129.8
Oct	810.1	810.1	0.0	806.6	810.1	3.4	459.1	583.1	124.0	1265.8	1393.2	127.4
Nov Dec	804.8 810.8	804.8 810.8	0.0 0.0	801.3	804.8	3.4 3.4	473.6	601.9	128.3 130.5	1275.0 1255.9	1406.7	131.7
Dec	010.0	010.0	0.0	807.4	810.8	3.4	448.5	579.0	130.5	1200.9	1389.9	133.9
2022												
Jan	780.4	780.4	0.0	777.0	780.4	3.4	439.2	581.9	142.8	1216.2	1362.4	146.2
Feb	742.3	742.3	0.0	738.8	742.3	3.4	455.2	592.7	137.6	1194.0	1335.0	141.0
Mar	678.8	678.8	0.0	675.4	678.8	3.4	459.7	611.9	152.2	1135.1	1290.7	155.6
Apr	611.5	611.5	0.0	608.0	611.5	3.4	472.5	609.3	136.8	1080.5	1220.7	140.2
May	763.3	763.3	0.0	759.9	763.3	3.4	475.0	615.5	140.5	1234.9	1378.8	144.0
Jun	710.9	710.9	0.0	707.4	710.9	3.4	470.0	629.6	159.6	1177.4	1340.5	163.0
Jul	880.3	880.3	0.0	876.9	880.3	3.4	465.1	621.1	156.1	1342.0	1501.5	159.5
Aug	811.6	811.6	0.0	808.1	811.6	3.4	464.1	648.6	184.5	1272.2	1460.1	187.9
Sep Oct	823.4 761.6	823.4 761.6	0.0 0.0	819.9 758.1	823.4 761.6	3.4 3.4	467.2	624.1 601.6	156.9 154.3	1287.1 1205.4	1447.4 1363.2	160.3 157.7
Nov	761.6	761.6	0.0	758.1	761.6	3.4 3.4	447.3 441.6	601.6 606.4	154.3 164.9	1205.4	1363.2	157.1
Dec	939.2	939.2	0.0	935.8	939.2	3.4	432.6	593.8	164.9	1368.3	1533.0	164.7
2023	706.0	706.0	0.01	700 7	700.0	0.4		640.0	464.0	1470 4	1040 5	400.0
Jan Fob	736.2	736.2	0.0	732.7	736.2	3.4	445.4	610.3	164.9 162.6	1178.1	1346.5	168.3
Feb	807.4	807.4	0.0	804.0	807.4	3.4	443.9	606.6	162.6	1247.9	1414.0	166.
Mar	756.9	756.9	0.0	753.4	756.9	3.4	438.9 450.6	603.4	164.5	1192.3	1360.3	168.0
Apr May	721.4 848.1	721.4 848.1	0.0 0.0	718.0 844.7	721.4 848.1	3.4 3.4	459.6 462.9	608.6 617.5	149.0 154.6	1177.6 1307.6	1330.0 1465.6	152.4 158.0
Jun	736.0	736.0	0.0	844.7 732.5	736.0	3.4 3.4	462.9 462.4	617.5	154.6 164.8	1307.6	1363.1	158.0
Juli	100.0	. 55.0	0.0	102.0	100.0	.	102.7	JE1.1	10-1.0	110-1.0	1000.1	100.2

Sources: Bank of Guyana and Commercial Banks

FOREIGN EXCHANGE MARKET (CAMBIO) MONTHLY PURCHASES BY CURRENCY AND BY DEALERS (Valued in US Dollars)

							(valueu ili	US Dollars)							T 11 0 0()
<u> </u>		Comm	nercial Banks					lan Banka					Tatal		Table 8.6(a)
Period	Total	US	f.	CN	EURO	Total	US	Non-Banks £	CN	EURO	Total	US	Total £	CN	EURO
			-	•	20.00			-	0.1				-	0.1	
2021															
Jan	227,909,230	220,496,772	3,865,765	2,605,547	941,147	2,325,746	1,568,701	173,968	306,068	277,008	230,234,976	222,065,473	4,039,733	2,911,615	1,218,155
Feb	194,722,613	190,423,131	2,066,177	1,127,044	1,106,260	1,917,294	1,266,336	137,815	265,584	247,559	196,639,907	191,689,467	2,203,992	1,392,628	1,353,819
Mar	188,782,219	183,833,266	2,493,661	991,169	1,464,123	1,423,894	1,130,642	64,600	101,592	127,060	190,206,113	184,963,908	2,558,261	1,092,761	1,591,183
Apr	282,218,064	275,886,283	1,997,791	2,331,818	2,002,172	1,536,958	1,267,895	62,720	77,132	129,211	283,755,023	277,154,178	2,060,511	2,408,950	2,131,383
May	217,394,768	212,427,858	1,881,040	1,166,496	1,919,375	1,389,530	1,248,239	39,594	57,586	44,111	218,784,298	213,676,097	1,920,634	1,224,081	1,963,486
Jun	225,119,016	219,741,996	1,576,086	1,620,063	2,180,870	1,932,442	1,537,369	100,606	134,729	159,738	227,051,458	221,279,365	1,676,693	1,754,792	2,340,609
Jul	272,075,542	260,004,812	2,101,621	3,125,837	6,843,272	2,869,401	2,173,954	96,066	285,728	313,653	274,944,943	262,178,766	2,197,687	3,411,565	7,156,925
Aug	205,628,403	198,062,118	3,493,167	2,205,715	1,867,402	2,352,132	1,650,857	103,688	240,062	357,526	207,980,535	199,712,975	3,596,855	2,445,777	2,224,928
Sep	731,230,401	723,320,018	2,883,258	2,458,380	2,568,745	2,580,782	1,828,097	108,963	322,504	321,218	733,811,183	725,148,115	2,992,221	2,780,884	2,889,963
Oct	310,896,610	299,482,387	3,412,257	3,373,606	4,628,359	2,896,593	2,101,244	138,381	407,950	249,019	313,793,203	301,583,631	3,550,638	3,781,556	4,877,378
Nov	227,701,716	220,980,742	2,778,644	1,900,193	2,042,137	2,210,174	1,550,175	115,451	350,152	194,395	229,911,890	222,530,917	2,894,095	2,250,346	2,236,532
Dec	287,345,430	275,278,707	4,675,673	2,295,584	5,095,466	3,024,886	2,310,503	218,108	278,518	217,757	290,370,317	277,589,210	4,893,781	2,574,102	5,313,223
Total	3,371,024,013	3,279,938,091	33,225,141	25,201,452	32,659,329	26,459,833	19,634,012	1,359,960	2,827,604	2,638,256	3,397,483,846	3,299,572,103	34,585,102	28,029,056	35,297,585
2022									0 10 550						
Jan	217,981,564	212,673,970	2,177,774	1,579,497	1,550,324	2,350,536	1,511,901	232,594	343,552	262,489	220,332,100	214,185,871	2,410,368	1,923,049	1,812,813
Feb	222,898,606	216,141,523	2,392,681	2,219,384	2,145,018	2,331,284	1,546,081	181,334	363,603	240,266	225,229,890	217,687,604	2,574,015	2,582,987	2,385,284
Mar	239,155,753	232,677,351	3,232,882	1,580,504	1,665,015	2,325,367	1,715,443	114,665	336,132	159,127	241,481,119	234,392,794	3,347,547	1,916,636	1,824,142
Apr	311,905,933	295,331,190	4,608,353	2,060,433	9,905,957	3,573,621	2,281,709	295,546	679,045	317,322	315,479,554	297,612,899	4,903,899	2,739,477	10,223,279
May	230,131,879	222,502,044	1,875,301	1,505,920	4,248,615	2,619,501	1,939,362	84,087	377,113	218,939	232,751,380	224,441,406	1,959,388	1,883,033	4,467,554
Jun Jul	244,531,355 283,979,518	237,147,833 271,890,174	2,465,623 4,644,279	1,547,164 2,689,386	3,370,735 4,755,679	3,052,223 3,915,104	2,217,423 2,610,304	179,635 229,332	389,007 422,600	266,158 652,867	247,583,578 287,894,621	239,365,256 274,500,478	2,645,257 4,873,611	1,936,171 3,111,986	3,636,893 5,408,545
			3,171,579	1,706,284	2,754,778		2,010,304	285,327			240,472,101	231,213,636		2,295,407	
Aug Sep	236,761,054 233,110,212	229,128,412 227,841,976	2,003,305	1,288,042	1,976,888	3,711,047 3,222,745	2,065,224 2,325,434	265,327	589,122 322,942	751,374 389,184	236,332,957	231,213,636	3,456,906	2,295,407	3,506,152 2,366,071
Oct							2,325,434 3,269,036		322,942 179,857				2,188,491	2,383,104	
Nov	311,789,741 259,339,525	299,392,157 250,093,483	3,339,383 3,184,445	2,203,247 2,885,138	6,854,953 3,176,459	3,637,888	3,269,036 2,635,969	119,245 127,925	169,731	69,750	315,427,629 262,683,760	302,661,193 252,729,452	3,458,628 3,312,370	2,363,104 3,054,868	6,924,703 3,587,069
Dec	320,016,328	250,093,483 310,005,245	3,164,445	2,005,130		3,344,235	2,635,969 3,505,477	127,925	307,545	410,610 530,625	324,497,843	313,510,722		3,386,316	3,946,671
Dec	320,010,320	310,003,245	3,510,207	3,070,771	3,416,046	4,481,515	3,505,477	137,000	307,343	550,025	324,497,643	313,510,722	3,654,135	3,360,310	3,940,071
Total	3,111,601,467	3,004,825,358	36,611,873	24,343,771	45,820,466	38,565,066	27,643,363	2,172,743	4,480,249	4,268,710	3,150,166,533	3,032,468,721	38,784,616	28,824,020	50,089,176
2023															
Jan	245,371,019	235,751,551	4,678,105	1,820,253	3,121,110	3,378,888	2,504,896	134,626	378,615	360,751	248,749,907	238,256,447	4,812,731	2,198,868	3,481,861
Feb	214,274,494	206,177,068	2,944,045	2,215,151	2,938,230	2,877,475	2,145,594	162,327	407,899	161,654	217,151,968	208,322,662	3,106,372	2,623,051	3,099,884
Mar	286,872,837	272,661,926	2,944,045	2,539,196	8,232,074	3,073,338	2,145,594	155,733	314,760	307,113	289,946,175	274,957,658	3,595,375	2,853,956	8,539,187
Apr	348,700,631	338,978,867	4,278,121	2,259,116	3,184,527	3,706,674	2,612,203	278,521	365,300	450,650	352,407,305	341,591,070	4,556,641	2,633,930	3,635,177
May	285,030,241	278,123,733	3,501,868	2,304,048	1,100,591	2,694,513	2,010,666	168,085	271,293	244,470	287,724,754	280,134,399	3,669,953	2,575,341	1,345,061
Jun	248,664,192	237,661,274	3,653,599	2,195,062	5,154,257	2,574,389	2,093,474	123,065	164,195	193,654	251,238,580	239,754,748	3,776,664	2,359,257	5,347,911
Juli	240,004,192	201,001,214	0,000,000	2,100,002	5,154,257	2,017,009	2,000,714	120,000	107,195	100,004	201,200,000	200,704,740	0,110,004	2,000,201	5,547,311
Total	1,628,913,413	1,569,354,418	22,495,379	13,332,827	23,730,789	18,305,276	13,662,565	1,022,357	1,902,062	1,718,292	1,647,218,689	1,583,016,983	23,517,736	15,234,889	25,449,081

Sources: Commercial Banks and Non-Bank Dealers.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE MARKET (CAMBIO) MONTHLY SALES BY CURRENCY AND BY DEALERS (Valued in US Dollars)

							(valued i	n 05 Dollars)						Table 8.6(b)
.		Comn	nercial Banks					Non-Banks					Total		1 2010 0.0(0)
Period	Total	US	£	CN	EURO	Total	US	£	CN	EURO	Total	US	£	CN	EURO
2021															
Jan	267,106,513	261,957,216	1,632,052	2,638,361	878,884	1,930,033	1,517,676	76,219	179,116	157,022	269,036,546	263,474,892	1,708,271	2,817,477	1,035,906
Feb	178,558,607	174,579,647	2,378,119	810,537	790,305	2,098,005	1,340,300	185,818	276,506	295,381	180,656,613	175,919,947	2,563,937	1,087,042	1,085,686
Mar	184,503,702	179,338,391	2,177,138	1,399,416	1,588,757	1,447,819	1,305,435	10,877	51,783	79,723	185,951,521	180,643,826	2,188,015	1,451,199	1,668,481
Apr	258,649,141	252,233,747	1,972,449	2,251,799	2,191,146	1,421,954	1,253,414	42,174	70,301	56,065	260,071,095	253,487,161	2,014,623	2,322,100	2,247,211
May	201,274,385	195,865,671	2,114,286	1,259,212	2,035,216	1,482,164	1,330,314	33,629	74,726	43,495	202,756,549	197,195,985	2,147,916	1,333,937	2,078,711
Jun	218,294,033	212,871,891	1,564,404	1,833,889	2,023,849	1,912,564	1,479,717	107,161	152,180	173,506	220,206,597	214,351,608	1,671,566	1,986,069	2,197,355
Jul	285,848,293	273,961,199	1,661,123	3,250,693	6,975,278	2,658,617	2,103,953	80,326	271,044	203,294	288,506,910	276,065,152	1,741,449	3,521,738	7,178,572
Aug	219,141,502	212,261,175	3,561,654	1,353,832	1,964,841	2,770,976	1,583,369	206,062	359,729	621,816	221,912,477	213,844,544	3,767,716	1,713,561	2,586,657
Sep	713,715,744	706,836,135	2,868,823	2,136,138	1,874,647	2,618,467	2,016,147	83,796	250,829	267,695	716,334,211	708,852,282	2,952,619	2,386,967	2,142,342
Oct	344,014,747	332,468,836	3,683,373	3,239,665	4,622,872	2,727,444	1,937,959	141,178	401,365	246,942	346,742,191	334,406,795	3,824,551	3,641,031	4,869,814
Nov	217,471,747	210,737,092	2,780,092	1,813,169	2,141,394	1,493,544	1,383,911	20,283	52,593	36,757	218,965,291	212,121,003	2,800,374	1,865,762	2,178,151
Dec	303,621,489	291,305,043	4,686,325	2,620,003	5,010,118	4,111,596	2,702,678	358,579	605,228	445,111	307,733,086	294,007,721	5,044,905	3,225,231	5,455,229
Tatal	0 000 400 000	0 004 440 045	04 070 000	04 000 740	20.007.007	00 070 400	40.054.070	4 9 4 9 4 9 9	0 745 404	0.000.007	0 440 070 000	0.004.070.040	00 405 0 44	07.050.444	04 704 440
Total	3,392,199,903	3,304,416,045	31,079,838	24,606,713	32,097,307	26,673,183	19,954,873	1,346,103	2,745,401	2,626,807	3,418,873,086	3,324,370,918	32,425,941	27,352,114	34,724,113
2022															
Jan	246,180,872	241,061,144	2,082,733	1,484,078	1,552,916	1,374,073	1,280,765	12,019	67,860	13,429	247,554,945	242,341,909	2,094,752	1,551,938	1,566,345
Feb	200,551,713	194,215,197	2,618,384	1,555,693	2,162,439	2,189,264	1,379,776	180,519	380,141	248,828	202,740,977	195,594,973	2,798,903	1,935,833	2,411,267
Mar	214,366,541	207,601,243	3,016,799	1,568,759	2,179,741	2,524,316	1,686,850	174,477	400,616	262,373	216,890,857	209,288,093	3,191,275	1,969,375	2,442,114
Apr	324,101,524	308,356,162	4,362,173	2,170,191	9,212,998	3,674,092	2,132,401	344,626	862,898	334,167	327,775,616	310,488,563	4,706,799	3,033,089	9,547,166
May	229,919,763	222,693,572	2,480,401	1,500,594	3,245,196	2,703,937	2,142,622	119,526	267,527	174,261	232,623,699	224,836,194	2,599,927	1,768,122	3,419,457
Jun	248,915,763	241,920,651	2,282,826	1,734,771	2,977,514	3,358,853	2,641,555	155,778	350,819	210,701	252,274,616	244,562,206	2,438,605	2,085,590	3,188,215
Jul	303,440,379	293,991,263	2,759,598	2,878,920	3,810,597	3,882,132	2,307,031	276,451	586,265	712,384	307,322,510	296,298,294	3,036,049	3,465,185	4,522,981
Aug	217,688,647	210,054,370	3,524,613	1,084,659	3,025,006	3,476,738	1,875,253	286,081	565,952	749,452	221,165,385	211,929,623	3,810,694	1,650,610	3,774,458
Sep	225,105,850	217,820,612	3,669,731	1,753,642	1,861,864	2,733,254	2,528,226	41,351	72,898	90,778	227,839,104	220,348,838	3,711,083	1,826,540	1,952,643
Oct	345,322,575	333,501,074	3,310,298	2,170,694	6,340,510	4,339,303	3,447,801	212,419	287,648	391,436	349,661,878	336,948,875	3,522,716	2,458,342	6,731,945
Nov	255,701,690	246,651,964	3,463,594	2,708,445	2,877,687	3,256,994	2,658,846	74,231	183,467	340,451	258,958,684	249,310,810	3,537,825	2,891,912	3,218,138

263,811

2,141,288

64,930

163.419

106,749

383,304

46,036

165,019

929,456

501,577

161,447

410.069

334,858

448,030

112,702

194,773

1,661,879

4,527,667

715,078

199,018

190.125

240,364

547,597

63,505

297,040

326,947,448

254,117,309

218.697.236

268,460,492

357,182,143

265,872,558

264,946,648

4,243,340 3,171,755,719 3,054,776,286 38,799,830

312,827,909

242,628,380

210.268.629

251,743,491

347,074,675

257,865,164

252,631,906

1,537,649 1,629,276,387 1,562,212,245 24,660,192 15,026,305 27,377,645

3,351,202

5,192,400

3,087,655

3,760,831

4,384,208

3,840,343

4,394,755

4,647,359

2,655,508

2.136.115

3,171,913

2,495,525

2,536,700

2,030,543

29,283,896

6,120,977

3,641,021

3.204.837

9,784,257

3,227,734

1,630,352

5,889,445

48,895,707

Sources: Commercial Banks and Non-bank Dealers.

321,532,990

251,539,142

215.845.290

265,600,361

353,447,311

263,387,971

262,110,612

308,893,918

240,475,608

208.180.295

249,565,330

344,718,775

255,602,820

250,452,702

3,087,391

5,127,471

2.924.236

3,654,082

4,000,904

3,794,307

4,229,736

1,611,930,687 1,548,995,530 23,730,737 13,364,426 25,839,995

3,132,828,307 3,026,761,169 36,658,542 24,756,229 44,652,367

4,145,782

2,494,061

1.726.046

2,837,055

2,047,495

2,423,998

1,835,770

5,405,899

3,442,003

3.014.712

9,543,893

2,680,137

1,566,847

5,592,404

5,414,458

38,927,412

2,578,167

2.851.947

2,860,131

3,734,831

2,484,588

2,836,037

17,345,699

3,933,991

28,015,117

2,152,772

2.088.334

2,178,161

2,355,900

2,262,344

2,179,204

13,216,715

Dec

Total 2023 Jan

Feb

Mar

Apr

May

Jun

Total

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

(US\$ Million)

(US\$ Million)		Table 8.7
	2022	2023
Item	Jan-Jun	Jan-Jun
CURRENT ACCOUNT	765.98	83.86
Merchandise Trade	2,597.57	2,341.80
Exports f.o.b.	4,352.70	6,059.07
Imports c.i.f.	(1,755.13)	(3,717.27)
Net Services	(2,351.18)	(2,799.25)
Non Factor Services (net)	(1,737.22)	
Factor Services (net)	(613.96)	(700.02)
Unrequited Transfers	519.59	541.30
CAPITAL ACCOUNT	(939.06)	(238.65)
Capital Transfer	19.54	6.09
Medium and Long Term Capital (net)	(937.10)	(214.96)
Non-Financial Public Sector (net)	(149.72)	(190.98)
Disbursements	25.60	99.86
Amortization	(31.13)	(32.43)
Other	(144.18)	(258.40)
Natural Resource Fund ¹⁾	(344.18)	(658.40)
Natural Resource Fund Withdrawl	200.00	400.00
Private Sector (net)	(787.38)	(23.98)
Foreign Direct Investment (Net) ²⁾	(769.47)	10.69
Portfolio Investment (Private Citizens)	(17.91)	(34.67)
Short Term Capital (net) ³⁾	(21.50)	(29.79)
ERRORS AND OMISSIONS	73.08	(41.62)
OVERALL BALANCE	(100.00)	(196.41)
FINANCING	100.00	196.41
Change in Net Foreign Assets of Bank of Guyana (-increase) $^{4)}$	100.00	196.41
Change in Non-Financial Public Sector arrears	-	-
Change in Private Sector Commercial arrears	-	-
Exceptional Financing	-	-
Debt Relief	-	-
Debt stock Restructuring	-	-
Debt Forgiveness	-	-

Sources: Bank of Guyana, Bureau of Statistics and Ministry of Finance.

Notes:

¹⁾ Guyana's portion of the oil revenues and royalty deposited into the Natural Resource Fund is includ

²⁾ Cost recovery by the Oil & gas sector netted.
 ³⁾ Includes changes in Foreign Assets of Commercial Banks.

⁴⁾ Includes valuation changes.

Guyana

Balance of Payments, BPM6 Presentation

	Balance of Payments, BPM6 Presentation		Tabla 0 0
011	US\$ millions		Table 8.8
Old Presentation	BPM 6 Presentation	2022 Q1 Jan-Mar	2023 Q1 Jan-Mar
CURRENT ACCOUNT	CURRENT ACCOUNT	(194.73)	994.02
Merchandise Trade	Merchandise Trade	704.87	2,137.09
Exports f.o.b.	Exports f.o.b.	1,365.81	2,993.80
Imports c.i.f.	Imports f.o.b.	660.94	856.71
Non-Factor Services	Services	(942.83)	(1,086.19
Credits	Credits (Exports)	66.34	152.02
Debits	Debits (Imports)	1,009.17	1,238.21
Factor Services	Primary Income	(207.60)	(367.21
Credits	Credits	31.76	28.84
Debits	Debits	239.36	396.04
Transfers	Secondary Income	250.83	310.32
Credits	Credits	345.55	363.56
Debits	Debits	94.72	53.24
CAPITAL ACCOUNT	CAPITAL ACCOUNT	0.37	2.10
	<i>Net lending</i> (+)/ <i>Net Borrowing</i> (-) (<i>Balance of the Current and Capital</i> <i>Accounts</i>)	(194.37)	996.12
	FINANCIAL ACCOUNT	(285.92)	850.69
Private Sector (net) FDI	Net lending(+)/ Net Borrowing(-) (Balance of the Financial Account) Direct Investment net	(277.99)	1,020.79
	Net acquisition of financial assets	6.60	0.80
	Net incurrence of liabilities	284.59	(1,019.99
	of which total FDI inflows	1,083.24	971.10
Private Sector (net) private C&D)	of which Withdrawals of equity (cost recovery)	798.65	1,991.09
Private Sector (net)- Portfolio net	Portfolio Investment	(8.99)	(17.34
	Net acquisition of financial assets	6.01	6.49
	Net incurrence of liabilities	14.99	23.83
	Other Investment	133.07	22.74
	Net acquisition of financial assets	123.20	25.77
	Net incurrence of liabilities	(9.87)	3.03
	Currency and deposits	123.20	25.77
	Net acquisition of financial assets	123.20	25.77
Non-Fin Public Sector Other- NRF	of which - NRF deposit (Gov't share of Profit Oil + Roya	112.02	219.45
	of which - NRF withdrawl	-	(200.00
Non-Fin Public Sector Other- Short Term capita		11.18	6.32
Non-Fin Public Sector Capital - Disbursement + Amortisation	Net incurrence of liabilities Loans	9.87	(3.03
	Net acquisition of financial assets	-	-
	Net incurrence of liabilities	(9.87)	3.03
Disbursements	Disbursements	9.46	25.30
Amortization	Amortization	19.33	22.27
Non-Fin Public Sector - SDR Allocation Change in net foreign assets of Bank of Guyana or Overall Balance	SDR Allocation (net incurrence of liabilities) Reserves (- drawdown + increase)	(132.02)	- (175.50

INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION (US\$ Million)

(US\$ Million)								Table 8										
Itom		201	9			202	:0			20	21			2022			20	23
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
NET INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION	(2,817.0)	(3,135.1)	(4,335.4)	(5,644.8)	(7,550.9)	(7,901.6)	(8,374.3)	(9,259.0)	(9,971.0)	(10,347.1)	(10,189.1)	(12,134.7)	(12,578.3)	(11,908.3)	(12,186.1)	(12,738.8)	(11,746.4)	(13,160.2)
Net Direct Investment	(2,098.7)	(2,473.3)	(2,883.2)	(3,927.2)	(5,770.2)	(6,371.6)	(6,974.8)	(7,929.4)	(8,036.2)	(8,508.0)	(8,312.4)	(10,370.6)	(9,405.6)	(8,365.9)	(9,003.7)	(9,618.3)		
Net Portfolio Investment	487.6	515.1	503.1	521.2	408.3	390.7	400.2	395.1	401.3	395.4	402.6	413.9	430.6	472.1	560.2	520.4	(8,761.4)	(10,401.2)
Equity and investment fund shares	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	544.6	544.8
Debt Securities	487.5	515.0	503.0	521.2	408.3	390.7	400.2	395.1	401.3	395.4	402.6	413.9	430.6	472.1	560.2	520.4	-	-
Net Other Investment	(1,721.7)	(1,696.5)	(2,483.7)	(2,817.2)	(2,690.6)	(2,496.0)	(2,440.7)	(2,407.7)	(2,964.6)	(2,850.1)	(3,103.1)	(2,994.3)	(4,283.5)	(4,727.9)	(4,568.4)	(4,575.7)	544.6	544.8
Currency and Deposits	48.9	78.6	124.2	151.5	228.0	310.6	347.5	395.6	492.5	629.0	672.7	815.3	956.9	938.1	1,147.4	1,534.2	(4,285.4)	(4,042.2)
Loans	(1,288.2)	(1,299.3)	(2,266.8)	(2,260.3)	(2,240.4)	(2,106.9)	(2,093.9)	(2,099.4)	(2,115.9)	(2,107.7)	(2,094.0)	(2,125.5)	(3,531.0)	(3,509.1)	(3,521.1)	(3,592.5)	1,537.0	1,830.3
Insurance	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	0.8	9.5	9.0	8.7	9.2	9.1	9.1	8.8	(3,664.7)	(3,723.3)
Trade Credits	(92.5)	(88.0)	(85.6)	(145.0)	(141.8)	(141.6)	(132.0)	(145.7)	(132.1)	(142.4)	(147.3)	(146.6)	(167.3)	(136.7)	(135.3)	(134.6)	9.3	9.4
Other Accounts	(265.7)	(268.4)	(136.0)	(444.0)	(417.2)	(440.6)	(444.6)	(440.7)	(1,091.0)	(1,113.4)	(1,168.1)	(1,171.0)	(1,176.0)	(1,678.0)	(1,717.2)	(2,040.3)	(34.2)	(29.0)
SDR Liabilities	(125.2)	(120.7)	(120.7)	(120.7)	(120.7)	(119.0)	(119.0)	(119.0)	(119.0)	(125.1)	(375.3)	(375.3)	(375.3)	(351.3)	(351.3)	(351.3)	(1,781.4)	(1,777.7)
Reserve Assets	515.7	519.6	528.4	578.3	501.6	575.4	641.0	683.0	628.6	615.6	823.9	816.3	680.1	713.3	825.8	934.8	(351.3)	(352.0)
ASSETS	1.452.2	1.509.3	1.641.3	1.661.7	1.571.3	1.695.7	1.821.8	1.948.9	2.013.5	2.188.7	2.478.8	2.674.4	2.653.3	2.703.8	3.104.1	3.571.9	3.448.6	3.722.4
Direct Investment 1)	.,	-	-	-	6.3	7.2	7.0	13.6	14.7	15.8	21.9	28.5	33.1	33.1	33.1	39.7	39.7	40.5
Portfolio Investment ²⁾	487.6	515.1	503.1	521.2	408.3	390.7	400.2	395.1	401.3	395.4	402.6	413.9	430.6	472.1	560.2	520.4	544.6	544.8
Equity and investment fund shares	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Debt Securities	487.5	515.0	503.0	521.2	408.3	390.7	400.2	395.1	401.3	395.4	402.6	413.9	430.6	472.1	560.2	520.4	544.6	544.8
Other Investment ³⁾	448.8	474.5	609.7	562.2	655.2	722.5	773.7	857.3	968.9	1.161.9	1,230.5	1,415.6	1,509.5	1.485.2	1.685.1	2.077.0	2.108.6	2.398.7
Currency and Deposits	188.7	219.9	258.8	296.5	384.1	457.6	517.5	578.4	652.5	787.3	837.3	985.0	1,137.9	1,150.8	1,349.7	1,735.7	1,751.7	2,042.6
Loans					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.,	-	-	-	-	-,
Insurance	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.8	9.6	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.6	9.6
Trade Credits	21.2	23.9	25.0	23.5	21.9	10.7	15.3	16.7	26.1	19.4	41.3	34.6	27.7	26.8	26.8	26.8	27.9	28.9
Other Accounts	237.3	229.1	324.4	240.6	247.6	252.5	239.2	260.5	289.6	345.6	342.6	386.8	334.7	298.5	299.4	305.4	319.5	317.6
Reserve Assets 4)	515.7	519.6	528.4	578.3	501.6	575.4	641.0	683.0	628.6	615.6	823.9	816.3	680.1	713.3	825.8	934.8	755.8	738.4
LIABILITIES	4.269.2	4.644.3	5.976.6	7.306.6	9.122.3	9.597.3	10.196.1	11.208.0	11.984.5	12.535.8	12.667.9	14.809.1	15,231.7	14.612.1	15.290.2	16.310.7	15.195.0	16.882.6
Direct Investment	2.098.7	2.473.3	2.883.2	3.927.2	5,776.5	6,378.8	6,981.8	7.943.0	8.050.9	8.523.8	8,334.3	10.399.1	9,438.7	8.399.0	9,036.8	9.658.0	8,801.1	10.441.7
Portfolio Investment	_,	-,	-,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Debt Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Other Investment	2.170.5	2,171.1	3.093.4	3,379.4	3,345.8	3,218.5	3,214.3	3.265.0	3.933.6	4.012.0	4,333.5	4,409.9	5,792.9	6,213.1	6,253.5	6,652.7	6,394.0	6.440.9
Currency and Deposits	139.8	141.4	134.6	145.0	156.0	146.9	170.0	182.8	159.9	158.3	164.7	169.7	181.0	212.7	202.3	201.5	214.7	212.3
Loans	1,288.2	1,299.3	2,266.8	2,260.3	2,240.4	2,106.9	2,093.9	2,099.4	2,115.9	2,107.7	2,094.0	2,125.5	3,531.0	3,509.1	3,521.1	3,592.5	3,664.7	3,723.3
Insurance	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	2,000.4	2,110.0	0.1	2,034.0	0.5	0.0	0,000.1	0.0	0.4	0.3	0,720.0
Trade Credits	113.7	111.9	110.6	168.5	163.7	152.4	147.3	162.4	158.2	161.9	188.6	181.2	195.0	163.4	162.1	161.3	62.1	57.9
Other Accounts	503.0	497.6	460.4	684.6	664.8	693.1	683.8	701.2	1,380.6	1.459.0	1,510.7	1,557.8	1,510.7	1,976.5	2,016.7	2,345.7	2,100.9	2,095.3
SDR ⁵⁾	125.2	120.7	120.7	120.7	120.7	119.0	119.0	119.0	119.0	125.1	375.3	375.3	375.3	351.3	351.3	351.3	351.3	352.0
02.1	120.2	120.7	120.7	120.7	120.1	113.0	113.0	113.0	113.0	123.1	575.5	575.5	575.5	551.5	331.3	551.5	551.5	332.0

Source: Bank of Guyana, MOF, Commercial Banks, ODCs, OFCs ¹⁾ Direct Investment includes equity investment and debt investment.

²⁾ Portfolio Investment includes equity and debt securities.

³⁾ Other investment includes currency & deposits, loans, insurance, trade credits and other.

⁴⁾ Reserve Assets are those assets that are readily available to and controlled by the Bank of Guyana.

⁵⁾ SDRs are international reserve assets created by the IMF and allocated to members to supplement existing reserves.

CHANGES IN BANK OF GUYANA TRANSACTION EXCHANGE RATE (G\$\US\$)

						,	JA(USA)						Table 9.1
			Date			Rate				Date			Rate
18	Oct	21				208.50	15	Aug	22	- 19	Aug	22	208.50
20	Oct	21	- 22	Oct	21	208.50	22	Aug	22	- 26	Aug	22	208.50
25	Oct	21	- 29	Oct	21	208.50	29	Aug	22	- 31	Aug	22	208.50
01	Nov	21	- 03	Nov	21	208.50	01	Sep	22	- 02	Sep	22	208.50
05	Nov	21				208.50	05	Sep	22	- 09	Sep	22	208.50
80	Nov	21	- 12	Nov	21	208.50	12	Sep	22	- 16	Sep	22	208.50
15	Nov	21	- 19	Nov	21	208.50	19	Sep	22	- 23	Sep	22	208.50
22	Nov	21	- 26	Nov	21	208.50	26	Sep	22	- 30	Sep	22	208.50
29	Nov	21	- 30	Nov	21	208.50	03	Oct	22	- 07	Oct	22	208.50
01	Dec	21	- 03	Dec	21	208.50	11	Oct	22	- 14	Oct	22	208.50
06	Dec	21	- 10	Dec	21	208.50	17	Oct	22	- 21	Oct	22	208.50
13	Dec	21	- 17	Dec	21	208.50	25	Oct	22	- 28	Oct	22	208.50
20	Dec	21	- 24	Dec	21	208.50	01	Nov	22	- 04	Nov	22	208.50
27	Dec	21	- 31	Dec	21	208.50	07	Nov	22	- 11	Nov	22	208.50
03	Jan	22	- 07	Jan	22	208.50	14	Nov	22	- 18	Nov	22	208.50
10	Jan	22	- 14	Jan	22	208.50	21	Nov	22	- 25	Nov	22	208.50
17	Jan	22	- 21	Jan	22	208.50	28	Nov	22	- 30	Nov	22	208.50
24	Jan	22	- 28	Jan	22	208.50	01	Dec	22	- 02	Dec	22	208.50
31	Jan	22				208.50	05	Dec	22	- 09	Dec	22	208.50
01	Feb	22	- 04	Feb	22	208.50	12	Dec	22	- 16	Dec	22	208.50
07	Feb	22	- 11	Feb	22	208.50	19	Dec	22	- 23	Dec	22	208.50
14	Feb	22	- 18	Feb	22	208.50	28	Dec	22	- 30	Dec	22	208.50
21	Feb	22	- 22	Feb	22	208.50	03	Jan	23	- 06	Jan	23	208.50
24	Feb	22	- 25	Feb	22	208.50	09	Jan	23	- 13	Jan	23	208.50
28	Feb	22				208.50	16	Jan	23	- 20	Jan	23	208.50
01	Mar	22	- 04	Mar	22	208.50	23	Jan	23	- 27	Jan	23	208.50
07	Mar	22	- 11	Mar	22	208.50	30	Jan	23				208.50
14	Mar	22	- 17	Mar	22	208.50	01	Feb	23	- 03	Feb	23	208.50
21	Mar	22	- 25	Mar	22	208.50	06	Feb	23	- 10	Feb	23	208.50
28	Mar	22	- 31	Mar	22	208.50	13	Feb	23	- 17	Feb	23	208.50
01	Apr	22		_		208.50	20	Feb	23	- 22	Feb	23	208.50
04	Apr	22	- 08	Apr	22	208.50	24	Feb	23				208.50
11	Apr	22	- 14	Apr	22	208.50	27	Feb	23	- 28	Feb	23	208.50
19	Apr	22	- 22	Apr	22	208.50	01	Mar	23	- 03	Mar	23	208.50
25	Apr	22	- 29	Apr	22	208.50	06	Mar	23	40		23	208.50
02	May	22	- 04	May	22	208.50	08	Mar	23	- 10	Mar	23	208.50
06 00	May May	22	12	Mov	22	208.50	13	Mar Mor	23	- 17	Mar Mar	23	208.50 208.50
09 16	May May	22 22	- 13 - 20	May May	22 22	208.50 208.50	20 27	Mar Mar	23 23	- 24 - 31	Mar Mar	23 23	208.50
23	May	22 22	- 20 - 25	May May	22	208.50	03	Apr	23 23	- 06	Apr	23 23	208.50
23 27	May	22	20	iviay	~~	208.50	11	Apr	23	- 08 - 14	Apr	23	208.50
30	May	22	- 31	May	22	208.50	17	Apr	23	- 21	Apr	23	208.50
01	Jun	22	- 03	Jun	22	208.50	24	Apr	23	- 28	Apr	23	208.50
06	Jun	22	- 10	Jun	22	208.50	02	May	23	- 04	May	23	208.50
13	Jun	22	- 17	Jun	22	208.50	08	May	23	- 12	May	23	208.50
20	Jun	22	- 24	Jun	22	208.50	15	May	23	- 19	May	23	208.50
27	Jun	22	- 30	Jun	22	208.50	22	May	23	- 25	May	23	208.50
01	Jul	22				208.50	29	May	23	- 31	May	23	208.50
05	Jul	22	- 08	Jul	22	208.50	01	Jun	23	- 02	Jun	23	208.50
11	Jul	22	- 15	Jul	22	208.50	05	Jun	23	- 09	Jun	23	208.50
18	Jul	22	- 22	Jul	22	208.50	12	Jun	23	- 16	Jun	23	208.50
25	Jul	22	- 29	Jul	22	208.50	19	Jun	23	- 23	Jun	23	208.50
02	Aug	22	- 05	Aug	22	208.50	26	Jun	23	- 28	Jun	23	208.50
08	Aug	22	- 12	Aug	22	208.50	'30	Jun	23	-			208.50

Source: Bank of Guyana

Note: Effective from October 1, 1991 the official exchange rate fluctuates either daily or periodically and is the weighted average of the Telegraphic Transfer Rates of the three (3) largest Commercial Banks.

EXCHANGE RATES OF CARICOM COUNTRIES (National Currency Per US\$)

EXCHANGE RATE (G\$/US\$)

Table 9.2(b)

208.50

208.50

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Period Average

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		,	nal Currency	,		Table 9.2(a)		(G\$/US\$)
Period Ended	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	E.C.	Jamaica	Trinidad	Year	Guyana Period
								Ended
2013	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	105.8162	6.4001	2013	206.25
2014	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	113.8651	6.3401	2014	206.50
2015	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	119.9015	6.3772	2015	206.50
2016	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	128.7128	6.7198	2016	206.50
2017	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	125.0711	6.7431	2017	206.50
2018							2018	
Mar	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	127.3002	6.7382	Mar	206.50
Jun	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	129.8054	6.7415	Jun	208.50
Sep	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	135.9922	6.7227	Sep	208.50
Dec	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	127.78454	6.7484	Dec	208.50
2019							2019	
Mar	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	123.7201	6.7788	Mar	208.50
Jun	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	130.1521	6.7681	Jun	208.50
Sep	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	134.9257	6.7759	Sep	208.50
Dec	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	131.1321	6.7482	Dec	208.50
2020							2020	
Mar	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	135.3908	6.7301	Mar	208.50
Jun	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	140.0111	6.7400	Jun	208.50
Sep	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	142.1048	6.7626	Sep	208.50
Dec	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	142.6493	6.7612	Dec	208.50
2021							2021	
Mar	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	147.8600	6.7608	Mar	208.50
Apr	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	151.8200	6.7575	Apr	208.50
May	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	151.0900	6.7581	May	208.50
Jun	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	150.1500	6.7517	Jun	208.50
Jul	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	154.2700	6.7529	Jul	208.50
Aug	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	154.3300	6.7585	Aug	208.50
Sep	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	149.3400	6.7599	Sep	208.50
Oct	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	151.4900	6.7583	Oct	208.50
Nov	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	156.3100	6.7525	Nov	208.50
Dec	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	155.1500	6.7648	Dec	208.50
2022							2022	
Jan	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	155.0248	6.7460	Jan	208.50
Feb	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	156.3946	6.7272	Feb	208.50
Mar	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	153.4500	6.7397	Mar	208.50
Apr	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	154.3401	6.7308	Apr	208.50
May	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	154.7045	6.7286	May	208.50
Jun	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	152.4846	6.7386	Jun	208.50
Jul	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	151.7357	6.7333	Jul	208.50
Aug	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	151.6840	6.7181	Aug	208.50
Sep	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	151.6790	6.7305	Sep	208.50
Oct	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	152.8389	6.7107	Oct	208.50
Nov	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	153.9437	6.7265	Nov	208.50
Dec	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	153.0499	6.7415	Dec	208.50
2023							2023	
Jan	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	153.0087	6.7306	Jan	208.50
Feb	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	154.1216	6.7167	Feb	208.50
Mar	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	151.9758	6.7276	Mar	208.50
Apr	1.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.7000	152.5601	6.7479	Apr	208.50
		2.0000	2.0000		154.2074	6.7499	May	208.50
May	1.0000	2.0000	Z.UUUU	2.7000	154.2074	0.7499		

Sources: International Monetary Fund & Bank of Guyana.

Source: Bank of Guyana

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES OF CARICOM COUNTRIES

Table 9.3

					/		
	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	E.C.	Guyana	Jamaica	Trinidad
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bahamas \$	1.000	2.000	2.000	2.700	208.500	149.769	6.722
Barbados \$	0.500	1.000	1.000	1.350	104.250	74.884	3.361
Belize \$	0.500	1.000	1.000	1.350	104.250	74.884	3.361
E.C. \$	0.370	0.741	0.741	1.000	77.222	55.470	2.490
Guyana \$	0.005	0.010	0.010	0.013	1.000	0.718	0.032
Jamaica \$	0.007	0.013	0.013	0.018	1.392	1.000	0.045
Trinidad \$	0.149	0.298	0.298	0.402	31.018	22.281	1.000

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES (June 30, 2021)

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES (June 30, 2022)

	Bahamas \$	Barbados \$	Belize \$	E.C. \$	Guyana \$	Jamaica \$	Trinidad \$
Bahamas \$	1.000	2.000	2.000	2.700	208.500	154.400	6.735
Barbados \$	0.500	1.000	1.000	1.350	104.250	77.200	3.368
Belize \$	0.500	1.000	1.000	1.350	104.250	77.200	3.368
E.C. \$	0.370	0.741	0.741	1.000	77.222	57.185	2.495
Guyana \$	0.005	0.010	0.010	0.013	1.000	0.741	0.032
Jamaica \$	0.006	0.013	0.013	0.017	1.350	1.000	0.044
Trinidad \$	0.148	0.297	0.297	0.401	30.957	22.924	1.000

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES (June 30, 2023)

	Bahamas \$	Barbados \$	Belize \$	E.C. \$	Guyana \$	Jamaica \$	Trinidad \$
Bahamas \$	1.000	2.000	2.000	2.700	208.500	153.392	6.750
Barbados \$	0.500	1.000	1.000	1.350	104.250	76.696	3.375
Belize \$	0.500	1.000	1.000	1.350	104.250	76.696	3.375
E.C. \$	0.370	0.741	0.741	1.000	77.222	56.812	2.500
Guyana \$	0.005	0.010	0.010	0.013	1.000	0.736	0.032
Jamaica \$	0.007	0.013	0.013	0.018	1.359	1.000	0.044
Trinidad \$	0.148	0.296	0.296	0.400	30.891	22.726	1.000

Note: Table derived from Table 9.2

SELECTED EXCHANGE RATES AGAINST THE U.S. DOLLAR (End of Period)

			(-	ind of r chouj														-	T-1-1-04(-)
																			Table 9.4 (a)
Countries	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		202	22				202	23		
Countries	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
CANADA (Canadian dollar)	1.0632	1.1591	1.3847	1.3348	1.2767	1.3444	1.3178	1.2815	1.2805	1.2655	1.2811	1.3289	1.3593	1.3425	1.3441	1.3694	1.3489	1.3515	1.3297
EURO	0.7259	0.8257	0.9203	0.9490	0.8447	0.8794	0.9005	0.8222	0.8846	0.9083	0.9457	1.0082	0.9448	0.9276	0.9336	0.9341	0.9110	0.9188	0.9227
JAPAN (Japanese yen)	105.2757	119.7645	120.3051	116.0698	112.9296	112.2767	109.1913	103.7859	113.7857	118.4608	133.8910	142.7805	134.9774	130.2022	132.9753	133.6855	133.4201	137.1532	141.1550
SWEDEN (Swedish krona)	6.4290	7.8048	8.4449	9.2107	8.3868	9.0456	9.4335	8.3653	9.0935	9.5826	10.0138	10.8692	10.3939	10.3898	10.4550	10.5024	10.3492	10.4613	10.7603
UNITED KINGDOM (Pound sterling)	0.6034	0.6416	0.6774	0.8014	0.7460	0.7893	0.7634	0.7448	0.7518	0.7591	0.8111	0.8819	0.8216	0.8172	0.8283	0.8245	0.8040	0.8013	0.7919
Courses International Manatons Fund																			

Source: International Monetary Fund

COMMODITY PRICES

			COM	MODITY PR	ICES														Table 9.4 (b)
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		20	22				20	23		Table 3.4 (b)
Commodity (Units)	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
GOLD (US\$/fine ounce) United Kingdom (London)	1,224.45	1,200.62	1,068.25	1,157.36	1,264.45	1,250.40	1,479.13	1,858.42	1,790.43	1,947.83	1,836.57	1,680.78	1,797.55	1,897.71	1,854.54	1,912.73	1,999.77	1,992.13	1,942.90
ALUMINIUM (US \$/MT) All origins (London)	1,739.81	1,909.46	1,497.20	1,727.74	2,080.47	1,920.38	1,771.38	2,014.67	2,695.53	3,498.37	2,563.44	2,224.76	2,401.69	2,501.82	2,416.18	2,296.42	2,343.23	2,268.60	2,184.75
Sugar EEC Import Price (US cents/pound) EEC Import Price (US\$kg)	27.23 0.45	26.02 0.40	24.96 0.36	20.79 0.34	0.39	0.37	0.36	0.40	0.37	0.36	0.35	0.32	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.36	0.36	0.35
US import price (US cents/pound) US import price (US\$/kg)	20.55 0.44	24.81 0.55	25.83 0.57	29.29 0.64	0.59	0.56	0.57	0.63	0.81	0.80	0.79	0.77	0.81	0.80	0.81	0.84	0.91	0.94	0.91
International sugar agreement price (US cents/pound) International sugar agreement price (US\$/kg)	16.41 0.36	14.99 0.34	15.00 0.32	18.83 0.41	0.32	0.28	0.30	0.31	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.39	0.42	0.42	0.45	0.45	0.53	0.56	0.54
OIL (US\$/brl.) U.K. Brent	110.63	62.16	37.72	54.07	64.21	56.46	65.85	49.87	74.31	115.59	120.08	90.16	80.90	83.09	82.71	78.53	84.11	75.70	74.89
Rice (US\$/metric ton) Thailand (Bangkok)	447.55	411.00	356.00	367.55	406.00	379.33	432.00	520.00	400.00	422.00	444.00	439.00	467.00	517.00	492.00	476.00	501.00	510.00	514.00
Timber (US\$/cubic metre) Hardwood logs (Malaysia, Sarawak)	287.35	249.39	244.60	256.42	263.62	265.43	272.80	286.86	261.23	250.95	222.30	208.21	220.75	228.23	224.02	222.60	223.11	217.21	210.73
Coconut oil (US \$/MT) Philippines (New York)	1,269.00	1,215.00	1,150.00	1,683.75	1,443.33	796.27	1015.66	1,464.96	1,695.71	2,230.22	1,700.50	1,248.10	1,158.41	1,078.50	1,086.67	1,114.75	1,073.95	1,047.69	1,012.73

Source: World Bank NOTE: As at July 2017 Sugar prices are no longer reported US cents per pound.

MONTHLY AVERAGE MARKET EXCHANGE RATES

Table 9.5

Month		202	4	11								
		202				202	22			202	23	
	CN\$	US\$	£	EURO	CN\$	US\$	£	EURO	CN\$	US\$	£	EURO
	155.64	214.40	257.94	229.93	154.63	206.44	261.63	226.68	147.88	207.38	239.14	203.10
Feb 1	155.78	214.53	259.73	232.01	154.68	206.29	263.23	228.02	148.64	208.13	237.98	202.80
Mar 1	155.10	214.08	263.67	230.02	156.05	206.63	263.71	225.18	147.77	208.43	239.67	205.30
	155.53	209.44	265.81	226.85	154.40	206.68	262.83	220.95	146.98	208.43	239.33	206.35
May 1	154.09	207.66	266.33	229.40	153.32	205.69	254.47	220.42	147.44	208.43	241.09	208.51
	156.55	207.06	264.31	228.85	153.61	205.53	253.10	216.14		208.83	243.34	210.34
Jul 1	156.34	206.96	261.42	229.83	153.78	205.88	247.54	212.47	149.75	209.59	250.44	211.54
Aug 1	156.16	207.00	263.95	229.81	153.08	205.55	244.22	209.09				
Sep 1	155.26	206.87	264.84	231.79	152.57	205.26	240.20	195.20				
Oct 1	153.90	206.94	267.86	229.89	147.49	205.73	226.82	194.62				
Nov 1	156.78	207.04	266.57	230.96	148.00	205.81	231.42	194.06				
Dec 1	154.20	207.24	259.50	228.50	149.40	206.41	235.71	199.04				
		•				•			•			
Month		202	:1			202	22			202	23	
	CN\$	US\$	£	EURO	CN\$	US\$	£	EURO	CN\$	US\$	£	EURO
Jan 1	167.20	216.95	276.60	250.02	164.14	209.61	284.34	240.28	156.46	210.20	256.11	219.27
Feb 1	163.82	216.73	286.10	251.73	163.18	209.22	286.21	242.62	156.47	210.98	254.62	223.08
Mar 1	165.42	216.51	291.42	250.77	163.65	209.42	282.01	240.12	156.75	211.12	254.50	222.12
Apr 1	166.91	213.25	289.47	249.61	165.13	209.27	275.91	234.90	156.78	211.31	258.57	224.26
	168.88	211.29	292.69	246.67	163.78	208.55	272.46	232.78	156.97	211.27	259.80	221.83
	167.01	210.17	291.84	252.48	164.20	208.30	271.27	232.32	155.56	211.85	258.37	225.35
	164.58	210.09	295.60	249.32	161.47	208.65	267.87	227.83	158.15	212.48	266.22	231.21
Aug 1	164.65	210.09	285.16	243.93	161.52	208.36	254.30	220.22				
	164.20	209.53	286.46	243.16	160.62	208.03	256.52	215.14				
	163.12	209.76	288.38	243.04	157.18	208.45	248.72	208.44				
	164.66	209.90	282.92	239.51	156.45	208.43	250.02	206.60				
Dec 1	162.26	210.30	276.47	237.75	156.01	209.12	250.00	211.39				
Month		202	1			202	2			202	23	
	CN\$	US\$	£	EURO	CN\$	US\$	£	EURO	CN\$	US\$	£	EURO
· · · · ·	- •				- •	•				•		
Jan 1	161.42	215.67	267.27	239.97	159.38	208.02	272.98	233.48	152.17	208.79	247.62	211.18
	159.80	215.63	272.91	241.87	158.93	207.76	274.72	235.32	152.55	209.55	246.30	212.94
	160.26	215.30	277.55	240.40	159.85	208.02	272.86	232.65	152.26	209.78	247.08	213.71
	161.22	211.34	277.64	238.23	159.77	207.98	269.37	227.93	151.88	209.87	248.95	215.30
	161.48	209.47	279.51	238.03	158.55	207.12	263.46	226.60	152.21	209.85	250.45	215.17
	161.78	208.62	278.08	240.67	158.91	206.92	262.19	224.23		210.34	250.85	217.85
	160.46	208.53	278.51	239.57	157.63	207.26	257.71	220.15		211.04	258.33	221.38
	160.41	208.55	274.55	236.87	157.30	206.95	249.26	214.65			0	
U U	159.73	208.20	275.65	237.47	156.60	206.64	248.36	205.17				
	158.51	208.35	278.12	236.47	152.34	207.09	237.77	200.17				
	160.72	208.47	274.75	235.23	152.22	207.03	240.72	200.33				
			267.99	233.12	152.71	207.72	242.86	200.00				
Dec 1	158.23	208.77	2h7 441									

Source: Commercial Banks and Non-Bank Cambios.

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (AT CURRENT BASIC PRICES) (G\$ Million)

		(- ·								Table 10.
ltem	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING	219,554	209,579	224,863	188,720	223,142	194,277	189,806	192,229	225,593	308,023
Growing of Sugar Cane	12,227	8,990	13,349	11,760	9,264	5,278	4,819	5,182	3,614	3,389
Growing of Rice	44,294	44,955	47,642	28,947	34,203	37,732	39,951	43,820	40,381	49,457
Growing of Other crops	105,610	99,857	106,850	99,509	128,920	98,085	92,868	96,362	131,876	190,108
Raising of Livestock	22,045	20,400	22,479	19,432	19,494	22,604	26,487	26,108	26,647	38,525
Forestry	12,023	9,618	10,112	11,643	12,102	11,291	11,216	9,308	13,616	15,855
Fishing	23,355	25,759	24,430	17,429	19,158	19,288	14,465	11,451	9,459	10,688
MINING AND QUARRYING	88,008	78,146	82,572	137,882	121,687	127,650	161,409	309,195	680,940	1,914,220
Bauxite	10,740	10,729	10,956	10,433	7,915	9,903	10,646	4,914	4,883	7,819
Gold	70,190	56,950	58,651	107,951	94,255	84,240	106,254	109,057	99,511	93,224
Other mining and quarrying	6,696	9,916	10,897	16,559	14,537	23,631	25,806	14,839	28,382	38,672
Petroleum and gas; and support services	382	551	2,068	2,939	4,981	9,876	18,702	180,385	548,165	1,774,504
MANUFACTURING	54,324	51,523	52,489	45,976	46,959	46,426	54,467	48,414	52,563	58,849
Sugar	10,687	7,519	11,791	10,655	8,327	4,743	4,235	4,575	3,136	2,786
Rice	11,631	13,230	10,398	6,983	9,438	10,153	14,179	11,030	11,903	16,573
Other Manufacturing	32,006	30,774	30,300	28,338	29,194	31,530	36,053	32,809	37,524	39,490
ELECTRICITY SUPPLY	5,825	6,183	14,127	15,451	10,799	5,467	5,948	5,950	4,434	4,970
WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE	2,587	3,262	2,630	2,452	2,562	2,659	3,031	3,134	2,772	4,995
CONSTRUCTION	68,643	68,744	66,643	70,230	74,953	78,944	84,625	75,876	104,135	122,146
SERVICES	367,746	381,623	389,794	410,093	434,588	457,002	482,335	443,982	570,219	589,965
Wholesale and retail trade and repairs	78,064	76,662	64,626	65,484	71,423	74,404	80,356	55,493	104,135	98,911
Transport and storage	29,442	30,306	30,752	31,348	33,518	36,834	34,127	31,518	77,896	46,218
Accommodation and food services	3,169	3,465	3,898	4,236	4,425	4,867	5,228	3,184	41,407	6,017
Information and communication	19,537	21,084	20,934	23,121	23,194	24,579	24,139	24,294	4,328	28,780
Financial and insurance activities	37,799	37,555	41,119	41,688	42,237	42,678	45,404	42,815	26,312	57,954
Real estate activities	73,684	76,300	79,648	81,314	84,117	85,489	87,305	88,104	90,188	96,323
Professional, scientific and technical services	4,137	4,138	4,272	4,481	4,902	5,171	5,404	4,220	5,275	6,281
Administrative and support services	52,416	56,001	58,853	62,047	65,234	66,727	71,049	69,405	79,755	96,385
Public administration	33,675	36,733	41,013	47,303	52,434	58,993	67,663	69,462	74,773	84,905
Education	20,432	22,191	26,146	28,249	29,752	32,478	36,002	32,400	37,763	41,629
Human health and social work	9,349	10,886	12,101	14,227	16,489	17,605	18,237	18,433	22,329	18,928
Arts, entertainment and recreation	3,166	3,205	3,188	3,267	3,402	3,561	3,726	2,202	2,929	3,763
Other service activities	2,877	3,097	3,244	3,328	3,459	3,616	3,695	2,453	3,129	3,872
Less Adjustment for FISIM ¹⁾	16,863	16,870	18,305	18,984	18,235	17,550	18,847	18,738	21,965	23,063
GDP AT BASIC PRICES	789,824	782,190	814,813	851,820	896,455	894,874	962,773	1,060,627	1,565,612	2,980,106
Taxes less subsidies on Products	66,219	69,963	68,975	73,857	84,043	99,597	115,956	80,714	111,013	117,187
TOTAL GDP AT PURCHASER PRICES	856,042	852,153	883,787	925,677	980,498	994,472	1,078,729	1,141,341	1,676,624	3,097,293
NON-OIL GDP AT PURCHASER PRICES	855,660	851,602	881,719	922,738	975,517	984,596	1,060,026	960,956	1,128,460	1,322,789

Source: Bureau of Statistics.

¹⁾ FISIM - Financial Intermediation Services indirectly measured.

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (AT 2012 PRICES) (G\$ Million)

		(G\$								Table 10.
INDUSTRY	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING	219,803	236,671	244,364	217,221	244,734	260,963	259,670	270,445	245,915	275,104
Growing of Sugar Cane	11,494	13,304	14,220	11,292	8,450	6,440	5,677	5,469	3,571	2,89
Growing of Rice	46,142	54,935	60,677	48,432	55,525	54,352	54,901	57,532	45,710	49,409
Growing of Other crops	110,618	116,262	118,709	111,795	133,986	149,136	149,522	159,461	143,823	165,786
Raising of Livestock	21,236	21,832	23,028	21,697	21,196	26,127	25,201	26,455	28,880	31,47
Forestry	18,517	21,473	19,060	14,040	15,224	15,430	14,821	13,614	15,149	17,179
Fishing	11,796	8,865	8,670	9,965	10,353	9,478	9,548	7,914	8,782	8,358
MINING AND QUARRYING	109,494	93,781	104,567	157,978	146,388	151,122	167,155	674,849	920,948	1,935,332
Bauxite	12,159	11,303	8,841	9,391	9,677	11,582	11,784	6,925	6,665	9,070
Gold	90,363	72,786	84,723	133,869	122,796	115,746	119,255	109,963	93,738	91,364
Other mining and quarrying	6,597	9,155	9,009	11,925	9,322	14,737	15,811	9,062	16,459	23,278
Petroleum and gas; and support services	375	537	1,994	2,793	4,593	9,057	20,305	548,899	804,086	1,811,620
MANUFACTURING	54,046	57,187	57,752	48,373	49,105	50,208	57,568	52,634	54,456	56,64
Sugar	10,198	11,804	12,617	10,019	7,497	5,713	5,037	4,852	3,168	2,57
Rice	12,082	15,376	15,734	10,972	13,911	14,564	18,415	17,366	14,572	16,27
Other Manufacturing	31,766	30,008	29,401	27,382	27,697	29,931	34,116	30,415	36,716	37,79
ELECTRICITY SUPPLY	4,029	4,286	4,447	4,727	4,755	4,921	5,265	5,328	5,580	6,10
WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE	2,473	2,755	2,437	2,942	3,074	3,190	3,234	3,494	3,269	3,26
CONSTRUCTION	66,801	65,485	62,238	65,793	69,007	71,021	73,205	68,591	89,028	111,568
SERVICES	363,004	373,286	371,821	381,080	391,745	403,182	419,928	380,278	425,387	463,797
Wholesale and retail trade and repairs	76,300	75,458	66,128	67,410	71,754	74,509	78,234	56,082	74,533	87,666
Transport and storage	31,680	33,319	34,417	34,913	35,098	36,763	39,299	27,447	36,176	39,03
Accommodation and food services	3,081	3,121	3,127	3,245	3,410	3,684	3,886	2,224	3,390	4,510
Information and communication	19,274	20,751	20,827	20,955	21,495	22,166	22,388	23,629	23,907	25,89
Financial and insurance activities	38,087	40,383	43,015	44,216	44,823	46,702	49,114	50,448	55,626	58,52
Real estate activities	72,614	73,459	74,379	75,220	76,067	76,976	77,874	78,125	80,857	84,08
Professional, scientific and technical services	4,064	3,974	3,986	4,155	4,461	4,683	4,864	3,775	4,388	5,565
Administrative and support services	51,490	53,777	54,906	57,539	59,360	60,430	63,949	62,078	66,644	74,58
Public administration	32,072	33,121	34,065	35,147	36,101	36,985	38,985	39,435	40,255	42,102
Education	19,742	20,537	21,412	21,897	22,085	22,477	22,757	20,505	21,450	22,556
Human health and social work	8,684	9,418	9,570	10,283	10,846	11,309	11,943	12,349	12,738	13,120
Arts, entertainment and recreation	3,107	3,124	3,124	3,175	3,246	3,365	3,455	2,017	2,710 2,712	2,81
Other service activities	2,809	2,842	2,865	2,925	2,999	3,135	3,180	2,164	2,712	3,335
Less Adjustment for FISIM ¹⁾	17,651	18,386	20,266	21,545	20,700	20,370	21,911	21,698	23,596	22,906
GDP AT BASIC PRICES	801,998	815,066	827,361	856,567	888,107	924,238	964,114	1,433,921	1,720,989	2,828,90
Taxes less subsidies on Products	58,663	60,109	53,830	58,176	60,797	66,807	79,979	64,140	76,797	89,968
TOTAL GDP AT PURCHASER PRICES	860,661	875,176	881,192	914,743	948,904	991,044	1,044,093	1,498,061	1,797,786	2,918,870
NON-OIL GDP AT PURCHASER PRICES	860,287	874,638	879,198	911,950	944,311	981,988	1,023,788	949,162	993,699	1,107,249

Source: Bureau of Statistics.

¹⁾ FISIM - Financial Intermediation Services indirectly measured.

PRODUCTION OF MAJOR COMMODITIES

Table 10.3(a) Bauxite (Tonnes) Raw Gold (Troy Ounces) Quarrying(Tonnes) Crude Oil Rice Diamonds Sugar Local & Foreign ('000 Period R.A.S.C.1 (Tonnes) (Tonnes) (M/Carats) C.G.B.²⁾ Other⁴⁾ M.A.Z. 3) Total Lic. Companies Total Stone Sand Barrels)) 5) Dealers 2013 186,771 535,439 213,530 145,391 1,296,833 57,488 1,713,242 481,087 481,087 63,961 659,969 594,460 2014 216,186 635,238 198,146 196,690 1,100,472 68,255 1,563,563 387,506 387,506 99,950 840,074 809,251 2015 231.076 687 784 123.722 276.891 986.062 139.792 1.526.467 411.569 451.058 118.451 373.162 1.077.55 2016 183,491 534,766 145,725 260,865 955,499 117,001 1,479,090 482,613 230,094 712,707 139,890 412,177 1,687,658 2017 137.307 630,104 165,404 135,827 1,036,579 121,413 1,459,223 419,617 234,136 653.753 52,161 448,161 1,674,490 2018 47.723 487.124 77.153 67.980 145.133 717.151 1st Qtr 19.078 143.355 42.117 337.606 59.678 17.884 158.666 2nd Qtr 15,373 178,837 42,982 30,297 220,986 12,840 307,105 54,611 41,430 96,041 10,922 94,486 486,838 24.655 357.728 53.216 100.392 112.522 2.821.531 3rdQtr 28.025 129.424 40.752 25.865 266.456 47.175 9.271 167,157 37,729 344,913 49,778 467,647 121,635 58,718 180,353 10,855 160,726 844,109 4th Qtr 42,165 35.227 2019 1st Qtr 12,535 130.005 47.321 25.175 256.376 52,151 381.023 76.253 57.782 134.034 13.948 150.946 737.097 211,562 398,000 102,030 57,686 159,716 1,128,685 2nd Qtr 20.996 42.327 40.663 80.041 561.031 8.833 163.217 3rd Qtr 21.871 88.963 45.667 24.572 362.760 59.894 492.893 125.622 36.104 161.725 10.209 161.849 298.083 4th Qtr 36,854 251,551 427 40,245 362,609 37,726 526,502 144,417 35,012 179,429 22,003 146,206 154,477 85,922 2020 18,748 97,106 6,038 13,229 81,354 62,842 198,322 99,659 33,953 133,612 6,922 156,679 265,210 1st Qtr 40.897 2nd Qtr 18,267 250,883 6,192 42,987 14,377 78,010 135,374 125,926 44,342 170,268 146,336 26,966 3rd Qtr 19,157 173,167 38,461 14,109 6,414 73,849 132,833 122,228 11,332 133,560 5,842 179,349 321,789 5.54 4th Qtr 32,718 166,272 9,426 18,215 38,700 72,499 129,414 137,738 10,254 147,992 6,476 140,521 73,481 2021 Jan 3.873 5.305 23.878 3,867 17.528 50.578 22.653 5.147 27.800 66.928 20.500 Feb 5,192 3,398 13,444 32,057 6,047 51,548 25,845 7,235 33,080 1,834 69,803 18,200 Mar 16.679 169.459 3.77 20.261 33,975 2,276 56,512 43,129 5.629 48.758 8.189 45,625 8,700 8,956 139,689 2,605 9,265 26,102 1,886 13,224 50,477 39,793 4,702 44,495 3,883 66,055 204,280 Apr Mav 4,016 38.669 3 205 9 4 3 2 15.694 4 358 12.193 41 677 42 138 6 8 2 9 48 967 1.355 63.745 78,400 Jun 280 3,378 8,903 15,243 7,065 9,657 40,868 28,450 8,769 37,219 3,171 30,764 8,800 Jul 523 3.752 14.137 30 455 1,873 611 47.076 35 358 2 5 1 5 37.873 51.235 362.543 2,575 821 3,863 16,301 26,072 10,926 53,299 36,609 3,010 39,619 824 63,501 362,543 Aug Sep 8 5 1 9 63.067 3 832 22 455 24 125 12 024 58 604 30 477 3 9 2 5 34 402 798 61.323 362 543 Oct 8,098 104,344 3,745 16,827 25,228 19,315 61,370 40,703 5,808 46,510 1,609 69,584 408,612 Nov 6,279 36,056 3,809 9,489 26,539 19,883 55,911 41,796 7,449 49,245 10,098 90,009 408,612 2,380 1,418 3,444 16,057 25,257 9,318 50,632 43,835 7,251 51,086 13,345 64,449 408,612 Dec 2022 Jan 3,168 14,068 35,268 10,936 60,272 23,197 6,784 29,981 817 66,745 345,703 Feb 723 415 4.270 19,490 31.203 3.585 54.278 33,188 10.786 43,975 8.170 71.898 345,703 Mar 7,994 80,849 3,493 16,617 26,779 19,997 63,393 33,027 5,928 38,955 16,085 54,775 345,703 3.684 6.146 53.803 33.661 8.026 41.687 67.807 428.71 Apr 159.480 16.983 25.491 11.329 7.890 May 688 21,115 8,475 9,751 25,708 5,925 10,739 52,123 33,896 8,807 42,703 5,527 88,975 428,71 39 428 10.527 Jun 28.127 9 0 7 2 18.250 38 135 3 668 60.053 31 987 7 4 4 1 73 663 428 71 Jul 1,600 7,567 10,628 15,613 39,542 13,979 69,134 25,312 5,323 30,636 3,505 66,631 614,162 8 223 11 310 19 266 2 551 10 469 69 920 33 018 8 377 41 395 5 4 2 3 73 131 614 162 Aua 1 244 37 634 Sep 11,349 91,004 10,989 17,112 32,684 5,594 5,577 60,967 26,739 9,571 36,310 10,031 96,859 614,162 Oct 8,528 132,846 11,560 20,735 25,894 1,426 48,055 31,583 8,527 40,110 3,658 85,425 748,485 Nov 3,908 73,445 10,785 13,771 35,887 6,111 5,314 61,083 41,522 10,709 52,231 5,079 116,799 748,485 Dec 353 14,504 11,514 18,083 29,464 5,003 52,550 40,627 8,377 49,004 6,902 72,370 748,485 2023 11.530 16.010 23,192 6,200 3.294 48.696 24,286 9.809 34.095 100.034 520.521 Jan Feb 734 259 10,922 17,464 19,310 9,335 46,109 25.447 7,279 32,726 11,529 101,920 520.521 9.269 110.673 11.598 10.988 33,298 7.101 51.387 18.314 21.782 40.095 11.086 113.849 520,521 Mar Apr 5,171 165,316 11,147 13,256 31,500 9,181 53,937 31,905 7,346 39,251 3,802 145,114 661,289 1,861 24.312 11,608 16,447 26.550 5,469 48.551 26,173 5.908 32,081 6,121 142,789 661,289 Mav 85 23.994 11.854 13.473 518 7.514 31.508 661,289 Jun 1.735 12,965 26.956 6.071 124.032

Source: Bureau of Statistics and Guyana Gold Board.

Notes:

1) R.A.S.C: Refractory "A" Grade Super Calcined Bauxite

2) C.G.B: Chemical Grade Bauxite

3) M.A.Z: Metal Grade Bauxite

⁴⁾ Includes Road Grade Bauxite, Tailings and Capping as well as output by First Bauxite Company for which no specific grade was provided.

5) Reflects output of Guyana Goldfields Inc. and Troy Resources Ltd.

	Lives	tock		Forestry	Products								
Period	Poultry	Eggs	Logs 1)	Sawnwood	Roundwood	Plywood	Fish	-	Shrimp				
	(Tonnes)	('000)	(Cu. Mt)	(Cu. Mt)	(Cu. Mt)	(Cu. Mt)	(Tonnes)	(Tonnes)	(Tonnes)				
2013	29,280	17,965	304,601	73,673	20,691	16,166	24,752	653	24,085				
2014	28,421	22,970	406,431	67,148	24,667	18,798	19,168	810	29,656				
2015	30,678	26,136	336,318	70,945	20,087	14,617	16,838	500	18,497				
2016	32,762	20,052	272,308	42,082	14,895	14,956	20,296	411	20,940				
2017	30,668	28,673	280,889	47,935	21,070	7,334	18,777	596	22,803				
2018													
1st Qtr	10,225	6,385	65,029	6,588	5,727	3,310	4,292	280	7,359				
2nd Qtr	10,893	6,638	62,652	9,782	6,546	4,265	5,360	114	7,930				
3rd Qtr	9,940	7,980	70,423	10,859	5,906	3,983	5,250	8	1,400				
4th Qtr	10,863	11,073	94,977	17,310	5,720	3,014	3,465	13	4,075				
2019													
1st Qtr	9,502	10,666	61,505	10,739	6,457	2,393	4,981	145	4,738				
2nd Qtr	10,631	10,623	74,797	11,020	5,495	4,201	5,155	177	4,986				
3rd Qtr	8,325	12,466	65,470	10,672	5,243	4,068	6,576	109	3,022				
4th Qtr	10,271	12,864	75,968	10,566	7,156	1,428	5,624	47	2,584				
2020													
1st Qtr	10,354	14,684	47,395	8,769	6,786	843	4,422	172	3,852				
2nd Qtr	9,541	14,455	55,897	8,211	5,599	1,435	5,087	143	5,092				
3rd Qtr	8,197	16,620	60,008	9,377	5,808	3,060	5,182	54	2,449				
4th Qtr	14,648	16,775	91,839	11,552	6,616	3,735	5,302	96	1,685				
2021													
Jan	5,519	4,556	4,906	1,129	519	1,324	1,266	64	1,032				
Feb	2,919	5,457	16,427	1,664	1,288	885	1,072	73	717				
Mar	3,157	4,709	23,695	3,241	2,324	932	2,109	232	2,662				
Apr	4,085	5,021	19,486	2,720	1,802	1,115	850	25	1,439				
May	4,107	4,856	21,732	3,040	2,005	699	1,023	28	1,088				
Jun	3,697	4,757	17,569	2,812	1,241	643	1,086	27	784				
Jul Aug	6,081 3,774	4,968 5,158	22,446 23,399	3,033 4,527	1,805 2,084	1,214 1,227	3,362 956	41	290 497				
Sep	3,518	5,136	28,223	3,225	2,084 1,965	1,227	2,313		497 727				
Oct	4,358	4,188	29,111	3,210	1,665	1,145	5,130	1	143				
Nov	4,695	4,402	39,990	5,003	3,642	1,386	2,378	1	534				
Dec	3,035	4,034	57,411	5,208	1,854	692	1,582	75	978				
2022													
Jan	4,845	3,893	31,241	2,604	660	1,401	451	1	652				
Feb	4,382	3,470	23,817	3,314	1,201	796	832	1	997				
Mar	3,935	2,844	30,525	3,715	1,884	430	1,042	1	1,466				
Apr	5,048	2,880	29,651	3,373	1,336	966	1,280	2	1,349				
May	4,545	2,755	27,077	3,450	2,193	1,224	1,574	3	1,146				
Jun	4,568	2,526	23,619	3,183	1,870	612	2,298	3	635				
Jul	5,602	2,616	21,825	3,007	1,855	1,002	2,052	2	869				
Aug	3,641	2,817	29,647	3,332	2,074	1,634	1,842	1	271				
Sep	4,457	3,371	30,729	3,512	2,315	1,605	1,941	-	409				
Oct	4,172	3,035	29,673	3,016	2,739	1,381	3,413	1	415				
Nov	5,266	2,597	30,790	3,972	2,629	1,608	3,496	1	860				
Dec	6,464	2,971	43,654	4,762	3,394	856	3,168	2	1,128				
2023													
Jan	4,396	3,207	14,774	2,102	1,001	812	680	1	808				
Feb	3,680	3,642	20,594	2,993	1,677	1,277	915	2	1,015				
Mar	5,427	3,610	33,759	3,958	2,364	1,593	1,078	3	1,292				
Apr	5,932	3,044	21,890	3,658	1,898	1,193	914	3	2,380				
May	4,319	3,031	41,675	3,556	2,434	1,411	1,473	10	2,539				
Jun	5,226	2,950	41,757	2,849	2,381	1,367	1,766	13	1,285				

Source: Bureau of Statistics ¹⁾ Represents Greenheart & Other Logs.

PRODUCTION INDICATORS: MANUFACTURING

Table 10.3(c)

	Beverages						Food Items			
Period	Non-Alcoholic									
	Rum ('000 Litres)	Beer & Stout ('000 Litres)	Shandy ('000 Litres) ¹⁾	Soft Drinks ('000 Litres)	Malta ('000 Litres)	Water ('000 Litres)	Margarine ('000 Kgs)	Ice Cream ('000 Litres)	Biscuits ('000 Kgs)	Flour (Tonnes)
2013	4,083	17,361	593	50,696	682	21,861	2,318	1,602	1,211	35,867
2014	4,349	19,056	568	47,293	593	23,561	2,241	1,696	1,198	35,482
2015	5,124	19,714	560	48,335	518	23,301	1,923	1,662	1,115	34,086
2016	4,881	20,624	671	53,853	558	25,536	2,075	1,867	1,192	33,56
2017	5,089	21,172	646	56,040	544	27,913	1,991	1,835	1,129	34,217
2018										
1st Qtr	1,297	4,772	202	10,177	63	16,857	310	458	289	8,33
2nd Qtr	1,352	5,266	131	11,728	159	16,208	566	536	266	8,59
3rd Qtr	1,396	5,037	156	12,822	190	18,336	411	613	256	8,12
4th Qtr	1,668	6,369	290	15,117	154	15,449	626	621	209	8,71
2019										
1st Qtr	1,314	4,975	185	12,124	114	17,840	374	630	264	8,32
2nd Qtr	1,609	5,114	199	14,307	137	20,358	470	585	264	7,60
3rd Qtr	1,453	5,703	142	14,855	85	20,800	432	636	234	8,11
4th Qtr	1,823	6,389	346	16,831	89	19,034	784	624	229	8,79
2020	4 504	5.050	100	40.057		17.000	000	010	007	
1st Qtr 2nd Qtr	1,594	5,358 2,617	182 234	13,857 12,328	110 126	17,980 13,692	390 593	610 545	297 273	8,21 9,31
2nd Qtr 3rd Qtr	1,463 1,824	2,617 4,712	234	12,328	126	13,692	593 497	545 455	162	9,31 7,13
4th Qtr	1,627	8,348	275	18,021	167	18,081	573	455	135	10,03
			-							
2021 Jan	485	2,495	295	4,217	41	5,117	152	201	51	1,96
Feb	448	2,120	113	4,572	77	7,199	133	196	36	2,94
Mar	406	2,301	208	5,103	59	5,565	174	216	49	2,99
Apr	437	1,034	118	5,315	41	6,809	154	203	50	2,93
May	453	2,291	181	4,666	-	6,713	168	247	48	2,68
Jun	537	2,838	186	4,769	65	6,263	216	236	59	2,85
Jul	479	1,646	195	5,474	11	7,425	135	239	41	2,68
Aug	461	2,843	239	5,915	68	8,265	64	218	51	2,72
Sep	558	2,621	436	6,442	91	8,008	182	212	55	2,67
Oct	522	2,336	-	5,988	-	6,505	367	209	-	2,71
Nov	542	2,463	593	6,252	60	6,426	9	196	-	2,92
Dec	497	3,366	85	6,355	-	5,803	159	245	-	1,83
2022		4 000	074	4.000	07	0.400	100	100	70	0.07
Jan	511	1,863	271	4,382	87	6,126	183	196	73	2,27
Feb	366	2,329	91	5,112	8 57	5,791	138	165	61 48	2,31
Mar	481 495	2,636 2,629	209 117	6,302 5,386	57	8,556 4,240	171 175	215 210	48 55	3,52 1,64
Apr May	288	1,162	173	5,386		6,459	175	194	55 67	3,16
Jun	430	2,683	211	5,345	- 64	6,867	347	189	93	2,86
Jul	430	2,083	139	5,167	43	8,482	76	54	52	2,53
Aug	425	2,629	276	5,606	55	5,858	170	45	72	2,30
Sep	584	3,008	233	6,741	58	8,044	157	54	92	2,61
Oct	465	1,833	200	4,777	56	8,070	205	193	93	2,56
Nov	508	2,327	324	7,081	78	8,227	289	208	74	2,97
Dec	535	3,093	204	6,420	22	6,670	177	255	54	3,44
2023										
Jan	434	2,003	316	5,062	70	8,000	167,794	184	116	2,08
Feb	367	2,408	195	4,936	-	7,516	120,171	170	99	2,25
Mar	385	2,006	191	6,010	90	6,079	176,493	232	71	2,89
Apr	415	2,235	131	5,716	-	6,106	147,319	201,123	58	2,35
May	423	2,568	202	6,259	58	7,928	159,866	214,081	82	2,47
Jun	117	2,558	260	4,124	69	2,118	-	173,012	75	2,5

Source: Bureau of Statistics. ¹⁾ Values for 2021 reflect both shandy & vita malt production; previous years reflect shandy only

Table 10.3(d) Pharmaceuticals Laundry Other Stock Paints Oxygen Acetvlene Electricity Period Soap Feed Liquid Tablets Ointment Detergents (Litres) ('000 Litres) ('000 Litres) (MWH) ('000) (Kilos) (Tonnes) (Litres) (Kilos) (Kilos) 2013 433,548 23,134 9,393 14,208 1,128,829 43,887 2,694,971 70,785 7,711 711,000 2014 357,471 28,458 11,700 40,535 1,041,080 51,698 2,677,181 80,018 13,570 716,682 2015 535,147 25,839 6,850 28,431 1,088,325 41,753 2,450,075 39,160 3,872 719,519 2016 480,852 37,402 6,351 46.107 1.143.222 40,684 2,666,471 568,238 37,686 790,293 2017 512,495 47,471 35,663 6,264 28,075 1,081,530 2,801,657 409,374 84,971 809,411 2018 1st Qtr 155.861 1.871 1,760 2,108 214.602 13,166 718.866 72.232 16.106 193.877 2nd Qtr 110.008 4.188 2.696 3.427 235.251 13.494 620.685 46.109 12.161 202.297 3rd Qtr 142,660 6,386 3,748 4,158 240,362 11,761 682,471 49,494 12,268 211,910 7,968 13,285 4th Qtr 127,276 5,175 342,856 14,655 960,407 52,098 215,139 2019 1st Qtr 115,089 7,299 4,414 13,107 206,248 13,356 673,157 234,332 14,935 205,304 2nd Qtr 121.562 17.627 4.014 294.349 12.448 327.428 214.375 12,501 214.637 3rd Qtr 123,885 9,015 5,195 7,176 258,940 11,586 179,074 222,717 14,049 223,125 4th Qtr 153,942 9,546 5,359 5,586 307,469 15,003 272,795 214,543 11,941 229,483 2020 1st Qtr 18,150 10,620 245,799 12,514 226,393 14,048 220,622 170,622 5,379 639,634 2nd Qtr 188.219 13 327 4.934 5.687 292.823 11.349 474.419 197.820 8.931 215.534 3rd Qtr 190,952 10,844 271,949 11,149 226,168 10,430 230,312 3,228 6,708 548,555 15,273 209.791 22.256 2.142 10.874 238.557 4th Qtr 1,910 317,311 291.061 262.095 2021 Jan 60,751 2,380 186 11,087 30,316 3,758 223,637 86,238 664 75,298 Feb 91,298 1,129 672 65,176 3,794 242,088 88,803 3,765 67,908 Mar 79,610 8,356 2,250 86,119 4,488 315,343 98,679 3,213 77,291 Apr 89,281 5,801 2,576 103,675 4,755 252,049 106,196 3,067 77,768 May 75.047 6.646 1.642 95,773 5,243 231.534 111.858 4,200 79.288 Jun 105,470 9,789 2,363 118,565 5,121 231,612 113,835 3,426 75,238 Jul 2,904 4,310 80.073 8.673 1.215 31.171 4.517 106.297 77.532 254,000 Aug 107,889 5,473 1,661 112,576 3,920 64,925 114,483 4,636 81,634 8,488 Sep 106.332 975 89.357 4.429 89 005 132.330 3.761 84.205 Oct 99,789 7,484 2,062 9,351 52,673 3,482 320,684 140,260 2,652 80,619 10 692 1 272 76 488 4 4 5 3 416 541 113,240 3 877 82 720 Nov 127 137 Dec 152,161 7,494 1,489 135,371 4,831 412,345 95,504 4,004 82,687 2022 Jan 44,195 5,645 644 90,089 3,645 197.463 98,822 3,408 78,408 Feb 62,752 6,430 524 101,163 3,641 242,931 86,405 3,482 72,969 Mar 85,067 8,704 1,752 109,933 4,649 282,243 83,794 4,538 83,862 5,552 112,447 5,437 80,652 2,674 Apr 41.053 642 79.622 83,232 May 43,661 10,503 776 95,367 5,388 73,736 78,517 3,809 86,197 59,719 10,117 93,793 5,834 81,222 4,660 85,949 Jun 618 82.619 Jul 48,320 11,182 563 64,584 4,785 270,982 83,134 2,550 87,815 Aug 52,900 99,718 275,062 3,780 7.525 816 4.828 80.738 92,742 Sep 60,095 5,804 1,350 132,851 4,543 383,489 73,936 2,273 92,657 Oct 63 456 9.032 135 683 4 5 9 6 330 269 3 4 4 8 93 317 934 73 4 19 Nov 78,748 9,848 962 116,128 5,388 461,944 75,239 3,003 86,952 27,616 5,506 5,363 403,326 2,671 86 188 Dec 188 93.130 69.586 2023 Jan 60,272 6,113 2,156 97,113 5,304 280,902 80,510 2,862 84,360 Feb 44,178 1,550 1,394 97,195 4,949 261,883 77,580 5,077 78,107 66,480 4,238 1,664 102,617 6,297 400,780 81,610 3,792 89,996 Mar 2,230 3,163 Apr 45,292 7,967 1,255 91,110 5,323 307,335 76,897 90,119 May 45,437 6,180 1,115 135,768 5,202 323,409 83,751 3,423 95,970 4.688 303.594 77.772 2.663 95.268 Jun

PRODUCTION INDICATORS: MANUFACTURING (Cont'd)

GEORGETOWN: URBAN CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

Table 11.1 Sub-Group Indices End of All Items Transportation Period Index Food 1) Housing²⁾ Miscellaneous & Communication Dec 2009 = 100 2013 112.6 124.1 100.8 121.9 112.8 2014 113.9 126.7 100.6 121.2 120.9 2015 111.9 125.4 117.2 120.9 98.8 2016 113.5 130.7 98.8 116.7 120.9 2017 115.2 134.4 99.3 118.0 119.8 2018 118.7 Mar 114.8 132.9 99.6 119.7 Jun 116.2 135.9 100.1 120.2 119.7 120.0 Sep 116.9 137.8 100.2 120.6 Dec 117.1 138.5 100.4 120.3 120.3 2019 117.1 119.7 Mar 139.6 100.0 120.7 118.9 144.5 120.2 120.8 Jun 99.9 Sep 119.6 147.2 99.6 119.5 120.6 Dec 119.5 147.0 99.5 119.5 120.9 2020 Mar 119.0 145.4 99.6 119.3 120.8 116.3 119.1 149.0 97.2 122.5 Jun Sep 120.1 151.0 97.3 118.0 122.6 120.6 152.5 97.3 117.9 122.6 Dec 2021 122.3 157.1 97.6 118.3 122.4 Jan 118.8 Feb 121.9 155.4 97.7 122.4 153.7 119.2 122.3 Mar 121.4 97.8 Apr 121.9 156.1 96.2 119.8 124.0 May 123.4 160.2 96.2 119.9 124.1 Jun 127.4 171.5 96.2 120.0 124.9 128.4 173.8 120.5 125.0 Jul 96.4 128.9 175.2 96.6 120.6 125.0 Aug 128.3 173.1 96.9 120.8 125.0 Sep Oct 127.5 170.4 96.9 120.7 125.9 127.1 Nov 169.3 97.1 120.5 125.9 Dec 127.5 170.3 97.1 120.6 125.9 2022 Jan 129.4 175.7 97.1 120.6 126.0 Feb 128.9 174.1 97.3 120.3 125.9 Mar 129.6 174.3 98.5 122.1 126.2 98.9 131.0 177.7 122.0 127.9 Apr May 131.6 178.7 99.1 122.8 128.0 184.0 Jun 133.7 98.9 124.8 128.1 135.7 189.5 125.3 128.6 Jul 98.9 Aug 137.1 193.8 98.7 125.1 128.7 125.1 Sep 136.6 192.5 98.6 128.6 Oct 135.8 191.3 98.6 121.9 129.6 Nov 135.9 192.0 98.6 122.0 129.5 Dec 136.7 194.2 98.6 122.0 130.3 2023 137.7 196.9 121.9 98.6 130.7 Jan Feb 137.4 196.0 98.6 121.9 130.7 135.9 191.7 121.9 130.8 Mar 98.6 Apr 135.4 189.9 98.6 122.1 131.2 May 135.5 190.1 98.6 122.0 131.7 Jun 136.3 192.6 98.3 122.2 131.6

Source: Bureau of Statistics.

1) Includes Beverages & Tobacco.

²⁾ Includes Rent, Fuel & Power.

CARICOM COUNTRIES: CONSUMER PRICE INDICES

Period	Guyana				
Average	(Urban)	Jamaica	Trinidad	Barbados	
	2	2010=100			
2013	110.3	130.5	122.8	117	
2014	111.6	139.5	133.2	120	
2015	109.6	144.6	135.2	117	
2016	111.2	147.1	139.5	120	
2017	112.8	154.8	141.3	129	
2018					
Mar	112.5	154.4	141.2	128	
Jun	113.8	154.4	141.2	128	
Sep	114.5	159.1	141.8	128	
Dec	114.7	158.5	142.8	130	
2019					
Mar	114.7	159.6	143.3	131	
Jun	116.5	160.8	142.8	132	
Sep	117.1	164.5	143.4	137	
Dec	117.1	168.4	143.3	139	
2020					
Mar	116.6	167.2	143.8	136	
Jun	116.7	171.0	143.6	135	
Sep	117.7	172.5	144.5	138	
Dec	118.2	177.1	144.5	141	
2021					
Jan	119.8	174.3	145.0	141	
Feb*	119.4	174.0	144.9		
Mar	118.9	176.0	145.0	138	
Apr	119.4	175.0	145.5	137	
May	120.9	177.1	145.8	138	
Jun	124.8	178.4	146.2	139	
Jul	125.8	181.0	147.0	141	
Aug	126.3	182.5	147.2	143	
Sep	125.7	186.7	147.9	145	
Oct	124.9	188.5	150.1	145	
Nov	124.5	188.5	149.9	147	
Dec	124.9	190.1	149.5	148	
2022					
Jan	126.8	191.1	150.6	146	
Feb	126.2	192.7	151.0	148	
Mar	127.0	195.8	151.0	151	
Apr	128.4	195.6	152.9	152	
May	128.9	196.5	152.9	154	
Jun	131.0	197.9	153.3	155	
Jul	133.0	199.4	155.7	157	
Aug	134.3	201.2	156.5	155	
Sep	133.9	203.9	157.0	155	
Oct	133.0	207.0	159.3	158	
Nov	133.2	208.0	159.4	164	
Dec	133.9	207.8	159.5	167	
2023					
Jan	134.9	206.7	160.9	166	
Feb	134.6	207.7	160.7	168	
Mar	133.2	208.0	160.6	170	
Apr	132.6	207.0	161.6	169	
May Jun	132.7 133.5	208.3	161.4 161.9		

Sources: IMF International Financial Statistics, the listed Central Banks and Bank of Guyana.

* There was no recorded activity in Barbados for the months of April 2020 & February 2021

I. GENERAL NOTES

Symbols Used

- ... Indicates that data are not available;
- Indicates that the figure is zero or less than half the final digit shown or that the item does not exist;
- Used between two period (e.g. 2010-11 or July-September) to indicate the years or months covered including the beginning and the ending year or month as the case may be;
- / Used between years (e.g. 2010/11) to indicate a crop year or fiscal year.
- = Means incomplete data due probably to under-reporting or partial response by respondents.
- * Means preliminary figures.
- ** Means revised figures.

In some cases, the individual items do not always sum up to the totals due to rounding.

Acknowledgement

The Bank of Guyana wishes to express its appreciation for the assistance received from the Ministry of Finance, State Planning Secretariat, Commercial Banks, Bureau of Statistics, some Public Corporations and other Private Sector agencies in the compilation of the data.

II. NOTES TO THE TABLES

TABLE 1.1: Bank of Guyana: Assets

Foreign Assets

Balances with Foreign Banks: Deposits of the Central Bank with Foreign Banks. The data also include holdings of foreign notes and gold. Figures from December 2005 to December 2006 were restated to reflect the audited statements.

Gold Tranche with the I.M.F.: One quarter of Guyana's subscription to the International Monetary Fund (I.M.F.) quota, which comprises gold and/or convertible currencies.

Holdings of Special Drawing Rights: Unused portion of the Special Drawing Rights (S.D.R.s) allocated by the I.M.F.

Money Market Securities: Holdings of short-and long-term debt instruments of foreign governments and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (I.B.R.D.) recorded at cost. Figures from December 2005 to December 2006 were restated to reflect the audited statements.

<u>Claims on the Central Government</u>: Holdings of the Government of Guyana Treasury Bills, Debentures valued at cost and Advances from the Bank of Guyana. The Bank of Guyana Act No. 19 of 1998 section 46 has since removed the possibility of advances to Government since it restricted the Central Bank from extending credit directly or indirectly to the Government from that date.

Advances to Commercial Banks: Short term credit to Commercial Banks.

Other Assets: Include fixed assets such as land and buildings, furniture and equipment. Cheques in the process of collection, notes and coins issued by the British Caribbean Currency Board, non-interest-bearing debentures, and other miscellaneous assets are also included.

TABLE 1.2: Bank of Guyana: Liabilities

Currency Issue: Notes and Coins issued by the Bank.

Government Deposits: Current account deposits of the Central Government which includes sterilized amount from open market type operation with effect from 1994.

Deposits of International Organisations: Obligations to the I.M.F.; local currency component of the subscription to the I.M.F. quota; deposits of the I.B.R.D, the Caribbean Development Bank (C.D.B.) and foreign central banks. Other foreign liabilities of the Bank of Guyana are also included.

Bank Deposits-EPDs: Guyana dollar deposits with the Bank of Guyana made by Commercial Banks on behalf of their customers pending foreign exchange releases to meet foreign obligations which fell into arrears prior to 1990. This scheme was discontinued for foreign obligations after 1990.

Bank Deposits-Other: Commercial Banks' reserve deposits which includes statutory reserves with Bank of Guyana are recorded here. With effect from December 1994, special interest earning deposits of the Commercial Banks were discontinued in favour of unremunerated required free reserves.

Other Deposits: Includes deposits of National Insurance Scheme (N.I.S.), Guyana Gold Board (US \$ Deposits), Guyana Energy Agency (GEA) and Linden Economic Advancement among others.

<u>Authorized Share Capital</u>: The enactment of the Bank of Guyana Act No. 19 of 1998 provided for the increase in the capital for the Bank as part of the reform process.

<u>Other Reserves</u>: These reserves include General, Revaluation and Contingency Reserves.

<u>Allocation of S.D.R.'s</u>: Liability accruing from the SDRs allocated to Guyana, which are valued at the equivalent of Guyana dollar amount converted through the S.D.R. /U.S. dollar cross rate.

Other Liabilities: Include provision for accrued expenses, items in transit; private investment fund; and miscellaneous items. The decline in Other Liabilities from November 30, 2002 to December 31, 2002 reflects the charging of valuation changes to Other and Government Deposits.

TABLE 1.3: Bank of Guyana: Currency Notes Issue

Total issue less withdrawal of mutilated or spoiled legal tender notes. With the intent of enhancing the efficiency of the Payment System, the Bank of Guyana introduced a G\$5,000 note in 2013. In celebration of Guyana's 50th Independence Anniversary, the Bank issued a commemorative G\$50 note which was placed in circulation in May 2016.

TABLE 1.4: Bank of Guyana: Coins Issue

Total issue **less** withdrawals of defaced legal tender coins. The Bank of Guyana as part of its currency reform programme introduced with effect from January 1, 1997, G\$10, G\$5, G\$1 coins as legal tender and removed from the specie the use of cents. In observance of Guyana's 50th Republic Anniversary, the Bank issued a commemorative \$10,000 coin and a circulation \$100 coin which were launched on August 26, 2020.

TABLE 2.1(a): Commercial Banks: Assets

Balances due from Banks abroad: Deposits of Commercial Banks with Non-Resident foreign banks included head offices and branches.

Loans to Non-Residents: Commercial Bank lending to Non-Resident customers.

Due to re-classification at a Commercial Bank, figures for Private Sector and Non-Resident loans have been revised from December 2000 to May 2002. In keeping with the Monetary Financial Statistics Manual (MFSM), figures for loans to Non – Residents, Private Sector and Public Financial Enterprises include accrued interest with effect from December 2002.

Other Foreign Assets: Include foreign currency holdings and all other claims on Non-Residents by Commercial Banks. Due to reclassification at a Commercial Bank figures for Public Sector Other and Foreign Sector Other were revised from September 2002 to February 2003.

Securities: The total volume of Central Government Treasury Bills recorded at cost and

debentures held by commercial banks. In keeping with the Monetary Financial Statistics Manual (MFSM), figures for Securities include accrued interest from Dec. 2002.

Loans: Central Government borrowing from the Commercial Banks. See note above under loans to Non-Residents.

Public Enterprises: Loans and Advances extended by Commercial Banks to Public Financial Business Enterprises. Public Non-Financial Enterprises are defined as enterprises in which Government owns above 50 per cent of the share capital. See note above under loans to Non – Residents.

Other: Commercial Banks' claims on Local Government and the National Insurance Scheme. See note above under loans to Non-Residents

Non-Bank Financial Institutions: Loans issued to Public and Private Non-Bank Financial Institutions by Commercials Banks'. See note above under loans to Non-Residents

Private Sector: Lending through loans and advances to Private Non-Financial Business Enterprises and Individual Customers. See note above under loans to Non-Residents. The decline in Private Sector Loans and Advances resulted partly from a reclassification of some loans at one Commercial Bank. See note above under loans to Non-Residents.

The acquisition of Guyana National Co-operative Bank (GNCB)'s assets net of loans valued G\$8,473.0 million by the National bank of Industry and Commerce Limited on March 15' 2003 resulted in the decline in Private Sector Loans and Advances during March 2003.

Deposits with Bank of Guyana: Include statutory reserve deposits and interest earning deposits of the Commercial Banks. Effective December 28, 1994, interest-earning deposits were discontinued.

External Payment Deposits (E.P.D): Guyana dollar deposits with the Bank of Guyana made by Commercial Banks on behalf of their customers, pending foreign exchange releases to meet external obligations.

Currency: Commercial Banks' holdings of local notes and coins.

<u>Other Assets</u>: Include balances due from other Commercial Banks, Real Estate Mortgage Loans, fixed assets such as land and building, furniture, equipment and other miscellaneous assets.

TABLE 2.1(b): Commercial Banks: Liabilities, Capital and Reserves

Balances due to Other Banks abroad: Foreign claims made on local Commercial Banks by Head Offices and other banks abroad.

Non-Resident Deposits: Total deposits made by Non-Resident customers with Commercial Banks. In keeping with the Monetary Financial Statistics Manual (MFSM), figures for deposits to Non-Residents, Private Sector and Public Financial Enterprises include accrued interest with effect from December 2002.

Other: Include all other foreign claims on Commercial Banks.

Central Government Deposits: Total demand, time and savings deposits made by the Central Government with Commercial Banks. See note above under deposits to Non-Residents.

Public Enterprise Deposits: Total demand, time and savings deposits made by Public Non-Financial Enterprises with the Commercial Banks. Due to the sale of Aroaima Bauxite

Company to the government and a reclassification of its accounts from the Private to Public Sector, figures from January 2002 to April 2002 have been revised. See note above under deposits to Non-Residents.

Other Public Deposits: Include total deposits of Local Government and National

Insurance Scheme. See note above under deposits to non-residents. See note on Table 2.4 Commercial Banks: Time Deposits.

<u>Non-Bank Financial Institutions Deposits</u>: Consist of total deposits made by Public and Private Financial Institutions. See note above under deposits to Non-Residents. See note on Table 2.4: Commercial Banks: Time Deposits.

<u>**Private Sector Deposits</u>**: Include total demand, time and savings deposits of Private nonfinancial Business Enterprises and individual customers. See note above under Public Enterprises Deposits. See note above under deposits to non-residents.</u>

External Payment Deposits: Comprise customers' deposits (public and private sector) with commercial banks on account of External Liabilities prior to 1990 and awaiting foreign exchange releases from the BOG.

Bank of Guyana: Commercial Bank short-term borrowing from the Bank of Guyana.

<u>Other Liabilities</u>: Other liabilities of the Commercial Banks include manager's cheques, acceptances, provision for taxes and other miscellaneous liabilities.

Capital and Reserve: The acquisition of Guyana National Co-operative Bank (GNCB)'s assets net of loans valued G\$8,473.0 million by the National Bank of Industry and Commerce Limited (now Republic Bank Guyana Limited) on March 15, 2003 resulted in the decline in the capital and reserve of the banking systems during March 2003.

TABLE 2.2: Commercial Banks: Total Deposits

Total demand, savings and time deposits of Residents and Non-Residents excluding interbank deposits are presented. Foreign currencies denominated deposits are also included here. See note under Public Enterprises Deposits for Table 2.1 (b) above. See note under Non – Resident Deposits for Table 2.1(b) above.

TABLE 2.3:Commercial Banks: Demand Deposits
Current account deposits of Residents and Non-Residents; inter-bank
deposits are excluded. See note under Public Enterprises Deposits for Table 2.1 (b)
above.

TABLE 2.4:**Commercial Banks: Time Deposits**Fixed deposits of Residents and Non-Residents with a minimum withdrawal notice of three
months; exclude inter-bank deposits. See note under Non-Resident deposits for Table 2.1(b)
above. Due to a reclassification of N.I.S and Non-Bank Financial Institutions' time deposits,
figures from December 2003 to April 2005 were revised.

TABLE 2.5:Commercial Banks: Savings Deposits
Deposits with minimum withdrawal notice of one day; exclude inter-bank deposits. See
note under Public Enterprises Deposits for Tables 2.1 (b) above. See note non-resident
deposits for
Table 2.1(b)
above.

TABLE 2.6: Commercial Banks: Time Deposits by Maturity

Includes deposits of both Residents and Non-Residents. See note under Commercial Banks: Time Deposits for table 2.4 above.

TABLE 2.7: Commercial Banks: Savings Deposits

Includes deposits by both Residents and Non-Residents. Ending balance on savings accounts for November 2002 do not equate to the opening balance for December 2002 due to the addition of accrued interest to the December 2002 opening balance. The ending balance for February 2003 saving accounts differs from the opening balance for March 2003 due to the reclassification from demand and time accounts to saving accounts.

TABLE 2.9: Commercial Banks: Clearing Balances

Comprise total amount of cheques cleared by and debited to the accounts of the Commercial Banks. A National Clearing House was established at the Bank of Guyana during 1998 whereby large (in excess of G\$500,000) and small valued cheques are cleared. Data recorded after 1998 in this table reflect the value of small valued cheques cleared over the reporting period.

TABLE 2.10 (a): Commercial Banks: Total Loans and Advances

The data include Loans and Advances to Residents and Non-Residents. Real Estate Mortgage Loans and inter-bank loans are excluded. The total of loans and advances to the private sector differs from total credit to the private sector in Table 3.1 (Monetary Survey). The totals for credit to the private sector in Table 3.1 include local securities, other credit instruments and real estate mortgage loans. Due to a reclassification by two Commercial Banks, figures for Private Sector Credit have been revised from January 2012 to March 2013.

See note under Loans to Non-Residents for Table 2.1 (a) above. See note under Private Sector for Table 2.1(a) above.

TABLE 2.10(b): Commercial Banks: Total Loans and Advances

The data covers total Loans and Advances to Residents and Non-Residents including Real Estate Mortgage Loans effective December 2001. Due to a reclassification by two Commercial Banks, figures for Private Sector Credit and Real Estate Mortgage loans have been revised from January 2012 to March 2013.

TABLE 2.11: Commercial Banks: Demand Loans and Advances

The data cover lending for short periods including overnight loans to Residents and Non-Residents and exclude inter-bank loans. Due to a reclassification by two Commercial Banks, figures for Private Sector Credit and Real Estate Mortgage loans have been revised from January 2012 to March 2013. See note under Private Sector for Table 2.1(a) above.

TABLE 2.12: Commercial Banks: Term Loans and Advances

The Loans and Advances are for longer periods extended to Residents and Non-Residents; interbank lending is excluded. Due to a reclassification by two Commercial Banks, figures for Private Sector Credit and Real Estate Mortgage loans have been revised from January 2012 to March 2013. See note under Private Sector for Table 2.1(a) above. See note under loans to Non-Residents for Table 2.1(a) above.

TABLE 2.13: Commercial Banks: Loans and Advances to Residents by Sector

The data provided record balances at the end of the respective period and therefore indicates the indebtedness of the respective industries at the end of the reporting period. The value of credit obtained by each industry for a given period can be obtained by taking the difference between the balances at the end of the desired period and that immediately preceding. The balances in this table exclude inter-bank loans, real estate mortgage loans, local securities and other credit instruments. It should be noted that gross indebtedness of the sugar and rice industry can be obtained by adding the balances of sugar cane and sugar and molasses manufacturing of sugar,

and paddy and rice milling for rice respectively. Figures under the 'other purposes' sub-category has been reclassified to exclude credit card transactions effective from March 2007. Due to a reclassification by two Commercial Banks, figures under the Private Sector have been revised from January 2012 to March 2013.See note under Loans to Non-Residents for Table 2.1 (a) above. See note under Private Sector for Table 2.1(a) above.

TABLE 2.14: Commercial Banks: Liquid Assets

The liquid assets comprise Bank of Guyana notes and coins, foreign currency held by banks, (special interest earning) deposits held at the Bank of Guyana (BOG), balances due from other Commercial Banks - both local and foreign, Government of Guyana Treasury Bills. The special reserves deposits (SRDs) established in 1969, discontinued in 1994 as the Bank of Guyana sought to develop its capacity to manage the excess reserves of the bank more effectively. Approximately, 75-80 per cent of the SRDs were absorbed through a sale of three year, variable rate, and fixed date debenture to the Commercial Banks.

Prior to March 1989, the legally required level of liquid assets to be held by the Commercial Banks against their deposit liabilities was calculated as the sum of 20 percent of demand liabilities and 15 percent of time liabilities. During the period March 31, 1989 to May 15, 1991 the determination of the required liquid assets held by the banks was based on actual holdings on specified dates. Accordingly, from March 31, 1989 to June 30, 1990 required liquid assets were stipulated as the actual holdings on March 15, 1989. Between July 30, 1990 and February 19, 1991 the required liquid assets was based on the assets held by the banks on September 30, 1989. Further, between February 20, 1991 and May 14, 1991 the required balances were set as at the end of July 30, 1990.

With effect from May 15, 1991, however, the basis for calculating required liquid assets was changed to 25 percent of demand liabilities and 20 percent of time liabilities. Further, amendments to the liquid asset requirements became effective on 26th, October 1998. The liquid assets base period has been redefined as the Monday to Friday workweek immediately preceding the liquid asset maintenance period. The liquid asset requirement is determined by applying the prescribed percentages to the weekly average of the daily liabilities balances at the close of business of each of the five days of the liquid asset base period. Figures for Treasury Bills were reclassified from December 2000 to December 2002.

The Liquid Assets Ratio was temporarily amended to 20 percent of demand liabilities and 15 percent of time liabilities with effect from August 24, 2020 – December 31, 2020 in keeping with the agreement between the Bank of Guyana and the Commercial Banks in relation to COVID-19 supplementary relief measures.

TABLE 2.15: Commercial Banks: Minimum Reserve Requirements

Prior to May 16, 1991, the minimum required reserves of the Commercial Banks were calculated as 6 percent of demand liabilities and 4 percent of time liabilities. Their percentages were changed with effect from May 16, 1991, to 11 percent of demand liabilities and 9 percent of time liabilities. Commencing April 7, 1994, the minimum required reserves of the Commercial Banks were again revised to the sum of 16 percent of demand liabilities and 14 percent of time liabilities.

On June 29, 1998, in addition to Commercial Banks, other licensed Financial Institutions were required to maintain balances with the Central Bank against their deposits and other liabilities. Further, the required reserve period has been changed on Monday to Friday workweek instead of the Wednesday to Thursday week used previously. The required reserve period has been referred to as the <u>reserve base period</u>. The week following the current reserve base period, i.e. <u>the reserve maintenance period</u> is also based on the Monday to Friday workweek. The deposits and other liabilities to which the required reserve ratio(s) are applied are referred to as the <u>reserve base</u>. During the reserve maintenance period, all licensed Financial Institutions subject to reserve requirement are required to maintain reserves against the relevant deposit and other liabilities.

Effective February 1, 1999, the required reserve ratio applicable to all liabilities of licensed Financial Institutions was lowered to twelve per cent (12%). The first reserve base period for which

the revised requirements became relevant was the 1st to 5th February 1999 while the reserve maintenance period was the 8th to 12th February 1999. However, reserve balances for the Non-Bank licensed Financial Institutions are excluded from table 2.15.

The Reserve Requirement Ratio was temporarily amended to 10 percent with effect from August 24, 2020 – December 31, 2020 in keeping with the agreement between the Bank of Guyana and the Commercial Banks in relation to COVID-19 supplementary relief measures.

TABLE 2.16(a): Foreign Exchange Intervention

This comprises Bank of Guyana's purchases and sales of US Dollars to the Commercial Banks.

TABLE 2.16(b): Interbank Trade

This comprises foreign currency (US, Euro, Pounds Sterling and Canadian) purchases and sales amongst the Commercial Banks.

TABLE 2.17:Commercial Banks holdings of treasury bills
These are short-term government securities held by the Commercial Banks with maturities of
91 days, 182 days and 364 days. Data are at face value.

TABLE 3.1:Monetary Survey

A consolidation of the balance sheets of the Bank of Guyana and Commercial Banks.

Foreign Assets (net)

Bank of Guyana: Gross foreign assets less gross foreign liabilities.

Commercial Banks: Gross foreign assets **less** gross foreign liabilities. See note under Loans to Non-Residents for Table 2.1 (a) above.

Domestic Credit

Government (net): Gross lending to Central Government by the banking system (a sum of Holdings of debentures, bonds, Treasury Bills and loans and advances **less** total deposits of the Central Government).

Public Enterprise (net): Gross borrowing by Non-Financial Public Enterprises from the banking system **less** their deposits. See notes under Public Enterprises Deposits for Table 2.1 (b) and Commercial Banks: Time Deposits for Table 2.4 above.

Other Public Sector (net): Gross borrowing from the banking system by local authorities and municipalities **less** their total deposits and other Public Sector funds. See note under loans to Non-Residents for Table 2.1(b) above.

Non-Bank Financial Institution (net): Gross borrowing from the banking system by the nonbank financial intermediaries with the banking system **less** their deposits. See notes under loans to Non-Residents for Table 2.1(b) and Commercial Banks: Time Deposits for Table 2.4 above.

Private Sector: Gross borrowing from the banking system. See note under Loans to Non-Residents for Table 2.1 (a) above. See note under Private Sector for Table 2.1(a) above.

Money and Quasi-Money

Money: Currency outside banks **plus** private sector demand deposits, managers' cheques and acceptances. See note under Public Enterprises Deposits for Table 2.1 (b) above

Currency: Currency issue (Table 1.2) **less** currency holdings by Commercial Banks (Table 2.1(a)).

Quasi-money: Time and savings deposits held by the Private Sector. See note under Public Enterprises Deposits for Table 2.1 (b) above.

Demand deposits: Balances of the Private Sector including managers' cheques and acceptances. See note under Public Enterprises Deposits for Table 2.1 (b) above.

Savings and Time deposits: Balances held by Private Sector. See note under Loans to Non-Residents for Table 2.1 (a) above.

Other (net): Includes the net sum of all assets and liabilities of the Bank of Guyana and the Commercial Banks not shown elsewhere.

TABLE 4.1: Guyana: Selected Interest Rates

Reflects interest rates at Commercial Banks and Non-Bank Financial Institutions on loans and deposits. The small savings rate represents an arithmetic average of savings deposit rates as reported by the Commercial Banks. Treasury bill rates for all maturities reflect rates at the end of the reporting period. Special deposits have been discontinued with effect from December 1994.

TABLE 4.2: Commercial Banks: Selected Interest Rates

Arithmetic average of interest rates as reported by the Commercial Banks.

TABLE 4.3: Comparative Treasury Bills Rates and Bank Rates

The average discount rate on three month Treasury Bills for the U.K., U.S.A., Barbados, Trinidad, Guyana and Jamaica. The U.K. and U.S. rates are the average discount rates at the last tender in each month. The rates for the CARICOM territories are those rates of monthly tender held towards

TABLE 5.1: The New Building Society: Assets and Liabilities

Assets

Foreign Assets: Includes holdings of foreign assets.

Cash and Deposits: Holdings of cash and total deposits (demand, time and savings) at Commercial Banks.

Government of Guyana Treasury Bills: Holdings of Treasury Bills recorded at book value.

Government of Guyana Securities: Holdings of debentures and defence bonds at book value.

Government of Guyana Debentures: Holdings of debentures at book value.

Local Authorities Securities: Bonds at book value.

Liabilities

Share Deposits: A total of Five Dollar and Save and Prosper Share deposits.

Other Deposits: Ordinary Saving deposits

TABLE 5.2 (a): Trust Companies: Assets

Trust Companies reflect the consolidated operations of Trust Company (Guyana) Limited and Hand-In-Hand Trust.

Cash: Currency (local notes and coins) held by the institution.

Deposits: Balances of savings and time deposits at Bank of Guyana and the Commercial Banks.

Government of Guyana Treasury Bills: Recorded at book value.

Local Government Securities: Recorded at book value.

TABLE 5.2 (b): Trust Companies: Liabilities

Deposits – Business Firms: Balances held by private sector businesses.

Deposits - Individual Customers: Balances held by private individuals.

Deposits – Other Customers: Balances held by other private sector agencies including non-financial organizations.

TABLE 5.2 (c): Finance Companies: Assets

Finance Companies reflect the consolidated operations of Secure International Finance Company, Beharry Stock Brokers Limited and one merchant bank.

Cash: See note under Cash for Table 5.2 (a) above.

Deposits: Balances of savings and time deposits at Commercial Banks.

Private Sector Shares: Ownership of equity such as bonds, bills, shares etc. in private companies.

TABLE 5.2 (d): Finance Companies: Liabilities

Loans: Loans received from Companies' affiliates.

Capital and Reserves: Includes retained earnings and reserves.

Deposits – Other Customers: Balances held by other private sector agencies including non-financial organizations.

TABLE 5.3: Domestic Insurance Companies: Assets and Liabilities

The data covers four life insurance companies: Demerara Mutual Life Assurance Company; Guyana and Trinidad Mutual Life Insurance Company; Hand-In-Hand Mutual Life Insurance Company and North American Life Insurance Company Limited and five non-life insurance companies: Demerara Fire Insurance Company, . Guyana and Trinidad Mutual Fire Insurance Company; Hand-In-Hand Mutual Fire Insurance Company, North American Fire Insurance Company Limited and Diamond Fire and General Insurance Company.

<u>Assets</u>

Foreign Commercial Bank Deposits: Deposits held in Foreign Commercial Banks.

Foreign Securities: Holdings of the Government of the United Kingdom and CARICOM countries and other foreign securities.

Other Foreign Assets: Balances due from reinsurance abroad, and other foreign assets.

Government of Guyana Debentures: Holdings are recorded at book value.

Local Government Securities: Holdings are recorded at book value.

Securities in Firms: Holdings of commercial bills, shares and other securities recorded at book value.

Liabilities

Life Insurance Fund: Insurance premia received.

Foreign Liabilities: Claims by non-residents, balances due to insurance companies abroad, non-resident life insurance funds and other liabilities.

TABLE 5.4: Pension Schemes: Assets and Liabilities

<u>Assets</u>

Foreign Sector: Includes foreign deposits and foreign securities.

Government of Guyana Treasury Bills: Holdings recorded at book value.

Government of Guyana Debentures: Holdings recorded at book value.

Local Government Securities: Holdings of Local Government Securities recorded at book value.

Liabilities:

Pension Fund: Receipts from the twenty-seven pension funds in Guyana which submit returns to the Bank of Guyana.

TABLE 6.1 Central Government Finances: Summary

Current Revenue: The data include collection of taxes, other charges and fees. The data are recorded on a cash basis.

Current Expenditure: The data includes interest payment, interest

charges and other expenditure. Repayment of Principal is not included. The data are recorded on a cash basis.

Current Surplus/Deficit: Current revenue less current expenditure.

Capital Receipts: These include proceeds from sale of assets and external grants.

Capital Expenditure: Investment expenditure; the data also include net transfers and lending to the public enterprises for financing development projects.

Overall Surplus/Deficit: The total of current revenue and capital receipts **less** the total of current and capital expenditure.

Borrowing from abroad:

Net short term: Gross borrowing with a maturity of up to 1 year less repayment of principal.

Long term net borrowing: Gross borrowing with a maturity of over 1 year less repayment of principal.

Domestic Borrowing:

Borrowing from the banking system (net): The banking system holdings of Government debentures, bonds, Treasury Bills and loans and advances **less** Government deposits.

Non-bank borrowing: Borrowing outside the banking system. Short-term (net) includes Treasury bill holdings **less** redemptions and local suppliers' credits. Long-term (net) borrowing comprises holdings of debentures and development bonds **less** redemptions. Holdings of debentures and Treasury Bills by sinking funds are excluded.

<u>Other Financing</u>: Comprises mainly accumulated arrears on external debt repayment, rescheduling of debt and financing from counterpart funds.

TABLE 6.4 Public Corporations Finances: Summary

The table summarizes the financial operations of the public corporations and companies. All data from 1990 are based on cash flow statements. Prior to 1990 the data were on an accrual basis.

TABLE 7.1 Domestic Public and Publicly Guaranteed Debt

Comprises Government of Guyana Defence Premium Bonds, Guymine Bonds, Debentures, Treasury Bills and Publicly GuaranteedDebt.

Defence Premium Bonds: These are non-interest bearing savings certificates of six months duration. They are no longer used to raise funds. Data are at face value.

NICIL Bond: In May 2018, the GOG guaranteed a 5-year syndicated NICIL Bond not exceeding \$30 billion, of which \$17.6 billion was issued. In December 2020, a decision was taken to have this Bond transferred to the books of the Central Government.

Government of Guyana Debentures: These are long term government securities with maturities in excess of one year. Figures are at face value.

Government Treasury Bills: These are short-term government securities with maturities of 91 days, 182 days and 364 days. Data are at face value.

In May 2018, the Bank of Guyana commenced issuance of Treasury Bills, on behalf of the Government, for budgetary support.

Other: Includes the Central Government's gross overdraft with the Bank of Guyana, which was

included in domestic debt with effect from December 2020 in order to regularize and accurately reflect government's liabilities.

Publicly Guaranteed Debt: The Government of Guyana made the decision to include publicly guaranteed debt so as to provide a complete picture of the country's debt position. Includes the 5-year syndicated NICIL Bond which was guaranteed by the Government of Guyana in May 2018. In December 2020, a decision was taken to have this Bond transferred to the books of the Central Government. The guarantee of the Deposit Insurance Corporation amount of G\$500 million from June 2019 is also included in this category.

TABLE 7.2Government of Guyana: Treasury Bills by Holders

The holdings of Treasury Bills are recorded at face value. Consequently, figures in this table will differ from those reported in the balance sheet of the Bank of Guyana, Commercial Banks and Non-Bank Financial Institutions, which are recorded at book value.

Other Financial Institutions: Consist of non-bank financial institutions viz:- building societies, insurance companies, trust companies and pension funds.

Public Sector: Include Public Enterprises, National Insurance Scheme, other funds and sinking funds.

Private Sector: excludes financial institutions.

Non-residents: include foreign missions and organizations.

TABLE 7.3 Government of Guyana: Debentures by Holders and Other Debt

The holdings of Debentures and Defence Bonds are at face value. The debentures are long term government securities with maturities in excess of one year. Non-interest bearing debentures held by the Bank of Guyana are excluded. The Defence Bonds have a six-month duration. They are no longer issued.

TABLE 7.4 Government of Guyana: Debentures by Maturities and Terms

Data include all fixed date, equated annuity and special issues; at face value.

Fixed Date Debentures: These debentures have fixed dates for payments of principal and interest.

Special Issues: Comprise fixed date and equate annuity debentures issued to Bank of Guyana and the National Insurance Scheme. In 1994 the Central Bank absorbed between 75 percent to 80 percent of the excess reserves of the banking system, through a forced sale of a long term (3 years) variable rate fixed date debenture. The interest is calculated at a rate of point five percent (0.5 %) per annum above the regular three month treasury bill yield rate averaged over the calendar months prior to the interest due date. In 2003, the Government of Guyana made a special issue of debentures to the National Bank of Industry and Commerce (NBIC) (now Republic Bank (Guyana) Limited) to capitalize the Guyana National Co-operative Bank (GNCB) at the time of its privatization.

TABLE 7.5External Public Debt

The data comprise the stock of Central Government and Government guaranteed debt outstanding, Bank of Guyana's debt is excluded.

Bilateral Debt: Debt contracted with foreign investments.

Multilateral Debt: Debt contracted with international lending institutions such as the World Bank, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Caribbean Development Bank and the European Investment Bank.

Financial Institutions Debt: These debts include borrowing from foreign commercial banks and specialized official lending agencies.

Suppliers Credit: Obligations to suppliers for deferred payment after delivery of goods and/or services.

Nationalization Debt: Amounts owing to foreigners in compensation for nationalized assets.

TABLE 8.1(a)Imports by End-Use

The data are compiled on a cost-insurance-freight (c.i.f.) basis as recorded on customs returns. Figures for all commodities are compiled by the Bureau of Statistics and forwarded to the Bank of Guyana.

TABLE 8.2Domestic Exports

The data are compiled on a free-on-board (f.o.b.) basis as recorded on customs returns. Figures for all commodities are compiled by the Bureau of Statistics and forwarded to the Bank of Guyana.

TABLE 8.5 International Reserves and Foreign Assets

International Reserves

Bank of Guyana Foreign Assets: Data include gold holdings, balances with foreign banks, foreign notes, foreign cash in the process of collection, gold tranche with I.M.F., S.D.R. holdings and money market securities.

Bank of Guyana Foreign Liabilities: Data include total short-term current liabilities, short-term liabilities in arrears and total medium liabilities in arrears. The liabilities include interest obligations. Rescheduled short-term liabilities are excluded.

Foreign Assets

Bank of Guyana Foreign Assets: The composition of the assets is identical to that of International Reserves Foreign Assets above.

Bank of Guyana Foreign Liabilities: Data include all short-term liabilities (current, arrears and rescheduled) and all medium term liabilities (current, arrears and rescheduled). The liabilities include interest obligations.

Commercial Banks' Foreign Assets: Data include foreign currencies in banks, net balances due from Head Offices and other branches abroad, balances due from other banks abroad, foreign treasury bills and securities and credit to non-residents.

Commercial Banks' Foreign Liabilities: Data include net balances due to Head Offices and other branches abroad, balances due to other banks abroad and deposits of non-residents. See note under Loans to Non-Residents for Table 2.1(a) above.

TABLE 8.7Balances of Payments

Exports: The data are compiled on a free on board (f.o.b.) basis as recorded on customs returns. Data for all commodities are compiled by the Bureau of Statistics and forwarded to the Bank of Guyana. The Conversion rate is an average rate for the period for the United States Dollar against the Guyana Dollar.

Imports: The data are compiled on a cost-insurance-freight (c.i.f.) basis as recorded on customs

returns. Data for all commodities are compiled by the Bureau of Statistics and forwarded to the Bank of Guyana. The Conversion rate is an average rate for the period for the United States Dollar against the Guyana Dollar.

TABLE 8.8Balances of Payments (BPM6)

With effect from June 2023, the Bank of Guyana began publishing data on Guyana's Balance of Payments using the methodologies and presentation of the IMF's BPM6

Exports: The data are compiled on a free on board (f.o.b.) basis.

Imports: The data are now compiled on a free on board (f.o.b.) basis.

Services: Previously called Non-Factor Services. The data now includes Government goods and services previously recorded under Current Transfers.

Primary Income: Previously called Factor Services.

Secondary Income: Previously called Current Transfers. Remittances by Foreign Embassies now recorded as Government goods and services under the Services Account.

Financial Account: Consists of: Direct Investment: Previously referred to as Foreign Direct Investment. Portfolio Investment: Other Investment: Other investment includes currency & deposits, loans, insurance, trade credits and other.

TABLE 8.9 International Investment Position

With effect from December 2019, the Bank of Guyana began reporting data on Guyana's International Investment Position.

Direct Investment: Direct Investment includes equity investment and debt investment.

Portfolio Investment: Portfolio Investment includes equity and debt securities.

Other Investment: Other investment includes currency & deposits, loans, insurance, trade credits and other.

TABLE 9.1 Changes in Bank of Guyana Transaction Exchange Rates

The Guyana dollar was fixed in Pound Sterling at the rate of $\pounds 1$ to G\$4.80 until October 1975 when it was linked to the US\$1 to G\$2.55.

On June 2, 1981, the Guyana dollar was pegged to a composite basket of currencies consisting of the United States dollar, Pound Sterling, Deutsche Mark, Trinidad and Tobago dollar and the Japanese Yen. The exchange rates was fixed at US\$1 to G\$3.00. The US dollar was the intervention currency used to determine the exchange rate.

From January 11,1984, the composite basket of currencies was adjusted to include the Pound Sterling, Deutsche Mark, Japanese Yen, French Franc and the Netherlands Guilder, the US dollar, although nor part of the revised basket, remained as the intervention currency. The United States dollar/Guyana dollar exchange rate was announced weekly. From October 1984 until January 1987, the exchange rate was maintained in the range of G\$4.15 to G\$4.40 per US dollar.

Effective January 19, 1987, the Guyana dollar was devalued to G\$10 to US\$1, effective from April 3, 1989 the Guyana dollar was devalued moving from G\$33 per US\$ to US\$1. On June 15, 1990, the Guyana dollar was devalued from G\$33.00 per US\$ to G\$45.00 per US\$. Transactions for this rate were confined to payments in respect of oil imports and external debt

services and proceeds from sugar and rice exports.

On February 21, 1991, the Guyana dollar was devalued from G\$45.00 to US\$ to G\$101.75 thereby unifying the official exchange rate with the market determined rate prevailing at that date. The US dollar continued to be the intervention currency. From February 25, 1991, the exchange rate was fixed on a weekly basis. During the period February to September 1991, the exchange rate was determined by the previous week free market exchange rate of the Commercial Banks and Non-Bank dealers.

From October 1991, the average weighted daily exchange rate was telegraphic transfers for the three largest Commercial Banks was utilized to determine the exchange rate for the Bank of Guyana daily transactions.

TABLE 9.2(b)Exchange Rate (G\$/US\$)

The end of period exchange rate is the weighted official rate used by the Bank of Guyana for transactions. The period average exchange rate reflects the weighted average rate for the respective periods.

TABLE 9.5: Monthly Average Market Exchange Rate

On March 13, 1990, the authorities established the cambio system for foreign currency transactions. Under the system, transactions in the cambio market were conducted freely with licensed dealers (banks and non-banks) setting the rate at which foreign exchange could be bought and sold. The rates are referred to as the market exchange rates. Data collection for the Euro started in January 2004.

The buying rate is a weighted average of the purchase rates of all licensed foreign exchange dealers for the month.

The selling rate is a weighted average of the sales rates of all licensed foreign exchange dealers for the month.

The mid-rate is the average buying and selling rates of all licensed foreign exchange dealers. The rate is based on transactions in foreign notes only.

TABLE 10.1 Gross Domestic Product (at Current Basic Prices)

GDP compiled at current basic prices, for the respective year, is the production of goods and

services undertaken by firms, households, government bodies within the borders of the country during a calendar year, at the amount receivable by the producer from the purchase of a unit of good or service less any tax payable, plus any subsidy receivable as a consequence of its production or sale.

TABLE 10.2 Gross Domestic Product (at 2012 Prices)

Real GDP – taking the quantities of goods and services produced (at the current basic year) and priced at the base year of 2012 prices, it is therefore adjusted for any variation in prices (inflation or deflation).

TABLES 10.3National Production

This accounts for the major commodities that account for a significant portion of national production and economic activities within a calendar year. It is sourced from the Bureau of Statistic (BOS) as well as the respective industries, such as for rice: Guyana Rice Development Board, sugar: GUYSUCO, forestry: Guyana Forestry Commission and gold: Guyana Gold Board, etc.

Table 11.1 Georgetown: Urban Consumer Price Index

The Urban Consumer Price Index measures the overall level of price movement for a specified basket of consumer goods and services in the urban area. It is compiled and computed by the Bureau of Statistics, and the basket is made up of nine (9) sub-categories, (this table highlights four: Food, Housing, Transport & Communication and Miscellaneous), which comprises of 217 items (goods and services). The current base year is December 2009.

Table 11.2 CARICOM Countries: Consumer Price Indices

This table reflects the consumer price movements for selected CARICOM countries (current base year 2010).

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